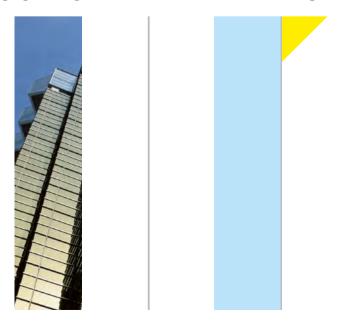




GMV5 DC INVERTER MULTI VRF UNITS INSTALLATION COMMISSIONING • MAINTENANCE MANUAL



PREFACE

This manual specifies safe operation requirements for GMV5 series VRF units from perspectives of engineering and installation, commissioning and maintenance, as well as basic principles and implementation methods. Professional operators must abide by relevant national (local) safety requirements and technical specifications set forth in this manual during operations; otherwise, the air conditioning system may fail or be damaged, and personnel safety accident may also occur.



Chapter 1 Introduction to Basic Features of Units

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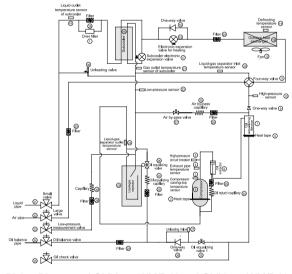


I. Basic Operating Principle

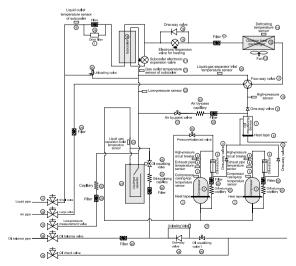
Outdoor units of GMV5 VRF air conditioner can be implemented by combining multiple modules in parallel. Similarly, indoor units (IDUs) consist of multiple units connecting in parallel. The operating principle is as follows: When an IDU is operating in cooling mode, the outdoor unit (ODU) can correspondingly enable the outdoor module based on the operating load requirement of the IDU. The outdoor heat exchanger serves as a system condenser, and the heat exchangers of cooling IDUs are connected in parallel to serve as a system evaporator. The circulation of air supply and air return of the IDU is performed to adjust the indoor temperature and humidity. When an IDU is operating in heating mode, all four-way valves in the ODU module are switched into energized status. The outdoor heat exchange serves as the system evaporator, and the heat exchanger of the IDU serves as the system condenser. The circulation of air supply and air return of the IDU is performed to adjust the indoor temperature and humidity.

II. Internal Piping Design of the Units

1. Piping Diagram of GMV-224WM/B-X, GMV-280WM/B-X, and GMV-335WM/B-X $\,$



2. Piping Diagram of GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X



3. Names and Main Functions of Components

No.	Name	Main Function
1	Compressor	Adjusts its own rotational speed based on the actual requirement of the system to implement capacity control.
2	Compressor heat tape	Maintains a proper oil temperature in the compressor when the compressor is in standby status, ensuring the reliability during compressor startup.
3	Compressor casing-top temperature sensor	Detects a compressor's exhaust gas temperature for compressor control and protection.
4	Exhaust pipe temperature sensor of compressor	Detects a compressor's exhaust gas temperature for compressor control and protection.
5	High-pressure circuit breaker	Protects a compressor by sending feedback signal to stop the system when the compressor's discharge temperature exceeds the operating value of high-pressure circuit breaker.
6	Oil extractor	Separates the gas and oil in the system to ensure compressor reliability.
7	Oil equalizing device	Equalizes the oil for all modules in the case of excess oil in the current module when multiple modules are arranged in parallel, thus ensuring the system reliability.
8	Heat tape of oil equalizing device	Maintains a proper oil temperature in the compressor when the compressor is in standby status, ensuring the reliability of compressor startup.
9	One-way valve	Prevents high-pressure gas from entering the compressor and fast balances the suction pressure and discharge pressure in a compressor.
10	High-pressure sensor	Detects the high pressure value in the system in real time mode for compressor protection and other control functions.
11	Four-way valve	Used for the switching between the cooling and heating functions of system IDU.
12	Heat exchanger	Used for outdoor heat exchange.
13	Fan	Strengthens heat exchanging.
14	Defrosting temperature sensor	Used for defrosting detection.
15	Electronic expansion valve for heating	Controls refrigerant adjustment in heating mode.
16	One-way valve	Controls refrigerant flow direction.
17	Subcooler electronic expansion valve	Controls the degree of subcooling of tube refrigerant when the system is running in cooling mode, and reduces the capacity loss on pipes.
18	Subcooler	Controls the degree of subcooling of tube.
19	Liquid outlet temperature sensor of subcooler	Detects tube temperature.
20	Inlet temperature sensor of gas- liquid separator	Detects the inlet temperature of gas-liquid separator to prevent the system from running when the refrigerant flows back to the compressor.



21	Gas outlet temperature sensor of subcooler	Detects gas temperature of subcooler.
22	Low-pressure sensor	Detects system low pressure to avoid extra-low operating pressure.
23	Gas-liquid separator	Separate gas and liquid to prevent the system from running when the refrigerant flows back to the compressor.
24	Outlet temperature sensor of gas- liquid separator	Detects internal status of gas-liquid separator to further control the compressor suction performance.
25	Oil equalizing valve 1	Used for oil equalizing control among modules.
26	One-way valve	Used for oil equalizing control among modules and avoid reverse flow of oil.
27	Unloading valve	Avoids over-high pressure caused by pipeline blind spot.
28	Oil equalizing valve 2	Used for oil equalizing control among modules.
29	Filter	Prevents impurities from entering components and parts.
30	Capillary tube	Supports flow regulating and pressure reduction.
31	Liquid valve	Stop valve, closed when the unit is delivered from the factory and will be opened after installation.
32	Air valve	Stop valve, closed when the unit is delivered from the factory and will be opened after installation.
33	Low-pressure measurement valve	Detects the low pressure value or charges refrigerant during system running.
34	Oil balance valve	Stop valve, closed when the unit is delivered from the factory and will be opened after installation.
35	Oil check valve	Checks the quality of refrigerating machine oil of compressor during maintenance.
36	Unloading valve	Avoid over-high pressure caused by pipeline blind spot.
37	Air by-pass valve	Avoids extra-high or low operating pressure.
38	Pressure- balanced valve	Ensures success startup of compressor.

III. Basic Parameters of Unit
1. Basic Parameters of ODU

	//W/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X 10 — 28	12	GMV-400WM/B-X GMV-450W 14 16 16 — — — — 380-415V 3N~ 50HZ/60HZ	GMV-450WM/B-X 16 — - 50Hz/60Hz 45	GMV-504WWB-X 18 GMV-224WWB-X + GMV-280WWB-X	GMV-560WM/B-X 20 GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-280WM/B-X	GMV-615WM/B-X 22 GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-335WM/B-X
kW 25 31.5 mm 930 x 765 x 1605 930 x 765 x 1605	31.5) x 765 x 1605		37.5 1340 × 765 × 1605	45 1340 × 765 × 1605	50 1340 × 765 × 1605	56.5 930 x 765 x 1605 + 930 x 765 x 1605	62.5 930 × 765 × 1605 + 930 × 765 × 1605	69 930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605
mm φ9.52 φ9.52 mm φ19.05 φ22.2	Ф9.52 Ф22.2		Ф12.7 Ф25.4	Ф12.7 Ф25.4	Ф12.7	Ф15.9 Ф28.6	Ф15.9	Ф15.9 Ф28.6
mm 49.52 49.52	Ф9.52		Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
kg 225 225	225		285	360	360	225+225	225+225	225+285
R410A R410A	R410A		R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A
kg 5.9 6.7	6.7		8.2	8.6	10.3	5.9+6.7	6.7+6.7	6.7+8.2



Model	Refrigeration Capacity H	Combination Mode	Power Supply	Rated Cooling K	Capacity Heating K	Dimensions (W × D × H) m	Liquid Pipe	Tubing Air Pipe m	Balance pipe	Weight k	Name	Refrigerant Built-in Filling k
	무	1		κW	kW		mm	mm	mm	kg		kg
GMV-680WM/B-X	24	GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-400WM/B-X		89	76.5	930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф15.9	Ф28.6	Ф9.52	225+360	R410A	6.7+9.8
GMV-730WM/B-X	26	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X		73	81.5	930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф19.05	Ф31.8	Ф9.52	225+360	R410A	6.7+10.3
GMV-785WM/B-X	28	GMV-335WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X		78.5	87.5	1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф19.05	Ф31.8	Ф9.52	285+360	R410A	8.2+10.3
GMV-850WM/B-X	30	GMV-400WW/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	380-415V 3N~ 50Hz/60Hz	85	95	1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	Ф19.05	Ф31.8	Ф9.52	360+360	R410A	9.8+10.3
GMV-900WM/B-X	32	GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	- 50Hz/60Hz	06	100	1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	Ф19.05	Ф31.8	Ф9.52	360+360	R410A	10.3+10.3
GMV-960WM/B-X	34	GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-400WW/B-X		96	108	930 x 765 x 1605 + 930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф19.05	Ф31.8	Ф9.52	225+225+360	R410A	6.7+6.7+9.8
GMV-1010WM/B-X	36	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X		101	113	930 x 765 x 1605 + 930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф19.05	Ф38.1	Ф9.52	225+225+360	R410A	6.7+6.7+10.3
GMV-1065WM/B-X	38	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-335WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X		106.5	119	930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	Ф19.05	Ф38.1	Ф9.52	225+285+360	R410A	6.7+8.2+10.3

	Model		GMV-1130WM/B-X	GMV-1180WM/B-X	GMV-1235WM/B-X	GMV-1300WM/B-X	GMV-1350WM/B-X	GMV-1410WM/B-X	GMV-1460WM/B-X
efrigeratio	Refrigeration Capacity	HP	40	42	44	46	48	50	52
Combination Mode	ion Mode	I	GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-400WW/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-450WW/B-X + GMV-450WW/B-X	GMV-335WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-400WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-280WW/B-X + GMV-400WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X
Po	Power Supply					380-415V 3N~ 50Hz/60Hz			
Rated	Cooling	KW	113	118	123.5	130	135	141	146
Capacity	Heating	ΚW	126.5	131.5	137.5	145	150	158	163
imensions	Dimensions (W x D x H)	mm	930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	930 x 765 x 1605 + 930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605	930 x 765 x 1605 + 930 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605 + 1340 x 765 x 1605
:	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф19.05	Ф19.05	Ф19.05	Ф19.05	Ф19.05	Ф22.2	Ф22.2
Tubing	Air Pipe	mm	Ф38.1	Ф38.1	Ф38.1	Ф38.1	Ф38.1	Ф44.5	Ф44.5
2	Balance pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Weight	ight	kg	225+360+360	225+360+360	285+360+360	360+360+360	360+360+360	225+225+360+360	225+225+360+360
	Name		R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A
Refrigerant	Built-in Filling Volume	kg	6.7+9.8+10.3	6.7+10.3+10.3	8.2+10.3+10.3	9.8+10.3+10.3	10.3+10.3+10.3	6.7+6.7+9.8+10.3	6.7+6.7+10.3+10.3

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	Model		GMV-1515WM/B-X	GMV-1580WM/B-X	GMV-1630WM/B-X	GMV-1685WM/B-X	GMV-1750WM/B-X	GMV-1800WM/B-X
Refrigeration	Refrigeration Capacity	HP	54	56	58	09	62	64
Combina	Combination Mode	I	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-335WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-400WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-335WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-400WMB-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X + GMV-450WM/B-X
Pc	Power Supply				380-415V 3N~ 50Hz/60Hz	~ 50Hz/60Hz		
Rated	Cooling	ΚW	151.5	158	163	168.5	175	180
Capacity	Heating	ΚW	169	176.5	181.5	187.5	195	200
			930 x 765 x 1605	930 x 765 x 1605	930 × 765 × 1605	1340 x 765 x 1605	1340 x 765 x 1605	1340 x 765 x 1605
Dimensions	Dimensions (W x D x H)	mm	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605 + 1340 × 765 × 1605
			+ 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 x 765 x 1605	+ 1340 × 765 × 1605	+ 1340 x 765 x 1605	+ 1340 x 765 x 1605
: -	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф22.2
Dimensions	Air Pipe	mm	Ф44.5	Ф44.5	Ф44.5	Ф44.5	Ф44.5	Ф44.5
	Balance pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
We	Weight	kg	225+285+360+360	225+360+360+360	225+360+360+360	285+360+360+360	360+360+360+360	360+360+360+360
	Name		R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A	R410A
Refrigerant	Built-in Filling Volume	kg	6.7+8.2+10.3+10.3	6.7+9.8+10.3+10.3	6.7+10.3+10.3+10.3	8.2+10.3+10.3+10.3	9.8+10.3+10.3+10.3	10.3+10.3+10.3+10.3

2. Basic Parameters of IDU

2.1 High-efficiency Low-static-pressure Air-duct-type IDU

	Model		GMV-ND22PLS/A-T GMV-ND25PLS/	GMV-ND25PLS/A-T	GMV-ND28PLS/A-T	GMV-ND32PLS/A-T	A-T GMV-ND28PLS/A-T GMV-ND32PLS/A-T GMV-ND36PLS/A-T GMV-ND40PLS/A-T GMV-ND45PLS/A-T GMV-ND50PLS/A-T GMV-ND56PLS/A-T	GMV-ND40PLS/A-T	GMV-ND45PLS/A-T	GMV-ND50PLS/A-T	GMV-ND56PLS/A-T
Refrigerat	Refrigeration Capacity	Η	-	-	-	1.5	1.5	1.5	2	2	2
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	kW	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.6
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.5	5.0	5.6	6.3
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	450	450	450	920	920	700	700	700	1000
ı.	Power Supply					220-5	220-240V~50Hz/208-230V~60Hz	~60Hz			
Connective	Liquid Pipe	ww	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф9.52
Pipe	Air Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф15.9
Drain Pipe	OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ25 × 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 × 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Ф25 x 2.5
Unit Dimensions	W×D×H	mm	700 x 615 x 200	700 x 615 x 200	700 x 615 x 200	700 x 615 x 200	700 x 615 x 200	900 x 615 x 200	900 x 615 x 200	900 x 615 x 200	1100 x 615 x 200
Net	Net Weight	kg	22	22	22	22	22	27	27	27	31



	Model		GMV-ND63PLS/A-T GMV-ND71PLS//	GMV-ND71PLS/A-T	GMV-ND80PLS/A-T	GMV-ND90PLS/A-T	A-T GMV-ND80PLS/A-T GMV-ND90PLS/A-T GMV-ND100PLS/A-T GMV-ND112PLS/A-T GMV-ND125PLS/A-T GMV-ND125PLS/A-T	GMV-ND112PLS/A-T	GMV-ND125PLS/A-T	GMV-ND140PLS/A-T
Refrigerati	Refrigeration Capacity	HP	8	3	3	4	4	4	5	Ŋ
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	kW	6.3	7.1	8.0	0.6	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	7.1	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0	16.0
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	1000	1000	1100	1500	1500	1700	2000	2000
А	Power Supply					220-240V~ 50Hz	220-240V~ 50Hz/208-230V~60Hz			
Connective	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	29:6Ф	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Pipe	Air Pipe	mm	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Drain Pipe	OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 × 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5
Unit Dimensions	W×D×H	mm	1100 x 615 x 200	1100 x 615 x 200	1200 x 655 x 260	1340 x 655 x 260	1340 x 655 x 260	1340 x 655 x 260	1340 x 655 x 260	1340 x 655 x 260
Net	Net Weight	kg	31	31	40	46	46	46	47	47

2.2 High-efficiency All-dimensional Ceiling Cassette Type IDU

	Model		GMV-ND28T/A-T	GMV-ND36T/A-T	GMV-ND45T/A-T	GMV-ND50T/A-T	GMV-ND56T/A-T	GMV-ND63T/A-T	GMV-ND71T/A-T
Refrigerat	Refrigeration Capacity	НР	1	1.5	2	2	2	3	3
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	κw	2.8	3.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.1
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	3.2	4.0	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.1	8.0
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	750	750	750	830	1000	1000	1180
а.	Power Supply				220-2	220-240V~50Hz/208-230V~60Hz	2H0		
Tubing	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Dimensions	Air Pipe	mm	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Drain Pipe	OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5
Main Part Dimensions	W×D×H	mm	840 × 840 × 190	840 x 840 x 190	840 x 840 x 190	840 x 840 x 190	840 x 840 x 240	840 x 840 x 240	840 × 840 × 240
Panel Dimensions	W×D×H	mm	950 x 950 x 65	950 x 950 x 65	950 x 950 x 65	950 × 950 × 65			
*45;0/V/ +6/N	Main Part	kg	25	25	25	25	30	30	30
ואפר אפולווי	Panel	kg	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

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		GMV-ND80T/A-T	GMV-ND90T/A-T	GMV-ND100T/A-T	GMV-ND112T/A-T	GMV-ND125T/A-T	GMV-ND140T/A-T	GMV-ND160T/A-T
Refrigeration Capacity	웊	ဧ	4	4	4	5	5	Ŋ
Cooling Capacity	ΚW	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0	16.0
Heating Capacity	ΚW	0.6	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0	16.0	17.5
Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	1180	1500	1500	1700	1860	1860	2100
Power Supply				220-	220-240V~50Hz/208-230V~60Hz)Hz		
Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Air Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ25 x 2.5	Ф25 x 2.5	Ф25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5
W×D×H	mm	840 x 840 x 240	840 x 840 x 320	840 x 840 x 320	840 x 840 x 320	840 x 840 x 320	840 x 840 x 320	910 x 910 x 293
W×D×H	mm	950 x 950 x 65	950 × 950 × 65	950 × 950 × 65	950 x 950 x 65	950 x 950 x 65	950 x 950 x 65	1040 x 1040 x 65
Main Part	kg	30	35	35	35	35	35	45
Panel	kg	7	7	7	7	7	7	7.5

2.3 Single-side Air Outlet Ceiling Cassette Type IDU

GMV-ND28TD/A-T GMV-ND36TD/A-T GMV-ND45TD/A-T	1 1.5 2	2.8 3.6 4.5	3.2 4.0 5.0	009 009	220-240V~50Hz/208-230V~60Hz	Φ6.35 Φ6.35 Φ6.35	Φ9.52 Φ12.7	Φ25 x 2.5 Φ25 x 2.5	987 x 385 x 178 987 x 385 x 178	1200 x 460 x 55 1200 x 460 x 55 1200 x 460 x 55	21 22	42 42
	H	kW	kW	m³/h		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	kg	ka
	Refrigeration Capacity HP	kW	kW	Circulating Air Quantity m³/h	Power Supply	Liquid Pipe mm	Air Pipe mm	OD x Wall Thickness	W×D×H mm	W×D×H mm	Main Part kg	Panel



2.4 High-efficiency Ceiling Type IDU

ND140ZD/A-T	5	14.0	16.0		2000	2000	2000 Ф9.52	2000 49.52 415.9	2000 49.52 415.9 417 x 2.5	2000 Φ9.52 Φ15.9 Φ17 x 2.5
5ZD/A-T GMV-					_			2 0		
GMV-ND128	2	12.5	14.0	2000			Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Φ9.52 Φ15.9 Φ17 x 2.5	170
GMV-ND112ZD/A-1	4	11.2	12.5	2000			Ф9.52	Φ9.52	Φ9.52 Φ15.9 Φ17 x 2.5	170
GMV-ND90ZD/A-T	4	9.0	10.0	1600		~ 60Hz	~ 60Hz Ф9.52	~ 60Hz \$\text{\Phi}_{9.52}\$ \$\text{\Phi}_{15.9}\$	~ 60Hz \$\phi_{9.52}\$ \$\phi_{15.9}\$ \$\phi_{17 \times 2.5}\$	~ 60Hz \$\text{\$\text{\$09.52}\$}\$
GMV-ND71ZD/A-T	3	7.1	8.0	1400		220-240V~ 50Hz/208-230V~ 60Hz	0V~ 50Hz/208-230V- 49.52	0V~ 50Hz/208-230V. Φ9.52 Φ15.9	00v~ 50Hz/208-230V. 49.52 415.9	0/~ 50Hz/208-230V
3MV-ND50ZD/A-T GMV-ND63ZD/A-T GMV-ND71ZD/A-T GMV-ND90ZD/A-T GMV-ND112ZD/A-T GMV-ND125ZD/A-T GMV-ND140ZD/A-T	3	6.3	1.7	1400		220-240	220-240 Ф9.52	220-240 49.52 415.9	220-240 49.52 4015.9	Φ9.55 Φ15.9 Φ17 × 2
	2	5.0	5.6	950			Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ17 x 2.5	Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ17 x 2.5 1220 x 700 x 225
GMV-ND28ZD/A-T GMV-ND36ZD/A-T	1.5	3.6	4.0	029			Ф6.35	Φ6.35	Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ17 × 2.5	Φ6.35 Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ12.7 Φ17 x 2.5 Φ17 x 2.5 1220 x 700 x 225 1220 x 700 x 225
GMV-ND28ZD/A-T	-	2.8	3.2	029			Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ17 x 2.5	Φ6.35 Φ12.7 Φ17 x 2.5 1220 x 700 x 225
	НР	ΚW	ΚW	m³/h			шш	mm mm	E E E	## ## ## ### #########################
Model	Refrigeration Capacity	Cooling Capacity	Heating Capacity	Circulating Air Quantity		Power Supply	Power Supply Liquid Pipe) o	0 0	0
	Refrigera	Coolin	Heatin	Circulatin			Connective	Connective	Connective Pipe Drain Pipe	Connective Pipe Drain Pipe Unit Dimensions

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	Model		GMV-ND56PHS/A-T GMV-ND63PHS/A-T		GMV-ND71PHS/A-T	GMV-ND71PHS/A-T GMV-ND80PHS/A-T GMV-ND90PHS/A-T GMV-ND100PHS/A-T GMV-ND112PHS/A-T GMV-ND125PHS/A-T GMV-ND125PHS/A-T	GMV-ND90PHS/A-T	GMV-ND100PHS/A-T	GMV-ND112PHS/A-T	GMV-ND125PHS/A-T	3MV-ND140PHS/A-T
Refrigerat	Refrigeration Capacity	HP	2	2	3	٤	4	4	4	Ŋ	ß
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	kW	5.6	6.3	7.1	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.5	14.0
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	6.3	7.1	8.0	0.6	10.0	11.2	12.5	14.0	16.0
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	1000	1000	1100	1100	1700	1700	1700	2000	2000
	Power Supply					220-240	220-240V~ 50Hz/208-230V~ 60Hz	- 60Hz			
Connective	Liquid Pipe	шш	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Pipe	Air Pipe	mm	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Drain Pipe	OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5
Unit Dimensions	W×D×H	mm	1271 x 558 x 268	1271 x 558 x 268	1271 x 558 x 268	1271 x 558 x 268	1229 x 775 x 290	1229 x 775 x 290	1229 x 775 x 290	1229 x 775 x 290	1229 x 775 x 290
Net	Net Weight	kg	35	35	35	35	47	47	47	47	47

Model			GMV-ND224PH/A-T	GMV-ND280PH/A-T
Refrigeration Capacity		윺	ω	10
Cooling Capacity	~	kW	22.4	28.0
Heating Capacity		kW	25.0	31.0
Circulating Air Quantity		m³/h	4000	4800
Power Supply	<u>></u>		220-240V-50Hz/208-230V~60Hz	220-240V~50Hz/208-230V~60Hz
Connective Liquid Pipe		mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Pipe Air Pipe		mm	Ф22.2	Ф22.2
Drain Pipe OD x Wall Thickness		mm	Ф30 x 1.5	Ф30 x 1.5
Unit W x D x H		mm	1628 x 869 x 454	1628 x 869 x 454
Net Weight	<u> </u>	kg	115	115

2.6 Wall mounted type IDU

	Model		GMV-N22G/A3A-K	GMV-N28G/A3A-K	GMV-N36G/A3A-K	GMV-N45G/A3A-K	GMV-N50G/A3A-K	GMV-N56G/A3A-K	GMV-N63G/A3A-K	GMV-N71G/A3A-K
Refrigeration Capacity	in Capacity	Н	1	-	1.5	2	2	2	8	3
Cooling Capacity	Sapacity	κw	2.2	2.8	3.6	4.5	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.1
Heating Capacity	Capacity	κw	2.5	3.2	4.0	5.0	5.8	6.3	7.0	8.0
Circulating Air Quantity	Air Quantity	m³/h	200	200	630	630	930	800	800	800
Ā	Power Supply		220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~50Hz	220-240V~ 50Hz
Connective	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
Pipe	Air Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Drain Pipe	OD x Wall Thickness	mm	Φ28 x 4.0	Φ28 x 4.0	Ф28 x 4.0	Ф28 x 4.0	Φ28 x 4.0	Ф28 x 4.0	Ф28 x 4.0	Ф28 x 4.0
Unit Dimensions	$W \times D \times H$	mm	843 x 180 x 275	843 x 180 x 275	940 x 200 x 298	940 × 200 × 298	940 x 200 x 298	1008 x 221 x 319	1008 x 221 x 319	1008 x 221 x 319
Net V	Net Weight	kg	9.5	9.5	11.0	11.0	11.0	13.0	13.0	13.0

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	GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K	GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-M	GINIV-INAZOUF/A(AZ.3)-INI	GIMIV-147280F/A(A3.0)-IMI	NI-(0:+X)-100+XXI-0100
НР	5	8	10	10	16
ΚW	14	22.4	28	28	45
ΚW	10	16	20	20	32
m³/h	1200	2000	2500	3000	4000
Ра	150	200	200	200	200
	220-240V~50Hz	380-415V 3N~50Hz	380-415V 3N~50Hz	380-415V 3N~50Hz	380-415V 3N~50Hz
mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф12.7
mm	Ф15.9	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф22.2	Ф28.6
mm	Φ25 x 2.5	Ф25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5	Φ25 x 2.5
mm	1463 x 756 x 300	1500 x 1000 x 500	1500 x 1000 x 500	1500 x 1000 x 500	1700 x 1100 x 650
kg	63.5	130	134	134	190
	жw жw жw кw		10 1200 150 220-240V~50Hz \$\text{\text{\$0.52}}\$	10 16 16 1500 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	14 22.4 28 10 16 20 1200 2000 2500 150 200 200 220-240V-50Hz 380-415V 3N-50Hz 380-415V 3N-50Hz 495.52 495.52 495.52 4015.9 4022.2 4022.2 4025 x 2.5 4025 x 2.5 4025 x 2.5 1463 x 756 x 300 1500 x 1000 x 500 1500 x 1000 x 500 63.5 130 134

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	Model		GMV-ND22PL/B-T	GMV-ND25PL/B-T	GMV-ND28PL/B-T	GMV-ND32PL/B-T	GMV-ND36PL/B-T	GMV-ND40PL/B-T
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	ΚW	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.0
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.0	4.5
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	450	450	450	550	550	750
Nois	Noise (H)	dB(A)	30	30	30	31	31	33
a.	Power Supply				220~240V-50Hz / 208~230V-60Hz	208~230V-60Hz		
Fan Motor	Input Power	ΚW	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.03	0.03	0.035
	Air Pipe	mm	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф12.7	Ф12.7
Connective	Liquid Pipe	mm	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35	Ф6.35
	Connecting Mode	lode			Through bellmouth	vellmouth		
Drai (OD x Wal	Drain Pipe (OD x Wall Thickness)	mm	Ф26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5
Dimension	Dimensions (W x D x H)	mm	710 x 450 x 200	710 x 450 x 200	710 x 450 x 200	710 x 450 x 200	710 x 450 x 200	1010 x 450 x 200
Net	Net Weight	kg	18.5	18.5	18.5	19.5	19.5	23.5
Recommende	Recommended Power Cable	mm² x piece			1.0 x 3	×3		



	Model		GMV-ND45PL/B-T	GMV-ND50PL/B-T	GMV-ND56PL/B-T	GMV-ND63PL/B-T	GMV-ND72PL/B-T
Cooling	Cooling Capacity	kW	4.5	2.0	5.6	6.3	7.2
Heating	Heating Capacity	kW	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.0	8.0
Circulating	Circulating Air Quantity	m³/h	750	092	850	850	1100
Unit External \$	Unit External Static Pressure	dB(A)	33	33	35	35	37
Pc	Power Supply				220~240V-50Hz / 208~230V-60Hz		
Fan Motor	Input Power	kW	0.035	980.0	0.045	0.045	0.05
	Air Pipe	mm	Ф12.7	Ф12.7	Ф15.9	Ф15.9	Ф15.9
Connective	Liquid Pipe	mm	96.35	Ф6.35	Ф9.52	Ф9.52	Ф9.52
-	Connecting Mode	lode			Through bellmouth		
Drain Pipe Thick	Drain Pipe (OD x Wall Thickness)	mm	Φ26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5	Φ26 x 2.5	Φ26 x 2.5	Ф26 x 2.5
Dimensions	Dimensions (W x D x H)	mm	1010 x 450 x 200	1010 x 450 x 200	1010 x 450 x 200	1010 x 450 x 200	1310 x 450 x 200
Net V	Net Weight	kg	23.5	23.5	24.5	24.5	30.5
Recommende	Recommended Power Cable	mm² x piece			1.0 x 3		

IV. Electrical Parameters1. Power Cable Wire Gauge and Circuit Breaker Selection

Wire size of combined uni (mm^2)	2.5x5	2.5x5	4.0x5	6.0x5	6.0x5	2.5x5 + 2.5x5	2.5x5 + 2.5x5	2.5x5 + 4.0x5	2.5x5 + 6.0x5	2.5x5 + 6.0x5	6.0x5 + 6.0x5	6.0x5 + 6.0x5	6.0x5 + 6.0x5
Wire size of power supply (mm²)	2.5	2.5	4.0	6.0	6.0	2.5 + 2.5	2.5 + 2.5	2.5 + 4.0	2.5 + 6.0	2.5 + 6.0	6.0 + 6.0	6.0 + 6.0	6.0 + 6.0
Air switch capacity for combined units (A)	20	25	32	40	40	20 + 25	25 + 25	25 + 32	25 + 40	25 + 40	40 + 40	40 + 40	40 + 40
Air switch capacity (A)	20	25	32	40	40	40	20	20	63	63	80	80	80
Basic models	GMV-224WM/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X	GMV-335WM/B-X	GMV-400WM/B-X	GMV-450WM/B-X	224+280	280+280	280+335	280+400	280+450	400+400	400+450	450+450
Model	GMV-224WM/B-X	GMV-280WM/B-X	GMV-335WM/B-X	GMV-400WM/B-X	GMV-450WM/B-X	GMV-504WM/B-X	GMV-560WM/B-X	GMV-615WM/B-X	GMV-680WM/B-X	GMV-730WM/B-X	GMV-785WM/B-X	GMV-850WM/B-X	GMV-900WM/B-X



Model	Basic models	Air switch capacity (A)	Air switch capacity for combined units (A)	Wire size of power supply (mm²)	Wire size of combined uni (mm²)
GMV-900WM/B-X	450+450	80	40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-960WM/B-X	280+280+400	80	25 + 25 + 40	2.5 + 2.5 + 6.0	2.5×5 + 2.5×5 + 6.0×5
GMV-1010WM/B-X	280+280+450	80	25 + 25 + 40	2.5 + 2.5 + 6.0	2.5×5 + 2.5×5 + 6.0×5
GMV-1065WM/B-X	280+400+400	100	25+40+40	2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5×5 + 6.0×5 + 6.0×5
GMV-1130WM/B-X	280+400+450	100	25+40+40	2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5×5 + 6.0×5 + 6.0×5
GMV-1180WM/B-X	280+450+450	100	25 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5×5 + 6.0×5 + 6.0×5
GMV-1235WM/B-X	400+400+450	125	40 + 40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1300WM/B-X	400+450+450	125	40 + 40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1350WM/B-X	450+450+450	125	40 + 40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1410WM/B-X	280+280+400+450	125	25 + 25 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5x5 + 2.5x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5

Model	Basic models	Air switch capacity (A)	Air switch capacity for combined units (A)	Wire size of power supply (mm²)	Wire size of combined uni (mm²)
GMV-1460WM/B-X	280+280+450+450	125	25 + 25 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5x5 + 2.5x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1515WM/B-X	280+335+450+450	125	25 + 32 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 4.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5x5 + 4.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1580WM/B-X	280+400+450+450	125	25 + 40 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1630WM/B-X	280+450+450+450	160	25 + 40 + 40 + 40	2.5 + 6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	2.5x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1685WM/B-X	335+450+450+450	160	32 + 40 + 40 + 40	4.0 + 6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	4.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1750WM/B-X	400+450+450+450	160	40 + 40 + 40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5
GMV-1800WM/B-X	450+450+450+450	160	40 + 40 + 40 + 40	6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0 + 6.0	6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5 + 6.0x5

For information about the leakage circuit breaker for an indoor unit, refer to the following table. The circuit breaker capacities listed in the following table indicate the circuit breaker capacities when all indoor units in the same system are connecting connected to the main power.

Total capacity of indoor units	Capacity of circuit breaker (A)	Min. sectional area of power cord (mm²)	Min. sectional area of grounding wire (mm²)
<10A	10	1.0	1.0
16~10A	16	1.5	1.5
20~16A	20	2.5	2.5
32~20A	32	4.0	4.0
40~32A	40	6.0	6.0
50~40A	50	10.0	10.0
63~50A	63	16.0	16.0
80~63A	80	25.0	16.0
100~80A	100	35.0	16.0
125~100A	125	50.0	25.0

Table B: The breaker capacity and power cable specifications when a circuit breaker is installed on each indoor unit independently. Note that the circuit breaker of the indoor unit is used only for short-circuit protection and abnormal overload of the corresponding indoor unit. Usually, the circuit breaker is off. All circuit breaker terminals must be connected to one main power switch, which is used to cut off the power of all indoor units.

IDU	Breaker Capacity (A)	Minimum Sectional Area of Power Cable (mm²)	Minimum Sectional Area of Grounding Cable (mm²)
Low-static-pressure Air- duct-type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0
All-dimensional Ceiling Cassette Type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0
Single-side Air Outlet Ceiling Cassette Type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0
Floor Ceiling Split Unit	6	1.0	1.0
High-static-pressure Air- duct-type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0
Wall mounted type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0
Static-pressure Air-duct- type Air Conditioner	6	1.0	1.0

Note:

- ① The circuit breaker and power cable specifications are selected based on the maximum power (maximum current) of the units.
- ② The power cable specifications are obtained under the conditions that the ambient temperature is 40°C, the working temperature of multi-core copper cable (for example, YJV cable) is

90°C, and the cable is exposed in cable troughs (GB/T 16895.15). In different applications, adjust the specifications based on national standards.

- 3 Only copper conductor cable can be used.
- ④ The sectional area of a wire is applicable for a distance range of up to 15 m. If the distance is greater than 15 m, increase the sectional area of the wire correspondingly to prevent the wire from being burned due to overload current and to avoid fire.
- ⑤ The circuit breaker specifications are obtained under the conditions that the ambient temperature is 40°C when the circuit breaker is working. In different applications, adjust the specifications based on the circuit breaker manual.
- ⑥ The circuit breaker must support magnetic release and thermal release at the same time to protect the system from short circuit and overload.

Electrical Parameters of Fresh Air Conditioning IDU

Model	Power Specification	Circuit Breaker Capacity (A)	Minimum Sectional Area of Grounding Cable(mm²)	Minimum Area of Section of Power Cable(mm²)
GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)	220V~50Hz	6	1.0	1.0
GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)	380V 3N~50Hz	6	1.0	1.0
GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)	380V 3N~50Hz	6	1.0	1.0
GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)	380V 3N~50Hz	6	1.0	1.0
GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)	380V 3N~50Hz	6	1.0	1.0

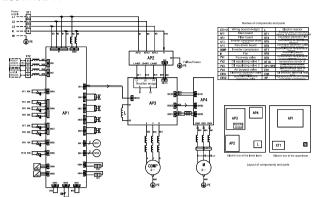
Note:

- ① The circuit breaker and power cable specifications are selected based on the maximum power (maximum current) of the units.
- ② The power cable specifications are obtained under the conditions that the ambient temperature is 40°C, the working temperature of multi-core copper cable (for example, YJV cable) is 90°C, and the cable is exposed in cable troughs (GB/T 16895.15). In different applications, adjust the specifications based on national standards.
- ③ The circuit breaker specifications are obtained under the conditions that the ambient temperature is 40°C when the circuit breaker is working. In different applications, adjust the specifications based on the circuit breaker manual.
- When breaker devices are installed near the unit, the minimum distance between different levels of breaker devices is 3 cm (required for both indoor and outdoor units).

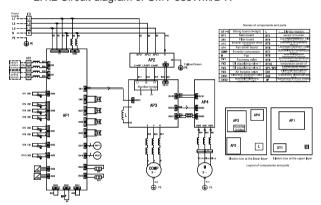


- 2. Circuit Diagram
- 2.1 Circuit Diagram of ODU

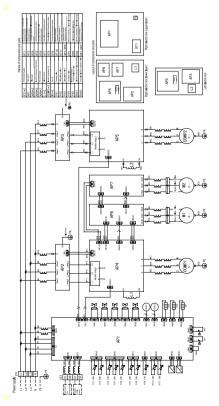
2.1.1 Circuit diagram of GMV-224WM/B-X and GMV-280WM/B-X



2.1.2 Circuit diagram of GMV-335WM/B-X

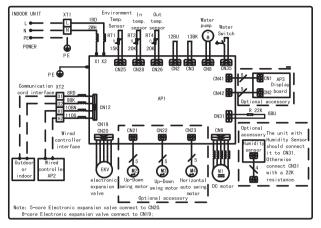


2.1.3 Circuit diagram of GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X

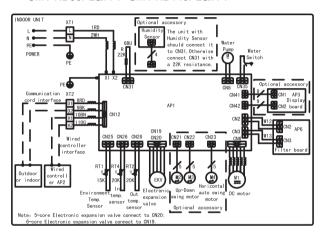


2.2 Circuit Diagram of IDU

2.2.1 GMV-ND**PLS/A-T series air-duct-type air conditioner GMV-ND22PLS/A-T~GMV-ND80PLS/A-T

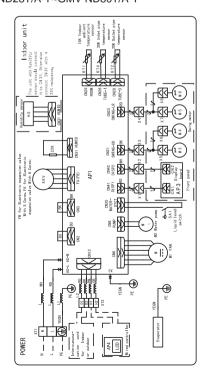


GMV-ND90PLS/A-T~GMV-ND140PLS/A-T



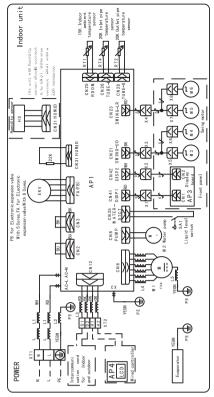
2.2.2 GMV-ND***T/A-T series ceiling cassette type air conditioner

GMV-ND28T/A-T~GMV-ND80T/A-T

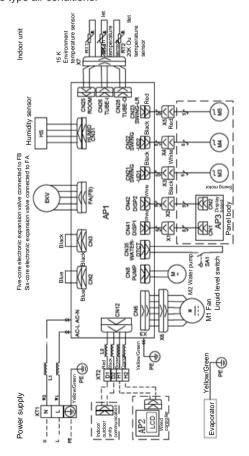




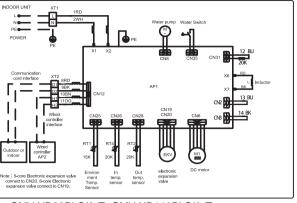
GMV-ND90T/A-T~GMV-ND140T/A-T



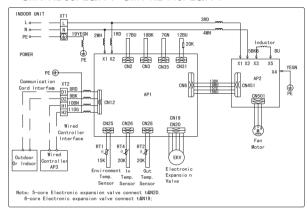
 $2.2.3~{\rm GMV\text{-}ND^{***}TD/A\text{-}T}$ series single-side air outlet ceiling cassette type air conditioner



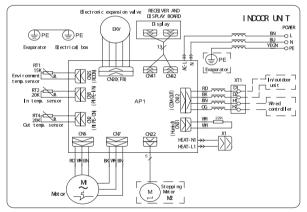
2.2.4 GMV-ND***PHS/A-T series high-static-pressure airduct-type air conditioner



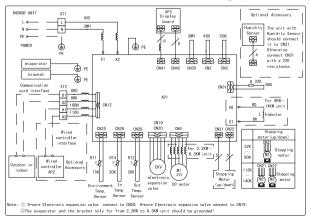
GMV-ND90PLS/A-T~GMV-ND140PLS/A-T



$2.2.5~\text{GMV-N**G/A3A-K}~\text{eriesWall}~\text{mounted type Air}\\ \text{Conditioner}$

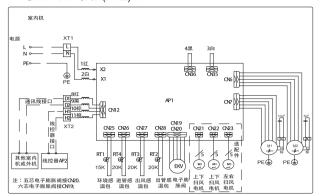


2.2.6 GMV-ND***ZD/A-T series floor ceiling split unit

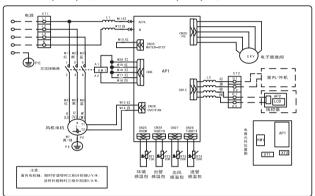




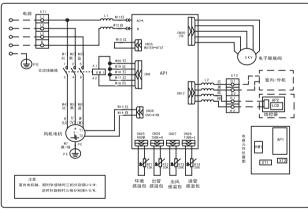
2.2.7 GMV-NX**P/A(X**)-* series fresh air processing unit GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K



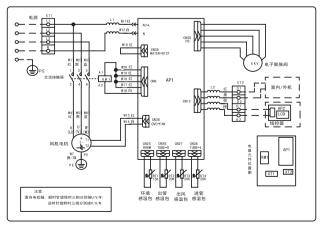
GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-K, GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)-M, GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)-M, GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)-M,



2.2.8 GMV-ND***PL/B-T series low-noise duct type air conditioner



GMV-ND90T/A-T~GMV-ND140T/A-T



V. Optional Accessories

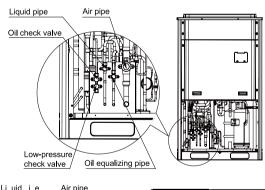
GMV5 series VRF units support the following optional accessories:

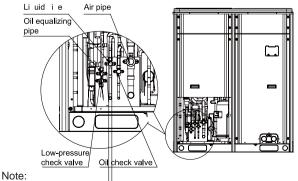
		Export Model	Remark
	ODU	ML01/A	
Manifold	IDU	FQ01A/A, FQ01B/A, FQ02/A, FQ03/A, and FQ04/A	For model selection, refer to Pipe Selection.
	ontrol Receiver Board	JS03	Applicable for air-duct- type IDUs.
	ioning Remote ontroller	YV1L1	Provides the commissioning functions for function settings of IDUs.
Commissi	oning Software	DE40-33/A(C)	Applicable for units that support CAN bus communication technology.
	Software	FE31-00/AD(BM)	
Remote Monitoring	Optoelectronic Isolation Converter	GD02	Applicable for units that support CAN
System	MODbus Gateway	ME30-24/E4(M)	bus communication technology.
	BACnet Gateway	MG30-24/D2(B)	

Note: Contact local sales company for optional accessories.

VI. Basic Requirement for Pipe Connection

1. Outdoor units adopt the modular combination design of individual cooling system, that is, units are connected by using pipes in parallel during installation. The tubing system used among modules includes air pipes, liquid pipes and oil equalizing pipes.





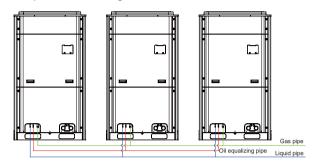
① Functions of oil check valve: During after-sale maintenance, the oil check valve can be used to extract lubricating



oil samples, which are further detected to analyze the oil quality in the system. The oil check valve can also serve as the inlet for lubricating oil charging. Stop the system for at least 12 hours before the extracting of lubricating oil from the system; otherwise, overheat oil may burn the operator.

② Functions of low-pressure check valve: It is mainly used for low pressure detection of the system and refrigerant charging during after-sale maintenance.

Pipe connection diagram of outdoor modules



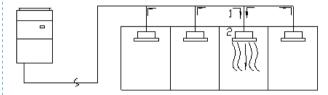
2. Each ODU system can be connected to multiple IDUs. Detailed information about the number of units to be connected and capacity ranges is shown in the following table:

	Mandania	Canacity Range	of Connected IDU
Madal	Maximum Number of		W)
Model	Connected IDUs	Minimum	Maximum
	(Piece)	Capacity	Capacity
GMV-224WM/B-X	13	11.2	30.2
GMV-280WM/B-X	16	14.0	37.8
GMV-335WM/B-X	19	16.8	45.2
GMV-400WM/B-X	23	20.0	54.0
GMV-450WM/B-X	26	22.5	60.8
GMV-504WM/B-X	29	25.2	68.0
GMV-560WM/B-X	33	28.0	75.6
GMV-615WM/B-X	36	30.8	83.0
GMV-680WM/B-X	39	34.0	91.8
GMV-730WM/B-X	43	36.5	98.6
GMV-785WM/B-X	46	39.3	106.0
GMV-850WM/B-X	50	42.5	114.8
GMV-900WM/B-X	53	45.0	121.5
GMV-960WM/B-X	56	48.0	129.6
GMV-1010WM/B-X	59	50.5	136.4
GMV-1070WM/B-X	63	53.5	144.5
GMV-1130WM/B-X	64	56.5	152.6
GMV-1180WM/B-X	64	59.0	159.3
GMV-1250WM/B-X	64	62.5	168.8
GMV-1300WM/B-X	64	65.0	175.5
GMV-1350WM/B-X	64	67.5	182.3
GMV-1410WM/B-X	66	70.5	190.4
GMV-1460WM/B-X	69	73.0	197.1
GMV-1515WM/B-X	71	75.8	204.5
GMV-1580WM/B-X	74	79.0	213.3
GMV-1630WM/B-X	77	81.5	220.0
GMV-1700WM/B-X	80	85.0	229.5
GMV-1750WM/B-X	80	87.5	236.3
GMV-1800WM/B-X	80	90.0	243.0

VII. Precautions on Refrigerant Leakage

Personnel related to air conditioning engineering design and installation operators must abide by the safety requirement for preventing refrigerant leakage specified in local laws and regulations. If such safety requirement is unavailable in local documents, the design and operation must be implemented based on the following principles: GMV5 series VRF units adopt the R410A refrigerant, which is nonflammable and nontoxic. However, the space for refrigerant leakage must be sufficient to ensure that the refrigerant concentration does not exceed that specified in the safety requirement; otherwise, people involved can be stifled by the refrigerant.

The maximum refrigerant charge and maximum refrigerant concentration in the system are calculated directly based on the size of the air conditioning space. The unit of refrigerant concentration is 1 kg/m³.



- (1) Flow direction of refrigerant leakage.
- (2) Room for refrigerant leakage. Since the concentration of refrigerant is greater than that of air, pay attention to the spaces where the refrigerant may residue, for example, the basement.

Method for calculating the maximum concentration of refrigerant:

1) Calculate the refrigerant charge quantity of each system.

Charge quantity of an ODU upon delivery (for the system consisting of multiple modules in parallel, the accumulative charge quantity of modules upon delivery is used) + Onsite charge quantity = Total refrigerant charge quantity in the system (kg)

2) Calculate the volume of maximum air conditioning space (m³).

Volume of air conditioning space (m^3) = Length x Width x Height

Note: The length, width and height here refer to the effective length, width and height of the indoor space.

3) Calculate the maximum refrigerant concentration of the refrigeration system.

Total refrigerant quantity of the system

----- Maximum supported concentration (kg/m³)

Minimum volume of air conditioning space

Note: If the maximum supported refrigerant concentration is not available in relevant local standard, use 0.3kg /m³ as the maximum supported refrigerant concentration.

4) If the maximum refrigerant concentration exceeds the allowed threshold, the refrigeration system must be redesigned. In this case, separate the refrigeration system into multiple small-capacity refrigeration systems, or adopt other ventilation measures, or contact local Gree sales company.



VIII. Unit Operating Temperature

Cooling	-5°C~50°C
Heating	-20°C~24°C

In the case of a full fresh air conditioning IDU, the unit operating temperature is as follows:

Cooling	16°C~45°C
Heating	-7°C~16°C

IX. Configuration of Full Fresh Air Conditioning IDU

Multi-connected fresh-air air-conditioning unit brings in air from outdoor and provides processed air for indoor users. Based on the model of indoor unit, multi-connected fresh-air air-conditioning unit supports two connection methods:

(1) The indoor units in the following table can be connected to one set of outdoor unit system together with ordinary multiconnected air-conditioning indoor units.

Indoor unit model	Outdoor unit model
GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K	Can be connected to GMV-***WM/B-X series modular outdoor units. Connection requirements: ① . The total capacity of all connected fresh-
GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-M	air indoor units and ordinary indoor units must be 50% to 100% of the capacity of the outdoor unit. Among which, the capacity of the outdoor unit. ②. The fresh-air indoor unit can be
GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)-M	used independently. The total capacity of connected fresh-air indoor units must be 50% to 100% of the capacity of the outdoor unit.

Note: When a multi-connected fresh-air indoor unit is connected with a common multi-connected indoor unit, the capacity requirement must be strictly followed. The capacity of the fresh-air indoor unit cannot exceed 30% of that of the outdoor unit. The sum of capacities of indoor units should be 50% to 100% of the capacity of the outdoor unit. Otherwise, the refrigeration performance will be affected and the unit may be damaged.

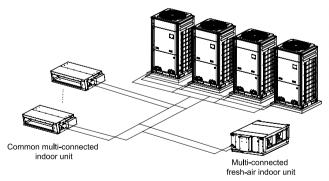
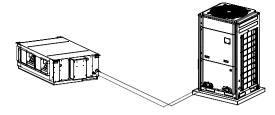


Diagram of connecting a fresh-air indoor unit to a common multi-connected indoor unit

(2) The indoor units listed in the following table can be connected only in fixed mode.

Indoor unit model	Outdoor unit model
GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)-M	GMV-280WM/B-X
GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)-M	GMV-450WM/B-X



Conenction diagram



Chapter 2 Installation

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Part 1 Engineering Installation Preparation

I. Installation Safety

Personnel and property safety are highly concerned during the entire installation process. Installation implementation must abide by relevant national safety regulations to ensure personnel and property safety.

All personnel involved in the installation must attend safety education courses and pass corresponding safety examinations before installation. Only qualified personnel can attend the installation. Relevant personnel must be held responsible for any violation of the regulation.

II. Importance of Installation Engineering

VRF air conditioning systems use refrigerant, instead of other agent, to directly evaporate to carry out the system heat. High level of pipe cleanness and dryness is required in the system. Since various pipes need to be prepared and laid out onsite, carelessness or maloperation during installation may leave impurities, water, or dust inside refrigerant pipes. If the design fails to meet the requirement, various problems may occur in the system or even lead to system breakdown.

Problems that usually occur during installation are as follows:

No.	Installation Problem	Possible Consequence
1	Dust or impurities enter into the refrigeration system.	Pipes are more likely to be blocked; air conditioning performance is reduced; compressor wear is increased or even hinder the normal operation of the system and burn the compressor.
2	Nitrogen is not filled into the refrigerant pipe or insufficient Nitrogen is filled before welding.	Pipes are more likely to be blocked; air conditioning performance is reduced; compressor wear is increased or even hinder the normal operation of the system and burn the compressor.
3	The vacuum degree in the refrigerant pipe is insufficient.	The refrigeration performance is reduced. The system fails to keep normal operation due to frequent protection measures. When the problem getting serious, compressor and other major components can be damaged.
4	Water enters into the refrigeration system.	Copper plating may appear on the compressor and reduce the compressor efficiency with abnormal noise generated; failures may occur in the system due to ice plug.
5	The refrigerant pipe specifications do not meet the configuration requirements.	Smaller configuration specifications can increase the system pipe resistance and affect the cooling performance; larger configuration specifications are waste of materials and can also reduce the cooling performance.
6	Refrigerant pipe is blocked.	The cooling performance is reduced; in certain cases, it may cause long-term compressor operating under overheat conditions; the lubricating effect can be affected and the compressor may be burnt if impurities were mixed with the lubricating oil.
7	Refrigerant pipe exceeds the limit.	The loss in pipe is considerable and the unit energy efficiency decreases, which are harmful for long-term running of the system.

8	Incorrect amount of refrigerant is filled.	The system cannot correctly control the flow allocation; the compressor may be operating under over-heating environment or running when the refrigerant flows back to the compressor.
9	The refrigerant pipe leaks.	Insufficient refrigerant circulating in the system decreases the cooling performance of the air conditioner. Long-term operation under such circumstance may cause an overheating compressor or even damage the compressor.
10	Water drainage from the condensate water pipe is not smooth.	Residual water in IDUs can affect the normal operation of the system. The possible water leakage can damage the IDU's decoration.
11	The ratio of slop for condensate water pipe is insufficient or the condensate water pipe is incorrectly connected.	Reverse slop or inconsistent connection of condensate water pipe can hinder the smooth drainage and cause leakage of the IDU.
12	The air channel is improperly fixed.	The air channel will deform; vibration and noise occur during unit operating.
13	The guide vane of air channel is not reasonably manufactured.	Uneven air quantity allocation reduces the overall performance of the air conditioner.
14	The refrigerant pipe or condensate water pipe does not meet the insulation requirement.	Water can easily condensate and drip to damage the indoor decoration, or even trigger the protection mode of system due to overheating operation.
15	The installation space for IDU is insufficient.	Since there is a lack of space for maintenance and checking, indoor decoration might need to be damaged during such operation.
16	The IDU or the location of the air outlet or return air inlet is not designed reasonably.	The air outlet or return air inlet may be short- circuited, thus affecting the air conditioning performance.
17	The ODU is improperly installed.	The ODU is difficult to be maintained; unit exhaust is not smooth, which reduces the heat exchanging performance or even prevent the system from normal operation; in addition, the cold and hot air for heat exchange and the noise may annoy people in surrounding areas.
18	Power cables are incorrectly provided.	Unit components may be damaged and potential safety hazard may occur.
19	Control communication cables are incorrectly provided or improperly connected.	The normal communication in the system fails or the control over IDUs and ODUs turn in a mess.
20	Control communication cables are not properly protected.	The communication cables are short- circuited or disconnected, and the unit cannot be started up due to communication failure.

Understand the special requirement (if any) for unit installation before implementation to ensure installation quality. Relevant installers must have corresponding engineering construction qualifications.

Special type operators involved in the engineering





implementation, such as welders, electricians, and refrigeration mechanics must have relevant operating licenses and are accredited with vocational qualification certification.

III. Cooperation Between Different Professions

A quality installation of air conditioning engineering depends on careful organization and close cooperation between different professions such as architecture, structure, electric, water supply and drainage, fire-fighting, and decoration. Pipes must be laid in places away from any automatic spray head for fire-fighting, and must be reasonably arranged to ensure that the pipes fit the electric, luminaries, and decoration.

- (1). Requirements for cooperation with civil engineering:
 - The riser should be installed in the air conditioning tube well, and the horizontal pipe should be placed in the ceiling, if possible.
 - A place should be reserved for the ODU base to prevent the waterproof layer or insulating layer on the roof from being damaged in later phase of installation.
 - At places on walls or floors where pipes need to go through, holes or casing should be preserved. If the pipe needs to go through a bearing beam, a steel casing must be prepared.
- (2). Requirements for cooperation with decoration engineering:

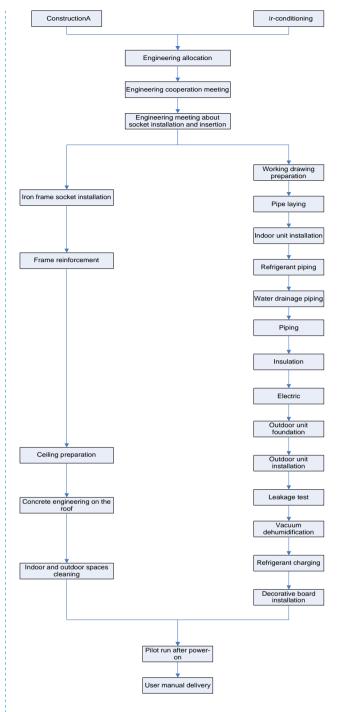
The air conditioning installation should not damage the bearing structure or the decorative style. Air conditioning pipes should be laid out along the bottom of the beam as possible. If pipes meet one another at the same elevation, process based on the following principles:

- Drain pipes enjoy the highest priority. Air ducts and pressure pipes should leave places for gravity pipes.
- Air ducts and small pipes should leave places for major pipes.
- (3). Requirements for cooperation with electric:

After the capacity of air conditioning unit is determined, check the following aspects with relevant electric design personnel:

- 1). Whether the electrical load is designed based on the requirement of the air conditioning unit;
- Whether the power cable and circuit breaker meet the unit requirement and abide by relevant national safety regulations;
- Whether the regional power supply quality (including voltage fluctuation and interference noise) meet the international requirement.

Any nonconformity must be resolved through coordination.



IV. Onsite Review of Design Drawing

Installation personnel must carefully read and understand the design scheme and drawings provided by engineering designers, and prepare detailed and feasible construction organization design after reviewing the onsite status.

The following aspects of working drawing must be reviewed:

(1). The loads of indoor and ODUs must match. The gross rated capacity of the IDU should be set to a value that is 50% to 135% of the rated capacity of the ODU. In actual conditions, if the capacity of concurrently operating IDUs exceeds 100% of the rated capacity of the ODU, the air conditioning system fails to meet the requirement. Note: Configuration in excess of the capacity of the IDUs can affect the comfort for users. The more the excess is, the lower the adjustment capacity of an air



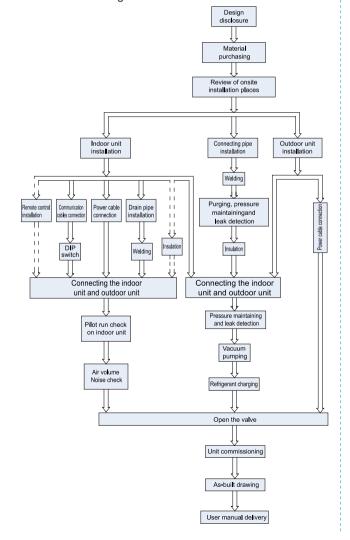


conditioning unit will be. When the capacity exceeds 135% of the configured value, the system reliability can be affected. Therefore, relevant regulations on capacity limit must be strictly followed.

- (2). The difference of level between an ODU and an IDU, and that between IDUs must be set within the designed range.
- (3). Pipe bend for trapped oil is required for air pipe riser in the unit to ensure normal circulation in the unit lubricating system.
- (4). The pipe diameter and manifold type in the cooling system must meet relevant technical specifications.
- (5). The drainage method of unit condensate water must be reasonable; the pipeline slope must follow the design requirement of unit.
- (6). The air duct direction and air flow are reasonably organized.
- (7). The configuration specifications, type, and control method of power cables should meet the design requirement of unit
- (8). The arrangement, total length, and control method of control line should meet the design requirement of unit.

Note: Engineering construction personnel must strictly abide by the design drawings. If any design cannot be implemented during construction and needs to be modified, contact the designer first for approval and prepare a written document, that is, the design modification record.

V. Construction Organization Process



Part 2 Material Selection

I. Requirement for Selecting Construction Materials

The materials, equipment and instruments used during air conditioning engineering construction must have certifications and test reports.

Products with fireproof requirements must be provided with fireproof inspection certificates and must meet national and relevant compulsory standards.

If environmentally-friendly materials are to be used as required by customers, all such materials must meet national environmental protection requirement and be provided with relevant certificates.

II. Requirement for Selecting Major Materials

- (1). Copper pipe
 - Material requirement: Dephosphorization drawing copper pipe for air conditioners
 - Appearance requirement: The inner and outer surface of pipe should be smooth without pinhole, crack, peeling, blister, inclusion, copper powder, carbon deposition, rust, dirt or severe oxide film, and without obvious scratch, pit, spot and other defects.
 - Test report: Certifications and quality test reports must be provided.
 - 4). The tensile strength must be at least 240 kgf/mm².
 - 5). Specifications requirement

F	R410A Refrigerant System								
OD (mm/inch)	Wall Thickness (mm)	Model							
Ф6.35(1/4)	≥0.8	0							
Ф9.52(3/8)	≥0.8	0							
Ф12.70(1/2)	≥0.8	0							
Ф15.9(5/8)	≥1.0	0							
Ф19.05(3/4)	≥1.0	0							
Ф22.2(7/8)	≥1.2	1/2H							
Ф25.40(1/1)	≥1.2	1/2H							
Ф28.60(9/8)	≥1.2	1/2H							
Ф31.80(5/4)	≥1.3	1/2H							
Ф34.90(11/8)	≥1.3	1/2H							
Ф38.10(12/8)	≥1.5	1/2H							
Ф41.30(13/8)	≥1.5	1/2H							
Ф44.5(7/4)	≥1.5	1/2H							
Ф51.4(7/4)	≥1.5	1/2H							
Ф54.1(17/8)	≥1.5	1/2H							

- 6). After the inner part of the copper pipe is cleaned and dried, the inlet and outlet must be sealed tightly by using pipe caps, plugs or adhesive tapes.
- (2). Condensate water pipe
 - Pipes that can be used for air conditioner drainage include: water supplying UPVC pipe, PP-R pipe, PP-C pipe, and HDG steel pipe.
 - All relevant certificates and quality test reports are provided.
- 3). Requirements for specifications and wall thickness Water supplying UPVC pipe: Φ32mm×2mm, Φ40mm×2mm, Φ50mm×2.5mm;



HDG steel pipe: Φ 25mm×3.25mm, Φ 32mm×3.25mm, Φ 40mm×3.5mm, Φ 50mm×3.5mm.

- (3). Insulation material
 - 1). Rubber foam insulation material;
 - 2). Flame retardancy level: B1 or higher;
 - 3). Refractoriness: at least 120°C;
 - The insulation thickness of condensate water pipe: at least 10 mm;
 - 5). When the diameter of copper pipe is equal to or greater than Φ15.9 mm, the thickness of insulation material should be at least 20 mm; when the diameter of copper pipe is less than 15.9 mm, the thickness of insulation material should be at least 15 mm.
- (4). Communication cable and control cable

Note: For air conditioning units installed in places with strong electromagnetic interference, shielded wire must be used as the communication cables of the IDU and wired controller, and shielded twisted pairs must be used as the communication cables between IDUs and between the IDU and ODU.

Communication cable selection for outdoor and IDUs

Wire Type	Total Length of Communication Cables Between IDU and Indoor (Outdoor) Unit L(m)	Number of Wire Pieces x Wire Diameter (mm²)	Wire Standard	Remark
Common sheath twisted pair copper core (RVV)	L≤1000	≥2×0.75	IEC 60227	If the wire diameter is enlarged to 2×1mm², the overall communication length can reach 1500 m.

Communication cable selection for IDU and wired controller

Wire Type	Total Length of Communication Cables of the IDU and Wired Controller L(m)	Number of Wire Pieces x Wire Diameter (mm²)	Wire Standard	Remark
Common sheath twisted pair copper core (RVV)	L≤250	≥2×0.75	IEC 60227	The overall communication length cannot exceed 250 m.

(5). Power cable

Only copper conductors can be used as power cables. The copper conductors must meet relevant national standard and satisfy the carrying capacity of unit.

Part 3 Installation Space Requirement

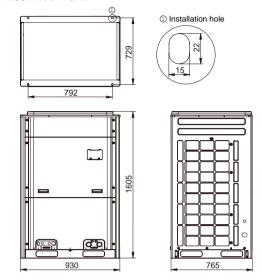
I. Place Selection for Installing ODU

The widely-used VRF units are applicable for various scenarios. In residential areas, especially in rooms where elderly and infants live, a higher refrigerating performance and noise control is required. Therefore, the ODU with excellent capacity and low noise is preferred; in addition, ODU should be installed in outdoor spaces instead of in bedrooms, studies or meeting rooms. In commercial areas, ODU should be installed far away

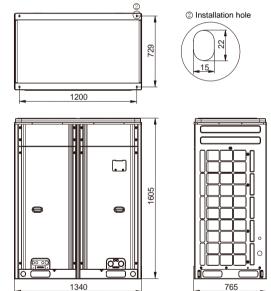
from offices

II. ODU Dimensions and Installation Hole Size

Outline and physical dimention of GMV-224WM/B-X and GMV-280WM/B-X unit.



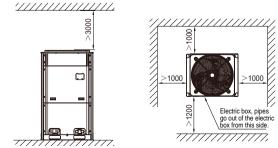
Outline and Physical Dimention of GMV-335WM/B-X, GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X unit.



III. Installation Space Requirement for ODU

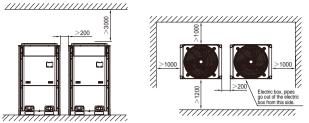
(1). If all sides of the ODU (including the top) are surrounded by walls, process according to the following requirements for installation space:

Installation space requirement for single-module unit





Installation space requirement for dual-module unit



Installation space requirement for triple-module unit

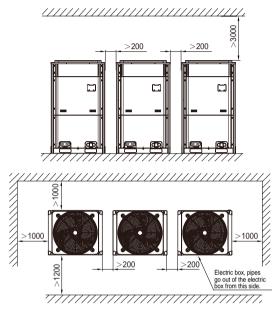


Figure 5
Installation space requirement for quad-module unit

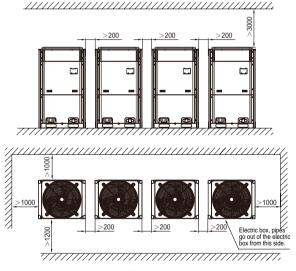


Figure 6

(2). In principle, if a crown wall (obstacles for keeping out the wind) exists over the machine, a distance of at least 3000 mm should be left between the top of the machine and the crown wall. If the front, rear, left and right sides of the machine are open spaces, the distance between the top of the machine and the crown wall should be at least 1500 mm, as shown in Figure 7. If the requirement for the minimum 1500 mm cannot be met, or the spaces around the machine are not open, an air return pipe

needs to be connected to maintain smooth ventilation, as shown in Figure 8.

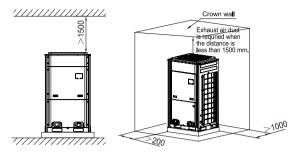


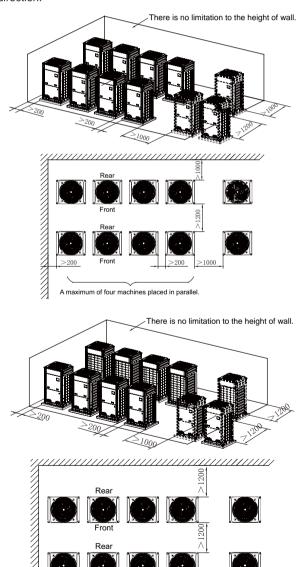
Figure 7

7 Figure 8

Installation space requirement for multiple ODUs

To ensure smooth ventilation, the top of the unit must be open spaces without obstacles.

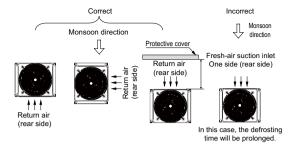
If the front and left (or right) sides of the ODU are open spaces, the units should be installed along the same or reverse direction.



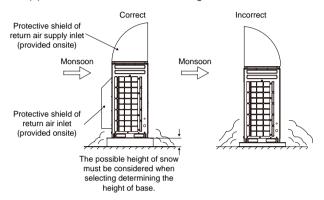
A maximum of four machines placed in parallel.



(3). Monsoons must be considered during ODU installation.



(4). Snow must be considered during ODU installation.



- (5). During the installation of the ODU, induced and exhaust pipes must be connected. In addition, the aperture opening rate of shutters must be at least 80%, and the angle between the shutters and the horizontal plane should be less than 20°. Requirements for installing exhaust air duct are as follows:
 - 1). Basic requirement for connecting an ODU to static pressure ventilating duct

When an ODU needs to be connected to the static pressure ventilating duct, the ventilating duct must be reasonably designed. The pressure loss caused by the ventilating duct must be calculated. In addition, a proper type of ventilating duct is necessary. To connect he static pressure ventilating duct to the ODU, three basic parts are required:

- 1 . ODU;
- 2 . canvas; and
- ③ . steel-plate ventilating duct.

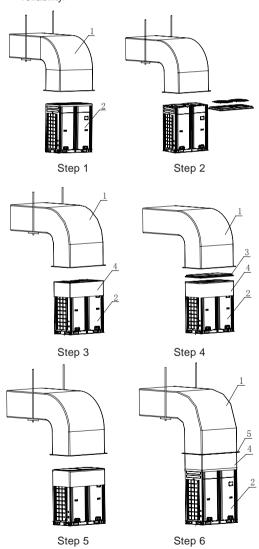
The ODU must be interconnected with the ventilating duct through canvas to prevent abnormal vibration and noise generated by the steel-plate ventilating duct. The joint part must be tightly sealed with tin foil to avoid air leakage.

- 2). Preparations for connecting an ODU to static pressure ventilating duct
- a. The ODU is installed properly based on the unit installation requirement.
- b. The steel-plate ventilating duct is designed based on the unit and engineering requirement, and is installed properly according to the engineering standards.
- c. Based on the unit dimensions and the size of steelplate ventilating duct, prepare materials such as canvas casing, tin foil, steel bar and tapping screw, as well as tools such as hand-operated electric drill, air screw driver and screwdriver.
- Basic operation of connecting an ODU to static pressure ventilating duct

Two methods are available to connect an ODU to static pressure ventilating duct.

Method 1: Reserve the unit top case. Detailed operations are as follows:

- a. Install the ODU (2) and steel-plate ventilating duct (1). Use an air screw driver or screwdriver to unfasten the tapping screws that fixing the top case component (3), and then remove the top case component. Take out the grille from the top of the top case component and leave the top case.
- b. Put the canvas casing inside out (4). Cover one end of the canvas casing over the unit downward until the canvas end face is aligned with the unit or a bit higher than the top of the unit. Then, put the top case back (3) and tightly press the canvas casing (4). Use tapping screws to fix the top case onto the unit (3).
- c. Pull up the canvas casing reversely (4) and use the steel bar (5) to press the canvas casing tightly onto the counter flange of the steel-plate ventilating duct (1). Use a hand-operated electric drill to drill holes and fasten the parts by using tapping screws.
- d. Use the tin foil to seal the joints and check the joints' reliability.



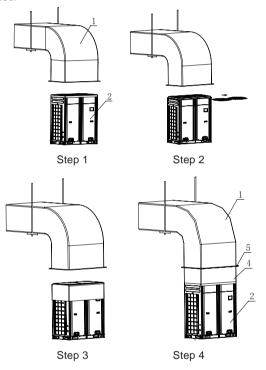
Method 2: Remove the unit top case. Detailed operations are as follows:

a. Install the ODU (2) and steel-plate ventilating duct
 (1). Take out the grille from the top of the top case component. Use the prepared canvas casing inside out
 (4) to cover the surroundings over the top of the unit.



- Keep the top of canvas casing (4) 30 to 50 mm higher over the top of the unit.
- b. Use a steel bar to press tightly the canvas casing (4) around the top case of the unit. Use a hand-operated electric drill to drill holes and fasten the canvas casing onto the unit through steel bar by using tapping screws.
- c. Pull up the canvas casing reversely and use the steel bar to press the canvas casing tightly onto the counter flange of the steel-plate ventilating duct. Use a handoperated electric drill to drill holes and fasten the parts by using tapping screws.
- d. Use the tin foil to seal the joints and check the joints' reliability.

Note: Remove the grille on the top case when connecting an ODU to static pressure ventilating duct; otherwise, the air volume, especially the unit operating performance will be affected. For method 2, since drills are required on the top case, the powder coated protective layer on the top case will be damaged. As a result, the anti-corrosion performance of the unit top case will be reduced.



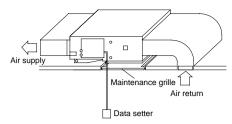
(6). When the effective area of air intake is less than 70% of the total air intake area of all ODUs, an induced draft fan is also required. The total air input of induced draft fan should be no less than 80% of the total supply air rate.

IV. Installation Space Requirement for IDU

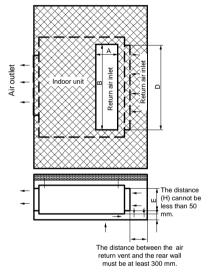
(1). Precautions on the IDU design

Pay attention to the following issues when selecting places for IDUs:

- Ensure the optimum air flow organization of air conditioning in the practice and the most even distribution of temperature;
- 2). Avoid air interaction among different air conditioning areas;
- Adopt the air back return method when air-duct-type all-blast IDU is used. This can further reduce the unit noise generated due to air return.



- 4). Ensure that the air return of the unit is not affected when selecting places. In particular, for air-duct-type allblast IDU, the air return vent of the unit must be at least 300 mm away from the rear wall or other obstacles (in air back return mode).
- 5). If the unit adopts the air back return method and the ceiling requires air return under the unit, ensure that the distance between the unit bottom and the ceiling is at least 50 mm, and ensure that the effective circulation area between the unit bottom and the ceiling is not less than the air return vent area of the unit. For example,



Unit air return area S1: = D x E

Perimeter of ceiling return air inlet: L = 2 x (A + B)

Effective air return area on the ceiling: S2 = L x H

S2 should not be less than S1; the distance between the ceiling and unit (H) should not be less than 50 mm.

- 6). Ensure that no obstacle is placed near the air intake or air outlet of the IDU to block ventilation. Install the IDU at places 2.3 m higher than the floor.
- 7). For IDUs of which the rated cooling capacity is greater than 5.6 kW, air pipe also needs to be installed. Air duct and air inlet can reduce the noise.
- 8). Reserve sufficient space for future maintenance.
- (2). Different installation space requirements for various IDUs

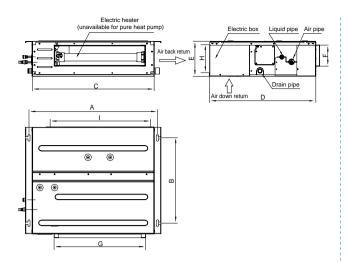
1. Air-duct-type unit series

1.1 Dimensions

1.1.1 Low-static-pressure air-duct-type series

The following diagram is applicable for units with the cooling capacity ranging from 2.2 to 6.3 kW.

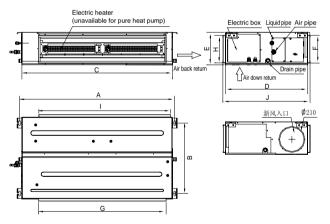




The following table lists the detailed dimensions.

Item Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	1
GMV-ND22PLS/A-T GMV-ND25PLS/A-T GMV-ND28PLS/A-T GMV-ND32PLS/A-T GMV-ND36PLS/A-T	742	491	700	615	200	121	528	161	580
GMV-ND40PLS/A-T GMV-ND45PLS/A-T GMV-ND50PLS/A-T	942	491	900	615	200	121	728	161	780
GMV-ND56PLS/A-T GMV-ND63PLS/A-T	1142	491	1100	615	200	121	928	161	980

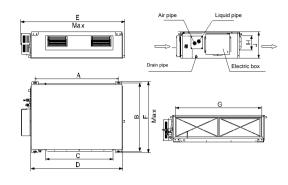
The following diagram is applicable for units with the cooling capacity ranging from 7.1 to 14.0 kW.



The following table lists the detailed dimensions.

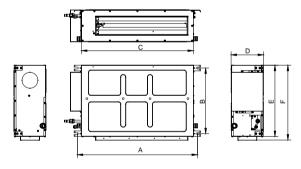
ltem Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	I	J
GMV-ND71PLS/A-T GMV-ND80PLS/A-T	1236	565	1200	655	260	222	1016	220	1050	695
GMV-ND90PLS/A-T GMV-ND100PLS/A-T GMV-ND112PLS/A-T		565	1340	655	260	207	1153	220	1188	716
GMV-ND125PLS/A-T GMV-ND140PLS/A-T	1379	565	1340	655	260	207	1153	220	1188	716

1.1.2 High-static-pressure air-duct-type series



Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	-1	J
GMV-ND56PHS/A-T	1101	517	820	1159	1271	558	1002	160	235	268
GMV-ND63PHS/A-T	1101	517	820	1159	1271	558	1002	160	235	268
GMV-ND71PHS/A-T	1101	517	820	1159	1271	558	1002	160	235	268
GMV-ND80PHS/A-T	1101	517	820	1159	1271	558	1002	160	235	268
GMV-ND90PHS/A-T	1011	748	820	1115	1229	775	979	160	231	290
GMV-ND100PHS/A-T	1011	748	820	1115	1229	775	979	160	231	290
GMV-ND112PHS/A-T	1011	748	820	1115	1229	775	979	160	231	290
GMV-ND125PHS/A-T	1011	748	820	1115	1229	775	979	160	231	290
GMV-ND140PHS/A-T	1011	748	820	1115	1229	775	979	160	231	290

1.1.3 Low-noise duct type series

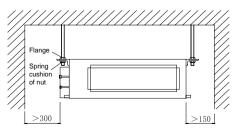


Item Model	А	В	С	D	Е	F
GMV-ND22~36PL/B-T	760	415	710	200	450	475
GMV-ND40~63PL/B-T	1060	415	1010	200	450	475
GMV-ND72PL/B-T	1360	415	1310	200	450	475

1.2 Installation and maintenance space for air duct type unit

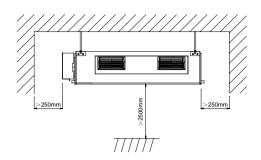
1.2.1 Low-static-pressure air-duct-type

 $\mbox{GMV-ND**PLS/A-T}$ series and Low-noise duct type GMV-ND**PL/B-T series



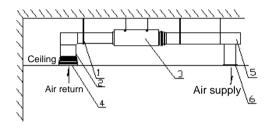


1.2.2 High-static-pressure air-duct-type GMV-ND—PHS/A-T series



1.3 Air pipe installation

(1). Rectangular air duct installation



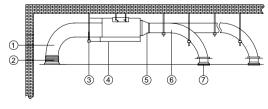
No.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Name	Hanger rod	Air return pipe	Air-duct- type IDU	Return air inlet	Air duct	Air outlet

The proceeding figure shows the installation of back return air inlet. In practice, the down return mode can also be implemented. The installation method is similar to that of back return mode. The air pipe is rectangular air duct, connecting to the air inlet of the IDU. At least one air outlet must keep opening.

Air outlet and return air inlet are connected with canvas (insulation type canvas). If static pressure and low noise are required, a plenum chamber should be connected between the air outlet and air pipe. The dimensions of air inlet of the plenum chamber are consistent with that of the air outlet. The plenum chamber and air outlet are connected with canvas.

The air back return method is adopted. Spaces should be reserved within the ceiling air-duct-type IDU for installing the air return pipe. Larger dimensions of a return air inlet with a slower wind speed are better.

(2). Round air duct installation



No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Name	Air return pipe	Return air inlet	Hanger rod	Air-duct- type IDU	Transient air pipe	Air duct	Air outlet

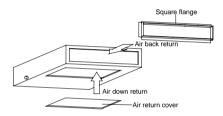
Note:

① . The maximum length of air pipe refers to the sum of the total length of the air duct at the farthest air outlet and the

- total length of the air return pipe at the farthest return air inlet
- ② . For the unit with auxiliary electric heating, if the round air duct is to be connected, the linear length of the transient air pipe should be at least 200 mm.
 - Installation procedure of round air duct:
 - 1). Preset the round air outlet on the transient air pipe and fix the round air outlet with tapping screws.
 - 2). Cover the transient air pipe on the air outlet of unit, and connecting them with rivets.
 - Cover the air duct on the round air outlet and fasten the connection. Until now, the round air duct is successfully connected to the unit. Other steps are not described here.

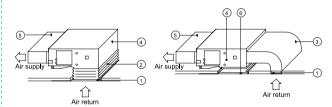
1.4 Installation of air return pipe

- A unit adopts the air back return method before it is delivered from the factory. The air return cover is located at the unit bottom, as shown in the following figure.
- To implement air back return, switch positions of the square flange and the air return cover.



Connect the air return pipe to the return air inlet of the IDU by using rivets. The other side of the air return pipe is connected to the return air inlet. Prepare a section of canvas air duct for flexible adjustment of height. Use 8# iron wire to strengthen the canvas air duct and make the air duct folded.

Use the air back return method or air down return method based on the installation and maintenance spaces. The installation of air return pipe is shown in the following figure.



No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Return air inlet (with filter screen)	4	Indoor unit
2	Canvas air duct	5	Air duct
3	Air return pipe	6	Maintenance grille

Note:

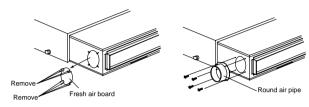
- ① . Since the air down return method will generate larger noise than the air back return method, the air down return method is usually not recommended.
- ② . The air down return method is typically applicable for small installation places.
- ③ . High static pressure series units do not support the air down return method.





1.5 Installation of fresh air pipe

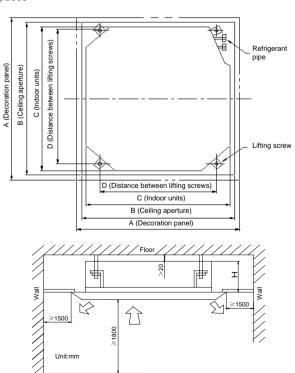
- To connect the fresh air pipe, remove a part of the fresh air board, as shown in the following figure (left). If the fresh air pipe is not required, use sponge to block the gap on the fresh air board.
- ◆ Install the round flange to which the fresh air pipe will be connected, as shown in the following figure (right).
- The air pipe and round flange must be tightly sealed and can provide well insulation functions.
- ◆ Fresh air refers to the filtered air.



Note:

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$. Insulation layers must be wrapped over the air duct and air return pipe to prevent heat leakage or condensation.
- ② . The air duct and air return pipe must be supported by iron supports and fixed onto the precast slab. Air duct joints must be tightly sealed with glue to prevent air leakage.
- ③ . The design and construction of air pipe must abide by relevant national engineering standards.
- ④ . The edge of air return pipe must be at least 150 mm away from the wall. A filter must be installed on the return air inlet
- ⑤ . Noise reduction and shock absorber must be considered during air pipe design and construction.
- 2. All-dimensional ceiling cassette type IDU

Dimensions and requirement for installation and maintenance spaces



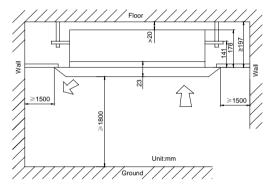
Ground/

Model	А	В	С	D	Е	G	Н
GMV-ND28T/A-T GMV-ND36T/A-T GMV-ND45T/A-T GMV-ND50T/A-T	950	890	840	680	780	65	210
GMV-ND56T/A-T GMV-ND63T/A-T GMV-ND71T/A-T GMV-ND80T/A-T	950	890	840	680	780	65	260
GMV-ND90T/A-T GMV-ND100T/A-T GMV-ND112T/A-T GMV-ND125T/A-T GMV-ND140T/A-T	950	890	840	680	780	65	340
GMV-ND160T/A-T	1040	975	910	787	840	65	315

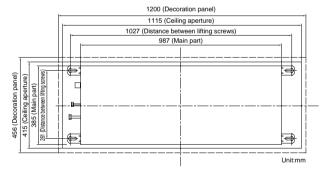
3. Single-side air outlet ceiling cassette type IDU

Dimensions and requirement for installation and maintenance spaces

Spare space

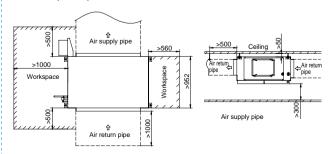


◆ Distance between screws



4. Fresh air conditioning IDU

Spare space





◆ Distance between screws GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K

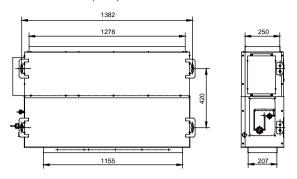


Figure 4.1.1 GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-M, GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)-M, GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)-M, GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)-M

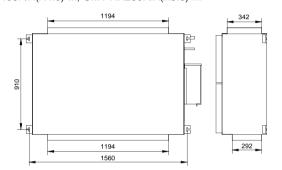


Figure 4.1.2

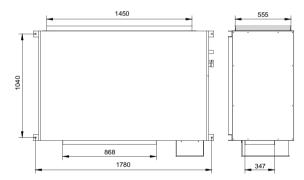
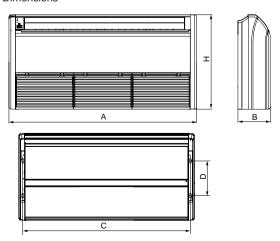


Figure 4.1.3

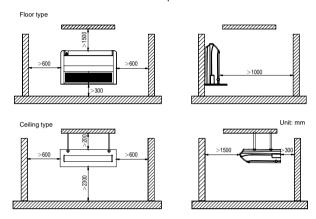
5. Floor Ceiling Split Unit

5.1 Dimensions



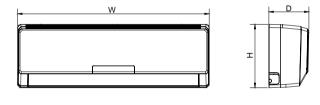
Model	^	В	С	D	Н
Model	А	Ь	C	D	П
GMV-ND28ZD/A-T GMV-ND36ZD/A-T GMV-ND50ZD/A-T	1220	225	1158	280	700
GMV-ND71ZD/A-T GMV-ND90ZD/A-T	1420	245	1354	280	700
GMV-ND112ZD/A-T GMV-ND125ZD/A-T GMV-ND140ZD/A-T	1700	245	1634	280	700

5.2 Installation and maintenance spaces



6. Wall mounted type air conditioning IDU

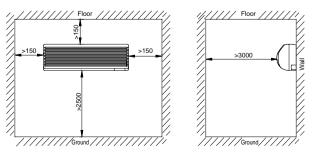
6.1 Dimension





Model	W	Н	D
GMV-N22G/A3A-K GMV-N)28G/A3A-K	843	275	180
GMV-N36G/A3A-K GMV-N45G/A3A-K GMV-N50G/A3A-K	940	298	200
GMV-N56G/A3A-K GMV-N63G/A3A-K GMV-N71G/A3A-K	1008	221	319

6.2 Installation and maintenance spaces

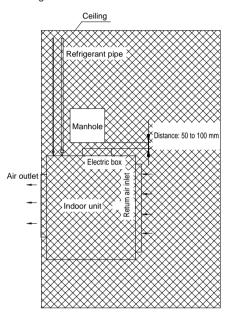




V. Position Selection for Manhole and Return Air Inlet

During the place selection for unit, the locating of manhole is also important except for the reserve of sufficient spaces for maintenance. Improper position selection of manhole can bring about difficulties for future maintenance.

The manhole should take in the shoulders of an adult, with the size not less than 450 mm x 450 mm. For air-duct-type allblast IDU, the manhole is usually located at the side of the unit electric box, and the distance between the manhole and the electric box ranges from 50 mm to 100 mm. The place of the manhole should also be convenient for the maintenance of pipes. For ceiling cassette type IDU, the place for pipe maintenance is the primary consideration. Therefore, keep the distance between one side of the manhole to the connecting tube between 200 and 250 mm. The diagram is as follows.

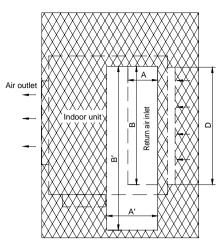


For air-duct-type all-blast IDU, the place of return air inlet also needs to be considered. The return air inlet is mainly used for the air return of unit, as well as the maintenance of fan motor and filter screen of the IDU. Therefore, except for the proceeding air return design requirements, the place of return air inlet must support convenient replacing of motor and filter screen.

- (1). The return air inlet of unit should be far away from a door, bathroom, or kitchen; otherwise, condensation and smell may generate.
- (2). The length of return air inlet must be equal to or larger than 2/3 of the unit's return air inlet.
- (3). If the return air inlet is located at the right rear of the unit, the distance between the return air inlet and the unit cannot be larger than 300 mm.

The width of return air inlet cannot be less than 200 mm.

(4). In the case when the return air inlet serves also as the manhole for electric box, a maintenance place should also be reserved on the side of the electric box based on the proceeding principles. Meanwhile, ensure that the location of the return air inlet supports convenient replacing of fan motor and filter screen. On the premise that the return air inlet meets the air quantity design requirement, enlarge the circulation area to 1.5 to 2 times of the original based on actual status. The diagram is as follows.



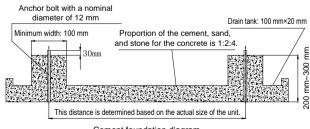
Original area of return air inlet: S = A x B Currently required area of return air inlet: S' = A' x B' S' ≥ (1.5 ~ 2.0) S

Part 4 Requirements on Foundation Installation I. ODU Foundation

The concrete foundation of the ODU must be strong enough. Ensure that the drainage is smooth and that the ground drainage or floor drainage is not affected.

Requirements on the concrete foundation are as follows:

- (1). The concrete foundation must be flat and have enough rigidity and strength to undertake the unit's weight during running. The height of the foundation is 200 mm to 300 mm, which is determined based on the size of the unit.
- (2). The proportion of the cement, sand, and stone for the concrete is 1:2:4. Place 10 reinforced steel bars (φ10 mm) with a space between of 30 mm.
- (3). Use the mortar to flatten the surface of the foundation. Sharp edges must be chamfered.
- (4). When the foundation is built on a concrete floor, crushed stones are not required. But the foundation surface must be roughened.
- (5). Clear the oil stains, crushed stones, dirt, and water in the reserved bolt hole of the foundation and install a temporary cover before installing bolts.
- (6). Build a drainage ditch around the foundation to discharge the condensate water.
- (7). If the air conditioner is installed on the roof, check the intensity of the building and take waterproof measures.
- (8). If a u-steel foundation is adopted, the structure must be designed with sufficient rigidity and strength.



Cement foundation diagram

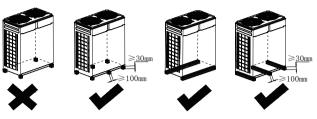


II. ODU Fixing

Fix the ODU to the foundation with four M12 bolts securely to reduce vibration and noise.

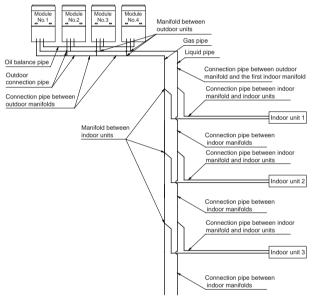
III. Vibration Reduction for ODU

The ODU must be fixed securely. Apply a thick rubber sheet or corrugated damping rubber pad with thickness of 200 mm or more and width of 100 mm or more between the ODU and the foundation, as shown in the following figures.

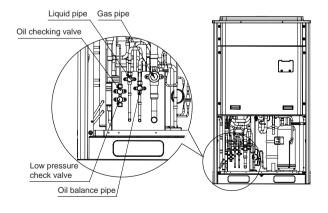


Part 5 Piping Connection

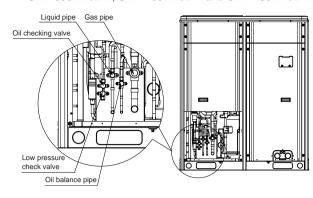
I. Schematic Diagram of Piping Connection



II. Schematic Diagram of Piping Sequence GMV-224WM/B-X and GMV-280WM/B-X



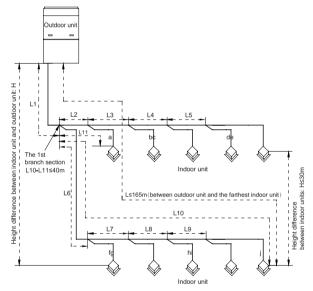
GMV-335WM/B-X, GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X



III. Allowable pipe length and drop height among indoor and outdoor units

Y type branch joint is adopted to connect indoor and outdoor units. Connecting method is shown in the figure below.

Remark: Equivalent length of one Y-type manifold is about 0.5m.



L10: Length from the first branch to the farthest IDU; L11: Length from the first branch to the nearest IDU; Equivalent length of branch of IDU is 0.5m

R410A Refrigerant System		Allowable Value	Fitting Pipe
Total length (actual length) of fitting pipe		≤1000	L1+L2+L3+L4++L9+a+b++i+j
Length of farthest	Actual length	≤ 165	14.16.17.18.10.;
fitting pipe(m)	Equivalent length	≤ 190	L1+L6+L7+L8+L9+j
Difference between the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the farthest IDU and the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the nearest IDU		≪40	L10-L11
Equivalent length from the first branch to the furthest piping (1)		≪40	L6+L7+L8+L9+j



Height difference between	Outdoor unit at upper	€50	
outdoor unit and indoor unit	Outdoor unit at lower	≤90	
Height difference between indoor units (m)		≤30	
	ength of Main be(2)	≤90	L1
From IDU to its nearest branch (3)		≤10	a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j

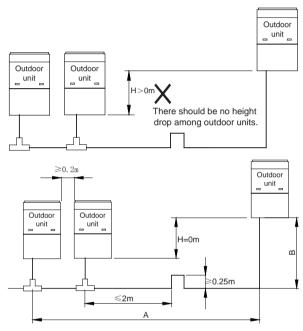
Notices:

- ① . Normally, the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the farthest IDU is 40m. Under the following conditions, the length can reach 90m.
 - a. Actual length of pipe in total: L1+L2x2+L3x2+L4x2+... +L9x2+a+b+...+i+j≤1000m;
 - b. Length between each IDU and its nearest branch a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, $j\le40m$;
 - c. Difference between the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the farthest IDU and the pipe length from the first branch of IDU to the nearest IDU: L10-L11≤40m.
- ② . When the maximum length of the main pipe from ODU to the first branch of IDU is≥90m, then adjust the pipe size of the gas pipe and liquid pipe of main pipe according to the following table.

	1	
Outdoor Model	Gas pipe size(mm)	Liquid pipe size(mm)
GMV-224WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	No need to enlarge pipe size
GMV-280WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф12.7
GMV-335WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
GMV-400WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф15.9
GMV-450WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф15.9
GMV-504WM/B-X	Ф34.9	Ф19.05
GMV-560WM/B-X	Ф34.9	Ф19.05
GMV-615WM/B-X	Ф34.9	Ф19.05
GMV-680WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф19.05
GMV-730WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф22.2
GMV-785WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф22.2
GMV-850WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф22.2
GMV-900WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф22.2
GMV-960WM/B-X	Ф41.3	Ф22.2
GMV-1010WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1065WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1130WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1180WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1235WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1300WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1350WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1410WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4

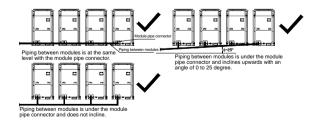
GMV-1460WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1515WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1580WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1630WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1685WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1750WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4
GMV-1800WM/B-X	No need to enlarge pipe size	Ф25.4

- ③ . If the length between an IDU and its nearest branch is above 10m, then double the size of the liquid pipe of IDU (only for the pipe size that is≤6.35mm).
- IV. Connection Pipe among Outdoor Modules

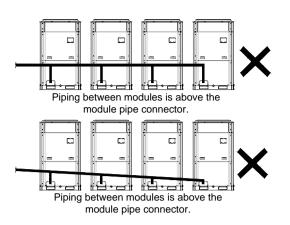


Note: When the distance between outdoor units exceeds 2m, U-type oil trap should be added at low-pressure gas pipe. A+B \leq 10m.

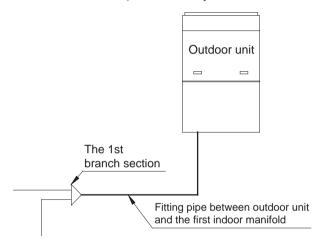
Pipe connection among ODUs must meet the following requirements:







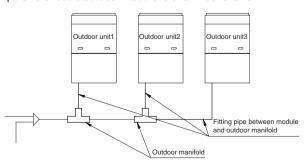
- V. Fitting pipe between Outdoor Unit and the First Manifold
- (1). For single module system, pipe size (between outdoor unit and the first manifold)is determined by that of outdoor unit.



Pipe size of basic outdoor module is shown as follows:

Basic Module	Pipe between ODU and the first branch of IDU		
Basic Module	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)	
GMV-224WM/B-X	Ф19.05	Ф9.52	
GMV-280WM/B-X	Ф22.2	Ф9.52	
GMV-335WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-400WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-450WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф12.7	

(2). For multi-module unit, select appropriate manifold connected to oudoor module as per the pipe size of basic module. Pipe size of basic outdoor module is shown as follows:

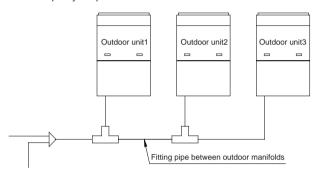


Basic Module	Pipe between module and branch of ODU		
Basic Module	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)	
GMV-224WM/B-X	Ф19.05	Ф9.52	
GMV-280WM/B-X	Ф22.2	Ф9.52	
GMV-335WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-400WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-450WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф12.7	

Select the branch of outdoor module

	Module's capacity (C)	Model
Select the branch of outdoor module	504≤C	ML01/A

(3). Fitting pipe between two manifolds from basic modules
Pipe size (between two manifolds from basic modules)is based on
the total capacity of upstream modules.

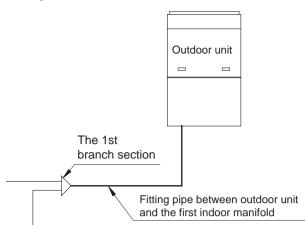


Total capacity of	Pipe size between manifolds		
upstream modules Q(kW)	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)	
22.4 >> Q	Ф19.05	Ф9.52	
28.0 \geqslant Q $>$ 22.4	Ф22.2	Ф9.52	
40.0 \geqslant Q $>$ 28.0	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
45.0 \geqslant Q \geqslant 40.0	Ф28.6	Ф12.7	
68.0 \geqslant Q $>$ 45.0	Ф28.6	Ф15.9	
96.0 \geqslant Q \geqslant 68.0	Ф31.8	Ф19.05	
135.0 \geqslant Q $>$ 96.0	Ф38.1	Ф19.05	
Q > 135.0	Ф44.5	Ф22.2	

(4). Fitting pipe between the first manifold from indoor unit and the end manifold from outdoor unit

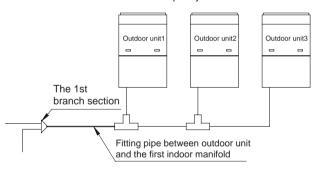


Single module unit



Basic Module(single	Pipe between ODU and the first branch of IDU		
module)	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)	
GMV-224WM/B-X	Ф19.05	Ф9.52	
GMV-280WM/B-X	Ф22.2	Ф9.52	
GMV-335WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-400WM/B-X	Ф25.4	Ф12.7	
GMV-450WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф12.7	

For multiple modules, the piping from ODU to the first branch of IDU is based on the total rated capacity of outdoor modules.

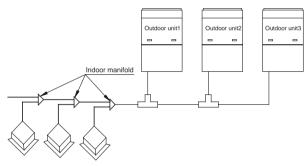


Total rated capacity of outdoor modules	Pipe between ODU and the first branch of IDU	
(multi-modular system)	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)
GMV-504WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
GMV-560WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
GMV-615WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
GMV-680WM/B-X	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
GMV-730WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
GMV-785WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
GMV-850WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
GMV-900WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
GMV-960WM/B-X	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
GMV-1010WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1065WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05

GMV-1130WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1180WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1235WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1300WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1350WM/B-X	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
GMV-1410WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1460WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1515WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1580WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1630WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1685WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1750WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2
GMV-1800WM/B-X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2

(5). Manifold at indoor unit side

Manifold at indoor unit side can be selected as per total capacity of downstream indoor unit(s). Refer to the following table.

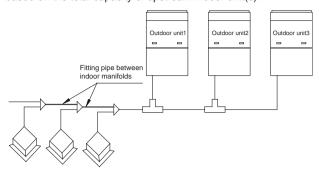


R410A Refrigerant System	Total capacity of downstream indoor unit(s) C (kW)	Model	
Y-type Manifold	C ≤ 20.0	FQ01A/A	
	20.0 < C < 30.0	FQ01B/A	
	30.0 < C ≤ 70.0	FQ02/A	
	70.0 < C ≤ 135.0	FQ03/A	
	135.0 < C	FQ04/A	



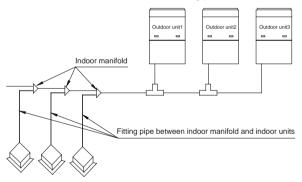
(6). Fitting pipe between manifolds

Pipe size (between two manifolds at indoor unit side) is based on the total capacity of upstream indoor unit(s).



Total Rated Capacity X of Downstream Indoor	Size of Pipes between Manifolds at IDU Side	
units (kW)	Gas Pipe (mm)	Liquid Pipe (mm)
X ≤ 5.6	Ф12.7 Ф6.35	
5.6 < X ≤ 14.2	Ф15.9	Ф9.52
14.2 < X ≤ 22.4	Ф19.05	Ф9.52
22.4 < X ≤ 28.0	Ф22.2	Ф9.52
28.0 < X ≤ 40.0	Ф25.4	Ф12.7
40.0 < X ≤ 45.0	Ф28.6	Ф12.7
45.0 < X ≤ 68.0	Ф28.6	Ф15.9
68.0 < X ≤ 96.0	Ф31.8	Ф19.05
96.0 < X ≤ 135.0	Ф38.1	Ф19.05
135.0 < X	Ф44.5	Ф22.2

(7). Fitting pipe between indoor unit and manifold Manifold should be matched with fitting pipe of indoor unit.



Rated capacity of	Pipe between indoor branch and IDU		
indoor unit C(kW)	Gas Pipe(mm)	Liquid Pipe(mm)	
C ≤ 2.8	Ф9.52	Ф6.35	
2.8 < C \le 5.0	Ф12.7	Ф6.35	
5.0 < C ≤ 14.0	Ф15.9	Ф9.52	
14.0 < C ≤ 16.0	Ф19.05	Ф9.52	
16.0 < C ≤ 28.0	Ф22.2	Ф9.52	

Part 6 Pipe Installation and Insulation

- I. Pipe Installation for the Cooling System
- 1. Precautions on Pipe Direction Design

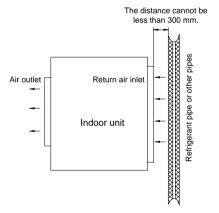
Refrigerant pipe layout must be designed in accordance with the following principles:

(1). The air conditioning installation should not damage the bearing structure or the decorative style. Air conditioning pipes should be laid out along the bottom of beam as possible. If pipes meet one another at the same elevation, process based on the following principles:

Drain pipes enjoy the highest priority. Air ducts and pressure pipes should leave places for gravity pipes.

Air ducts and small pipes should leave places for major pipes.

- (2). The refrigerant pipe layout must be optimal in actual engineering with minimum pipe length and bends. In this way, the performance of the unit can be maximized.
- (3). The refrigerant pipe cannot affect air discharge and return of internal units. The minimum distance between the refrigerant pipe with an insulation layer and the air return box is 300 mm. If the air return or manhole is at the right lower part of the unit, the minimum distance is 150 mm. When the refrigerant pipe needs to be laid at the air outlet side, avoid laying the pipe at the front of the air outlet. The refrigerant pipe cannot connect to any part of the unit except the joint points. If the preceding principles are not followed, performance of the unit will be affected and running noises will be increased.



- (4). The refrigerant pipe must be laid away from the manhole of the unit so that sufficient space can be reserved for maintenance.
- (5). The riser should be installed in the air conditioning tube well, and the horizontal pipe should be placed in the ceiling, if possible.
- 2. Processing to Refrigerant Pipes

2.1 Cut-off and Burring

Use a special-purpose pipe cutter to cut copper pipes instead of using a hacksaw.

Cut the pipes gently to ensure that the copper pipe does not deform.

After cutting the pipes, use a slicker to grater bur the pipes with the pipe opening inclining downward so that the copper scales do not fall into the pipe.

Allowable deviation: Skewness of the cross section cannot



exceed 1% of the copper pipe caliber.

If the copper pipe is not used immediately after cut-off, cover it with a sealing cap or adhesive tape.

2.2 Pipe Cleaning

Cleaning with a piece of silk cloth: Wrap a thin steel wire with a piece of clean silk cloth. Crumple the cloth into a lump with diameter larger than the pipe calibre. Apply several drops of chlorylene to the cloth. Push the cloth in from one end of the pipe and pull out from the other end. Every time the cloth is pulled out, remove the dust and sundries with chlorylene. Wash repeatedly until the pipe is clean. This method applies to straight pipes.

Cleaning with nitrogen: Blow off all dust and sundries in the pipe with nitrogen. This method applies to coils.

After cleaning, cover the both ends of the pipe with a sealing cap or adhesive tape.

2.3 Pipe Bending

◆ Processing methods:

Manual bending: applies to thin copper pipes ($\Phi6.35$ mm to $\Phi12.7$ mm)

Mechanical bending: applicable range ($\Phi 6.35 mm$ to $\Phi 54.1 mm$)

◆ Requirements:

The radius of the bending pipe must exceed 3.5D. The ratio of the short diameter after bending to the original diameter must exceed 2/3.

Precautions:

During bending, there must be no corrugation or deformation inside the pipe.

The welding point of the pipe should not be at the bending part. The distance between the nozzle welding joint and the bending part should be less than 100 mm.

2.4 Pipe Expanding

Pipe expanding is used to provide a welding point for pipe connection. Requirements on pipe expanding are as follows:

- (1). All burrs and sundries inside the pipe must be cleared after cut-off.
- (2). Before pipe expanding, apply appropriate amount of lubricant on the surface of the pipe. (The lubricant must meet the refrigerant system's requirements.)
- (3). Pipe expanding length must be in accordance with the insertion depth of the caliber.
- (4). To avoid leakage due to straight lines at the expanding point, turn round the copper pipe and then make corrections.
- (5). Apply appropriate force during pipe expanding to avoid crack.

2.5 Flaring

Another mode of pipe connection is flare opening connection, which requires pipe flaring before connection. Before pipe flaring, apply appropriate amount of lubricant on the surface of the opening to ensure smooth pass of flaring nuts and avoid pipe distortion. (The lubricant must meet the refrigerant system's requirements.) The concentricity must be ensured after pipe flaring. The sealing face must be intact without any burr, crack, or wrinkle.

- ◆ Requirements on pipe flaring are as follows:
- (1). End faces of the copper pipe are smooth.
- (2). Burrs and turnups inside the pipe opening must be

cleared.

- (3). Install flaring nuts in the pipe before pipe flaring.
- (4). The flared opening must be concentric with the main pipe. No eccentricity is allowed.
 - (5). Put the pipe into the root of the pipe expander.
 - (6). Longitudinal cracks cannot be generated.
- 3. Installation of Refrigerant Pipes

3.1 Operation Sequence

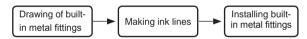
The sequence for installing the refrigerant pipe is as follows: Preparing and installing the support, hanger, and bracket –

Piping according to the drawing – Cleaning the pipe – Processing the pipe – Adding an insulation sleeve – Connecting the pipe – Fixing the pipe – Blowing contaminants in the pipe system – Performing a air-tightness test – Performing insulation

3.2 Construction of Built-in Metal Fittings

- (1). Construction of supports, hangers, and brackets for pipes: These parts must be fixed securely in reasonable type and style without any tilt. The surface is clean without any dirt. The parts embedded into the wall or floor cannot be painted or coated and must be free from grease stains.
- (2). Construction of fixing bolts for devices: Ensure sufficient rigidity for the devices. Take anticorrosive measures for exposed part of built-in fittings. If the foundation must be waterproof, takes waterproof measures.
- (3). Construction of steel casings: Equip a steel casing for all pipes which are led through the wall or floor. Pipe welding joints cannot be placed inside the sleeve. The steel casing must be parallel with the bottom of the wall or floor but be 20 mm or more above the bottom. The diameter of the steel casing must be determined based on the thickness of the insulation layer and the inclination degree of the condensate water pipe. Fill the gap between the pipe and the sleeve with flexible and non-flammable materials. The sleeve cannot be used as a support point of the pipe.

(4). Operation Sequence



If possible, make ink lines on the ground and project them to the top of the building.

(5). Installing Built-in Metal Fittings

Select built-in metal fittings in accordance with local regulations.

(6). Installing Expansion Bolts

Use expansion bolts when built-in metal fittings are unavailable due to design change.

(7). Installing Expansion Bolts

If the foot pedal is 2 m or more from the ground, there must be three points of support.

The foot pedal must be tightened securely with the ladder. Do not perform operations on the top of the ladder.

3.3 Shaping and Fixing of Pipes

When installing refrigerant pipes, ensure that the directions and branches are correct with minimum length. Use minimum number of braze welding junctions and elbows. Alignment and insulation after installation cannot affect the pipe location and elevation. There shall not be flat bending or corrugation on the





pipe after piping.

Use angle steel support, bracket, round steel hanger, U-type pipe clip, or flat steel to fix pipes outside the insulation layer. It is better that the insulation materials be not compressed to ensure good insulation.

The style and workmanship of supports, hangers, and brackets must follow the standard T616 HVAC Systems Design Handbook

The minimum distance between supports, hangers, and brackets is listed in the table below:

External Diameter of the Pipe (mm)	ф≤16	40>ф≥19.05	ф≥40
Distance between Horizontal Pipes (mm)	1000	1500	2000
Distance between Vertical Pipes (mm)	1500	2000	2500

The pipe led through a wall or beam must be fixed by a support, hanger, or bracket on both ends at the position 300 mm away from the hole.

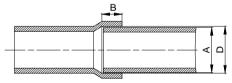
3.4 Pipe Connection

3.4.1 Flaring Connection

The refrigerant pipes and IDUs are connected by using the flare opening. Therefore, the quality of flaring connection must be ensured. The flaring depth of the bell mouth cannot be smaller than the caliber. The flaring direction must face towards the direction of medium flow. Use two torque wrenches to fasten the connection.

3.4.2 Socket Welding

The gap between socket components should be proper to ensure that the connection will not loose from the friction surface. The flaring direction of the socket component must face towards the direction of medium flow .During pipe connect, protect the braze welding part according the length specified below:



A: External Diameter of the Pipe (mm)	B: Minimum Insertion Depth (mm)	D-A: Gap between Pipes (mm)	
ф6.35	6	0.05-0.21	
ф9.52 ф12.7	7		
ф15.8	8	0.05-0.27	
ф19.05 ф22.2 ф25.4	10		
ф28.6, ф31.8	12	0.05-0.30	
ф38.1 ф44.5	19	0.15-0.35	
ф54.1	24	0.15-0.35	

3.4.3 Bell Socket Welding

The bell socket welding is another form of socket welding. It uses the sleeve or pipe in a larger size for welding. The insertion depth cannot be smaller than that required by socket welding.

3.4.4 Flange Connection

The pipes with large caliber and the devices are always connected by using a flange, which must be clean and intact. Before installation, apply lubricant on the surface of the flange. Two flanges must be symmetrical. Fasten with screws at the diagonal direction to avoid inclination.

3.5 Welding Protection

Aerate with nitrogen before and during welding and keep aerating for 30 s after the welding is finished.

Equip a pressure regulator valve to the nitrogen cylinder.

The nitrogen flow is above 4-6 L/min (pressure of 0.02 to 0.05 Mpa) and must be regulated based on the pipe caliber.

3.6 Requirements on Manifold Installation

Manifolds are used to divert refrigerant. Requirements on manifold installation are as follows:

- A. Ensure that the manifold is close to the IDU to reduce impact on refrigerant assignment by IDU branches.
- B. The manifold must be that specified by the manufacture and match with the devices.
 - C. Ensure that the manifold model is correct.
 - D. Manifolds can be laid in the following ways:
- D1. Horizontal installation: The three ports must be on the same level. The shaping size and assembly angle cannot be changed.
- D2. Vertical installation: The direction can be upwards or downwards. Three ports must be on the same elevation without inclination.

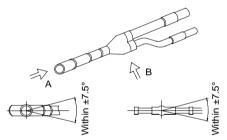
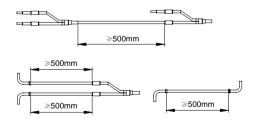


Diagram for direction A Diagram for direction B

- D3. The length of a straight pipe between two manifolds cannot be less than 500 mm.
- D4. The length of a straight pipe before the main pipe port of the manifold cannot be less than 500 mm.
- D5. The length of a straight pipe between the branch of the manifold and the IDU cannot be less than 500 mm.



E. Fixing of manifolds.

There must be three fixing point for both horizontal and vertical installation of the Y-type manifold.

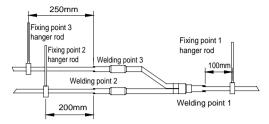
Fixing point 1: 100 mm on the main inlet manifold from the welding point

Fixing point 2: 200 mm on the main branched pipe from the



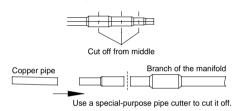
welding point

Fixing point 3: 250 mm on the branched pipe from the welding point



Branches of a manifold must be laid parallel and cannot be wrapped in superimposed mode.

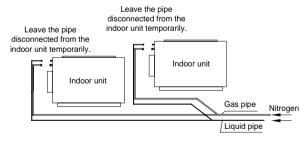
- F. The liquid pipe and gas pipe must have the same length and be laid in the same route.
- G. The Y-type manifold has an attached pipe used to adjust the diameter of different pipes. If the pipe size on site does not match the size of the manifold junction, use the pipe cutter to cut at the middle of the pipe and remove burrs. Then insert the copper pipe to proper depth. A concave bag for positioning is available to the manifold purchased from Gree.



H. Because the manifold structure is complex, perform with care to ensure tight insulation.

3.7 Pipe Cleaning by Nitrogen

Before connecting the flare opening of the pipe to the IDU, connect the pressure regulator valve on the nitrogen cylinder to the liquid pipe in the outdoor pipe system. Regulate the nitrogen pressure to about 5 kgf/cm² and blow nitrogen into the pipe for 1 minute. Repeat this operation for three times till the dirt and water are discharged. After cleaning the liquid pipe, perform the same operation to clean the gas pipe.

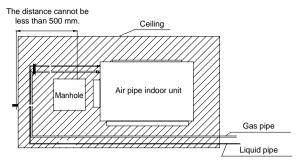


Perform an air-tightness test and a vacuum test to the entire refrigerant pipe system after the construction is finished.

There must be a secure distance between pipes. Pipes in different types must be fixed separately.

3.8 Regard for Refrigerant Pipe Installation

During refrigerant pipe installation, ensure a distance above 500 mm between the pipe and the electric box of the unit for maintenance. In a case when the space is not enough, the final piping way must be determined by the technical personnel.



3.9 Filter and Drier Installation for the ODU

As the piping for the VRF system is complex, it is recommended that a filter is installed for the gas pipe and a drier is installed for the liquid pipe during construction. This ensures aridity and cleanness of the piping system and further improves the operation stability of the system.

The procedure is as follows:

First, weld a stop valve with the corresponding caliber to the gas pipe and liquid pipe at the position relatively close to the ODU and easy for operation.

Second, install a filter (100 mesh/ft²) between the added stop valve outside the gas pipe and the stop valve of the ODU. Then install a drier filter between the added stop valve outside the liquid pipe and the stop valve of the ODU.

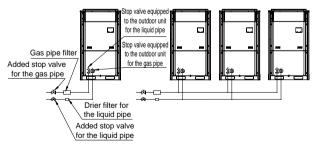
Lastly, after the test run is complete,

To remove the filter from the gas pipe after starting all IDUs and keeping them running cooling mode for 24 hours:

- (1). Power off all units.
- (2). Turn off the two stop valves of the gas pipe.
- (3). Remove the filter.
- (4). Short connect with a copper pipe with the same caliber and vacuumize the pipe.
 - (5). Open the two stop valves and keep normal running.

To remove the drier filter from the liquid pipe after starting all IDUs and keeping them running in heating mode for 24 hours:

- (1). Power off all units.
- (2). Turn off the two stop valves of the liquid pipe.
- (3). Remove the drier filter.
- (4). Short connect with a copper pipe with the same caliber and vacuumize the pipe.
 - (5). Turn on the two stop valves and keep normal running.



II. Pipe Installation for the Condensate Water System

1. Pipes

Generally, U-PVC water supply pipes bonded with special glue are adopted as condensate water pipes. PP-R, PP-C, and hot galvanized steel pipes can also be adopted. Aluminium plastic compound pipes cannot be used.





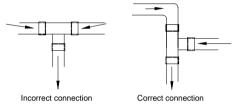
2. Requirements on Installation

- (1). Determine the direction and elevation of a condensate water pipe before installing it. Avoid overlapping it with other pipes to ensure straight inclination. The clamp of the pipe hanger is fixed outside the insulation layer. The height of the clamp can be adjusted.
 - (2). Distance between Hangers

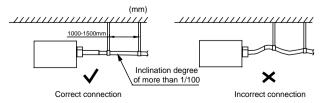
External Diameter of the Pipe (mm)	Ф≤25	32>Ф≥25	Ф≥32
Distance between Horizontal Pipes (mm)	800	1000	1500
Distance between Vertical Pipes (mm)	1500		2000

There are at least two hangers for each vertical pipe.

- (3). The inclination degree of the condensate water pipe must be above 1% and that of the main pipe cannot be lower than 0.3%. Adverse slopes are not allowed.
- (4). When connecting three-way pipes, the two-way straight pipes must be laid on the same slope, as shown in the following figures.

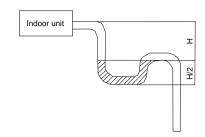


- (5). The condensate water pipe cannot be tied with the refrigerant pipe.
- (6). A ventilation hole must be provided on the top of the drain pipe to ensure smoother discharge of condensate water.
- (7). After pipes are connected, perform a test with some water and another test with full water in the pipe to check whether drainage is smooth and whether water leakage exists in the pipe system.
- (8). Equip a steel casing for all pipes which are led through the wall or floor. Pipe bonding joints cannot be placed inside the sleeve. The steel casing must be parallel with the bottom of the floor or wall. There must be a height drop of 20 mm from the ground when the pipe is lead through the floor. The sleeve cannot affect the inclination degree of the pipe. Fill the gap between the pipe and the sleeve with flexible and non-flammable materials. The sleeve cannot be used as a support point of the pipe.
- (9). Bond the insulation material joints with special glue and then wrap them with plastic adhesive tape. The width of the adhesive tape must be 5 cm or more to prevent dewing.
- 3. Other Requirements
- (1). Ensure an inclination degree of more than 1% when connecting the drain pipe to the IDU.

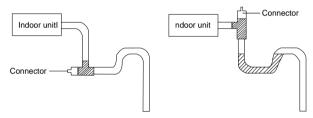


(2). When connecting the drain pipe to that of the IDU, fix the

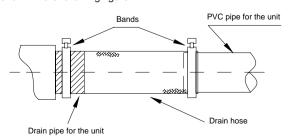
- pipes with the bands provided upon delivery instead of using the glue to facilitate further maintenance.
- (3). When connecting the drain pipe branches to the main pipe, lead through from the above part of the main pipe.
- (4). If the air volume of the IDUs is high and outdoor air resorption may be caused by negative suction pressure, provide a u-type drain trap at the water outlet side of each IDU, as shown in the following figure.



- Install drain trap connectors as shown in the following figure.
- ◆ Install a drain trap connector for each unit.
- The drain trap connector shall be installed in a way that facilitates trap cleaning.

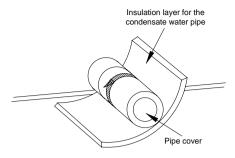


- (5). During condensate water pipe installation, ensure a distance above 500 mm between the pipe and the electric box of the unit for maintenance. In a case when the space is not enough, the final piping way must be determined by the technical personnel.
- 4. Requirements on Installation of Drain Pipes for Different Types of IDUs
- 4.1 Drain Pipe Installation for Hidden Air-duct-type IDU for Air Supply
- (1). Ensure an inclination degree of greater than 1% when connecting the drain pipe to the IDU.
- (2). When connecting the drain pipe to that of the IDU, fix the pipes with the bands instead of using the glue to facilitate further maintenance.
- (3). There is a condensate water outlet on both sides of the IDU. After one condensate water outlet is determined, use the rubber stopper to block the other outlet. Tie it with threads and strap with insulation materials to prevent leakage.
- (4). The connection between the drain pipe and that of the IDU is shown in the following figure.



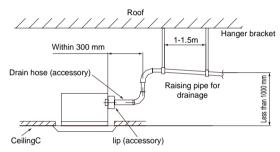


(5). Apply insulation materials to the condensate water pipe joints to prevent dewing. d. Insulation for connection between the drain pipe and that of the IDU is shown in the following figure.



4.2 Drain Pipe Installation for IDU

- (1). Use pipe clips instead of applying glue to connect the hoses provided upon delivery and plastic pipes on the device. Connect the other end of the joint to the elbow. The height from the suction inlet of the discharge pump is about 200 to 500 mm. Ensure a proper inclination degree while connecting to the main drain pipe.
- (2). The lifting pipe for drainage must be provided as shown in the following figure.



- (3). The drain pump shall be fixed securely. Otherwise, abnormal noises will be generated.
- 5. Requirements on Independent Drainage for Each IDU

Requirements on independent drainage design for each IDU are as follows:

- (1). There must be a proper inclination for the drain pipe.
- (2). The drain pipe must be installed to facilitate drainage to the largest extent and be as short as possible.
- (3). If the water is discharged to the outdoor side, it cannot drop to the outdoor ground directly.
- 6. Requirements on Centralized Drainage for IDUs
- (1). When there are multiple IDUs in the same building, centralized drainage is adopted.
- (2). When a header pipe is used, the drain pipe of each IDU must be higher than the header pipe.
- (3). The diameter of the header pipe must be determined on the number and capacity of IDUs.
- (4). When installing pipe, start from the highest point of the pipe and follow the specified inclination to smoothly discharge condensate water.
- (5). Connect branches to the main pipe from the upper part or side instead of lower part of the main pipe.
- (6). Insulate all condensate water pipes, especially for joints at elbows.

III. Insulation System

1. Insulation for the Refrigerant Pipe System

1.1 Insulation Materials

Use closed-cell foam insulation materials with flame retardant grade of B1.

The heat conductivity is not greater than 0.035 w/(m-k) when the average temperature is 0° C.

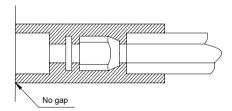
1.2 Thickness of the Insulation Layer

External Diameter of the Pipe (mm)	≤ 12.7	≥ 15.88
Thickness of the Insulation Layer (mm)	≥ 15	≥ 20

Use sunblock, anti-weathering, and non-cracking insulation materials for outdoor pipes.

1.3 Procedure of Insulation

- (1). Select insulation materials based on design requirements.
- (2). Wear the insulation sleeve before connecting refrigerant pipes. Users cannot cut the insulation material apart and then wrap up with ties after connecting the pipes by welding.
- (3). Specifications of the insulation sleeve must match with that of the refrigerant pipes.
- (4). Reserve a distance of about 200 mm near the welding point to protect the insulation sleeve during welding. After performing the air-tightness test, perform insulation to the welding point separately to ensure continuity of the insulation sleeve.
- (5). The insulation layer cannot crack during construction. Bond the insulation material joints with special glue and then wrap them with electrical adhesive tape. The width of the adhesive tape must be 50 mm or more to ensure secure connection.
- (6). Use glue to bond the insulation material at the water outlet to the unit to prevent dewing.
- (7). Wrap joints of indoor/outdoor units with insulation materials. There must be no gap between the joint and the wall of the indoor/outdoor unit, as shown in the following figure.



2. Insulation for the Condensate Water Pipe System

(1). Insulation Materials

Use closed-cell foam insulation materials with retardant grade of B1.

The heat conductivity is not greater than 0.035 w/(m·k) when the average temperature is 0°C.

(2). Thickness of the Insulation Layer

Thickness of the insulation layer for the condensate water pipe must be greater than 10 mm.

- (3). Bond the insulation material joints with special glue and then wrap them with plastic adhesive. The width of the adhesive must be greater than 5 cm to prevent dewing.
 - (4). Insulation is not required for the outdoor part of



condensate water pipes.

- 3. Insulation for Air Ducts
- (1). Insulation for air duct components and devices must be performed after the air leakage test is performed or after quality check.
- (2). Use centrifugal glass wool or rubber and plastic materials for insulation or use novel insulation air ducts.
- (3). The insulation layer should be flat and tight without any crack or gap.
 - (4). Thickness of the Insulation Layer

For the air supply and return air pipe laid in a room without an air conditioner, thickness of the rubber and plastic insulation laver is 35 mm.

For the air supply and return air pipe laid in an air conditioning room, thickness of the rubber and plastic insulation layer is 20 mm.

(5). Supports, hangers, and brackets of the air duct must be installed outside the insulation layer. A chock must be provided between the support, hanger, or brackets and the air duct.

Part 7 Electric and Controller Installation

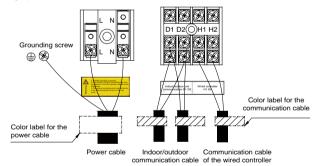
I. Precautions

Both the power cable and communication cable must be connected properly. If the power cable is connected to the communication port, the main board will be burnt.

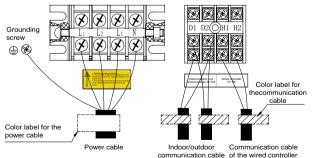
The power cable and communication cable can be identified in the following ways:

Method 1: Use sheaths in different colours.

Single-phase unit

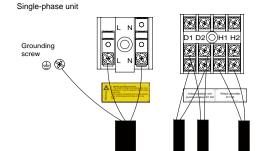


Three-phase unit



Method 2: Use different types of cables.

The diameter of the power cable is larger than that of the communication cable. Alternatively, adopt three cores or more for the power cable and two cores for the communication cable.

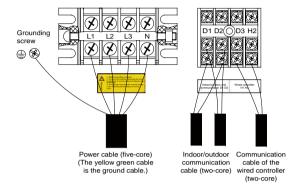


(The vellow green cable is the ground cable.)

Power cable (three-core) Indoor/outdoor Communication communication cable (two-core)

cable of the

Three-phase unit



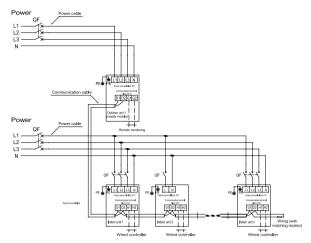
Elaborate the method with the installation personnel on site no matter which method is adopted.

- II. Installation of the Power Cable
- 1. Precautions
- (1). The air conditioning unit is category 1 electrical appliance which requires reliable grounding.
- (2). The grounding resistance must meet the requirement of GB 50169.
- (3). The yellow green cable inside the air conditioning unit is a grounding cable. It cannot be used for other purposes or be cut off. Do not fix it with tapping screws. Otherwise, an electric shock may be caused.
- (4). A reliable ground terminal must be provided for the power. Do not connect the grounding cable to any of the following:
 - 1). Water pipes
 - 2). Gas pipes
 - 3). Drainage pipe
 - 4). Other places deemed as unreliable
- (5). The power cable and the communication cable must be laid separately with a distance of greater than 20 cm. Otherwise, the communication of the unit will be affection.
- 2. Requirements on Power Cable Configuration

Configure a circuit breaker to each unit for short circuit and overload protection. In addition, configure a general circuit breaker to both the indoor and ODUs to switch on or switch off the general power of the IDU or ODU.

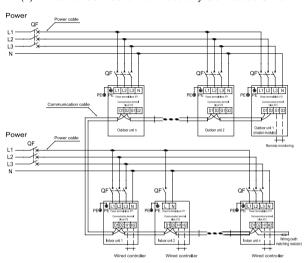


(1). External Connection for Individual Units



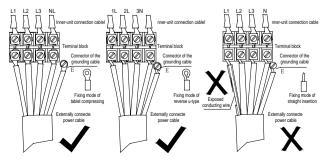
Note: The maximum number of connected IDUs (n) is determined based on the capacity of the ODU. For details, see the description on unit capacity configuration.

(2). External Connection for Modularly Connected Units

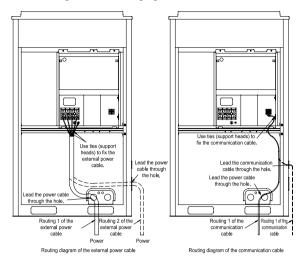


Note: The maximum number of connected ODUs (N) and that of connected IDUs (n) are determined based on the combination form of ODUs. For details, see the description on unit capacity configuration.

- 3. Procedure for Installing the Power Cable
- (1). Knock off the knockouts used for threading the external power cable, fit the threading rubber ring to the hole, and thread the power cable through the hole. Connect L1, L2, L3, and N of the power cable, and the grounding cable to L1, L2, L3, and N on the power terminal block and the grounding screw next to the terminal block respectively.



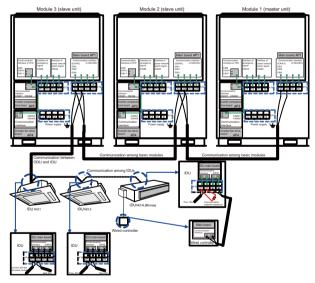
- (2). Fasten and fix the power cable with ties (support heads).
- (3). Lay the power cable and communication cable for the ODU according to the following figures.



Note: Provide a threading rubber ring when threading a strong power cable or a communication cable.

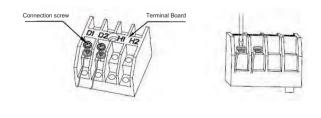
III. Installation of the Communication System

The CAN communication network is adopted for GMV5 VRF system. Manual DIP or identification on polarities of the communication power is not required for the IDU. Only the function DIP needs to be set for the ODU. For details, see the description on function setting of the ODU.



1. Connection of Communication Cable Terminals

All connections for communication of GMV5 are fastened by screws.





2. Connection of Communication Cables

The communication bus of indoor and ODUs must be connected in series instead of in star mode. The last IDU of the bus shall be connected to a matching resistor (placed in the package of the ODU).

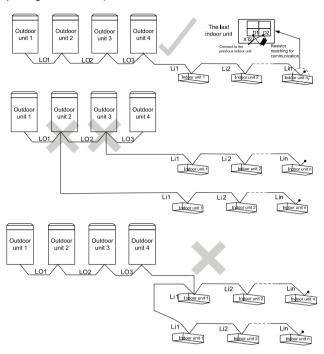


Figure 4 Communication cable connection for IDUs and ODUs

- 3. Communication Cable Connection Method and Procedure
- (1). Communication cable connection between the IDUs and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ODUs}}$

The communication cable between the IDUs and ODUs is connected via interface D1/D2 on the terminal block XT2. Connection modes for the single-module system and multimodule system are shown in the following figures.

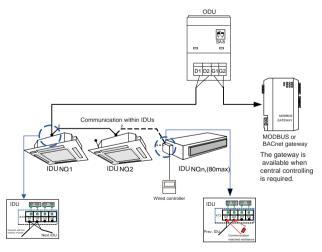


Figure 5 Communication cable connection for the single-module system

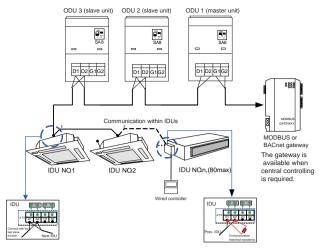


Figure 6 Communication cable connection for the multimodule system

Note:

- If there are multiple modules for the modular ODU, the master unit must be the first ODU module on the communication cable and cannot be connected to the IDU. (The master unit is set by SA8 on the main board of the ODU.)
- ② . If there are multiple modules for the modular ODU, the IDU must be connected to the slave module of the last ODU. (The slave unit is set by SA8 on the main board of the ODU.)
- ③ . The communication cable and power cable must be laid separately to avoid interference.
- ④. The communication cable must be long enough to avoid joints.
- ⑤ . Indoor units must be connected in series. The last IDU shall be connected to a matching resistor (placed in the package of the ODU).
- (2). Communication cable connection between the IDU and wired controller

Connection modes for the communication cable between the IDU and wired controller are shown in the following figures.

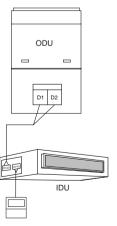


Figure 7.1 One wired controller controlling one IDU

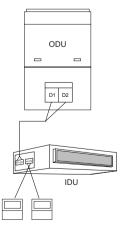


Figure 7.2 Two wired controllers controlling one IDU



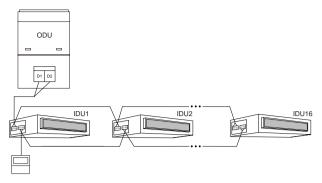


Figure 7.3 One wired controller controlling multiple IDUs

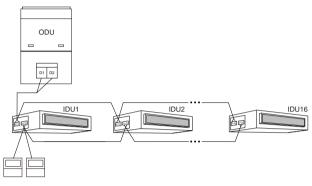


Figure 7.4 Two wired controllers controlling multiple IDUs

When two wired controllers control multiple IDUs, the wired controllers can be connected to any IDU which is in the same series. Set of the two wired controller to the secondary wired controller. The number of IDUs controlled by the wired controller cannot exceed 16. All connected IDUs must be in the same network.

The secondary wired controller can be set in start-up or shutdown mode.

- ① . Press the "FUNCTION" button for 5 seconds on the wired controller to be set as the secondary wired controller. The temperature area displays "C00". Continue to press the "FUNCTION" button for 5 seconds, the parameter setting interface is displayed and the temperature area displays "P00".
- ② . Select code P13 by pressing "A" or "Y". Press the "MODE" button to switch to parameter value setting. When the parameter value flickers, select code 02 by pressing "A" or "Y". Then press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to finish setting.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$. Users can press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the previous level till parameter setting exits.

The parameter setting list is shown below:

Parameter	Parameter	Parameter	Default	Remark
Code	Name	Range	Value	
P13	Wired controller address setting	01: primary wired controller 02: Secondary wired controller	01	When two wired controllers control one or multiple IDUs, the addresses of the controllers must be different. The secondary wired controller (address: 02) does not support unit parameter setting except setting of its address.

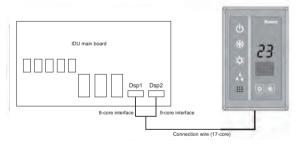


Note:

- ① . All wired controllers are set to primary wired controllers upon delivery.
- ②. In parameter setting status, Fan, Timer, Sleep, and Swing buttons are unavailable. Press the "ON/OFF" button to return to the home page without executing the action of power-on or power-off.
- ③ . In parameter setting status, the remote controller signal is unavailable.
- (3). Connection between the air duct type IDU and receiver board

When the air duct type IDU needs to be connected to the remote-control receiver board, connect via Dsp1 and Dsp2 on the main board of the IDU.

IDU Type	Remote-control Receiver Board	Connection Type	Corresponding Main Board Interface of the IDU
Air duct type	JS03	Inter-board connection (17 cores)	Dsp1 (interconnecting with the 8-core interface) Dsp 2 (interconnecting with the 9-core interface)

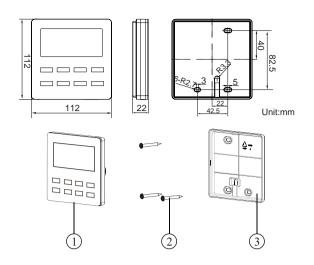


Note:

- ① . The wired controller and the remote-control receiver board can be used at the same time.
- When selecting the remote-control receiver board, select a remote controller.
- 4. Installation and Disassembly of the Wired Controller (See the Manual)
- 4.1 XK46 Wired Controller

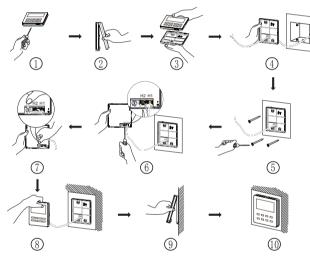
Basic parameters and components of the wired controller



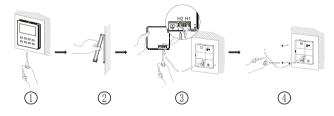


No.	1	2	3
Name	Panel of wired controller	Screw M4*25	Soleplate of wired controller
Q'ty	1	3	1

Installation of the wired controller



Disassembly of the wired controller



4.2 XK49 Wired Controller

Basic parameters and components of the wired controller

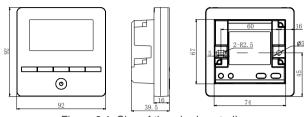


Figure 3.1 Size of the wired controller

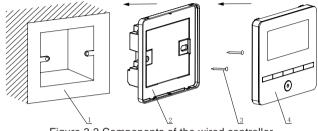
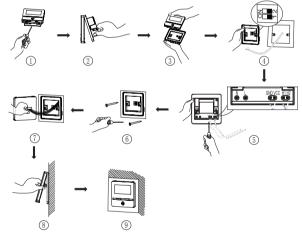


Figure 3.2 Components of the wired controller

SN	1	2	3	4
Name	Connecting box installed in the wall (86 box)	Base plate of the wired controller	Screw M4X25	Wired controller panel
Quantity	Provided by users	1	2	1

Installation of the wired controller



Installation diagram of the wired controller

Notes:

- ① . The wired controller must be installed by professional personnel. The power must be switched off during installation.
- ② . Pull out the two-core twisted-pair communication cable connected to the IDU from the installation hole in the wall and connect it to H1 and H2 of the terminal block and screw it on.
- ③ . Precautions for the door control system

If the wired controller is not connected to the door control system, set the switch "1" of the DIP S1 on the base plate to the digit.





To connect the wired controller to the door control system, set the switch "1" of the DIP S1 on the base plate to "ON" and connect the door control card interface to interfaces N and L or interfaces VCC and GND of the terminal block. Note:

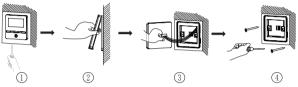
Interfaces N and L are door control power interfaces with 100-240 V-50/60 Hz.

Interfaces VCC and GND are door control power interfaces with DC 5-24 V.

Users can select only one from 100-240 V and DC 5-24 V.

- ④ . After cable connection is finished, cling the base plate of the wired controller to the wall and use the screw M4X25 to fix the base plate to the installation hole in the wall.
- ⑤ . Insert the inter-board connection cable of the base plate to the needle file CN1 of the wired controller panel. Then place the panel and base plate together.

Disassembly of the wired controller



Disassembly diagram of the wired controller

Part 8: Vacuumization and Desiccation for the Refrigerant System

Works for the refrigerant system include cleaning and desiccating the pipes, performing an air-tightness test, and perfusing refrigerant.

- I. Air-tightness Test
- 1. Importance of the Air-tightness Test

Air-tightness of the multi-module air conditioning system mainly refers to the tightness of the refrigerant pipes, which ensures secure and reliable running of the air conditioner.

Refrigerant leakage may affect functions of the air conditions or even damage the compressor and make the system to break down. Therefore, a air-tightness test must be performed. If refrigerant leakage is detected after the system is installed, it is very difficult to locate the leaking point as the suspending ceiling has been decorated. Therefore, the air-tightness test must be performed before ceiling sealing for indoor decoration is finished.

2. Procedure for Performing the Air-tightness Test

Stop valves of the gas and liquid pipes of the ODU are turned off at delivery.

Before test, apply a small amount of required lubricant on the block nut and pipe terminals and use two wrenches to fix the block put

The ODU pipes cannot be connected when the air-tightness test is being performed.

The test pressure for R410A system is 4.0 MPa. Use dry nitrogen as media for the air-tightness test. Increase the pressure slowly by following the steps below:

Step 1: Increase the pressure to 0.5 MPa. Stop for 5 minutes and then perform air-tightness check. Major leakage may be detected.

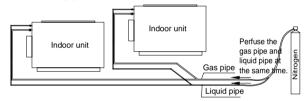
Step 2: Increase the pressure to 1.5 MPa. Stop for 5 minutes and then perform air-tightness check. Minor leakage may be

detected.

Step 3: Increase the pressure for R410A system to 4.15 MPa. Stop for 5 minutes and then perform strength check. Slight leakage or blow holes may be detected. After increasing the pressure to the test pressure, keep the pressure for 24 hours and check whether it decreases. If the pressure does not decrease, it meets the requirement.

3. Precautions:

- (1). The measuring range of the test pressure gauge for R410A system must be above 4.5 MPa.
- (2). Record the value displayed on the pressure gauge, ambient temperature, and test time.
- (3). Pressure correction: The pressure changes by 0.01 MPa when the temperature changes by 1°C.
- (4). The pressure meets the requirement if it does not change.
- (5). If the pressure must be kept for a long time, decrease the pressure to 0.5 MPa or lower. High pressure for a long time may cause leakage at the welding point or safety hazard.
- (6). Before performing the air-tightness test to the refrigerant pipes, do not conduct insulation or wrapping at the welding or flaring opening joints of the IDU. The pressure must be increased simultaneously for pipes on outdoor sides and cannot be increased for pipes on one side.



Note: Before performing the air-tightness test, do not conduct insulation or wrapping at the welding joints.

- II. Vacuumization and Desiccation for the System
- 1. Requirements on the Vacuum Pump

The vacuum pump for different refrigerant systems cannot be the same.

The ultimate vacuum degree of the vacuum pump should reach -0.1 Mpa. $\,$

The air discharge capacity of the vacuum pump must be greater than 4 $\mbox{L/S}$.

The precision of the vacuum pump must be greater than 0.02 $\,$ mmHg.

The system vacuum pump must be equipped with a check valve.

2. Procedure and Precautions for Vacuumization and Desiccation

2.1 Procedure

- (1). Before vacuumization, ensure that the stop valves of the gas and liquid pipes are turned off.
- (2). Use the perfusing duct to connect the regulator valve and vacuum pump to detection connectors of the gas pipe and liquid pipe.
- (3). Vacuumize for 4 hours and check whether the vacuum degree reaches -0.1 MPa or more. If not, leakage may exist. Perform leakage check again. If no leakage exists, continue to vacuumize for 2 hours.
 - (4). If the vacuum degree cannot be kept after vacuumization



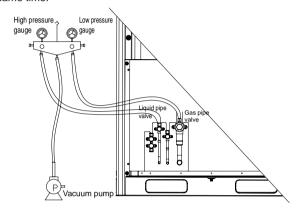


is performed for twice, there may be water in the pipe when it is confirmed that no leakage exists. In this case, discharge water by means of vacuum breaking. Perfuse nitrogen at 0.05 MPa to the pipe. Vacuumize for 2 hours and keep vacuuming for 1 hour. If the vacuum degree of -0.1 MPa cannot be reached, repeat this operation till water is discharged.

(5). After vacuumization, turn off the regulator valve and keep for 1 hour. Ensure that the pressure of the regulator valve does not increase.

2.2. Precautions:

(1). The gas pipe and liquid pipe must be vacuumized at the same time.



- (2). Turn off the valve before powering off the vacuum pump.
- (3). Keep vacuuming for 2 hours. The vacuum meets the requirement if the pressure displayed by the vacuum gauge does not increase.
- (4). The units parallel connected to the module and oilequalizing pipe also need to be vacuumized.

Part 9: Refrigerant Perfusion

I. Calculation Method for Perfusing Refrigerant

Quantity of refrigerant perfused for the pipe (R) = Quantity of refrigerant perfused for the pipe (A) + \sum Quantity of refrigerant perfused for each module (B)

1. Method for calculating the quantity of refrigerant perfused for the pipe (A):

Quantity of perfused refrigerant for the pipe (A) = \sum Length of the liquid pipe x Quantity of perfused refrigerant for the liquid pipe per meter

Diameter of the Liquid Pipe		Ф25.4	Ф22.2	Ф19.05	Ф15.9	Ф12.7	Ф9.52	Ф6.35
kg/m	0.680	0.520	0.350	0.250	0.170	0.110	0.054	0.022

2. Method for calculating \sum for the quantity of refrigerant perfused for each module (B)

Quantity of Refrigerant Each Module (B)		Module Capacity (HP)				1
Rated Capacity Configuration Rate C for Indoor and ODU (1)	Number of Configured IDUs	8	10	12	14	16
50% ≤ C ≤ 70%	≤ 4	0	0	0	0	0
	> 4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
70% < C ≤ 90%	≤ 4	0.5	0.5	1	1.5	1.5
70% < C \(\) 90%	> 4	1	1	1.5	2	2
90% < C ≤ 105%	≤ 4	1	1	1.5	2	2
90% < C ≤ 105%	> 4	2	2	3	3.5	3.5
105% < C ≤ 115%	≤ 4	2	2	2.5	3	3
	> 4	3.5	3.5	4	5	5
115% < C ≤ 135%	≤ 4	3	3	3.5	4	4
113/0 < 0 ≤ 133/0	> 4	4	4	4.5	5.5	5.5

Note:

- ① . Rated capacity configuration rate C for IDUs and ODUs = Sum of rated cooling capacity of IDUs/Sum of rated cooling capacity of ODUs
- If all IDUs are fresh air IDUs in GMV-NX series, the quantity of refrigerant perfused for each module (B) is 0 kg.
 - ◆ Examples
 - (1). Example 1:

The ODU consists of modules GMV-280WM/B-X, GMV-400WM/B-X, and GMV-450WM/B-X. The IDU consists of 8 pieces of GMV-ND140PLS/A-T.

Rated capacity configuration rate C for IDUs and ODUs = $140 \times 8/(280+400+450) = 108\%$. The number of IDUs is greater than 4, according to the above table,

The quantity of refrigerant perfused for module GMV-280WM/ B-X (B) is 3.5 kg.

The quantity of refrigerant perfused for module GMV-400WM/B-X (B) is 5.0kg.

The quantity of refrigerant perfused for module GMV-450WM/B-X (B) is 5.0kg.

Therefore,

 Σ Quantity of refrigerant perfused for each module (B) = 3.5+5.0+5.0 = 13.5 kg

Assume that the quantity of refrigerant perfused for the pipe (A) = \sum Length of the liquid pipe x Quantity of refrigerant perfused for the liquid pipe per meter = 25 kg

Total quantity of refrigerant perfused for the system (R) = 25+13.5 = 38.5 kg

(2). Example 2:

The ODU consists of one GMV-450WM/B-X and the IDU consists of one fresh air IDU GMV-NX450P/A (X4.0)-M. The quantity of perfused refrigerant for this module is 0 kg.

Therefore,

 \sum Quantity of refrigerant perfused for each module (B) = 0 kg Assume that the quantity of refrigerant perfused for the pipe (A) = \sum Length of the liquid pipe x Quantity of refrigerant perfused for the liquid pipe per meter = 5kg

Total quantity of refrigerant perfused for the system (R) = 5+0=5 kg

II. Method for Perfusing Refrigerant

Refrigerant perfusion for the VRF system is classified into

pre-perfusion and perfusion during running.

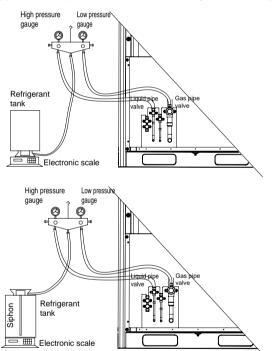
1. Refrigerant Pre-perfusion

Step 1: Connect the high pressure gauge pipe to the detection opening of the liquid pipe, the low pressure gauge pipe to the detection opening of the gas pipe, and the medium gauge pipe to the vacuum pump. Power on the vacuum pump to perform vacuumization and desiccation.

Step 2: After vacuumization and desiccation are finished, turn off valves of the high pressure gauge and low pressure gauge. Disconnect the medium gauge pipe from the vacuum pump and connect it to the refrigerant tank.

Step 3: Properly loosen the joint between the medium gauge pipe and the pressure gauge and slightly turn on the valve of the refrigerant tank. Vacuumize the medium gauge pipe. After that, fasten the joint and turn on the valve of the refrigerant tank completely.

Step 4: If the refrigerant tank is not equipped with a siphon, reverse the refrigerant tank and place it on the electronic scale. Then record the current weight (m1). If the refrigerant tank is equipped with a siphon, record the current weight (m1) directly.



Step 5: Turn on the valve of the high pressure gauge (while keep the valve of the high pressure gauge turned off) and then perfuse refrigerant to the system. Record the change of weight of the refrigerant tank.

Step 6: When all refrigerant in the refrigerant tank is perfused, record the current weight m2.

Step 7: Turn off the valve of the high pressure gauge and replace the refrigerant tank.

Step 8: Perform step 3 again.

Step 9: Perform step 5 and step 6 again. Record the weight before perfusion m3 and weight after perfusion m4.

Step 10:If there is no sufficient refrigerant and the calculated quantity of refrigerant is not fulfilled for the system, record the current total perfusion quantity.

m=(m1-m2)+(m3-m4)+...+(mn-1-mn)

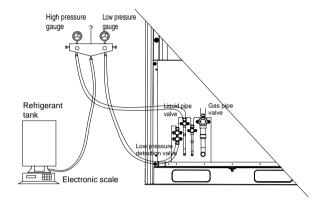
Quantity of refrigerant to be perfused during running m`=M-m M is the required total quantity

If the pre-perfusion quantity (m) reaches the required total quantity for the system, turn off the valve of the refrigerant tank immediately to finish perfusing and proceed with step 11.

Step 11: Remove the pressure gauge.

2. Refrigerant Perfusion During Running

Step 1: Turn off the valve of the refrigerant tank and reconnect the pressure gauge pipe. Disconnect the low pressure gauge pipe from the detection valve opening of the gas liquid and connect it to the low pressure detection valve, as shown in the following figure.



Step 2: Turn on the valves for the liquid and gas pipes of each module completely. For the modular unit, the oil-equalizing valve of each module also needs to be turned on.

Step 3: Make the system to run in commissioning mode via the commissioning software or the main board of the ODU. (For details, see the description on commissioning.)

Step 4: When the commissioning step goes to refrigerant perfusion, turn on the valve of the refrigerant tank and perfuse the remaining quantity (m`).

Step 5: After all refrigerant is perfused, turn off valve of the refrigerant tank and wait till commissioning is automatically is completed for the system.

Step 6: Remove the pressure gauge to finish refrigerant perfusion.



Chapter 3 Commissioning Operation

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Part 1 Security Requirements

I. Precautions for Construction

- (1). All commissioning and maintenance personnel must learn and strictly comply with construction security specifications. Security measures must be taken especially for outdoor operations.
- (2). Workers of special types of labor, such as refrigerating engineers, electricians, and welders, must have professional certificates. No worker is allowed to do another type of labor.
- (3). The equipment must be powered off before relevant operations, and other security requirements should be strictly complied with.
- (4). All installation and maintenance operations must comply with design requirements of this product and national and local security operation requirements. Rule-breaking operations are prohibited.

II. Precautions for the Use of Refrigerants

The GMV5 serial unit is a refrigerating system of R410A working substances. Pay attention to the following points:

- (1). The refrigerating system of R410A working substances has a higher working pressure than that of R22 working substances. The working pressure of the former is 1.6 times than that of the latter
- (2). The refrigerating system of R410A working substances uses thicker-walled copper tubes than that of R22 working substances. Adopt copper tubes with appropriate wall thickness.
- (3). R410A working substances are azeotropic mixture working substances. Refrigerants must be appended in the form of liquid.

Part 2 Introduction to Unit Functions

I. Function Settings of ODUs

Function application of ODUs consists of function DIP switch settings and function button settings, including special engineering requirements.

(1). System Function DIP Switch Settings

ON	ON	ON	ON C	NC	ON	ON	ON
1 2 3 4 5 SA1	1 2 3 4 5 SA2	1 2 3 4 5 SA3	1 2 SA4	1 2 SA5	1 2 SA6	1 2 SA7	1 2 SA8
Capacity DIP Switch	Centralized Control Address DIP Switch	Compressor Emergency Operation DIP Switch	1# Compressor/Mobile Emergency Operation DIP Switch	Fan Emergency Operation DIP Switch	Outbor Fan Statc Pressure Setting DIP Switch	Reserved DIP Switch	Master Unit Setting 9

DIP Switch	Name	Meaning	Factory Settings	Remark
SA1_capacity	Capacity DIP switch	Defines the rated capacity of the unit.	Defined based on the model.	The factory settings cannot be changed.
SA2_Addr-CC	SA2_Addr-CC Centralized control address DIP switch	Defines and differentiates addresses of different systems in the case of centralized control by multiple systems.	00000	The address DIP switch is used only when centralized control is required. Otherwise, the factory settings are used without being changed. The address DIP switch is valid only when it is set on the master unit.
SA3_COMP-E	2#-6# compressor emergency operation DIP switch	Provides aftersales emergency settings for 2#-6# compressors.	00000	It is better not to use the emergency function. Replace the compressor at the first time when an exception occurs.
SA4_I/M-E	1# compressor/module emergency operation DIP switch	Provides aftersales emergency settings for 1# compressor/module.	00	It is better not to use the emergency function. Replace the compressor at the first time when an exception occurs.
SA5_FAN-E	Fan emergency operation DIP switch	Provides aftersales emergency settings for fans.	00	It is better not to use the emergency function. Replace relevant parts of the fan at the first time when an exception occurs.
SA6_ESP_S	Outdoor fan static pressure setting DIP switch	Sets the static pressure of the fan according to the static pressure of the exhaust pipeline connected with the engineering unit, to guarantee normal operation of the unit.	00	This DIP switch should be set based on actual engineering conditions, neither over-large nor over-small. It is unnecessary to change the factory settings in outdoor scenarios.
SA7	Reserved DIP switch		00	
SA8_MASTER-S	Master unit setting DIP switch	Defines the master unit.	00	A master unit must be set, and only one master unit can be set in each refrigerating system. This DIP switch is mandatory. The default factory setting is the master unit status.

On the master module, the SA8 DIP switch must be set again, the SA1 DIP switch cannot be further set, and other DIP switches retain the factory settings without special requirements. Θ

Function DIP switches must be set when the ODU is powered off, and then the settings are valid after the ODU is powered on.



Meanings and setting methods of function DIP switches are as follows:

1. Unit Capacity DIP Switch (SA1_capacity)

The unit capacity DIP switch (SA1_capacity) has been set upon factory departure. It is unnecessary to further set the DIP switch. In addition, users are not allowed to change the DIP switch settings. Otherwise, the system may work abnormally or even the compressor may be damaged.

2. Centralized Control Address DIP Switch (SA2_Addr-CC)

The centralized control address DIP switch (SA2_Addr-CC) indicates the centralized control address required when different refrigerating systems are controlled in a centralized manner. The default factory setting is "00000".

If it is not required to use centralized control between multiple refrigerating systems, this DIP switch can retain the factory settings without being changed.

If it is required to use centralized control between multiple refrigerating systems, set the DIP switch according to the following methods:

- (1). The DIP switch must be set on the master unit. Otherwise, the setting is invalid.
- (2). On the same refrigerating system, the centralized control address DIP switch (SA2_Addr-CC) on a non-master unit is invalid, and it is unnecessary to change the settings.
- (3). The centralized control address DIP switch (SA2_Addr-CC) on the master unit of a refrigerating system must be set to "00000", and this system is the master system.
- (4). The centralized control address DIP switch (SA2_Addr-CC) on the master unit of other refrigerating systems must be set as follows:

	Address				
DIP1	DIP2	DIP3	DIP4	DIP5	No.
1	0	0	0	0	2
0	1	0	0	0	3
0	0	1	0	0	4
0	0	0	1	0	5
0	0	0	0	1	6
1	0	0	0	1	7
0	1	0	0	1	8
0	0	1	0	1	9
0	0	0	1	1	10
1	0	0	1	1	11
0	1	0	1	1	12
0	0	1	1	1	13
1	0	1	1	1	14
0	1	1	1	1	15
1	1	1	1	1	16

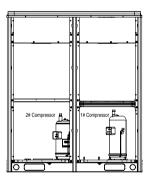
5) The centralized control address DIP switch (SA2_Addr-CC) cannot be the same between different refrigerating systems. Otherwise, address conflicts may occur and the unit cannot run properly.

3. Compressor Emergency Operation DIP Switch (SA3_COMP-E)

Corresponding to 2#-6# compressors, the compressor emergency operation DIP switch (SA3_COMP-E) is used for aftersales emergency settings when an exception occurs on a compressor. It can shield the operation of the abnormal compressor in a short time and guarantee the emergency operation of other compressors.

When it is required to shield the operation of 2#-6# compressors upon failure, set the DIP switch according to the following methods:

Compres	sor Emer (SA	Remark				
DIP1	DIP2	DIP3	DIP4 DIP5			
0	0	0	0	0	Not shielding the operation of 2#-6# compressors	
1	0	0	0	0	Shielding the operation of 2# compressor	
0	1	0	0	0	Shielding the operation of 3# compressor	
0	0	1	0	0	Shielding the operation of 4# compressor	
0	0	0	1	0	Shielding the operation of 5# compressor	
0	0	0	0	1	Shielding the operation of 6# compressor	



Precautions:

- (1). When the DIP switch setting is not covered in the above scope, a DIP switch setting exception fault may occur.
- (2). Only one compressor can be set to emergency mode on a module.
- (3). The compressor emergency operation mode is valid only in a single-module multi-compressor system.
 - (4). The default factory setting is "00000".
- (5). The system cannot continually run for more than 24 hours in compressor emergency operation status. Once 24 hours are exceeded, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped and the limited operation code "Ad" is displayed on the IDU.
- (6). 1#-6# compressors are defined from right to left facing the front of the unit.

4. 1# Compressor/Module Emergency Operation DIP Switch (SA4_I/M-E)

The 1# compressor/module emergency operation DIP switch (SA4_I/M-E) is used for aftersales emergency settings when an





exception occurs on the 1# compressor/module. It can shield the operation of the abnormal compressor/module in a short time and guarantee the emergency operation of other compressors.

When it is required to set the 1# compressor/module to emergency mode, set the DIP switch as follows:

1# Compressor/Module Emergency Operation DIP Switch (SA4_I/M-E)				
DIP1	DIP2	Remark		
0	0	Not shielding the operation of 1# compressor/module		
1	0	Shielding the operation of 1# compressor		
0	1	Shielding the operation of the module		

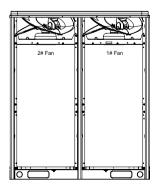
Precautions:

- (1). When the DIP switch setting is not covered in the above scope, a DIP switch setting exception fault may occur.
- (2). Only one compressor can be set to emergency mode on a module.
- (3). The compressor emergency operation mode is valid only in a single-module multi-compressor system.
- (4). The module emergency operation mode is valid only in a system with more than two modules connected in parallel.
- (5). Only one module can be set to emergency operation mode in each system.
 - (6). The default factory setting is "00".
- (7). The system cannot continually run for more than 24 hours in compressor emergency operation status. Once 24 hours are exceeded, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped and the limited operation code "Ad" is displayed on the IDU.
- (8). The system cannot continually run for more than 48 hours in module emergency operation status. Once 48 hours are exceeded, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped and the limited operation code "Ad" is displayed on the IDU.
- (9). 1#-6# compressors are defined from right to left facing the front of the unit.

5. Fan Emergency Operation DIP Switch (SA5_FAN-E)

The fan emergency operation DIP switch (SA5_FAN-E) is used for aftersales emergency settings when an exception occurs on a dual-module fan. It can shield the operation of a fan in a short time and guarantee the emergency operation of the system.

(1). Fan positions



(2). When it is required to set the fan to emergency mode, set the DIP switch as follows:

Fan Emergency Operation DIP Switch (SA5_FAN-E)				
DIP1	DIP2	Remark		
0	0	No fan in emergency operation mode		
1	0	Shielding the operation of 1# fan		
0	1	Shielding the operation of 2# fan		

Precautions:

- 1). When the DIP switch setting is not covered in the above scope, a DIP switch setting exception fault may occur.
- 2). Only one fan can be set to emergency mode on a module.
 - 3). The default factory setting is "00".
- 4). The system cannot continually run for more than 120 hours in fan emergency operation status. Once 120 hours are exceeded, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped and the limited operation code "Ad" is displayed on the IDU.

Outdoor Fan Static Pressure Setting DIP Switch (SA6_ ESP_S)

The outdoor fan static pressure setting DIP switch (SA6_ESP_S) is used in special scenarios such as the unit installation equipment room. In scenarios where air ducts are required to be connected, zero static pressure (0 Pa), low static pressure (30 Pa), medium static pressure (50 Pa), and high static pressure (82 Pa) can be set according to the design of air ducts. The setting methods are as follows:

Outdoor Fan Static Pressure Setting DIP Switch (SA6_ESP_S)			
	DIP1	DIP2	Static Pressure Range
	0	0	0 Pa
	1	0	30 Pa
	0	1	50 Pa
	1	1	82 Pa

The default factory setting is "00".

Note that the DIP switch should be independently set on each module.

7. Reserved Function DIP Switch (SA7)

SA7 is the reserved function DIP switch and meaningless currently.

8. Master Unit Setting DIP Switch (SA8_MASTER-S)

The master unit setting DIP switch (SA8_MASTER-S) defines module management of a system. A master unit must be set, and only one master unit can be set in each refrigerating system (in power-off status). The setting methods are as follows:

Master Unit Setting DIP Switch (SA8_MASTER-S)			
	DIP1	DIP2	Remark
	0	0	Master unit
	1	0	Sub-module

Upon factory departure, all modules are in "00" master unit status by default. When multiple modules are connected in parallel, only one module retains the master unit status and other modules are set to sub-module status. When a module is independently used, it uses the factory settings.

For the basic module set to master unit, the module address is displayed as "01" on the main board.

(1). When the DIP switch setting is not covered in the above scope, a DIP switch setting exception fault may occur.



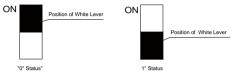
- (2). A module must be set to master unit status, and only one module can be set to master unit status in each refrigerating system. Other modules are set to sub-module status.
 - (3). Settings must be performed in power-off status.
 - (4). The default factory setting is "00" master unit status.

9. DIP Switch Example

(1). Explanation of DIP switch positions

On the DIP switch, "ON" indicates "0" status and the opposite direction indicates "1" status.

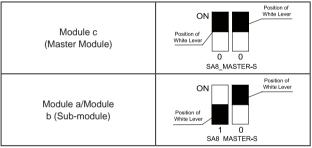
The position of white lever indicates the position to be set to.



(2). Example

The following takes master unit settings as an example. Assume that a system consists of three modules: module a, module b, and module c. Set module c to master unit and the other two modules to sub-modules. The settings are as follows:

II. System Function Button Operations



Note:

- ① . System function settings and query must be performed after commissioning of the entire unit.
- $\ensuremath{ 2}$. System function settings and query can be used no matter whether the entire unit runs.

1. Introduction to Function Buttons

The main board AP1 of the ODU consists of eight function buttons:

Up ▲	Down ▼	Func tion	Check	Skip	Back (Confirm	Reset
_	_		_	_	_	•	_
SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8

	Function Button Name and Meaning				
Button	Code	Function Meaning			
SW1	UP	Indicates the upward selection button.			
SW2	DOWN	Indicates the downward selection button.			
SW3	FUNCTION	Indicates the function button, used for function settings.			
SW4	CHECK	Indicates the query button, used for function query.			
SW5	SKIP	Indicates the skip button.			
SW6	BACK	Indicates the return button, used to return to the upper-level menu.			
SW7	CONFIRM	Indicates the confirmation button.			
SW8	RESET	Indicates the reset button, used to restore factory settings.			

2. Introduction to Functions

2.1 List of functions

Remark	_	It can only be set.	It can be set and queried.	It can be set and queried.	It can only be set.	It can be set and queried.
Factory Settings	Meaning		Cooling/Heating function	No silent settings		No automatic conservation settings
Factory	Code		hn	00		01
	Function Wearing	Fully or partially recovers refrigerants in a faulty module or IDU pipeline according to the system pressure after automatic startup during maintenance.	Sets the unit to cooling/heating, single-cooling, single-heating, or air supply mode for centralized management.	Sets different silent modes to meet users' noise requirements.	Automatically enables all electronic expansion valves and electromagnetic valves during maintenance to guarantee vacuum processing in all pipelines.	Automatically decreases the power consumption of the unit according to system operation parameters.
	runction ivame	Refrigerant recovery operation	Unit cooling/heating function	Outdoor silent mode	Aftersales vacuuming mode	Conservation control 1
	runction Code	A2	A6	A7	A8	0u



			Эф.						
Remark	Ι	It can only be set.	It can be set and queried.	It can only be set.	It can only be queried.	It can only be queried.	It can only be queried.	It can only be queried.	It can only be queried.
Factory Settings	Meaning		No capacity output limitation settings						
Factory	Code		00						
	runction Meaning	Forcibly enables ODU defrosting operation.	Forcibly decreases the maximum power consumption of the unit.	Indoor unit project number Prevents IDU project number conflicts when different refrigerating systems are offset	Queries historical fault information of the ODU.	Queries real-time operation parameters of the ODU.	Displays project numberes of all IDUs through ODU operations.	Displays the number of online IDUs.	Queries the entire-unit bar code and controller bar code of ODU.
	Function Name	Forcible defrosting operation	Conservation control 2	Indoor unit project number offset	Fault query	Parameter query	Indoor unit project number query	Online IDU quantity query	Outdoor unit bar code function query
	runction Code	n3	n4	n5	9u	Zu	n8	6u	qu

2.2. Description of Functions

(1) A2 Refrigerant recovery operation

This function partially recovers refrigerants in a faulty module or IDU pipeline during unit maintenance. The refrigerant recovery volume of each basic module is as follows:

Model of Basic Module	Maximum Refrigerant Recovery Volume (kg)
GMV-224WM/B-X	7.5
GMV-280WM/B-X	7.5
GMV-335WM/B-X	8.7
GMV-400WM/B-X GMV-450WM/B-X	13.5

This function falls into two modes: faulty module refrigerant recovery and IDU pipeline refrigerant recovery.

Refrigerant Recovery Mode Code	Refrigerant Recovery Mode Name	Remark
01	Basic module refrigerant recovery	This mode is selected when a basic module fails and it is required to recover refrigerants from this basic module.
02	Indoor unit pipeline refrigerant recovery	This mode is selected when an IDU fails and it is required to recover refrigerants from the IDU pipeline.

When this function is enabled, the ODU automatically starts and recovers refrigerants to the ODU or IDU pipeline.

(2) A6 Unit cooling/heating function

This function sets operation modes of the entire unit, including:

Function Me	ode of ODU	Operation Mode of IDU	
Code	Name	Operation wode of IDO	
nA	Cooling/ Heating	Cooling mode, dehumidifying mode, heating mode, and air supply mode. (Note: The heating mode cannot work with other modes at the same time.) (factory settings)	
nC	Single-cooling	Cooling mode, dehumidifying mode, and air supply mode.	
nH	Single- heating	Heating mode and air supply mode. (Note: The heating mode cannot work with the air supply mode at the same time.)	
nF	Air supply	Air supply mode.	

The user or administrator can set operation modes of the ODU based on actual situations to prevent conflicts.

When it is required to set different refrigerating systems to the same function mode, set the master system according to the above requirements. For the master system settings, see the "Centralized Control Address DIP Switch (SA2_Addr-CC)" section.

(3) A7 Outdoor silent mode

This function is used when users require lower environment noises, including nighttime automatic silent mode and forcible silent mode.

For the nighttime automatic silent mode, the system



automatically judges the highest daytime environment temperature and then starts silent operations in a certain interval to guarantee nighttime low-noise operations. The nighttime automatic silent mode falls into nine categories:

Silent Mode	Code	Starting the Silent Mode X Hours after the Daytime Temperature Reaches the Highest	Stopping the Nighttime Silent Mode after Continual Operations for Y Hours	Noise Degree
Mode 1	01	6	10	
Mode 2	02	6	12	
Mode 3	03	8	8	
Mode 4	04	8	10	Low-noise mode
Mode 5	05	10	8	
Mode 6	06	10	10	
Mode 7	07	4	14	
Mode 8	08	6	8	Low- and medium- noise mode
Mode 9	09	12	10	superlow- noise mode

Note: The highest daytime temperature is generally in 13:00-15:00.

For the forcible silent mode, the system runs in low-noise mode no matter in the daytime or nighttime. The forcible silent mode falls in three categories:

Silent Mode	Code	Noise Degree
Mode 10	10	Low-noise mode
Mode 11	11	Low- and medium-noise mode
Mode 12	12	superlow-noise mode

Note: The system capacity may fall off after the silent mode is set. Therefore, try to balance the noise with the capacity in selecting a silent mode category.

The factory setting is "00".

(4) A8 Aftersales vacuuming mode

This function ensures the vacuum degree of the entire system during maintenance to prevent operation functions of dead zones. Expansion valves and electromagnetic valves of the unit will be enabled after this function is set.

(5) n0 Conservation control 1

System conservation is set when conservation operations are required. The default factory setting is capacity priority control mode. The system capacity may fall off after the conservation mode is set.

Code	Function Name
01	Conservation control – invalid (factory settings)
02	Conservation control - valid

(6) n3 Forcible defrosting operation

This function is set when forcible defrosting is required for the unit during maintenance. After this function is enabled, the system automatically quits based on quitting conditions and then automatically runs based on system conditions.

(7) n4 Conservation control 2

The highest capacity output limitation is set when users require forcibly limiting the system power consumption. The setting scope is as follows:

Code	Highest Output Capacity					
10	100% (factory settings)					
09	90%					
08	80%					

Note: The cooling or heating effect may fall off after the capacity limitation is set.

(8) n5 Indoor unit project number offset

This function sets the IDU project number when multiple refrigerating systems are controlled in a centralized manner (by using a remote monitor or centralized controller), avoiding the same project number between different systems. If the project number is not set, project number conflicts may occur between systems.

This function only needs to be set on the master system, which is the system with the centralized control address SA2 DIP switch being "00000". For details, see the "Centralized Control Address DIP Switch (SA2_Addr-CC)" section.

(9) n6 Fault query

This function queries historical faults of the system. Up to five historical faults can be memorized in time order.

(10) n7 Parameter query

This function queries operation parameters of each module of the ODU in real time.

(11) n8 Indoor unit address query

This function queries addresses of all IDUs through one operation of the ODU.

(12) n9 Online IDU quantity query

This function queries the number of online IDUs through the ODU.

3. Function Setting Operations

Step 1: Open the commissioning window of the master unit panel.

Step 2: Power on the entire unit.

Step 3: Press "SW3" on the master unit to enter the to-beselected status of function settings. By default, the master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LE	ED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode	
A7	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking	

Users can select corresponding functions by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)" on the master unit, including:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A7	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
A6	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
A2	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking



A8	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
n0	Blinking	01	Blinking	00	Blinking
n3	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
n4	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
n5	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

After selecting the functions to be set, press "SW7" to confirm entering function settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A7	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A6	On	nC	Blinking	nC	Blinking
A2	On	01	Blinking	00	Blinking
A8	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
n0	On	01	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
n3	On	00	Blinking	00	Blinking
n4	On	10	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
n5	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Then go to step 4 to set corresponding functions.

Step 4: Set function parameters.

Setting methods of function parameters are as follows:

(1). A7 Outdoor silent mode settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the A7 outdoor silent mode settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Silent Mode Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A7	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Step 2: Select a corresponding silent mode by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)".

LED1		LE	D2	LE	D3
Function Code	Display Mode	Silent Mode Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A7	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	01	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	02	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	03	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	04	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	05	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	06	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	07	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	08	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	09	Blinking	ос	Blinking
A7	On	10	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	11	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
A7	On	12	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Step 3: Press "SW7" to confirm selecting the mode. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Silent Mode Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A7	On	00	On	ОС	On
A7	On	01	On	ОС	On
A7	On	02	On	ОС	On
A7	On	03	On	ОС	On
A7	On	04	On	ОС	On
A7	On	05	On	ОС	On
A7	On	06	On	ос	On
A7	On	07	On	ОС	On
A7	On	08	On	ОС	On
A7	On	09	On	ос	On
A7	On	10	On	ОС	On
A7	On	11	On	ОС	On
A7	On	12	On	ОС	On

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level (press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit).

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

The default factory setting is "00", that is, no silent mode.

(2). A6 Unit cooling/heating function settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the A6 unit cooling/heating function settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LE	D2	LE	D3
Function Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode
A6	On	nC	Blinking	nC	Blinking

Step 2: Select a corresponding cooling/heating function by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)".

LED1		LED1 LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode
A6	On	nC	Blinking	nC	Blinking
A6	On	nΗ	Blinking	nH	Blinking
A6	On	nA	Blinking	nA	Blinking
A6	On	nF	Blinking	nF	Blinking



Step 3: Press "SW7" to confirm selecting the mode. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode
A6	On	nC	On	nC	On
A6	On	nH	On	nH	On
A6	On	nA	On	nA	On
A6	On	nF	On	nF	On

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level (press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit).

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

The default factory setting is "nA" cooling/heating.

(3). A2 Refrigerant recovery operation settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the A2 refrigerant recovery operation settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Refrigerant Recovery Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A2	On	01	Blinking	00	Blinking

Step 2: The default setting is "01". Select "01" or "02" by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)". Press "SW7" to confirm selecting the mode.

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level.

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

1). Indoor unit refrigerant recovery

Step 3: Select "01" as in step 2 to enter IDU refrigerant recovery. Digital LEDs and status LEDs of all basic modules are displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Refrigerant Recovery Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A2	On	01	On	[Module low- pressure Ps]	On

LED3 shows the low-pressure value of a module. If the value is negative, LED3 circularly displays the negative code "nE" and the numeric value every one second. For example, for -30°C, LED3 alternately displays "nE" for one second and then "30" for another second.

Step 4: Close liquid-tube stop valves of all basic modules of the ODU. When the low-pressure value displayed on LED3 continually blinks, quickly close air-tube stop valves of all basic modules and then press "SW7" on the master unit to confirm

completing refrigerant recovery or power off the entire unit.

If no operations are performed after the low-pressure value displayed on LED3 continually blinks for three minutes, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped.

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level for restoring the standby status of the entire unit (press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit).

Note: Another startup is not allowed within 10 minutes after refrigerant recovery.

2). Basic module refrigerant recovery

Step 3: Set the basic module requiring refrigerant recovery to module emergency operation status and close the liquid-tube stop valve of the emergency status module. Select "02" as in step 2 to enter basic module refrigerant recovery. The display is as follows:

LED1		LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A2	On	02	On	Module high- pressure	On

LED3 shows the high-pressure value of the module.

Step 4: When the high-pressure value displayed on LED3 continually blinks (displayed as 0°C if the high pressure is less than 0°C), quickly close the air-tube stop valve of the emergency module and then press "SW7" on the master unit to confirm completing refrigerant recovery or power off the entire unit.

If no operations are performed after the high-pressure value displayed on LED3 continually blinks for three minutes, the entire unit will be forcibly stopped.

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level for restoring the standby status of the entire unit (press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit)

Note: Before the basic module refrigerant recovery operation, users must close the liquid-tube stop valve of the basic module requiring refrigerant recovery.

Another startup is not allowed within 10 minutes after refrigerant recovery.

(4). A8 Aftersales vacuuming mode settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the A8 aftersales vacuuming mode settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED1 LED2		LE	D3
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A8	On	00	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Enter the to-be-confirmed status of system vacuuming mode settings.

Step 2: Press "SW7" to confirm entering the to-be-confirmed status of system vacuuming mode settings. All modules are displayed as follows:



LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
A8	On	00	On	ОС	On

Expansion valves and electromagnetic valves of all outdoor and IDUs are opened, and the entire unit cannot be enabled.

Press "SW6" on the master unit to quit the vacuuming status. Alternatively, the entire unit quits the vacuuming status after 24 hours.

(5). n0 System conservation operation settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the n0 system conservation operation settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n0	On	01	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Step 2: Select a corresponding mode by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)".

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n0	On	01	Blinking	ОС	Blinking
n0	On	02	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Step 3: Press "SW7" to confirm selecting the mode. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n0	On	01	On	ОС	On
n0	On	02	On	ОС	On

If no button operations are performed for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status. (Press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit.)

(6). n3 Forcible defrosting operation settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the n3 forcible defrosting operation settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LED1		LE	LED2		D3
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n3	On	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

Step 2: Press "SW7" to confirm entering forcible defrosting. The master module is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED1 LED2		LED3			
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode		
n3	On	00	On	00	On		

When the unit reaches defrosting quit conditions, the system automatically quits and restores the normal operation control.

(7). n4 Highest capacity output limitation settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the n4 highest capacity output limitation settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LE	D3
Function Code	Display Mode	Highest Output Capacity	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n4	On	10	Blinking	ОС	Blinking

Step 2: Select a corresponding capacity limitation value by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)".

LE	LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Highest Output Capacity Display Mode		Current Status	Display Mode	
n4	On	10	Blinking	ОС	Blinking	
n4	On	09	Blinking	ОС	Blinking	
n4	On	08	Blinking	ОС	Blinking	

Step 3: Press "SW7" to confirm selecting the mode. The master module is displayed as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Highest Output Capacity Display Mode		Current Status	Display Mode
n4	On	10	On	ОС	On
n4	On	09	On	ОС	On
n4	On	08	On	ОС	On

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status. (Press "SW6" in setting status to return to the upper level; press "SW6" after settings are completed to restore the normal operating status of the unit.)

(8). n5 Indoor unit project number offset settings

Step 1: Confirm entering the n5 IDU project number offset settings. The master unit is displayed as follows:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n5	On	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

Step 2: Press "SW7" to send the project number offset command. The master module is displayed as follows:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED	3
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n5	On	00	On	ОС	On

After 10 seconds, the system quits this mode and restores the normal operation mode.

Note: This function only needs to be set on the master system,





which is the system with the centralized control address SA2 DIP switch being "00000". For details, see the "Centralized Control Address DIP Switch (SA2_Addr-CC)" section.

4. Function Query Operations

Step 1: Open the commissioning window of the master unit panel.

Step 2: Power on the entire unit.

Step 3: Press "SW4" on the master unit to enter the query status.

Step 4: Select a function to be queried by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)" on the master unit. By default, the A7 outdoor silent mode is displayed for query.

For example, select the A6 unit cooling/heating function. The display is as follows:

LE	LED1 LE		D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode	ODU Function Mode Code	Display Mode
A6	On	nA	On	nA	On

Step 5: If the n8 IDU address query is selected, the display is as follows. Enter the to-be-confirmed status of IDU project number query.

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n8	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

Press "SW7" and select the IDU project number query on the master unit. The master unit is displayed as follows. Other modules are displayed in normal status.

LE	LED1 LEI		D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n8	On	00	On	00	On

Regardless of the current display status of wired controllers or display panels of all IDUs, the current display status is all switched to the IDU project number. However, it does not influence the settings and operation status of outdoor and IDUs.

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level. The IDU retains the project number display status.

On the master unit, press and hold "SW6" to quit the address display status for all IDUs and return to the upper level.

If no quit button operations are performed on the master unit for 30 minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

Step 6: If the n8 IDU address query is selected, the display is as follow

LE	D1	LE	D2	LE	D3
Function Code	Display Mode	Number of IDUs (Thousands- place Hundreds- place)	Display Mode	Number of IDUs (Tens-place Ones- place)	Display Mode
n9	On	00	On	00	Blinking

The digital LED2 displays the number of IDUs (thousands-place hundreds-place) and the digital LED3 displays the number of IDUs (tens-place ones place). For example, if the number of IDUs is 75, "0075" is displayed.

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

Note: The online IDU quantity query function applies to a single refrigerating system only.

Step 7: If the n6 fault query is selected, the display is as follows. Enter the to-be-confirmed status of fault query.

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n6	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

Press "SW7" on the master unit to confirm fault query.

Select a fault to be queried by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)". LED3 alternately displays the historical fault code and module address in an interval of one second in the sequence of fault records. LED2 displays the fault sequence number. If there not historical faults, LED2 and LED3 display "00" by default. Up to five historical faults can be queried. The faults that can be queried are as follows:

Code	description	Code	description
E1	High-pressure protection	P9	Inverter compressor out- of-step protection
E3	E3 Low-pressure protection		Communication failure between the master unit and inverter compressor driver
U4	Lack of refrigerant protection	P8	Over-high temperature protection for inverter compressor driver module
E2	Discharge low-temperature protection	P7	Temperature sensor failure of inverter compressor driver module
J9	Over-low pressure ratio protection	PF	Charge circuit failure of inverter compressor driver
J8	Over-high pressure ratio protection	HL	DC bus line over-low voltage protection for inverter outdoor fan driver
J7	Four-way valve leakage protection		DC bus line over-high voltage protection for inverter outdoor fan driver
E5	High-temperature protection of compressor 1	H6	Inverter outdoor fan driver IPM module protection



E6	High-temperature protection of compressor 2	HJ	Inverter outdoor fan startup failure
J2	Over-current protection of compressor 2	HE	Inverter outdoor fan phase lack protection
EU	Top high-temperature protection of compressor 1	НЗ	Inverter outdoor fan driver module reset
Eb	Top high-temperature protection of compressor 2	H5	Inverter outdoor fan over- current protection
PL	DC bus line over-low voltage protection for inverter compressor driver	НС	Current detection circuit failure of inverter outdoor fan driver
PH	DC bus line over-high voltage protection for inverter compressor driver	H9	Inverter outdoor fan out-of- step protection
P6	Inverter compressor driver IPM module protection	C3	Communication failure between the master unit and inverter outdoor fan driver
PJ	Inverter compressor startup failure	H8	Over-high temperature protection for inverter outdoor fan driver module
PE	Inverter compressor phase lack protection	H7	Temperature sensor failure of inverter outdoor fan driver module
P3	Inverter compressor driver module reset		
P5	Inverter compressor over- current protection		
PC	Current detection circuit failure of inverter compressor driver		

The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Fault Sequence	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n6	On	01	On		Displayed alternately
n6	On	02	On	Historical fault/ module address	Displayed alternately
n6	On	03	On		Displayed alternately
n6	On	04	On		Displayed alternately
n6	On	05	On		Displayed alternately

"01-05" indicates the fault sequence from the earliest to the latest. $\,$

If there are less than five historical faults, LED2 and LED3 display "00" indicating there are no more historical faults after the last fault is displayed.

In fault query status, press and hold "SW7" for five seconds to clear all historical faults of the ODU.

Step 8: If the n7 parameter query is selected, the display is as follows. Enter the to-be-confirmed status of parameter query.

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n7	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

On the master unit, press "SW7" to confirm parameter query and enter the module confirmation status for parameter query. The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Module Address	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n7	On	01	Blinking	00	Blinking
n7	On	02	Blinking	00	Blinking
n7	On	03	Blinking	00	Blinking
n7	On	04	Blinking	00	Blinking

Select a module for parameter query by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)" and then press "SW7". The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
n7	On	XX	On	Parameter value	Blinking

LED2 displays the parameter code of the module and LED3 displays the parameter value. Parameters are displayed in the following sequence. By default, the outdoor environment temperature value is displayed. Select a corresponding parameter value by pressing "SW1 (UP)" or "SW2 (DOWN)".

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Unit	Remark
01	Outdoor environment temperature	°C	
02	Operation frequency of compressor 1	Hz	
03	Operation frequency of compressor 2	Hz	
04	Operation frequency of outdoor fan	Hz	
05	Module high- pressure	°C	
06	Module low- pressure	°C	
07	Discharge temperature of compressor 1	°C	
08	Discharge temperature of compressor 2	°C	
09	Discharge temperature of compressor 3	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
10	Discharge temperature of compressor 4	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
11	Discharge temperature of compressor 5	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.





12	Discharge temperature of compressor 6	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
13	Operation frequency of compressor 3	Hz	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
14	Current value of compressor 1	А	
15	Current value of compressor 2	А	
16	Current value of compressor 3	Α	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
17	Current value of compressor 4	А	This parameter is invalid for the GMV series.
18	Current value of compressor 5	А	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
19	Current value of compressor 6	Α	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
20	Reserved		
21	Module temperature of compressor 1	°C	
22	Module temperature of compressor 2	°C	
23	Module temperature of outdoor fan 1	°C	
24	Module temperature of outdoor fan 2	°C	
25	Outdoor unit heating EXV1	PLS	
26	Outdoor unit heating EXV2	PLS	
27	Subcooler EXV	PLS	
28	Defrosting temperature	°C	
29	Liquid-extracting temperature of subcooler	°C	
30	Outlet temperature of accumulator	°C	
31	Oil return temperature	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
32	Inlet-tube temperature of condenser	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.
33	Outlet temperature of condenser	°C	This parameter is invalid for the GMV5 series.

Note:

①. If a parameter value is negative, LED3 circularly displays the negative code "nE" and the numeric value every one second. For example, for -30°C, LED3 alternately displays "nE" for one second and then "30" for another

second.

- ②. The discharge temperature and environment temperature are displayed as four-digit values, circularly displaying the higher two digits and the lower two digits. For example, if "01" and "15" are alternately displayed, it indicates 115°C. If "nE", "00", and "28" are alternately displayed, it indicates -28°C.
- ③ . If a parameter is invalid for the unit, "00" is displayed.
- 4 . If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.
- ⑤ . Step 9: If the nb ODU bar code query is selected, the display is as follows. Enter the to-be-confirmed status of ODU bar code query.

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Current Progress/ Mode	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
nb	Blinking	00	Blinking	00	Blinking

Press "SW7" on the master unit to enter the next-level menu selection. The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Module Address	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
nb	On	01	Blinking	00	Blinking
nb	On	02	Blinking	00	Blinking
nb	On	03	Blinking	00	Blinking
nb	On	04	Blinking	00	Blinking

Select a module for query by pressing "SW1 (\blacktriangle)" or "SW2 (\blacktriangledown)" and then press "SW7". The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Current Status	Display Mode
nb	On	Un/Pc	Blinking	-n	Blinking

Note: Un indicates the entire-unit bar code and Pc indicates the controller bar code.

After confirming the module, select a bar code sequence by pressing "SW1 (\blacktriangle)" or "SW2 (\blacktriangledown)". The display sequence is as follows:

Entire-unit bar code (bits 1-13) and controller bar code (bits 1-13), that is, entire-unit bar code header \rightarrow entire-unit bar code (bits 1-6) \rightarrow entire-unit bar code (bits 7-12) \rightarrow entire-unit bar code (bit 13) \rightarrow controller bar code header \rightarrow controller bar code (bits 1-6) \rightarrow controller bar code (bits 7-12) \rightarrow controller bar code (bit 13). The display is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
Code	On	Code	On	Code	On



Example:

Entire-unit bar code: N1R0128150066 Controller bar code: N1M0128150067 The display sequence is as follows:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
nb	On	Un	Blinking	-n	Blinking

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
N1	On	R0	On	12	On

LE	LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	
81	On	50	On	06	On	

LE	LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	
6X	On/Off	XX	Off	XX	Off	

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
nb	On	Pc	Blinking	-n	Blinking

LE	LED1		LED2		D3
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
N1	On	MO	On	12	On

LE	LED1		LED2		D3
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
81	On	50	On	06	On

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode	Parameter Code	Display Mode
7X	On/Off	XX	Off	XX	Off

If a parameter is invalid for the unit, "00" is displayed.

On the master unit, press "SW6" to return to the upper level if there are two levels of menu. Press "SW4" to quit the query status.

If no button operations are performed on the master unit for five minutes, the function setting automatically quits and the unit restores the current status.

Step 4: In query status, press "SW4" to quit.

5. Basic Operations for Engineering Commissioning

5.1 Basic Operations

Basic Operations	Operation Method	Remark
Starting engineering commissioning	Press and hold "SW7" on the master unit for more than five seconds.	
Selecting no- wired-controller commissioning mode	Press "SW4" and "SW5" simultaneously in any commissioning progress after the unit enters the commissioning status.	In this mode, the system does not detect the communication status between the IDU and wired controller any more Commissioning can be performed on the IDU without configuring the wired controller.
Quitting engineering commissioning	In engineering commissioning status, press and hold "SW7" for more than five seconds on the master unit to quit commissioning.	_
Pausing engineering commissioning	In engineering commissioning status, press "SW6" on the master unit to retain the previous commissioning completion phase of the current commissioning phase.	This function is valid after step 9. For example, if receiving a pausing engineering commissioning signal during the process of "10. Pre-startup ODU valve status judging phase" in step 11, the system will restore the completion phase of "9. Pre-startup refrigerant judging phase" in step 10.
Continuing engineering commissioning	In engineering commissioning pause status, press "SW6" on the master unit to continue engineering commissioning.	_

5.2 Restoring Factory Settings

Restoring Factory Settings	Setting Method	Prompt for Successful Settings	Remark
Restoring setting 1	Press and hold "SW8" on the master unit for more than 10 seconds.	All LEDs blink for three seconds.	All factory settings of the ODU are restored and the unit waits for re- commissioning.
Restoring setting 2	Press and hold "SW3" and "SW8" on the master unit for more than 10 seconds.	All LEDs blink for five seconds.	Re-commissioning is not required. The number of outdoor and IDUs is memorized. Addresses of outdoor and IDUs are all cleared. All the other function settings are cleared.
Restoring setting 3	Press and hold "SW5" and "SW8" on the master unit for more than 10 seconds.	All LEDs blink for seven seconds.	Re-commissioning is not required. The number of outdoor and IDUs is memorized. Addresses of outdoor and IDUs retain the preceding settings. All the other function settings are cleared.



II. Function Application of IDUs

Indoor unit functions cover user operation functions and engineering application functions. For user operation functions, refer to operating instructions of the IDU, wired controller, and remote controller.

Engineering application functions include:

SN	Function Name
1	Master IDU query and settings
2	Indoor unit project number query and settings
3	User parameter query
4	User parameter settings
5	Engineering parameter query
6	Engineering parameter settings

Engineering application functions can be operated through the IDU wired controller (XK46 or XK49) or remote controller (YV1L1, fittings selectable).

- (1). Engineering Application Functions Operated through the XK46 Wired Controller
 - 1). Master IDU Settings

The master IDU can be set through the wired controller or remote controller. The methods for setting the master IDU through the wired controller are as follows:

Method 1:

- Step 1: Set an IDU to power-off status.
- Step 2: Press and hold the "MODE" button on the wired controller for more than five seconds.
- Step 3: Check whether the setting is successful. If it is, "MASTER" on the wired controller will be on. Otherwise, repeat steps 1 and 2.



In power-off statusP





"MASTER" is on when the master indoor unit is successfully set

Method 2:

Step 1: Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds in power-on or power-off status to enter the parameter query interface.

Step 2: Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five

seconds in "C00" status to enter the parameter setting interface.

Step 3: Press "▲" or "▼" to switch level 2 parameter codes till "P10" is displayed on the temperature area.

Step 4: Press the "MODE" button to set the parameter to "01" and then Press the "ENTER" button. If the setting is successful, "MASTER" on the wired controller will be on.

Master IDU Display

- ① . For IDUs connected with wired controllers, "MASTER" on the wired controller connected with the master IDU will be on.

Note: After the master IDU is successfully set, stick the "—" flag to the wired controller or unit panel for convenience of user operation and engineering maintenance. This flag is placed in the package bag of the ODU.

- 2). Project number Query and Settings
 - a. Project number query of a single IDU

Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds in power-on or power-off status to enter the parameter query interface "C00". The timer area of the wired controller displays the project number of the current IDU. Synchronously, the double-eight digital LED of the IDU embedded or connected with an LED panel displays its own project number. If the current wired controller works in one-to-many mode, the timer area displays the IDU that has the minimum project number.

- b. Project number of multiple IDUs
- a). Project number query of IDUs in one-to-many mode: Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds in power-on or power-off status to enter the parameter query interface "C00". Press "▼" to switch to "C01". Press the "MODE" button to enter query. The timer area displays the project numberes of IDUs from small to large. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch project numberes. Synchronously, the double-eight digital LED of the IDU embedded or connected with an LED panel displays its own project number.

Note: It is normal if the buzzer of the IDU operated by the wired controller rings. The purpose of ringing the buzzer is to facilitate engineering commissioning personnel to locate the IDU, especially for the IDU without any LED panel because it cannot display its project number.

b). Project number query of IDUs in the entire communication network: Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds in power-on or power-off status to enter the parameter query interface "C00". Press "▼" to switch to "C18". Press the "MODE" button to enter query. The timer area of each wired controller in the entire network displays the project number of the corresponding IDU. Synchronously, the double-eight digital LED of each IDU embedded or connected with an LED panel displays its own project number.

Method for quitting query:

- Quit the "C18" query interface.
- Press the "ON/OFF" button on any wired controller in the network.
 - c. Project number settings of IDU

Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds in power-on or power-off status to enter the parameter query interface "C00". Continuously press the "MODE" button for three





times, and then press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds to enter the engineering parameter setting interface. The temperature area displays "P00". Press "▼" to switch to "P42".

- ◆ Single IDU: Press the "MODE" button. The project number blinks in the timer area. Press "▲" or "▼" to adjust the project number, and then Press the "ENTER" button to confirm and return to the upper-level menu.
- ◆ One-to-many: Press the "MODE" button to enter the IDU selection menu. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch IDUs. Press the "MODE" button to set the project number of the current IDU in the same method as above.
- 3). User Parameter Query

User parameters can be queried in power-on or power-off status.

- a. Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds to enter the user parameter query interface. The temperature area displays "C00" and "View" is on.
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "∧" or "∨".
- c. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter query.

The user parameter query list is as follows:

Table 2.1 User Parameter Query List

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	View Method	
C00	Parameter setting ingress	-	Display mode: Timer area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Note: If the current HBS network consists of multiple IDUs, only the IDU that has the minimum project numbe is displayed.	
C01	Project number query of IDU and faulty IDU location	1-255: project number of online IDU	Operation method: In "C01" status, press the "MODE" button to enter project number query of IDU. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the fault of the current IDU (in the case of multiple faults, they are circularly displayed every three seconds). Timer area: displays (project number conflict C5 fault)/project number of the current IDU (project numberes are arranged from small to large). Special operations: After users press the "MODE" button to enter project number query, the buzzer of the IDU operated by the wired controller will ring till users quit "C01" query or switch to the next IDU.	
C03	Indoor unit quantity query in the system network	1-80	Timer area: displays the number of IDUs in the system network.	
C06	Preferential operation query	00: common operation 01: preferential operation	Operation method: In "CO6" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the preferential operation query interface. Press "^" or "\" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the preferential operation setting value of the current IDU.	
C07	Indoor environment temperature query	-	Operation method: In "C07" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the indoor environment temperature query interface. Press "▲ " or "✓" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the temperature value of the indoor environment temperature sensor after replenishment.	
C08	Prompt time query for air filter cleaning	4-416: days	Timer area: displays the prompt time for air filter cleaning.	
C09	Wired controller adress query	01, 02	Timer area: displays the adress of the current wired controller.	
C11	Indoor unit quantity query in one-to-many mode	1-16	Timer area: displays the number of IDUs controlled by the wired controller.	
C12	Outdoor environment temperature query	-	Timer area: displays the temperature value of the environment temperature sensor of the master ODU.	



C17	Indoor relative humidity query	20-90	Operation method: In "C17" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the indoor relative humidity query interface. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the relative humidity value. Timer area: displays the project number of IDU (project numberes are arranged from small to large). If the HBS network consists of only one IDU, the timer area directly displays the IDU relative humidity value in the "C17" interface.
C18	Indoor unit project number query in the communication network	1-255	Operation method: In "C18" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the IDU project number query interface. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the IDU SN. Cancellation method: ①. If users quit the "C18" query interface within 20 seconds, the project number display is cancelled. ②. If the query interface is quit after 20 seconds upon timeout, press the "ON/OFF" button in power-on or power-off status to cancel the project number display. ③. The method for cancelling the project number display on any wired controller in the network is the same as ②. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the SN of the current IDU (project numberes are arranged from small to large). Timer area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Each IDU/wired controller in the network displays its own project number (the wired controller circularly displays project numberes of IDUs every second from small to large).
C20	Fresh-air IDU outlet temperature query -9 to 99 -9 to 99 Timer area: displays the free lif the HBS network consists		In "C20" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the fresh-air IDU temperature query interface. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU (1-16, project numberes are arranged from

Note:

- ① . In parameter query status, "FAN", "TIMER", "SLEEP", and "SWING" are invalid. By pressing the "ON/OFF" button, users can return to the main interface but not power on/off the unit.
- ②. In parameter query status, signals of the remote controller are invalid.
- 4). User Parameter Settings

User parameters can be set in power-on or power-off status.

- a. Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds. The temperature area displays "C00". Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for another five seconds to enter the wired controller parameter setting interface. The temperature area displays "P00".
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "^" or "\" or "\" and then press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to switch to parameter value settings. The parameter value blinks. Adjust the parameter value by pressing "\" or "\" and then press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to complete settings.
- c. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter settings.

The user parameter setting list is as follows:

Table 2.2 User Parameter Setting List

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remark
P10	Master IDU settings	00: does not change the master/slave status of the current IDU 01: sets the current IDU to master IDU	00	After the IDU connected with the current wired controller is successfully set to master IDU, "MASTER" on the wired controller is on.
P11	Infrared connection settings of wired controller	00: disabled 01: enabled	01	This setting can only be enabled through the master wired controller. When the infrared remote receiving function of the wired controller is disabled, neither the master nor slave wired controller can receive remote signals. The wired controllers can only be operated by pressing.
P13	Wired controller address settings	01: master wired controller 02: slave wired controller	01	When two wired controllers simultaneously control one or more IDUs, the two wired controllers should use different addresses. The slave wired controller (address: 02) does not have the unit parameter setting function except its own address settings.
P14	Group-controlled IDU quantity settings	00: disabled 01-16: number of indoor units	01	This value is set based on the number of connected IDUs. If the current value is inconsistent with the actual number of group-controlled IDUs, an "L9" fault may occur.

P30	Static pressure settings for indoor fan	Type 1: 03.04.05.06.07 Type 2: 01. 02. 03. 04. 05. 06. 07. 08. 09	05	After identifying the IDU type, the wired controller only displays the available static pressure levels. 1. The static pressure levels fall into five levels and nine levels for VRF IDUs. The wired controller only displays the static pressure levels matched with the identified IDU type. 2. When the HBS network consists of IDUs with both five and nine static pressure levels, the wired controller displays nine adjustable static pressure levels according to the maximum control principle. If the static pressure levels received by the IDU from the wired controller, remote controller, or remote monitoring system exceed the setting range, the limit value prevails. 3. During power-on and synchronization, the setting value of static pressure levels is determined by settings of the IDU.	
P31	High-ceiling installation	00: standard-ceiling installation height 01: high-ceiling installation height	00		
P33	Timer function settings	00: common timing 01: time-point timing	00		
P34	Repeating validity for time-point timing	00: single timing 01: repeated everyday	00	This setting is valid only when the timer function is set to time-point timing	
P37	Cooling setting temperature in automatic mode	17°C -30°C	25	Cooling setting temperature – heating setting temperature ≥ 1.	
P38	Heating setting temperature in automatic mode	16°C -29°C	20	Note: The two settings are still valid in remote shielding status.	
P43	Preferential operation settings	00: common operation 01: preferential operation	00	When power supply is insufficient, users are allowed to power on/off the IDU set with preferential operation and other IDUs are forcibly powered off. A fault code is displayed on the IDU that is forcibly powered off.	
P46	Accumulated time clearing for air filter cleaning	00: not cleared 01: cleared	00		

Note:

- 1. In parameter setting status, "FAN", "TIMER", "SLEEP", and "SWING" are invalid. By pressing the "ON/OFF" button, users can return to the main interface but not power on/off the unit.
- ② . In parameter setting status, signals of the remote controller are invalid.
- 5). Engineering Parameter Query

Engineering parameters can be queried in power-on or power-off status.

Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds to enter the engineering parameter query interface. The temperature area displays "C00" and "View" is on.

- a. Within five seconds after "C00" is displayed, continuously press the "MODE" button for three times in an interval less than one second to enter engineering parameter query.
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " .
- c. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter query.

In the engineering parameter query interface, users can also query user parameters listed in Table 3.1.

The engineering parameter query list is as follows:

Table 2.3 Engineering Parameter Query List

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	View Method
C00	Parameter setting ingress (default)	-	Display mode: Timer area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Note: If the current HBS network consists of multiple IDUs, only the IDU that has the minimum project number is displayed.
C02	Indoor unit capacity query	-	Operation method: In "C02" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the preferential operation query interface. Press "▲" or "♥" to switch the project number of IDU. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the current IDU capacity/IDU capacity after adjustment.
C04	Project number query of master IDU	1-255: project number 00: no master IDU	Timer area: displays the project number of the master IDU/00.



C05	Historical fault query ingress of IDU	Five historical faults	Operation method: 1. In "C05" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the historical fault query interface. Press "♠" or "♥" to switch the project number of IDU. Press the "MODE" button to enter fault code query of the current IDU. Press "♠" or "♥" to switch the fault SN. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the fault SN and fault code. Timer area: displays the project number of IDU.	
C10	Static pressure setting query of ODU	00: 0 Pa 20: 20 Pa 50: 50 Pa 80: 80 Pa	Operation method: In "C10" status, press the "MODE" button to enter static pressure setting query of ODU. Press "A" or "\v" to switch the ODU address. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the address of the current ODU. Timer area: displays the static pressure setting value.	
C13	Outdoor unit network number query	1-255	Timer area: displays the network number of the current ODU.	
C14	Temperature query for inlet- tube temperature sensor of IDU	-9 to 99	Operation method: In "C14" status, press the "MODE" button to enter inlet-tube temperature sensor qui IDU. Press "♠" or "♥" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the temperature value. If the HBS network consists of only one IDU, the timer area directly displays the temperature value in the "C14" interface. No matter Fahrenheit or Centigrade remote signals are received, the temperature is displayed in Centigrade. When the wired controller displays the inlet-tube temperature after receiving signals the remote controller, the inlet-tube temperature of the IDU that has the minimum project number in the HBS network is displayed by default.	
C15	Temperature query for outlet temperature sensor of IDU	-9 to 99	Operation method: In "C15" status, press the "MODE" button to enter outlet temperature sensor query of IDU. Press "▲" or "✔" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the temperature value. If the HBS network consists of only one IDU, the timer area directly displays the temperature value in the "C14" interface. No matter Fahrenheit or Centigrade remote signals are received, the temperature is displayed in Centigrade. When the wired controller displays the inlet-tube temperature after receiving signals from the remote controller, the inlet-tube temperature of the IDU that has the minimum project number in the HBS network is displayed by default.	
C16	Opening degrees query of electronic expansion valve of IDU	0-20	Operation method: In "C16" status, press the "MODE" button to enter electronic expansion valve opening degree query of IDU. Press "▲" or "✔" to switch the IDU SN. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the project number of the current IDU. Timer area: displays the opening degree value. If the HBS network consists of only one IDU, the timer area directly displays the open degree value of electronic expansion valve in the "C16" interface. When the wired controller displays the opening degree of electronic expansion valve after receiving signals from the remote controller, the opening degree of electronic expansion valve of the IDU that has the minimum project number in the HBS network displayed by default.	
n2	Capacity configuration ratio upper-limit of outdoor/IDU	35: 135% 50: 150%	Temperature area: displays the parameter code. Timer area: displays the setting value of capacity configuration ratio of the current outdoor/IDU.	
n6	Historical fault query ingress of ODU	Five historical faults	Operation method: In "n6" status, press the "MODE" button to enter fault code query of ODU (when a wired controller controls multiple IDUs, only the faults memorized by the IDU that has the minimum project number can be queried). Press "A" or "\"" to switch the fault SN. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the fault SN and fault code from left to right (1-5, faults are arranged from the earliest to the latest). Timer area: displays the project number of the ODU.	





			Operation method (n7 query is not supported for the slave wired controller): In "n7" status, the timer area is not displayed. Press the "MODE" button to enter parameter query of ODU. The first bit in the temperature area (display bit of the ODU module ID) blinks. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the ODU module ID. Press the "MODE" button to select an ODU module. In this case, the first bit in the temperature area stops blinking, and the second and third bits in the temperature area display the parameter code. The timer area displays a corresponding parameter value. Press "▲" or "▼" to switch the parameter code and press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the ODU module ID and parameter code from left to right. Timer area: displays a corresponding parameter value to the right.			
			Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Unit	
			01	Outdoor environment temperature	°C	
			02	Operation frequency of compressor 1	Hz	
			03	Operation frequency of compressor 2	Hz	
			04	Operation frequency of outdoor fan	Hz	
			05	Module high-pressure	°C	
			06	Module low-pressure	°C	
n7	Parameter query	01-13	07	Discharge temperature of compressor 1	°C	
n7	ingress of ODU	25-29	08	Discharge temperature of compressor 2	°C	
			09	Discharge temperature of compressor 3	°C	
			10	Discharge temperature of compressor 4	°C	
			11	Discharge temperature of compressor 5	°C	
			12	Discharge temperature of compressor 6	°C	
			13	Operation frequency of compressor 3	Hz	
			25	Outdoor unit heating EXV1 (Actual value = Displayed value * 10)	PLS	
			26	Outdoor unit heating EXV2 (Actual value = Displayed value * 10)	PLS	
			27	Subcooler EXV (Actual value = Displayed value * 10)	PLS	
			28	Defrosting temperature	°C	
			29	Liquid-extracting temperature of subcooler	°C	
			30	Outlet temperature of accumulator	°C	
			31	Oil return temperature	°C	
			32	Inlet-tube temperature of condenser	°C	
			33	Outlet temperature of condenser	°C	
A6	Unit cooling/ heating function	nA: cooling/heating nC: single-cooling nH: single-heating nF: air supply	Temperature area: displays the parameter code. Timer area: displays the cooling/heating function setting value of the current unit.			





Operation method (nb query is not supported for the slave wired controller):

In "nb" status, the timer area is not displayed. Press the "MODE" button to enter bar code query. The temperature area displays "nb" and the project number in the timer area blinks. Press "A" or "V" to switch the project number of IDU.

Press the "MODE" button to select an IDU. The temperature area displays "Un" and the timer area displays "-n". Press "▲" or "▼" to display the entire-unit bar code and controller bar code of IDU. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu. The temperature area displays "nb" and the timer area displays the project number of the queried IDU. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button again to return to the upper-level menu.

Display mode:

Temperature area: displays nb/Un/Pc/bar code.

Timer area: displays -n/project number/bar code.

The following is an example:

Example	Temperature Area	Timer Area	Remark 1	Remark 2
	Un (to the right)	-n (in the middle)	It indicates that the following is the entire-unit bar code of IDU.	
Entire-init bar code of IDU N1r0128150066	N1r	0128	It indicates the former seven bits of the bar code.	
	150 066 latter six	It indicates the latter six bits of the bar code.	Press "▼" to display downward	
	Pc	-n	It indicates that the following is the controller bar code of IDU.	and press "▲" to display upward.
Controller bar code of IDU N1r0128150067	N1r	0128	It indicates the former seven bits of the bar code.	
	150	067	It indicates the latter six bits of the bar code.	

Note:

- ① . Un indicates the entire-unit bar code of IDU and Pc indicates the controller bar code of IDU.
- ② . When there is only one IDU, press the "MODE" button in "nb" status to enter bar code query without selecting the project number of IDU.
- ③ . The system quits the query status if no operations are performed in 60 seconds.
- ④ . The bar code query starts from the entire-unit bar code of IDU and ends at the controller bar code of IDU without circulation. That is, the query does not start again even if users press "▼".

Note:

- ① . In parameter query status, "FAN", "TIMER", "SLEEP", and "SWING" are invalid. By pressing the "ON/OFF" button, users can return to the main interface but not power on/off the unit.
- ② . In parameter query status, signals of the remote controller are invalid.

0-9, A-Z, a-z, -

6). Engineering Parameter Settings

Bar code query of

IDU

nh

Engineering parameters can be set in power-on or power-off status.

- a. Press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds. The temperature area displays "C00". Continuously press the "MODE" button for three times, and then press and hold the "FUNCTION" button for five seconds to enter the engineering parameter setting interface. The temperature area displays "P00".
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "♠" or "♠". Press the "MODE" button to switch to parameter value settings. The parameter value blinks. Adjust the parameter value by pressing "♠" or "♠"and then press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to complete settings.
- c. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter settings.

In the engineering parameter setting interface, users can also set user parameters listed in Table 3.2.

The engineering parameter setting list is as follows:





Table 2.4 Engineering Parameter Setting List

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Parameter Range	Default Value	Remark
P15	Power-down memory mode	00: standby after power-down recovery 01: restoring the original status after power-down recovery	00	
P17	Historical fault clearing for IDU	00: not cleared 01: cleared	00	Historical faults of all IDUs controlled by the current wired controller are cleared.
P20	Environment temperature sensor settings for IDU	01: temperature sensor of air return vent 02: temperature sensor of wired controller 03: temperature sensor of air return vent for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply; temperature sensor of wired controller for heating 04: temperature sensor of wired controller for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply; temperature sensor of air return vent for heating	03	When there are master and slave wired controllers and the temperature sensor of wired controller is used, only the temperature sensor of the master wired controller is used by default. Note: ① In automatic mode, the environment temperature sensor settings are invalid for a common IDU but the setting value is memorized. ② The environment temperature sensor settings are invalid for a freshair IDU. The temperature sensor of air return vent is used by default.
P21	Corrected value of environment temperature sensor of IDU (for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply)	-15 to +15	Temperature sensor of unit: 0°C; temperature sensor of wired controller: 0°C	Press "▲" or "♥" to add or reduce by 1°C.
P22	Corrected value of environment temperature sensor of IDU (for heating, fast heating, and air warming)	-15 to +15	Temperature sensor of unit: -2°C; temperature sensor of wired controller: 0°C	Press "A" or "\rightarrow" to add or reduce by 1°C. The temperature sensor of unit and the temperature sensor of wired controller share the same corrected value. In heating mode, corrected value of temperature sensor of unit = corrected value of temperature sensor of wired controller - 2°C.
P32	Capacity adjustment function of IDU	-40% to +40%	00	Press "▲" or "♥" to add or reduce by 10%.
P35	Factory setting recovery for user functions	00: invalid 01: valid	00	Select "01" and then press and hold the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to restore the factory settings for user functions (factory setting recovery fails if remote shielding is valid).
P36	Factory setting recovery for engineering settings	00: invalid 01: valid	00	Select "01" and then press and hold the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to restore the factory status for engineering settings (factory setting recovery fails if remote shielding is valid).
P40	Prevention for heat collection	00: disabled 10: 10 seconds 20: 20 seconds 30: 30 seconds 40: 40 seconds 50: 50 seconds 60: 60 seconds	00	It indicates the number of seconds for enabling the low-level fan every 15 minutes.
P42	Project number settings of IDU	1-255	Automatically generated upon the initial system operation	In "P42" status, press the "MODE" button to enter the setting menu. The project number blinks in the timer area. Press "^" or "\" to adjust the project number. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to confirm settings and return to the upper-level menu.
P45	One-key project number reset for IDU	00: invalid 01: valid	00	When it is set to "01", the wired controller initiates an IDU project number reset command.





P48	Minimum opening degree setting for heating breakdown of IDU expansion valves	00: automatically controlled 1-500		After the default minimum opening degree for heating breakdown is manually modified, the opening degree remains unchanged upon heating breakdown.
P50	Target outlet temperature setting for fresh-air IDU in cooling mode	16-30°C		Operation method: Enter query in "P50" status and press "▲" or "▼" to set the target outlet temperature of fresh-air IDU. The default value is 18°C upon factory departure. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to confirm settings and return to the upper- level menu. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the target outlet temperature of fresh-air IDU.
P51	Target outlet temperature setting for fresh-air IDU in heating mode	16-30°C		Operation method: Enter query in "P51" status and press "▲" or "▼" to set the target outlet temperature of fresh-air IDU. The default value is 22°C upon factory departure. Press the "ENTER/CANCEL" button to confirm settings and return to the upperlevel menu. Display mode: Temperature area: displays the target outlet temperature of fresh-air IDU.
P54	Linked settings for fresh-air IDU	00: no linked control (default) 01: linked control		There is not linked control by default upon factory departure. After the linked control function is set, the fresh-air IDU can be independently controlled.
n0	System conservation operation settings	00: comfortability preferred 01: conservation preferred	00	
n1	Defrosting period settings	40: 40 minutes 50: 50 minutes 60: 60 minutes	50	
n3	Forcible defrosting	00: common 01: forcible defrosting		After settings, it automatically restores to "00".
n4	Highest capacity output limitation settings for ODU	08: 80% 09: 90% 10: 100%	10	Enter query in "n4" status. The temperature area displays the function code and the timer area displays the corresponding function setting value.
A7	Silent function of ODU	00: no silent function 01-09: intelligent nighttime silent mode 10-12: forcible silent mode	00	Enter query in "A7" status. The temperature area displays the function code and the timer area displays the corresponding function setting value.

Note:

- \odot . In parameter setting status, "FAN", "TIMER", "SLEEP", and "SWING" are invalid. By pressing the "ON/OFF" button, users can return to the main interface but not power on/off the unit.
- ② . In parameter setting status, signals of the remote controller are invalid.





7). Failure Display

When a fault occurs during the system operation, the temperature area of wired controller displays the fault code. When multiple faults occur, fault codes are circularly displayed.

When a fault occurs, power off the unit and ask for professional maintenance personnel for help.

The following figure shows the power-on high-pressure protection fault interface.



Power-on High-pressure Protection Fault Interface

Note: If the IDU connected with the current wired controller is
a fresh-air IDU, "FAP" is displayed on the main interface of the
wired controller. Only the outlet temperature can be set for the
fresh-air IDU. For the setting method, see the "IDU Function
Settings" section.



(2). Engineering Application Functions Operated through the XK49 Wired Controller



XK49 Wired Controller

1). Master IDU Settings

Method 1: In power-off status, press and hold the "MODE" button for five seconds to set the IDU connected with the current wired controller to master IDU. If the setting is successful, "[±]" will be on.

Method 2:

Step 1: In power-on or power-off status, press and hold the "MODE" button and "SWING" simultaneously for five seconds to enter the parameter query interface.

Step 2: In "C00" status, press and hold the "MODE" button and "SWING" simultaneously for five seconds to enter the parameter setting interface.

Step 3: Press " \blacktriangle " or " \blacktriangledown " to switch level 2 parameter codes till "P10" is displayed on the temperature area.

Step 4: Press the "MODE" button to set the parameter to "01" and then Press the "ENTER" button. If the setting is successful, "MASTER" on the wired controller will be on.





2). User Parameter Query

User parameters can be queried in power-on or power-off status

- a. Press and hold the "MODE" button and "SWING" simultaneously for five seconds to enter the user parameter query interface. The temperature area displays "C00" and "查看" is on.
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "\square" or "\square".
- c. Press the "SWING" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter query.

For the user parameter query list of the XK49 wired controller, refer to the user parameter query list in XK46 user parameter query.

Note: In parameter query, the function of "SWING" on the XK49 wired controller is equivalent to the function of "ENTER/CANCEL" on the XK46 wired controller.

3). User Parameter Settings

User parameters can be set in power-on or power-off status.

- a. Press and hold the "MODE" button and "SWING" simultaneously for five seconds. The temperature area displays "C00". Press and hold the "MODE" button and "SWING" simultaneously for another five seconds to enter the wired controller user parameter setting interface. The temperature area displays "P00".
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "\" or "\". Press the "MODE" button to switch to parameter value settings. The parameter value blinks. Adjust the parameter value by pressing "\" or "\" and then press the "SWING" button to complete settings.
- c. Press the "SWING" button to return to the upper-level menu till guitting parameter settings.

For the user parameter setting list of the XK49 wired controller, refer to the user setting query list in XK46 user parameter settings.

Note: In parameter settings, the function of "SWING" on the XK49 wired controller is equivalent to the function of "ENTER/ CANCEL" on the XK46 wired controller.

4). Engineering Parameter Query

Engineering parameters can be queried in power-on or power-off status.

- a. Press and hold the "MODE" and "SWING" button simultaneously for five seconds to enter the engineering parameter query interface. The temperature area displays "C00" and "VIEW" is on
- displays "C00" and "VIEW" is on.
 b. In "C00" status, continuously press the "MODE" button
 for three times to enter engineering parameter query.
- c. Select a parameter code by pressing "\sqrt" or "\sqrt".
- d. Press the "SWING" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter query.

For the engineering parameter query list of the XK49 wired controller, refer to the engineering parameter query list in XK46 engineering parameter query.

Note: In parameter query, the function of "SWING" on the XK49 wired controller is equivalent to the function of "ENTER/CANCEL" on the XK46 wired controller.

5). Engineering Parameter Settings

Engineering parameters can be set in power-on or power-off status.

a. Press and hold the "MODE" and "SWING" button simultaneously for five seconds. The temperature area displays "C00". Continuously press the "MODE" button for three times, and then press and hold the "MODE"

- button and "SWING" simultaneously for another five seconds to enter the wired controller engineering parameter setting interface. The temperature area displays "P00".
- b. Select a parameter code by pressing "\" or "\". Press the "MODE" button to switch to parameter value settings. The parameter value blinks. Adjust the parameter value by pressing "\" or "\" and then press the "SWING" button to complete settings.
- c. Press the "SWING" button to return to the upper-level menu till quitting parameter settings.

For the engineering parameter setting list of the XK49 wired controller, refer to the engineering setting query list in XK46 engineering parameter settings.

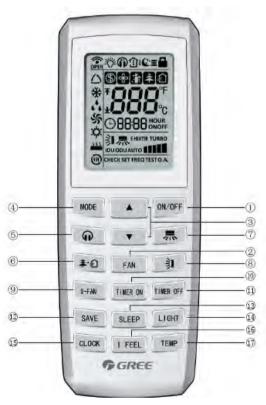
Note: In parameter settings, the function of "SWING" on the XK49 wired controller is equivalent to the function of "ENTER/ CANCEL" on the XK46 wired controller.

(3). Engineering Application Functions Operated through the YV1L1 Remote Controller

The YV1L1 remote controller provides all engineering application functions. It is set to common type by default upon factory departure. It can use engineering application functions only after being set to professional type. The following only describes engineering application functions. For other user operation functions, refer to the "Remote Controller Operating Instructions".

Method for setting the professional remote controller: Press " and " simultaneously in power-off status. If " blinks for three times, it indicates that the setting succeeds.

Method for restoring the common remote controller: Press " and " simultaneously in power-off status. If " blinks for three times, it indicates that the setting succeeds.





No.	Button name	Function
1	ON/OFF	Turn on or turn off the unit
2	FAN	Set fan speed
3	▲/▼	Set temperature and time
4	MODE	Set operation mode
5	P	Set quiet function
6	♣ ·ᡚ	Set health function and air function
7	—	Set left&right swing status
8	्रे।	Set up&down swing status
9	X-FAN	Set X-FAN function
10	TIMER ON	Set timer on function
11	TIMER OFF	Set timer off function
12	SAVE	Set energy-saving function
13	SLEEP	Set sleep function
14	LIGHT	Set light function
15	CLOCK	Set clock of the system
16	I FEEL	Set I FEEL function
17	TEMP	Switch temperature displaying type on the unit's display

1). Master IDU Settings

The master IDU can be set through the wired controller or remote controller. The methods for setting the master IDU through the remote controller are as follows:

Step 1: Set an IDU to air-supply status and set the temperature to 30°C .

Step 2: Continuously press "—" and "+" for three times within five seconds.

Step 3: Check whether the setting is successful. If it is, the LED panel of the IDU will display "UC" for five seconds and "MASTER" on the wired controller will be on. Otherwise, repeat steps 1 and 2.

2). Parameter Query

Engineering application functions cover parameter query and parameter settings.

For parameter query, users can query user parameters and engineering parameters of the unit. The parameter query method is as follows:

- 1) On the professional remote controller of YV1L1, press and hold " occ " for five seconds to enter the parameter query status. The viewing text is displayed. The query code "C00" blinks in the temperature area.
- 2) Press " to switch the query code and select a unit parameter to be queried (see Table 2.5 for parameters that can be queried).
- 3) If the timer area displays query sub-items, it indicates that there are level 2 query menus. Press "______ to enter level 2 query menu selection. The content blinks in the timer area. Press "______ to switch query sub-items and select a level 2 menu to be queried.
 - 4) Press "TEMP" to confirm query and return to step 2.

After entering the engineering application function, the system automatically quits the engineering commissioning status if no valid operations are performed within 20 seconds. To directly quit the engineering commissioning status, press " according.".

Table 2.5 Query Parameters

Query Code	Query Content	Query Sub-item	Level 2 Query Content	
C00		Invalid		
C01	Project number query of the current IDU			
C02	Capaci	ty query of the curre	ent IDU	
C03	Indoor unit qu	antity query in the C	CAN1 network	
C04	Project number query of the master IDU			
		01	Fault 1	
	Historical fault	02	Fault 2	
C05	query ingress of	03	Fault 3	
	the current IDU	04	Fault 4	
		05	Fault 5	
C06	Pref	referential operation query		
C07	Temperature query	for environment ten the current IDU	nperature sensor of	
C08	Prompt tii	Prompt time query for air filter cleaning		
	Static pressure setting query of ODU	01	Module 1	
C10		02	Module 2	
010		03	Module 3	
		04	Module 4	
C11		ty query in one-to-m		
C12	Temperature query	y for outdoor enviror sensor	nment temperature	
C13	C	AN2 bus line ID que	ry	
C14	Inlet-tub	e temperature quer	y of IDU	
C15		temperature query		
C16		query of electronic e	•	
n2	Capacity configura	ation ratio upper-lim and IDUs	it query of outdoor	
n4	Highest ca	apacity output limita	tion query	
		01	Fault 1	
	Historical fault	02	Fault 2	
n6	query ingress of	03	Fault 3	
	ODU	04	Fault 4	
		05	Fault 5	
A6	Unit cooling/heating function			
A7	Outdoor silent mode			

3). Parameter Settings

For parameter settings, users can set user parameters and engineering parameters of the unit. The parameter setting method is as follows:

- a. After entering parameter query, switch the query code to "C00". Press and hold " or five seconds to enter the parameter setting status. The setting text is displayed and "P00" blinks in the temperature area.
- b. Press " ... " to switch the setting code and select a unit parameter to be set (see Table 2.6 for parameters that can be set).
- c. Press " to enter parameter settings. The current parameter value blinks in the timer area. Press " to change the parameter value.
- d. Press "TEMP" to confirm query and return to step 2.





Setting Code	Setting Content	Setting Value
P00	Invalid	
P10	Master IDU settings	00: not changing the current settings 01: setting the corresponding IDU to master IDU 001-255: setting the IDU corresponding to *** to master IDU
P15	Power-down memory mode settings	00: standby after power-down recovery 01: restoring the original status after power-down recovery
P17	Historical fault clearing	00: not cleared 01: cleared
P20	Indoor environment temperature value	O1: temperature sensor of air return vent O2: temperature sensor of wired controller O3: temperature sensor of air return vent for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply; temperature sensor of wired controller for heating O4: temperature sensor of wired controller for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply; temperature sensor of air return vent for heating and automatic mode
P21	Corrected value settings of environment temperature sensor of IDU (for cooling, dehumidifying, and air supply)	-15 to 15
P22	Corrected value settings of environment temperature sensor of IDU (for heating)	-15 to 15
P30	Static pressure settings for indoor fan	Type 1: 03.04.05.06.07 Type 2: 01.02.03.04.05.06.07.08.09
P31	High-ceiling installation settings	00: standard-ceiling installation height 01: high-ceiling installation height
P32	Capacity adjustment function of IDU	-40% to +40%
P34	Repeating validity for time-point timing	00: invalid 01: valid
P35	Factory setting recovery for user functions	00: invalid 01: factory setting recovery
P36	Factory setting recovery for engineering settings	00: invalid 01: factory setting recovery
P40	Prevention for heat collection	00: disabled 10: 10 seconds 20: 20 seconds 30: 30 seconds 40: 40 seconds 50: 50 seconds 60: 60 seconds
P42	Project number settings of IDU	1-255
P43	Preferential operation settings	00: no preferential operation 01: preferential operation
P44	One-key project number setting query for IDU	00: not displayed 01: displayed
P45	One-key project number reset for IDU	00: invalid 01: project number reset
P46	Accumulated time clearing for air filter cleaning	00: not cleared 01: cleared
P47	Prompt settings for air filter cleaning	00: no cleaning prompt settings 10-39: The first digit indicates the pollution degree of the using place and the second digit indicates the accumulated operating time of IDU. The two digits are described as follows: ①. Slight pollution: The first digit is "1". If the second digit is "0", it indicates that the accumulated operating time is 5500 hours. The accumulated operating time is added by 500 hours when the second digit is increased by "1". When the second digit is "9", the accumulated operating time is 10000 hours. ②. Medium pollution: The first digit is "2". If the second digit is "0", it indicates that the accumulated operating time is 1400 hours. The accumulated operating time is added by 400 hours when the second digit is increased by "1" When the second digit is "9", the accumulated operating time is 5000 hours. ③. Heavy pollution: The first digit is "3". If the second digit is "0", it indicates that the accumulated operating time is 100 hours. The accumulated operating time is added by 100 hours when the second digit is increased by "1". When the second digit is "9", the accumulated operating time is 1000 hours.
n0	System conservation operation settings	00: comfortability preferred 01: conservation preferred
n1	Defrosting period settings	40: 40 minutes 50: 50 minutes 60: 60 minutes
n3	Forcible defrosting	00: no defrosting 01: forcible defrosting
A7	Silent function of ODU	00: no silent function 01-09: intelligent nighttime silent mode 10-12: forcible silent mode
n4	Highest capacity output limitation settings	08: highest energy consumption limitation being 80% 09: highest energy consumption limitation being 90% 10: no conservation limitation





4). Engineering Application Functions Operated through the YAD1F Remote Controller

The YAD1F remote controller only provides engineering application functions for setting the master IDU. For other user operation functions, refer to the "Remote Controller Operating Instructions".

The method for setting the master IDU through the YAD1F remote controller is as follows:



a. Button name and function introduction (outside)

a. Batter Harre and random introduction (Catelac)				
No.	Button name	Function		
1	ON/OFF	Turn on or turn off the unit		
2	FAN	Set fan speed		
3	▲/ ▼	Set temperature and time		
4	COOL	Set cooling function		
5	HEAT	Set heating function		
6	SWING	Set swing status		
7	TURBO	Set turbo function		

b. Button name and function introduction (inside)

No.	Button name	Function
1	MODE	Set operation mode
2	TIMER ON	Set timer on function
3	TIMER OFF	Set timer off function
4	LIGHT	Set light function
5	I FEEL	Set I FEEL function
6	X-FAN	Set X-FAN function
7	TEMP	Switch temperature displaying type on the unit's display
8	HEALTH	Set health function
9	CLOCK	Set clock of the system
10	SLEEP	Set sleep function

(For details about the above figures, refer to the instructions 66174100016.)

Perform settings by pressing "▲" and "▼" in air supply mode:

- ① . Set the temperature to 30°C.
- ② . Press "▼" and then "▲" in five seconds. Repeat this operation for three times.

After successful settings, "UC" is displayed on the receiving indicator panel of the remote controller for five seconds and

"MASTER" is displayed on the wired controller.

Part 3 Commissioning Process

Note

- ①. It is forbidden to directly connect the compressor with power supply and forcibly power it on during commissioning and maintenance.
- ②. Engineering commissioning operations must be performed on the GMV5 serial unit. Otherwise, the unit cannot properly run.
- ③ . Before commissioning is completed, the main board of ODU displays "module address 0F A0" and that of IDU displays "A0".
- 4. A module must be set to master module and only one can be set during commissioning.
- ⑤ . An IDU must be set to master IDU and only one can be set during commissioning.
- ⑥ . Other functions can use the factory settings if there are not special engineering requirements.

I. Necessity of VRF Engineering Commissioning

Different form ordinary air conditioning units, the VRF system raises high design requirements and easily incurs operation-affected factors such as impurities and water during engineering installation. Due to the requirements on engineering design/installation complexity and high-precise system control, commissioning is mandatory after engineering installation. Only a qualified unit can be delivered for use.

II. Required Files and Tools for Engineering Commissioning

1. Required Tools for Engineering Commissioning of GREE VRF

Inner hexagon spanner	Digital thermometer
Shifting spanner	Noise meter
Cross screwdriver	Clamp meter
Straight screwdriver	Digital multimeter
Vacuum pump	Electricity meter
Electronic balance	Timer
System high and low pressure gauges for corresponding refrigerants	Step ladder
Wind-speed transmitter	

The GMV5 VRF provides two commissioning methods. One is to perform commissioning by pressing buttons on the main board of ODU. The other is to perform commissioning on a PC through professional software. Parameters of the ODU and IDU can be simultaneously disp.

ayed with the second method. (For details about these methods, refer to respective instructions.)

2. Commissioning Files

The following commissioning files are required to record installation and commissioning of units: pre-commissioning scheme determination meeting minutes, commissioning personnel record tables, commissioning system appearance check record tables, commissioning data record tables, and commissioning reports. See attached tables for file formats.





III. Engineering Commissioning Procedures

1. Step 1: Pre-commissioning Preparations

1.1 Overall Commissioning Plan

Before commissioning, the person-in-charge should learn about the overall engineering progress plan, overall workload of engineering commissioning, possible influence factors in achieving the commissioning progress, and required labors and materials.

1.2 Composition of Commissioning Members

Commissioning members comprise aftersales commissioning personnel and installation personnel.

All commissioning participants must take part in professional training courses before unit commissioning. All participants can be grouped as required and each group should include at least professional commissioning personnel and assistants.

1.3 Preparations of Commissioning Tools and Instruments

- (1). Make sure that the following tools or instruments are prepared before commissioning.
- (2). Make sure that the commissioning software is correct before commissioning.
- (3). The professional aftersales commissioning software provided by GREE should be used for commissioning of GREE VRF system.
- (4). Make sure that all required files and parameter records are prepared.

2. Step 2: Pre-commissioning Check

Installation environment check covers the heat exchange environment of unit and electromagnetic radiant components. All requirements should comply with national and local electrical standards. For any installation incompliance, records should be made for providing an analysis basis during refrigerating system testing.

2.1 Installation Appearance Check

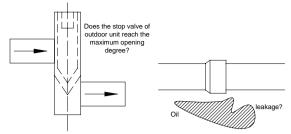
Installation appearance check covers whether pipeline installation complies with specifications, whether refrigerant pipes and condensing drainage pipes are thermal insulated, and whether

Refrigerant pipes should be tidily installed, with outdoor and indoor disperse pipes leaning in the required scope. For any installation incompliance, records should be made for providing an analysis basis during refrigerating system testing.

Refrigerant pipes and condensing drainage pipes should not be exposed. If any pipe is exposed, an immediate amendment is required to avoid serious loss.

2.2 Refrigerating System Check

(1). Before commissioning, make sure that the stop valve of each module reaches the maximum opening degree. Check whether there is any refrigerator oil leakage around the valve. If there is, immediately check for leakage with soap bubbles or leak detectors. If confirming that leakage exists, immediately stop commissioning and solve the problem before continuing commissioning.



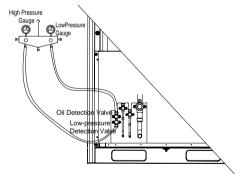
(2). Check system refrigerants before startup.

Before the system is started, connect the liquid-tube valve of ODU with a high pressure gauge and the air-tube valve of ODU with a low pressure gauge, and then read their values. In this case, high pressure and low pressure of the system should be in balance status, and the difference between the saturation temperature corresponding to the balanced pressure value and the environment temperature (the higher in outdoor and indoor temperatures is taken as environment temperature) should not be larger than 5°C. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is required to check the ODU for leakage.

Note: Guarantee that the system has never been started before this test. Otherwise, the high pressure value will be over-higher than the environment temperature or the low pressure value will be over-lower than the environment temperature.

Example:

The outdoor environment temperature is 30°C and the indoor environment temperature is 28°C. The pressure gauges connected with the system show that the high pressure value is 28°C and the low pressure value is 27°C. The difference between the outdoor environment temperature and either pressure value is less than 5°C. It indicates that the system standby pressure is normal.



2.3 Electrical System Check

- (1). Check for high electromagnetic interference, dusts, and acidic or alkaline gas in the unit environment.
- 1). The air conditioning unit can neither share the same power supply system with the equipment containing variable-frequency drives, nor reside near the equipment generating high electromagnetic interference. Otherwise, the air conditioning unit may fail to properly work due to interference. If this case exists, records should be made. In the case of serious influence, the air conditioning unit must be relocated or relevant measures must be
- 2). Prevent acidic or alkaline gas/liquid from rusting cables of the air conditioning unit.
 - (2). Check the installation appearance of power cables.

 Check whether power cables of indoor and ODUs are





installed according to vendor requirements and whether cable connectors are reliably connected. Except the connection part of patch panels, wire exposure is not allowed on any connection part of power cables.

(3). Check the power capacity required for the unit.

The air conditioning unit works at a current much larger than the rated current (the working current changes in a large scope in different conditions). The power grid provides unstable voltages and the line power factor decreases. Therefore, the power capacity should not be less than the maximum power of the unit.

- (4). Check air switches and fuse links for their models and using methods.
- 1). Commercial air conditioning units must be installed with independent air switches, fuse links, and similar protectors. Reasonable models and using methods should be selected for air switches and fuse links.

Remarks:

- c. Air switches work for overload and short-circuit protection. Air switches provide a less breaking current than fuse links and air switches react more slowly than fuse links. The advantage of air switches is that they can be manually reset after a protection action.
- d. Fuse links only work for short-circuit protection. They provide a large breaking current and act slowly. However, fuses must be replaced after a protection action.
- 2). Select air switch models according to the power cable diameter and air switch specifications. In general, the rated current of air switches should be larger than or equal to the load current calculated based on the line, and less than or equal to the persistent current rating allowed by the conductor.
 - (5). Check components in the electric box.

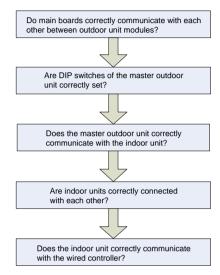
In the case of unit power-off, visually check whether any component in the electric box drops during transportation. Then, check whether any component or cable is loose or drops by hand. For a large-scale unit, power cable terminals of the patch panel and cable terminals connected with connectors must be tightened with a sleeve spanner or screwdriver, and tightened once more after two months of normal operation. Auxiliary contacts of AC connectors cannot be removed because they have been debugged upon factory departure.

- (6). Check the input power.
- 1). Power consistency check: Measure the power supply to be connected with the air conditioning unit for its voltage, frequency, three-phase voltage unbalance factor, and frequency offset. Specifications of the power supply should be consistent with power specifications displayed on the unit nameplate. The fluctuation range of voltage should be within ±10%.
 - 2). Phase sequence check:
 - a. After powering on the unit, measure the grounded voltage value of N-bit on the power patch panel and the voltage value between every two of L1, L2, and L3 bits. In general, the voltage between N-bit and L1/L2/L3-bit should approach 220 V and the voltage between every two of L1, L2, and L3 bits should approach 380 V. If the measurement result does not match the abovementioned normal value, check whether the external power cable is inversely connected between the N wire and one of L wires.
 - b. Observe the code displayed on the digital LED of the main board AP1. If the fault code "U3" is displayed,

it indicates that the phase sequence of the external power cable connected with the air conditioning unit is incorrect. Power off the unit and exchange any two phases among L1, L2, and L3 bits on one end of the external power cable. Power on the unit and observe the code again. The fault code "U3" should disappear.

2.4 Communication System Check

(1). The following communication contents must be checked again before commissioning:



(2). Communication cables cannot be laid out in the same trough as power cables. Communication cables should be independently laid out in hard fire-resistant PVC tubes. The parallel spacing between communication cables and strong electric wires should be larger than 20 cm.

2.5 Installation and Master of Commissioning Software 2.6 Spot Check

	Spot Check for GMV5 Commissioning			
SN	Spot Check Item	Qualified		
1	Is the engineering design diagram complete?			
2	Does the construction comply with the design diagram?			
3	Is the rated capacity of the IDU/ODU of a single refrigerating system within 50%-135%?			
4	Is the number of connected IDUs in a single refrigerating system within 80?			
5	Is the access capacity of a fresh-air unit within 30%?			
6	Does the difference of level between IDUs and ODUs comply with unit design requirements?			
7	Does the difference of level between IDUs comply with unit design requirements?			
8	Is an oil loop installed on the riser every 10 m?			
9	Are long pipes of IDUs and ODUs less than or equal to 165 m?			
10	Is the total length of pipes less than 1000 m?			
11	Is the spacing between the ODU and the first disperse pipe larger than 90 m? If yes, is the corresponding pipe diameter increased?			



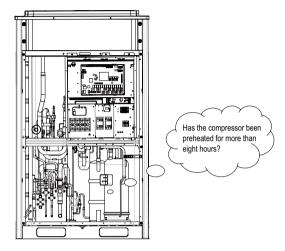


12	Is the spacing between the IDU and the nearest disperse pipe larger than 10 m? If yes, is the corresponding pipe diameter increased?	
13	Does the wall thickness of copper tubes meet design requirements?	
14	Are disperse pipes horizontal or vertical?	
15	Does the diameter of cables connected with IDUs and ODUs comply with unit design requirements?	
16	Do the circuit breaker and leakage switch comply with unit design requirements?	
17	Is the spacing between the power cable and the TV set larger than 1 m?	
18	Do communication cable materials comply with unit design requirements?	
19	Are all communication cables of IDUs and ODUs serially connected?	
20	Is the last-communicating IDU installed with a communication-matched resistance?	
21	What is the load of the selected IDU model?	
22	Is the foundation of ODU firm? Do shock absorption and water drainage comply with requirements?	
23	Are basic modules installed on the same horizontal line?	
24	Does the drainage pipe of IDU retain a 1/100 ratio of slope?	
25	Is the raised height of drainage pipe of IDU less than 85 cm?	
26	Is the drainage of IDU smooth?	
27	Does a U-shaped trap exist in the drainage pipe of IDU?	
28	Are the air outlet and air return vent of IDU connected with soft connectors? Is a plenum chamber installed for air return?	
29	Is the water pipe of IDU installed with an air exhaust vent?	
30	Is "MASTER" stuck to the wired controller or panel of the master IDU?	
31	Does appending refrigerants to the system comply with requirements?	
32	Does the ODU run with static pressure? Has a static pressure value been set?	
33	Has the ODU been preheated for more than eight hours before commissioning?	

3. Step 3: Commissioning Operation

3.1 Precautions

(1). Before starting commissioning, make sure that the unit compressor has been preheated for more than eight hours and check whether preheating is normal by touching. Commissioning can be started only when preheating is normal. Otherwise, the compressor may be damaged. Commissioning must be performed or guided by professional personnel.

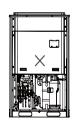


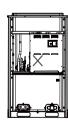
(2). When unit commissioning is started, the system automatically selects an operation mode according to the environment temperature:

Cooling mode when the outdoor environment temperature is higher than $20\,^{\circ}\text{C}$.

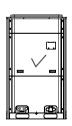
Heating mode when the outdoor environment temperature is lower than 20°C .

- (3). Before starting commissioning, make sure again that stop valves of all basic modules of the ODU have been completely opened.
- (4). During commissioning, the front panel of ODU must be completely covered. Otherwise, commissioning accuracy may be affected (as shown in the following figure).









(5). Before commissioning, make sure that appending refrigerants to pipes has finished completely or for more than 70%.

6) The following table describes progress display of each phase during commissioning:

			Prog	ress Description	on for Commissioning Ph	ases	
	Commissioning Code Progress Code Status Code		de				
	L	ED1	L	ED2	LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
	db	On	01	On	A0	On	The system is in non-commissioning status.
	db	On	01	On	CC	On	The system does not set any master unit, and a master unit should be set.
01_Master unit setting detection	db	On	01	On	CF	On	The system sets more than two master units, and a master unit should be set again.
	db	On	01	On	ОС	On	The system successfully sets a master unit and automatically enters the next step.
	db	On	02	On	Ad	Blinking	The system is assigning addresses.
02_Unit address assignment	db	On	02	On	L7	Blinking	There is not any master IDU, and a master IDU should be set through the commissioning software. If no master IDU is set within one minute, the system will automatically set one.
	db	On	02	On	ОС	On	The system successfully assigns addresses and automatically enters the next step.
03_Basic module	db	On	03	On	01-04	Blinking	LED3 displays the module quantity, which should be manually confirmed.
quantity confirmation for ODU	db	On	03	On	ОС	On	The system confirms the module quantity and automatically enters the next step.
04_Indoor unit	db	On	04	On	01-80	Blinking	LED3 displays the IDU quantity, which should be manually confirmed.
quantity confirmation	db	On	04	On	OC	On	The system confirms the IDU quantity and automatically enters the next step.
	db	On	05	On	C2	On	The system detects communication failure between master unit and inverter compressor driver.
05_Internal communication	db	On	05	On	C3	On	The system detects communication failure between master unit and inverter fan driver.
detection for basic modules	db	On	05	On	СН	On	The rated capacity ratio is over-high between IDUs and ODUs.
	db	On	05	On	CL	On	The rated capacity ratio is over-low between IDUs and ODUs.
	db	On	05	On	OC	On	The system completes detection and automatically enters the next step.
06_Internal	db	On	06	On	Corresponding fault code	On	The system detects component failure of ODU.
component detection for basic modules	db	On	06	On	ОС	On	The system detects that no ODU component fails and automatically enters the next step.
07_Component detection for IDU	db	On	07	On	XXXX/ Corresponding fault code	On	The system detects component failure of IDU. "XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The corresponding fault code is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a d5 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "d5" (two seconds later).
	db	On	07	On	ОС	On	The system detects that no IDU component fails and automatically enters the next step.
08_Compressor	db	On	08	On	UO	On	The system gives a prompt if the compressor preheating period is less than eight hours.
preheating confirmation	db	On	08	On	ОС	On	The system detects that the compressor preheating period is more than eight hours and automatically enters the next step.



	I						1
09_Pre-startup	db	On	09	On	U4	On	The system detects insufficient refrigerants and stops to balance the pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.
refrigerant detection	db	On	09	On	ОС	On	The system detects that refrigerants are normal and automatically enters the next step.
	db	On	10	On	ON	On	Outdoor unit valves are being opened.
10_Pre-startup ODU valve status	db	On	10	On	U6	On	Outdoor unit valves have not been completely opened.
detection	db	On	10	On	ОС	On	Outdoor unit valves have been properly opened.
11_Manually calculated refrigerant perfusion status	db	On	11	On	AE	On	The refrigerant perfusion status is manually calculated (appended refrigerants must be accurately calculated).
12_Unit	db	On	12	On	AP	Blinking	The system waits for a unit commissioning startup command.
commissioning startup confirmation	db	On	12	On	AE	On	The unit is set to manually-calculated refrigerant perfusion commissioning operation status.
13_							No meaning.
14_					_		No meaning.
	db	On	15	On	AC	On	The system is in cooling-mode commissioning operation (the system automatically selects the commissioning operation mode without needing manual settings).
	db	On	15	On	Corresponding fault code	On	A fault occurs on the cooling-mode commissioning operation.
15_Cooling operation by manual	db	On	15	On	JO	On	A fault occurs on other modules during the cooling-mode commissioning operation.
perfusion	db	On	15	On	U9	On	A fault occurs on ODU pipes or valves.
	db	On	15	On	XXXX/U8	On	The system detects pipe failure of IDU. "XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The fault code "U8" is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a U8 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "U8" (two seconds later).
	db	On	16	On	АН	On	The system is in heating-mode commissioning operation (the system automatically selects the commissioning operation mode without needing manual settings).
	db	On	16	On	Corresponding fault code	On	A fault occurs on the heating-mode commissioning operation.
16_Heating operation by manual	db	On	16	On	JO	On	A fault occurs on other modules during the heating-mode commissioning operation.
perfusion	db	On	16	On	U9	On	A fault occurs on ODU pipes or valves.
	db	On	16	On	XXXX/U8	On	The system detects pipe failure of IDU. "XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The fault code "U8" is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a U8 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "U8" (two seconds later).
17_Commissioning completion status	01-04	On	OF	On	OF	On	The unit has completed commissioning and in standby status. LED1 displays the module address; LED2 and LED3 display "OF".

Note: In commissioning status, press and hold "SW3" and "SW4" simultaneously for more than five seconds to enter the no-wired-controller commissioning mode. In this mode, the system does not detect the communication status between the wired controller and IDU.





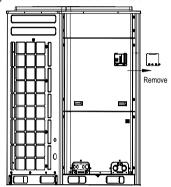
3.2 Commissioning Operation Mode

The GMV5 VRF provides two commissioning methods. One is to perform commissioning through the main board of ODU. The other is to perform commissioning on a PC through professional software. Parameters of the ODU and IDU can be simultaneously displayed and historical data can be stored and queried with the second method. (For details about these methods, refer to respective instructions.)

3.2.1 Commissioning Through the Main Board of ODU

When unit commissioning is performed through the main board of ODU, the main board provides the following commissioning operation functions:

Step 1: Completely cover the front panel of ODU and open commissioning windows of all basic modules.



Step 2: In power-off status of ODU, set the ODU to a corresponding static pressure mode according to static pressure design requirements for outdoor engineering. For details about the setting method, see the "Outdoor Fan Static Pressure Setting DIP Switch (SA6_ESP_S)" section. If there are not static pressure requirements, retain the factory settings.

Step 3: In power-off status of ODU, set one module of ODU to master unit and other modules to sub-modules. For details about the setting method, see the "Master Unit Setting DIP Switch (SA8_MASTER-S)" section.

Step 4: If centralized control is required, set the centralized control address in power-off status of ODU. For details about the setting method, see the "Centralized Control Address DIP Switch (SA2_Addr-CC)" section. If centralized control is not required, retain the factory settings.

Step 5: Power on all outdoor and IDUs. If LED3 displays "A0" on main boards of all modules of ODU and the wired controller of each IDU displays "A0", it indicates that the unit is in noncommissioning status.



LED3

Step 6: Find the module with its address being "01", which is the master unit. On the master unit, press and hold "SW7" for more than five seconds to enter unit commissioning.



Step 7: Wait for the unit to automatically operate commissioning steps 01 and 02.

Exception 1: If the master unit is incorrectly set in step 01, the following faults are displayed in step 01:

		ssioning ode	Progres	ss Code	Status	Code		
-	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		Meaning	
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status		
01_ Master unit settings	db	On	01	On	CC	On	The system does not set any master unit, and a master unit should be set.	
	db	On	01	On	CF	On	The system sets more than two master units, and a master unit should be set again.	
	db	On	01	On	ОС	On	The system successfully sets a master unit and automatically enters the next step.	

According to the above fault symptoms, set the master unit again by referring to the setting method in the "Master Unit Setting DIP Switch (SA8_MASTER-S)" section. Then enter unit commissioning again.

Exception 2: If no master IDU is detected in step 02, the following faults are displayed in step 02:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
unction Code	Display Mode	Current Display Progress Mode		Current Display Status Mode		
db	On	02	On	L7	Blinking	

In this case, all buttons are invalid. Users can set the master IDU through the commissioning software, wired controller, or commissioning remote controller within one minute. If no master IDU is set within one minute, the system will automatically set a master IDU. Then the system automatically enters the next step.

Step 7: When the unit runs to step 03, users need to manually confirm the number of outdoor modules. The main board of each module is displayed as follows:

	Commis	ssioning de	Progres	ss Code	Status Code	
LED1		D1	1 LED2		LED3	
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status
03_Module quantity confirmation	db	On	03	On	Module quantity	Blinking



If the displayed quantity is consistent with the number of actually connected modules, press "SW7" on the master unit to confirm. The main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters commissioning step 04.

	Commis	ssioning de	Progres	ss Code	Status Code		
LE		D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
03_Module quantity confirmation	db	On	03	On	ОС	On	

If the displayed quantity is inconsistent with the number of actually connected modules, check whether communication cables are correctly connected between modules in power-off status. Then perform commissioning again.

Note: It is very important to correctly confirm the number of ODUs. If the confirmed quantity is inconsistent with the actual quantity, the system may improperly run.

Step 8: When the unit runs to step 04, users need to manually confirm the number of indoor modules. The main board of each module is displayed as follows:

	Commis	ssioning de	Progres	ss Code	Status Code		
Drograss	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
04_Indoor unit quantity confirmation	db	On	04	On	Number of connected IDUs	Blinking	

If the displayed quantity is consistent with the number of actually connected modules, press "SW7" on the master unit to confirm. The main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commis	ssioning ode	Progres	ss Code	Status Code		
	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
04_Indoor unit quantity confirmation	db	On	04	On	ОС	On	

Note: It is very important to correctly confirm the number of IDUs. If the confirmed quantity is inconsistent with the actual quantity, the system may improperly run.

Step 9: Unit commissioning step 05 is internal communication detection.

If no exception is detected, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commissioning Code		Progres	Progress Code		Code	
	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
05_Internal communication detection	db	On	05	On	ос	On	The system completes detection and automatically enters the next step.

If an exception is detected, the unit retains the current status and waits for manual troubleshooting. Corresponding faults include:

	Commissioning Code		Progres	Progress Code		Code	
	LE	D1	LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
05_Internal communication detection	db	On	05	On	C2	On	The system detects communication failure between master unit and inverter compressor driver.
	db	On	05	On	C3	On	The system detects communication failure between master unit and inverter fan driver.
	db	On	05	On	СН	On	The rated capacity ratio is over-high between indoor and ODUs.
	db	On	05	On	CL	On	The rated capacity ratio is over-low between indoor and ODUs.

For details about the above troubleshooting method, refer to the "Troubleshooting Method" part.

Step 10: Unit commissioning step 06 is component detection for ODU.

If no exception is detected, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
	LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
06_ Component detection for ODU	l dh	On	06	On	ОС	On	The system detects that no ODU component fails and automatically enters the next step.



If an exception is detected, the unit retains the current status and waits for manual troubleshooting. Corresponding faults include:

	Commission	Commissioning Code Progress Code Status Code					
Drogram	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
06_ Component detection for ODU	db	On	06	On	Corres-ponding fault code	On	The system detects component failure of ODU.

For details about the above troubleshooting method, refer to the "Troubleshooting Method" part.

Step 11: Unit commissioning step 07 is component detection for IDU.

If no exception is detected, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drogrago	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
07_ Component detection for IDU	db	On	07	On	ОС	On	The system detects that no IDU component fails and automatically enters the next step.

If an exception is detected, the unit retains the current status and waits for manual troubleshooting. Corresponding faults include:

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Progress	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Flogless	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
07_ Component detection for IDU	db	On	07	On	XXXX/Corres- ponding fault code	On	The system detects component failure of IDU.

"XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The corresponding fault code is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a d5 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "d5" (two seconds later).

For details about the above troubleshooting method, refer to the "Troubleshooting Method" part.

Step 12: Unit commissioning step 08 is compressor preheating confirmation.

If it is detected that the compressor preheating period is more than eight hours, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next step.

	Commission	sioning Code Progress Code		Status Code			
Drogrago	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
08_ Compressor preheating confirmation	db	On	08	On	ОС		The system detects that the compressor preheating period is more than eight hours and automatically enters the next step.

If it is detected that the compressor preheating period is less than eight hours, an exception is prompted and the main board is displayed as follows. In this case, press "SW7" to skip the waiting time and automatically enter the next commissioning step. However, the compressor may be damaged if it is forcibly started.

	Commission	ssioning Code Progress Code		Status Code			
Drogross	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
08_ Compressor preheating confirmation	db	On	08	On	UO	On	The system gives a prompt if the compressor preheating period is less than eight hours.

Step 13: Unit commissioning step 09 is pre-startup refrigerant confirmation.

If the refrigerant volume meets the system startup requirements, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.





	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drogroop	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
09_Pre-startup refrigerant detection	db	On	09	On	0C	On	The system detects that refrigerants are normal and automatically enters the next step.

If no refrigerant exists in the system or the refrigerant volume does not meet the system startup requirements, "U4 lack of refrigerant protection" is prompted and the main board is displayed as follows. The unit cannot enter the next commissioning step. In this case, check for leakage or append refrigerants till the exception disappears.

	Commissioning Code Progress		ss Code	Status Code			
Dragraga	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
09_Pre-startup refrigerant detection	db	On	09	On	U4	On	The system detects insufficient refrigerants and stops to balance the pressure lower than 0.3 MPa.

Step 14: Unit commissioning step 10 is pre-startup ODU valve status detection.

If the master unit is displayed as follows, it indicates that the unit is being enabled.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
10_Pre- startup ODU valve status detection	db	On	10	On	ON	On	Outdoor unit valves are being opened.

If the master unit is displayed as follows, it is required to check again whether the ODU valves are completely opened.

	Commissioning Code Progr		Progres	Progress Code Statu		Code	
Progress LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning	
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
10_Pre- startup ODU valve status detection	db	On	10	On	U6	On	It is required to check again whether the ODU valves are completely opened.

After confirming that all valves are completely opened, press "SW7" to enter the next commissioning step.

If it is detected that the unit valve status is normal, the main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drogrago	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
10_Pre- startup ODU valve status detection	db	On	10	On	ОС	On	Outdoor unit valves have been properly opened.

Step 15: Unit commissioning step 11 is manually calculated refrigerant perfusion status.

Without operations, the system gives a function prompt and automatically enters the next step.

Step 16: Unit commissioning step 12 is unit commissioning startup confirmation.

To avoid enabling the unit before all preparations are completed, it is required to confirm again whether to enable the unit.

If the master unit is displayed as follows, it indicates that the unit is waiting for enabling confirmation.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drogram	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
12_Unit commissioning startup confirmation	db	On	12	On	AP	Blinking	The system waits for a unit commissioning startup command.

If it is confirmed to enable the unit, press "SW7". The main board is displayed as follows and the unit automatically enters the next commissioning step.

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drograss	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
12_Unit commissioning startup confirmation	db	On	12	On	AE	On	The unit is set to manually-calculated refrigerant perfusion commissioning status.

Step 17: After unit startup confirmation, the system automatically selects the cooling or heating mode according to the environment temperature.

A. If the system selects the cooling mode, the main board is displayed as follows:

	Commissi	oning Code	ning Code Progress Code		Status	Code	
Drogrago	LE	:D1	LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
	db	On	15	On	AC	On	The system is in cooling-mode commissioning operation (the system automatically selects the commissioning operation mode without needing manual settings).
	db	On	15	On	Corresponding fault code	On	A fault occurs on the cooling-mode commissioning operation.
15_Cooling commissioning	db	On	15	On	JO	On	A fault occurs on other modules during the cooling-mode commissioning operation.
operation	db	On	15	On	U9	On	A fault occurs on ODU pipes.
	db	On	15	On	XXXX/U8	On	The system detects pipe failure of IDU. "XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The fault code "U8" is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a U8 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "U8" (two seconds later).

B. If the system selects the heating mode, the main board is displayed as follows:

	Commission	Commissioning Code		ss Code	Status	Code	
Drograga	LE	D1	LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
	db	On	16	On	АН	On	The system is in heating-mode commissioning operation (the system automatically selects the commissioning operation mode without needing manual settings).
	db	On	16	On	Corresponding fault code	On	A fault occurs on the heating-mode commissioning operation.
16_Heating	db	On	16	On	JO	On	A fault occurs on other modules during the heating-mode commissioning operation.
commissioning operation	db	On	16	On	U9	On	A fault occurs on ODU pipes.
	db	On	16	On	XXXX/U8	On	The system detects pipe failure of IDU. "XXXX" indicates the project number of the faulty IDU. The fault code "U8" is displayed after three seconds. For example, if a U8 fault occurs on IDU 100, LED3 will circularly display "01", "00" (two seconds later), and "U8" (two seconds later).

Step 18: If no exception occurs when the unit continuously operates for 40 minutes, the system automatically confirms commissioning completion, stops the entire unit, and restores the standby status. The main board is displayed as follows:

	Commissioning Code		Progress Code		Status Code		
Drogrago	LED1		LED2		LED3		Meaning
Progress	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	Code	Display Status	
17_ Commissioning completion status	01~04	On	OF	On	OF		The unit has completed commissioning and in standby status. LED1 displays the module address; LED2 and LED3 display "OF".





Step 19: After unit commissioning is completed, set unit functions according to the actual engineering requirements on functions. For details about the setting method, refer to the "System Function Setting Method" part. Skip this step if there are not special requirements.

Step 20: Deliver the unit for use and let users know the precautions.

3.2.2 Commissioning Through the Commissioning Software

Step 1: Install commissioning software to the computer and connect monitoring communication cables (for details about the operation method, see the "GREE Central Air Conditioning Commissioning Software" section).

Step 2: Completely cover the front panel of ODU.

Step 3: In power-off status of ODU, set the ODU to a corresponding static pressure mode according to static pressure design requirements for outdoor engineering. For details about the setting method, see the "Outdoor Fan Static Pressure Setting DIP Switch (SA6_ESP_S)" section.

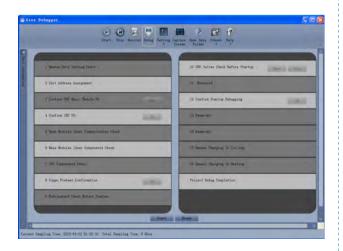
Step 4: In power-off status of ODU, set one module of ODU to master unit. For details about the setting method, see the "Master Unit Setting DIP Switch (SA8_MASTER-S)" section.

Step 5: Power on all outdoor and IDUs. In this case, all modules of ODU display that the unit is in non-commissioning status

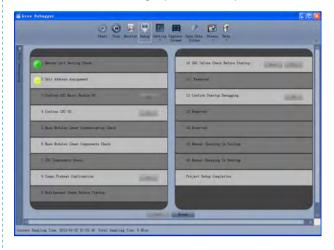


Step 6: Switch the commissioning software to the commissioning control interface.

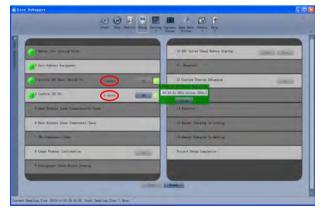
Click "Debug" to switch to the engineering commissioning interface. The unit will automatically operate the commissioning modules listed in this interface from top to bottom and from left to right. Note: The commissioning function only applies to the single-system network.

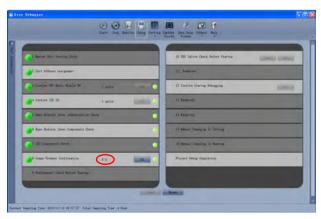


Click "Start" to enter the commissioning function and the software automatically performs commissioning. " indicates that commissioning is being performed on the phase and " indicates that commissioning is passed on the phase.



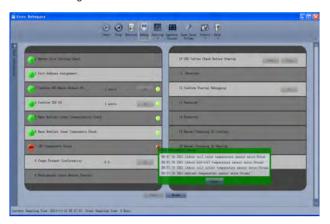
For the phase with "OK" displayed, a manual confirmation is required for entering the next commissioning step. Click " to display relevant information detected on this phase, which provides references for selection. Click "Close" to close the information (the number of commissioning units is displayed in "3 Confirm ODU Basic Module NO." and "4 Confirm IDU NO."; the preheating period is displayed in "8 Compr. Preheat Confirmation").



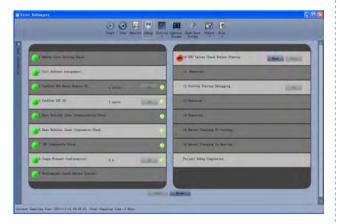




"lead" indicates that commissioning is not passed on the phase and troubleshooting is required (after troubleshooting, the unit automatically enters the next step if no "OK" exists or click "OK" to enter the next step). Click "lead" to display relevant information detected on this phase, which provides references for troubleshooting. Click "Close" to close the information.



During commissioning, click "Stop" to stop commissioning and then click "Start" to continue commissioning till commissioning ends. "Back" and "Skip" are provided in "10 ODU Valves Check Before Startup". When an exception occurs in step 10, click "Back" to return to step 9 and then click "OK" in step 9 to perform commissioning again for step 10. If a U6 fault (valve exception) occurs in step 10, users can click "Skip" to skip the fault. For other faults, "Skip" is unavailable.

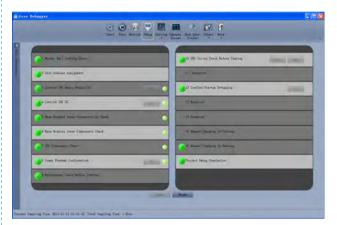




Commissioning steps 11, 13, and 14 are reserved. Steps 13, 14, 15, and 16 are parallel steps (one of the four steps will be selected according to the actual unit).

At last, engineering commissioning is completed when is displayed on "Project Debug Completion".





Note: During commissioning, users must listen to the operating sound of outdoor and indoor fans and compressors to check for exceptions.

3.3 Operations after Commissioning

Sort and save data. Make detailed records of exceptions and troubleshooting methods during commissioning for later maintenance and query. At last, make a commissioning report and hand it over to users.

3.4 Precautions to Let Users Know after Commissioning

- (1). Let users know where the master IDU is located and stick a label to the master IDU. Tell users that modes of other IDUs are limited by the mode of master IDU.
- (2). An ODU that has been in power-off status for more than 24 hours should be preheated for more than eight hours before startup to prevent damaging compressors.



IV. References for Proper Unit Operation Parameters

SN	Commissioning Item		Parameter Name	Unit	Reference Value
1			Outdoor environment temperature	°C	_
2			Discharge pipe temperature of compressor	°C	•When the system compressor is running, the normal discharge pipe or top temperature for cooling is 70-95°C, which is more than 10°C higher than the saturation temperature corresponding to the system highpressure. The normal temperature for heating is 65-80°C, which is more than 10°C higher than the saturation temperature corresponding to the system high-pressure.
3			Defrosting temperature	°C	When the system runs for cooling, the defrosting temperature is 5-11°C lower than the system high-pressure value. When the system runs for heating, the defrosting temperature is 2°C higher or lower than the system low-pressure value.
4			System high-pressure	°C	The normal system high-pressure value is 20-55°C. With the change of environment temperature and system operation capacity, the system high-pressure value is 10-40°C higher than the environment temperature. The higher the environment temperature, the less the temperature difference. When the system runs for cooling with the environment temperature being 25-35°C, the system high-pressure value is 44-53°C. When the system runs for cooling with the environment temperature being -5 to 10°C, the system high-pressure value is 40-52°C.
5		Outdoor unit parameter	System low-pressure	°C	When the system runs for cooling with the environment temperature being 25-35°C, the system low-pressure value is 0-8°C. When the system runs for cooling with the environment temperature being -5 to 10°C, the system high-pressure value is -15 to 5°C.
6			Opening degree of heating electronic expansion valves	PLS	During the cooling operation, the heating electronic expansion valves always remain at 480 PLS. During the heating operation, the adjustable electronic expansion valves change between 120 and 480 PLS.
7	System parameter	rameter	Operation frequency of inverter compressor	Hz	The operation frequency of inverter compressor 1 changes between 20 and 95 Hz. The operation frequency of inverter compressor 2 changes between 30 and 100 Hz.
8			Current of inverter compressor	А	According to different operation frequencies and loads, the current of inverter compressor 1 changes between 7 and 25 A. The current of inverter compressor 2 changes between 7 and 20 A.
9			IPM module temperature of inverter compressor	°C	When the environment temperature is lower than 35°C, the temperature of the IPM module is lower than 80°C. The highest temperature is not higher than 95°C.
10			Driver bus line voltage of inverter compressor	V	•The normal bus line voltage is 1.414 times larger than the power voltage. For example, if the three-phase power voltage is 390 V, the bus line voltage after current rectification is 390 V × 1.414 = 551 V. It is normal if the difference between the actual test value and the calculation value is within 15 V.
11			Operation frequency of fan	Hz	With the adjustment of system pressure, the fans run between 0 and 65 Hz.
12			Environment temperature of IDU	°C	
13		lada. "	Inlet-tube temperature of indoor heat exchanger	°C	•As the environment temperature is different, the inlet-tube temperature is 1-7°C lower than the outlet-tube temperature of the same IDU in
14		Indoor unit parameter	Outlet-tube temperature of indoor heat exchanger	°C	cooling mode. •The inlet-tube temperature is 10-20°C lower than the outlet-tube temperature of the same IDU in heating mode.
15			Opening degree of indoor electronic expansion valves	PLS	The opening degree automatically changes between 0 and 2000 PLS or between 0 and 480 PLS.
16	Communication parameter	Comr	nunication data		•The commissioning software shows that the number of IDUs/ODUs is consistent with the actual engineering quantity, without communication failure.
17	Drainage system		_	_	•The drainage effect of IDU is smooth and thorough, and no adverse- slope water storage exists in condensing drainage pipes. The ODU can implement drainage completely from the drainage pipe, without drops from the unit foundation.
18	Other				No exceptional sound occurs on compressors and indoor/outdoor fans. No fault occurs on the unit operation.





Chapter 4 Maintenance

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Part 1 Failure Code Table 1. System Failure Code Table

			Project commissioning
=			00
Ц	_		
Ш	П		Indoor CO2 sensor fault
_	J		Wired Volume Air outlet CO2 PCB setting sensor fault fault
C) 	Mismatching indoor and ODU models	Volume dial switch setting exception
	E	Warning about poor air quality	Indoor unit Wired Volume network controller dial switch address PCB setting exception exception
. <	τ	Inconsistent series of multi-split IDUs	Indoor unit network address exception
d	ກ	Inconsistent number of multi-split IDUs	Water Indoor unit Wired Volume temperature Jumper cap network controller dial switch sensor fault address PCB setting fault exception exception
a	0	Power supply shortage	Water temperature sensor fault
7		No master IDU	Humidity sensor fault
9		Mode conflict	Exhaust temperature sensor fault
4 ت		Anti- freezing protection	Intake Middle Itemperature terperature sensor sensor fault
		Power supply over-current protection	
ю		Water overflow protection	Temperature sensor fault
c	٧	Auxiliary heating protection	
	-	Indoor , fan protection	Indoor unit PCB fault
C	0	Indoor unit fault (unified)	_
Content symbol	Distinctive symbol		ъ
	~ ~		
		0 1 2 3 4 5	Indoor Indoor Auxiliary Water Supply Anti- freezing overflow protection protection protection protection are a first and a

	>	^			
	2	=			
	τ	3			
	٦	2	te High cover High cover temperature temperature protection protection for for compressor compressor 1 2	Compressor Compressor 1 cover 2 cover temperature temperature sensor fault sensor fault	
	=)	High cover temperature protection for compressor	Compressor 1 cover temperature sensor fault	
	۵	-	Exhaust Exhaust temperature temperature sensor sensor falling falling protection protection for compressor compressor 6		
	-	,	Exhaust temperature sensor falling protection for compressor 5	Compressor 6 current sensor fault	
	ц	-	Exhaust temperature sensor falling protection for compressor 4	Compressor Compressor Compressor 4 current 5 current 6 current sensor fault sensor fault	
	ц	1	Exhaust temperature sensor falling protection for compressor 3	Compressor 4 current sensor fault	
	_	J	Exhaust Exhaus	Compressor	
	C)	Exhaust temperature sensor falling protection for compressor	Compressor 2 current sensor fault	
ode (2)	I	=		Compressor 1 current sensor fault	
GREE VRF Display Code (2)	۵	(High exhaust temperature from for for compressor	Compressor 6 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
REE VRF	σ	ס	High exhaust temperature protection for compressor 5	Compressor 5 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
9	α	>	High exhaust temperature protection for compressor 4	Compressor 4 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
	7	-	High exhaust temperature protection for compressor 3	Compressor 3 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
	œ	>	High High High High High High High exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust protection protection protection for for compressor compressor compressor compressor 3 4 5	Compressor 2 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
	ιc	>	High exhaust temperature protection for compressor 1	Compressor 1 exhaust temperature sensor fault	
	4	٠	Low Low- Low- Arhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust exhaust lemperature remperature femperature for for protection protection protection and protection protection and protection protection protection protection and protection prot		
	ď	>	Low- re pressure protection	Low pressure sensor fault	
	0	1	Outdoor High- Low Low- exhaust pressure temperature protection protection	Φ.	
	·	-	Outdoor High- unit fault pressure (unified) protection	Outdoor High unit main pressure board sensor fault fault	
			Outdor unit faı (unifieu	Outdoor unit main board fault	
	Content symbol	Distinctive symbol	ш	Щ	
	Conter	Distincti	Outdoor		



		>			
		р			
		q			
		⊃			
		۵			
		7			
		ш			
		ш			
		7	Low high pressure protection	Cover Cover temperature sensor falling sensor falling protection for protection for compressor 1 compressor 2	
		O	Water flow switch protection	Cover temperature sensor falling protection for compressor 1	
		н		System clock temperature temperature exception protection for protection for compressor 1 compressor 1	
		A	Exceptional pressure protection	Oil return temperature sensor fault	
3)		o	Low system pressure ratio protection	Heat exchanger exhaust temperature sensor fault	
GREE VRF Display Code (3)		80	High system protection	Outdoor humidity sensor fault	
GREE VRF D		7	Four-way /alve leakagel protection	Air intake temperature sensor 2 fault	
		9	Over-current protection for compressor 6	Air intake Air intake temperature temperature sensor 1 fault sensor 2 fault	
		5	Over-current protection for I compressor 56	Subcooler Subcooler Air intake Air intake Outdoor exchanger Oil return outflow exhaust temperature temperature sensor fault sensor faul	
	4		Over-current protection for compressor 4	Subcooler outflow temperature sensor fault	
	က		Over-current protection for compressor 3	Defrosting Defrosting temperature temperature sensor 1 fault sensor 2 fault	
		2	Other module protection for protection protection protection protection protection protection	Defrosting Defrosting Subcooler Subcooler temperature temperature temperature temperature sensor 1 fault sensor 2 fault	
		←	Over-current protection for compressor 1	Outdoor ambient temperature sensor fault	
		0	Other module protection		
	Content symbol	Distinctive symbol	٦	ď	
	Conte	Dis S)			

	>		
	σ		
	q		
		-	
	<u>σ</u>	Inverter Inverter compressor compressor starting AC current failure protection	Variable frequency fan AC current protection
	٦	Inverter compressor starting failure	Variable frequency fan starting failure
	ш	Compressor drive recharging circuit fault	Variable frequency Fan drive frequency fan out-recharging of-phase circuit fault fallure
	Е	ompressor Inverter drive DC compressor bus low out-of-voltage phase voltage protection protection	Variable frequency fan out-of-phase protection
	٦	Compressor Inverter drive DC compressor drive DC compressor drive compressor voltage phase circuit fault failure	Fan drive DC bus low voltage protection
	O	Compressor drive current detection circuit fault	Fan drive current detection circuit fault
	I	nverter Compressort mpressor drive DC drive bus high rage chip voltage fault protection	Fan drive DC bus high voltage protection
ode (4)	∢	Compressor drive IPM drive IPM and the module temperature temperature temperature temperature temperature temperature protection sensor fault protection	Variable Variable frequency frequency fan out- fan drive of-step storage chip protection fault
GREE VRF Display Code (4)	0	Inverter compressor out-of-step protection	Variable frequency fan out- of-step protection
GREEVR	ω	Compressor drive IPM over- temperature protection	Fan drive IPM over- temperature protection
	2	Compressor drive IPM drive IPM drive IPM drive IPM production sensor fault protection	Fan drive Fan drive PM module temperature protection sensor fault protection
	9	Inverter CompressorCompressor drive IPM drive over-verrent module temperature protection protection sensor fault protection	Variable Fan drive Fan drive fan over- IPM moduletemperaturet current protection sensor fault protection
	5		
	4	Compressor drive PFC protection	Fan drive PFC protection
	ო	Compressor drive module reset protection	Fan drive module reset protection
	7	Compressor Compressor driver driver board power drive board fault failure voltage module (displayed (displayed protection reset on the IDU) on the IDU) (displayed protection on the IDU)	Fan driver board board and fault failure voltage (displayed (displayed protection on the IDU) on the IDU)
	-	Compressor Compressor driver driver board board fault failure voltage (displayed (displayed protection on the IDU) on the IDU) (displayed on the IDU)	Fan driver board failure (displayed) on the IDU)
	0	Compressor driver board fault (displayed on the IDU)	Fan driver board fault (displayed on the IDU)
	ymbol tive ol	۵	Ξ
	Content symbol Distinctive		



		>	
	7		
		2	
	=		
		_	±
	Ц	Ц	Wrong Invalid ompressor Irvalid smergency refrigeran operation injection dial
	-		Wrong compressor Invalid emergency refrigerant operation injection dial
	C	כ	Wrong compressor Ir compressor is set operation inj dial
	3	-	
	<	τ	
(5)	c	n	Outdoor unit oipeline fault
GREE VRF Display Code (5)	0	0	Indoor unit Outdoor unit pipeline faultpipeline fault
GREE VRF	7		<u></u>
	ч	o	Valve exception warning
	5		Refrigerant compressor especial drive board protection address
		t	Refrigerant shortage protection
	е		~ ~
	2		Wrong ODU Power capacity phase code/jumper sequence cap setting protection
	1		
	c	>	Deficient preheating of the compressor
	poq	loqu	D
	Content symbol	Distinctive symbol	Commissioning

	>		
	۵		
	σ	Emergency Restricted shutdown operation	
	Ω	Emergency	
	ם	Remote emergency shutdown	
	۵.	Filter Unit starting Remote Emergency Restricted commissioning emergency shutdown operation shutdown	
	٦	Filter cleaning reminder	
	LL.		Negative Ventilation code
	В	Refrigerant injecting	Negative code
	_		
(9) ∈	O	Heating Cooling	Cooling and Heating Cooling heating model model
GREE VRF Display Code (6)	I	Heating	Heating
= VRF Dis	∢		Cooling and heating model
GREE	6		
	∞	Vacuum mode	Indoor unit project number enquiry
	2	Silent mode Vacuum setting mode	Unit parameter enquiry
	9	Cooling and heating setting	Unite fault enquiry
	2		
	4	Oil	Maximum output capacity
	ю	Defrosting	
	7	After-sales Oil refrigerant Defrosting recycling	Upper indoor/ outdoor capacity ratio
	-		
	0	The unit is not commissioned.	Economic mode setting
	mbol ve	∢	
	Content symbol Distinctive		Status

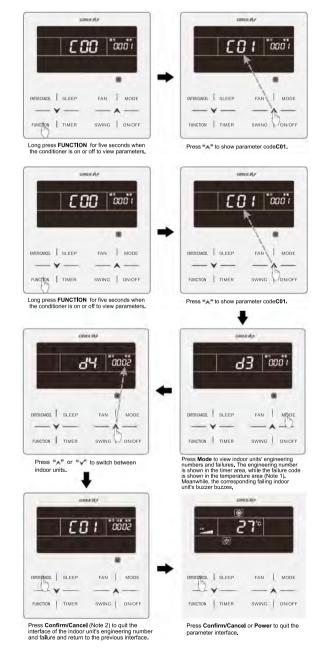
For example, when E4 is displayed on the ODU, find line E and column 4 in the above tables. The fault is shown in the intersection of the line and column: High exhaust temperature protection.

Note: Previous faults in the system can be queried on the main board of the ODU and commissioning software. See n6 Fault Enquiry of the ODU or enquiry function of the commissioning software for the method.

Part 2 Exception and Troubleshooting

1. How to locate a faulty IDU promptly

Use the IDU project number enquiry and faulty IDU locating function to locate a faulty IDU or wired controller's corresponding IDU as follows when multiple IDUs are running in one place:



C01 Indoor project number and fault enquiry

Note 1: If the enquired IDU is normal, no fault code will be displayed in the temperature area; if the unit indoor has multiple





faults, fault codes will be displayed in the temperature area at an interval of 3 seconds.

Note 2: Press the "ON/OFF" button on the interface of IDU project number and fault enquiry to exist the parameter enquiry interface.

2. Exception Analyzing and Troubleshooting

- (1). Form analyzing
- 1). Control

Fault code	Fault	Possible reasons	Solution
F0	Faults in the ODU's main board (such as memory and address chip exceptions)	The clock chip on the main board is damaged. The memory chip on the main board is damaged. The address chip on the main board is damaged.	Replace the small CPU board. Replace the control board. Replace the control board.
FC	Faults in the constant frequency compressor's current sensor	The constant-frequency compressor is not started. The current detection board is faulty. The main board's detection circuit is faulty.	 If the compressor is not started, check if the AC contact is closed. If not, replace the AC contact. If the connection is loose, reconnect it; Replace the current detection board. Replace the main board.
U2	Wrong outdoor capacity code setting	The capacity code is wrong. The dial component is faulty.	Modify the capacity code setting. Replace the main board.
U3	Power phase sequence protection	The three-phase power cable is not connected correctly. The main board's detection circuit is faulty.	Check connection of the power cable. Replace the control board.
UL	Wrong emergency operation dial code	The dial setting is wrong. The dial component is faulty.	③ . Modify the dial setting.④ . Replace the main board.
Co	Communication failure between indoor and ODUs and IDU's communicator	The communication cable is not connected. The communicator is disconnected. The communication cable is poorly connected. The communicator controller is faulty.	If C0 is not displayed on the control board of the ODU, check the network between the IDU and communicator. If C0 is displayed, check the network between the IDUs and ODUs and between the IDU and communicator as follows: ① . Check if the cables connecting the control board of the ODU and the IDU and connecting the IDU and communicator are loose. If yes, reconnect them; ② . Check if the cables connecting the control board and IDU and connecting the IDU and communicator are broken. If yes, replace the cables; ③ . Check the contact of the communication cables; ④ . Replace the control board. If the fault is solved, the control board is faulty. Replace the IDU. If the fault is solved, the IDU is faulty.
C2	Communication failure between main control board and inverter compressor drive	The communication cable is not connected. The communicator is disconnected. The communication cable is poorly connected. The communicator is faulty.	Check if the cable connecting the control board and the compressor's drive board is loose. If yes, reconnect it; Check if the cable connecting the control board and compressor's drive board is broken. If yes, replace the cable; Check the contact of the communication cable connecting the control board and compressor's drive board; Replace the control board. If the fault is solved, the control board is faulty. Replace the compressor's drive board. If the fault is solved, the compressor's drive board is faulty.
СЗ	Communication failure between main control board and variable frequency fan drive	The communication cable is not connected. The communicator is disconnected. The communication cable is poorly connected. The communication cable is poorly connected. The communicator is faulty.	Check if the cable connecting the fan's drive board and the compressor's drive board is loose. If yes, reconnect it; Check if the cable connecting the fan's drive board and compressor's drive board is broken. If yes, replace the cable; Check the contact of the communication cable connecting the fan's drive board and compressor's drive board; Replace the control board. If the fault is solved, the control board is faulty. Replace the fan's drive board. If the fault is solved, the fan's drive board is faulty.
C5	Indoor unit project number conflict warning	Project numbers conflict with each other.	Change conflicting project numbers and ensure that no IDU's project number is repeated.





C6	Outdoor unit number inconsistency warning	Communication cables between ODUs are loose. Communication cables between ODUs are broken. Communication cables between ODUs are poorly connected. The control board is faulty.	If the communication cable is loose, reconnect it; If the communication cable is broken, replace it; Check contact of the communication cable; Replace the control board.
CC	No controlling unit	The SA8 dial switch of the ODU is not switched to 00. The SA8 dial switch of the ODU is faulty.	Switch the SA8 dial switch of an ODU to 00; Replace the control board or switch an ODU's SA8 dial switch to 00.
CF	Multiple controlling units	SA8 dial switches of multiple ODUs are switched to 00. Dial switches of multiple ODUs are faulty.	Leave one SA8 dial switch unchanged, while switch all the other dial switches to 11; Replace the control board.
L7	No master IDU	The master IDU is powered off. The communication of the master IDU fails. The main board of the master IDU is faulty. No master IDU is set in the system.	Check the contact of the communication cable of the master IDU. If no communication failure (C0) is reported, replace the main board. Replace the IDU's main board and reset the master IDU.
C5	Project number conflict	Multiple IDUs share one project number.	Reset the repeated project number (useful when there is no centralized control of multiple systems).

Note: Solution of C5 fault when multiple cooling systems are controlled in a centralized way

When multiple cooling systems are controlled in a centralized way, the C5 fault, i.e. project number conflict, may occur on different cooling systems. In such case, set project numbers of each system and solve the fault as follows:

a. Project number conflict:

When multiple systems are controlled in a centralized way, if two or more IDUs share the same project number, the engineer number conflict occurs. In that case, IDUs cannot be switched to varied modes or be turned on or off. The whole device cannot be started before the conflict is solved. The commissioning software will show the following page:

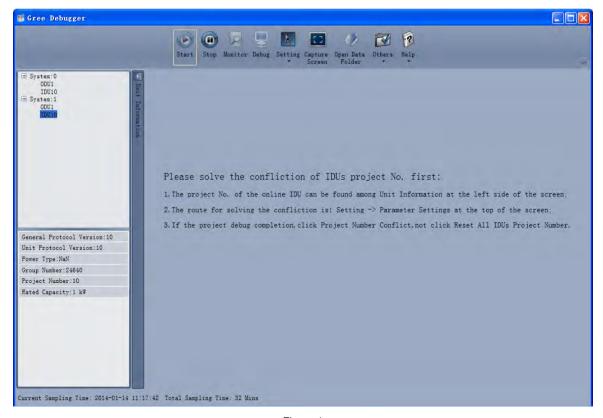


Figure 1



- b. Solution of project number conflict:
- a). Manual setting on the commissioning software:

Use the commissioning software to set IDUs' project numbers separately in every system or reset projects numbers in multiple systems.

Choose Setting -> Parameter Settings, as shown in Figure 2:

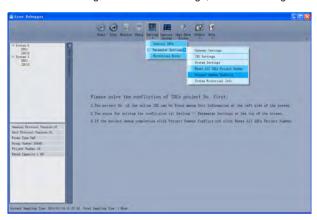


Figure 2

If project commissioning is finished and the IDU where the conflict occurs needs to be set separately. Click Project Number Conflict, as shown in Figure 3. The pop-up box comprises two parts: conflicting IDU box, showing the IDU's project number, system number and time; setting box, showing the IDU project number setting and setting button.

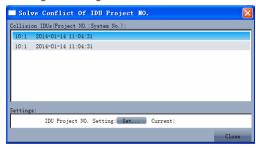


Figure 3

Choose one IDU in the conflicting IDU box shown in Figure 3 and click Set in the setting box. Choose a value in the pop-up box shown in Figure 4 and click Set.

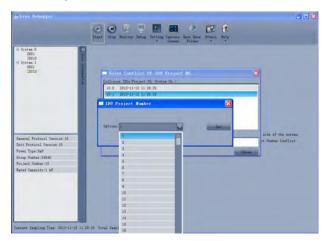


Figure 4

If the conflict is solved, the system will return to the normal

status and IDUs can be operated, as shown in Figure 5:

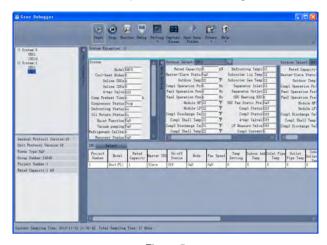


Figure 5

If project commissioning is not finished and all the IDUs' project numbers need to be reset, click Set All IDUs Project Number shown in Figure 2. As shown in Figure 6, the pop-up box comprises two parts: Systems Selection, where you can choose the system to be reset; Settings box, where you can give the resetting instruction.

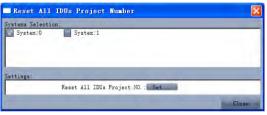


Figure 6

Choose one or multiple systems in the Systems Selection box and click Set in the Settings box, as shown in Figure 6. Click Set, as shown in Figure 7.

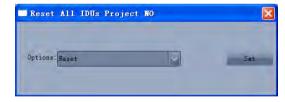


Figure 7

If the conflict is solved, the system will return to the normal status and IDUs can be operated as shown in Figure 5.

b). Manual setting on the communicator and remote controller:

When the project number conflict occurs, you can use the communicator or remote controller to revise project numbers and solve the conflict. See the manual of the communicator or remote controller for the method.

 c). Setting of auto project number deviation on ODU's main board (recommended)

You can set auto IDU project number deviation via the ODU's main board as follows:

 \bigcirc . After the whole system is commissioned, short press SW3 on the controlling unit and the system will enter the standby status as follows:





LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3	
Function Code	LED Status	Progress	LED Status	Status	LED Status
A7	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
A6	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
A2	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
A8	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
n0	Flicker	01	Flicker	00	Flicker
n1	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
n2	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
n3	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
n4	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker
n5	Flicker	00	Flicker	00	Flicker

② . Press SW2 (▼) on the controlling unit and select n5. Short press SW7 to show the following information:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Function Code	Function Code LED Status		Progress LED Status		LED Status	
n5	n5 Solid On		Flicker	OC	Flicker	

③ . When project number deviation is to be confirmed, short press SW7 confirmation button to enter the project number deviation status as shown in the following:

LE	D1	LE	D2	LED3		
Function Code	LED Status	Current Progress/Mode	LED Status	Status	LED Status	
n5	n5 Solid On		Solid On	OC	Solid On	

IDU project numbers in all systems will automatically deviate. The conflict will be solved in about 1 minute and the system will work properly.

The automatic deviation function only works when it is enabled on the controlling unit in the system, of which the centralized control address is 00000.

Note: When there are only a few conflicting IDUs, manual setting is recommended. This method only applies to conflicting IDUs and does only affect other IDUs' project numbers.

In case of many conflicting IDUs, auto deviation is recommended. This method is faster, but may change project numbers of normal IDUs. This method applies for the first commissioning after installation.

Fault code	Fault	Possible reasons	Solution
C2	Communication failure between main control board and inverter compressor drive	The control board is powered off; The compressor drive board is powered off; The communication cable between the control board and compressor drive board is not connected; The compressor drive board's dial switch SA201 is wrong.	Check the power supply of the control board. Replace the control board if it works properly; Check the power supply of the drive board. Replace the drive board if it works properly; Connect the main board and drive board using the communication cable; Adjust the dial switch of the compressor drive board.
P3	Compressor drive module reset protection	The compressor drive board is faulty.	Replace the compressor drive board.
P5	Inverter compressor over- current protection	The drive board's IPM module is damaged; The compressor's UVW cable is not connected properly; The compressor is damaged.	Replace the compressor drive board; Reconnect the compressor's UVW cable; Replace the compressor.
P6	Compressor drive IPM module protection	The drive board's IPM module is damaged; The compressor's UVW cable is not connected properly; The compressor is damaged.	Replace the compressor drive board; Reconnect the compressor's UVW cable; Replace the compressor.
P7	Compressor drive temperature sensor fault	The compressor drive board is faulty.	Replace the compressor drive board.



P8	Compressor drive IPM over-temperature protection	The compressor drive board is faulty; Thermal gel is not applied evenly on the IPM module; The IPM module is not screwed properly.	Replace the compressor drive board; Apply thermal gel evenly on the IPM module; Screw the IPM module properly.
P9	Inverter compressor out- of-step protection	The compressor drive board is faulty. The compressor is damaged.	Replace the compressor drive board. Replace the compressor.
PH	Compressor drive DC bus high voltage protection	Does the voltage of the input power cable of the whole system exceed 460 V; The compressor drive board is faulty.	Lower the voltage of the input power cable to the required range; Replace the compressor drive board.
PL	Compressor drive DC bus low voltage protection	Is the voltage of the input power cable of the whole system lower than 320 V; The compressor drive board is faulty.	Elevate the voltage of the input power cable to the required range; Replace the compressor drive board.
PC	Compressor drive current check circuit fault	The compressor drive board is faulty.	Replace the compressor drive board.
PF	Compressor drive recharging circuit fault	Is the voltage of the input power cable of the whole system lower than 280 V; The compressor drive board is faulty.	Elevate the voltage of the input power cable to the required range; Replace the compressor drive board.
PJ	Inverter compressor starting failure	The drive board is damaged; The compressor's UVW cable is not connected properly; The compressor is damaged.	Replace the compressor drive board; Reconnect the compressor's UVW cable; Replace the compressor.
C3	Communication failure between main control board and variable frequency fan drive	The control board is powered off; The fan drive board is powered off; The communication cable between the control board and fan drive board is not connected; The fan drive board's dial switch is wrong.	Check the power supply of the control board. Replace the control board if it works properly; Check the power supply of the drive board. Replace the drive board if it works properly; Connect the main board and drive board using the communication cable; Adjust the dial switch of the fan drive board.
НЗ	Fan drive module reset protection	The fan drive board is faulty.	Replace the fan drive board.
H5	Variable frequency fan over-current protection	The fan drive board's IPM module is damaged; The fan's UVW cable is not connected properly; The fan is damaged.	Replace the fan drive board; Reconnect the fan's UVW cable; Replace the fan.
H6	Fan drive IPM module protection	The fan drive board's IPM module is damaged; The fan's UVW cable is not connected properly; The fan is damaged.	Replace the fan drive board; Reconnect the fan's UVW cable; Replace the fan.
H7	Fan drive temperature sensor fault	The fan drive board is faulty.	Replace the fan drive board.
H8	Fan drive IPM over- temperature protection	The fan drive board is faulty; Thermal gel is not applied evenly on the IPM module; The IPM module is not screwed properly.	Replace the fan drive board; Apply thermal gel evenly on the IPM module; Screw the IPM module properly.
H9	Variable frequency fan out-of-step protection	The fan drive board is faulty. The fan is damaged.	Replace the fan drive board. Replace the fan.
НН	Fan drive DC bus high voltage protection	Does the voltage of the input power cable of the whole system exceed 460 V; The fan drive board is faulty.	Lower the voltage of the input power cable to the required range; Replace the fan drive board.
HL	Fan drive DC bus low voltage protection	Is the voltage of the input power cable of the whole system lower than 320 V; Is the fan drive board well connected with the compressor drive board; The fan drive board is faulty.	Elevate the voltage of the input power cable to the required range; Connect the fan drive board with the compressor drive board according to the wiring diagram; Replace the fan drive board.
НС	Fan drive current detection circuit fault	The fan drive board is faulty.	Replace the fan drive board.
HJ	Variable frequency fan starting failure	The drive board is damaged; The fan's UVW cable is not connected properly; The fan is damaged.	Replace the fan drive board; Reconnect the fan's UVW cable; Replace the fan.





2. System faults

2.1 System exhaust temperature exception

				Possible reasor	าร			
Fault	Fault	1	Primary reason	Second	ary reason	Tertiary re	ason	Solution
code		Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method	
		1. The stop valve of the ODU is not fully opened as required.	_			_	Manual check	Fully open the stop valve.
			When the IDU is working in the cooling mode and the electronic expansion valve	2.1 The controlling of electronic expansion valve	Reset the IDU. Listen to the sound and touch the tube to see if the electronic	2.1.1 The control wire of the electronic expansion valve is not connected to the main board.	Manual check	Connect the electronic expansion valve's control wire to the main board.
		2. The IDU's electronic expansion valve is not working properly.	is opened to 2000PLS, the exhaust temperature of the IDU's coil is more than 15°C higher than the intake temperature; when the IDU is working in the heating mode and the electronic expansion valve is opened to 2000PLS.	by main board of indoor unit is abnormal.	expansion valve is reset. If it is set, it is normal. Otherwise, it is faulty.	2.1.2 The control wire that connects the electronic expansion valve to the main board is broken.	Manual check	Repair or replace the control wire of the electronic expansion valve.
			valve is opened to 2000PLS, the intake temperature of the IDU's coil is more than 10°C higher than the intake temperature;	2.2 The electronic expansion valve in the mode switcher is fault.	Other reasons	2.2.1 Affected by impurities in the system		Clean the system and clear the impurities. Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
	High exhaust temperature protection			is faulty.		2.2.2 The valve body is faulty.		Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
				3.1 The fluid pipe is blocked.	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature			Replace and solder the pipe.
E4		3. The system pipeline is	The system's exhaust temperature rises and the low	3.2 The air pipe is blocked.	difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.			Replace and solder the pipe.
		blocked.	pressure is too low (compared with the reference value).	3.3 The pipe that	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature	pipe	Cut off the pipe to	Replace and solder the pipe.
				connects the IDU is blocked.	difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.	3.3.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	see if it is blocked.	Replace and solder the pipe.
			The system's exhaust	4.1 Not enough refrigerant				Inject refrigerant as required.
		4. Lacking refrigerant	temperature rises and the low pressure is too low (compared with the reference value).	4.2 Refrigerant pipe leakage	Use the refrigerant leak detector to detect the leak along the pipe.			Stop the leak. Pump out air and inject refrigerant again.
		5. Wrong refrigerant is injected.	Stop the whole system. Test the system's balance pressure 20 minutes later and convert the pressure into the corresponding saturation temperature. Compare it with the outdoor ambient temperature. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is exceptional.	_	_		_	Discharge existing refrigerant and inject the correct refrigerant as required.
		6. Exhaust temperature sensor failure	_	_				Replace the temperature sensor or main board.
		7. The ambient temperature exceeds the scope of temperature required for safe operation.		The outdoor ambient temperature exceeds 50°C.	Measure the ambient temperature.			It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.

						,		
			When the system is working in the heating mode and the	1.2 The controlling heating electronic expansion of the main board	Reset the ODU. Listen to the sound and touch the tube to see if the electronic expansion valve is reset.	1.2.1 The control wire of the electronic expansion valve is not connected to the main board.	Manual check	Connect the electronic expansion valve's control wire to the main board.
		1. The ODU's electronic expansion valve is not working properly.	ODU's electronic expansion valve is opened to 100PLS, the intake temperature of the corresponding liquid-air separator is more than 1°C lower than the low-pressure saturation temperature and the difference between the compressor's exhaust	or the electronic expansion valve of the subcooler is faulty.	If it is set, it is normal. Otherwise, it is faulty.	1.2.2 The control wire that connects the electronic expansion valve to the main board is broken.	Manual check	Repair or replace the control wire of the electronic expansion valve.
			temperature or cover temperature and the high- pressure temperature is smaller than 10°C.	1.3 The body of the electronic expansion valve is not working	Other reasons	1.3.1 Affected by impurities in the system	_	Clean the system and clear the impurities. Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
				properly.		1.3.2 The body of the valve is faulty.		Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
E2	Low exhaust temperature protection	erature	When the system is working		Reset the IDU. Listen to the sound and touch the tube to see if the electronic expansion valve is	2.1.1 The control wire of the electronic expansion valve is not connected to the main board.	Manual check	Connect the electronic expansion valve's control wire to the main board.
	protection		in the cooling mode and the ODU's electronic expansion valve is opened to 200PLS, the exhaust temperature of the IDU's coil is more than 1°C lower than the intake pipe's temperature and the difference between the compressor's exhaust temperature or cover temperature and the high-pressure temperature is smaller than 10°C.	by main board of indoor unit is abnormal.	reset. If it is set, it is normal. Otherwise, it is faulty.	2.1.2 The control wire that connecting the electronic expansion valve to the main board is broken.	Manual check	Repair or replace the control wire of the electronic expansion valve.
				2.2 The body of the electronic expansion valve is not working	Other reasons	2.2.1 Affected by impurities in the system	_	Clean the system and clear the impurities. Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
				properly.		2.2.2 The valve body is faulty.		Replace the body of the electronic expansion valve.
		3. Exhaust temperature sensor failure	_		_	_		Replace the temperature sensor or main board.
		4. Too much refrigerant	Other reasons	Incorrect quantity of refrigerant is injected.	_	_		Check the necessary amount of refrigerant and discharge the unneeded refrigerant slowly via the stop valve of the fluid pipe.

2.2 Pressure exception

			Possible reasons							
Fault	Fault	Primary reason		Secondary reason		Tertiary reason		Solution		
code		Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method			
1	High pressure	1. The stop valve of the ODU is not fully opened as required.			_		Manual check	Fully open the stop valve.		





							,	
				2.1. The system	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel	2.1.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.
			The system's exhaust pressure	air pipeline is blocked.	the temperature difference. The difference is large.	2.1.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	pipe and check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.
		2. The system pipeline is blocked.	rises and the low pressure is too low (compared with the	2.2 The fluid pipe is blocked.	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.			Replace and solder the pipe.
			reference value).	2.4 The pipe that	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel	2.4.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.
				is blocked.	the temperature difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.	2.4.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	pipe and check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.
		3. The ambient		3.1 In the cooling mode, the outdoor temperature is over 50°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	_		It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.
		temperature is too high.		3.2 In the heating mode, the actual ambient temperature of the IDU's return air is over 30°C.	Measure the temperature of the unit's return air.	_	_	It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.
		4. The pressure		4.1 The high pressure sensor is faulty.	Stop the whole system. Test the system's balance pressure 20 minutes later and convert the pressure into the corresponding saturation temperature. Compare it with the outdoor ambient temperature. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is exceptional.	_		Replace the high pressure sensor.
E1	High pressure protection	sensor is faulty.		4.2 The high pressure and low pressure sensors are connected reversely.	Connect the stop valve of the module fluid pipe and air pipe to the high and low pressure gauges and transform the readings into corresponding temperatures. Compare them to the high- and low-temperatures tested by the system. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is exceptional.			Reconnect the high- and low-press26ure sensors.
		5. The high pressure switch is faulty.	E1 protection is displayed on the unit when it is powered on.	5.1 The high pressure switch is	_	5.1.1 The pressure switch is not connected to the main board.		Reconnect it.
				not connected to the main board.	_	5.1.2 The connect wire between the pressure switch and main board is faulty.		Reconnect them with the wire.
				5.2 The high pressure switch is damaged.				Replace the pressure switch.
						6.1.1 The power cable connecting the motor and main board is loose.	Manual check	Reconnect the motor with the power cable.
				6.1 The IDU's fan is faulty.	Manual check	6.1.2 The electric capacity is not connected or is damaged.	Manual check	Connect or replace the electric capacity.
			A. The ODU's			6.1.3 The motor is damaged.	Other reasons	Replace the motor.
		6. The fan is not working properly.	fan does not work in the cooling mode. B. The IDU's motor does not work in			6.2.1 The fan motor is not properly connected with the control board of the motor with the power cable.	Manual check	Reconnect it properly.
			the heating mode.	6.2 The ODU's fan is faulty.	Manual check	6.2.2 The fan motor is not properly connected with the control board of the motor with the signal feedback cable.	Manual check	Reconnect it properly.
						6.2.3 The control board of the fan's motor is damaged. 6.2.4 The main board	Manual check	Replace the control board of the motor.
						of the fan's motor is damaged.	Other reasons	Replace the motor.





E1	High pressure protection	7. Too much refrigerant	Other reasons	Incorrect quantity of refrigerant is injected.			Check the necessary amount of refrigerant and discharge unneeded refrigerant slowly via the stop valve of the fluid pipe.
		range.		1.1 The outdoor ambient temperature in the cooling mode is lower than -10°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	_	 It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.
JL	Low high pressure protection			1.2 The indoor ambient temperature in the heating mode is lower than 5°C.	Measure the temperature of the unit's return air.		 It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.
		2. Not enough refrigerant					Locate the leak and inject refrigerant.

					Possible reasons			
Fault	Fault	Primary	reason	8	Secondary reason	Tertiary reas	on	Solution
code		Description	Confirmation method	Description Confirmation method		Description Confirmation method		
		1. The stop valve of the ODU is not fully opened as required.		_			Manual check	Fully open the stop valve.
				2.1. The system	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel	2.1.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.
			The system's exhaust	air pipeline is blocked.	the temperature difference. The difference is large.	2.1.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	pipe and check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.
		2. The system pipeline is blocked.	pressure rises and the low pressure is too low (compared with the	2.2 The fluid pipe is blocked.	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.	_		Replace and solder the pipe.
			reference value).	2.4 The pipe that	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel	2.4.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.
				connects the IDU is blocked.	the temperature difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.	2.4.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	pipe and check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.
E3	Low- pressure Protection	3. The ambient temperature is too low.		3.1 The outdoor ambient temperature is lower than -25°C in the heating mode.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	_	_	It is a normal phenomenon caused by the protection function.
		4. The pressure sensor is faulty.		4.1 The low pressure sensor is faulty.	Stop the whole system. Test the system's balance pressure 20 minutes later and convert the pressure into the corresponding saturation temperature. Compare it with the outdoor ambient temperature. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is exceptional.		_	Replace the high pressure sensor.
				4.2 The high pressure and low pressure sensors are connected reversely.	Connect the stop valves of the module high- and low-pressure air pipes to the high and low pressure gauges and transform the readings into corresponding temperatures. Compare them to the high- and low-temperatures tested by the system. If the difference is larger than 5°C, it is exceptional.	_	_	Reconnect the high- and low-pressure sensors.





				6.1 The IDU's fan		6.1.1 The power cable connecting the motor and main board is loose.	Manual check	Reconnect the motor with the power cable.
				6.1 The IDU's fan is faulty.	Manual check	6.1.2 The electric capacity is not connected or is damaged.	Manual check	Connect or replace the electric capacity.
	6. The fan is not working properly.		A. The IDU's			6.1.3 The motor is damaged.	Other reasons	Replace the motor.
		fan does not work in the cooling mode. B. The ODU's fan does not			6.2.1 The fan motor is not properly connected with the control board of the motor.	Manual check	Reconnect it properly.	
E3	Low- pressure Protection		work in the heating mode.	6.2 The ODU's fan is faulty.	Manual check	6.2.2 The fan motor is not properly connected with the control board of the motor with the communication feedback cable.	Manual check	Reconnect it properly.
						6.2.3 The control board of the fan's motor is damaged.	Manual check	Replace the control board of the motor.
						6.2.4 The main board of the fan's motor is damaged.	Other reasons	Replace the motor.
		7. Not enough refrigerant	Other reasons	Incorrect quantity of refrigerant is injected.		_		Check the necessary amount of refrigerant and inject refrigerant slowly via the stop valve of the low- pressure air pipe.

2.3 Poor cooling/heating performance

				Po	ossible reasons			
Feedback from	Exception	Primary	reason	Second	dary reason	Tertiary reas	son	Solution
user		Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method	Description	Confirmation method	
A. When the IDU is working in the cooling mode and the electronic expansion valve is opened to 2000PLS, the exhaust temperature of the IDU's coil is more than 5°C	A. When the IDU	1. The stop valve of the ODU is not fully opened as required.			_		Manual check	Fully open the stop valve.
			2.1. The system air pipeline is	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel	2.1.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.	
	exhaust temperature of the IDU's coil	2. The system pipeline is blocked.		blocked.	the temperature difference. The difference is large.	2.1.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.
Poor heating/ cooling performance	higher than the intake temperature; B. when the IDU is working in the heating mode and the electronic expansion valve is opened to 2PLS, the intake temperature of the IDU's coil is			2.2 The fluid pipe is blocked.	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.			Replace and solder the pipe.
1	more than 12°C lower than the saturation temperature corresponding to the high pressure:			2.4 The pipe that	Touch the pipe along the flowing direction of refrigerant to feel the temperature	2.4.1 The block is caused by solder.	Cut off the	Replace and solder the pipe.
	high pressure;			connects the IDU is blocked.	difference. The difference is large or part of the pipe is frosting.	2.4.2 The pipeline is blocked by impurities.	pipe and check it.	Replace and solder the pipe.



Poor heating/ cooling performance				3.1 The ambient temperature of the IDU that works in the cooling mode is higher than 32°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	3.1.1 The system has worked for less than 1 hour. 3.1.2 An improper system is selected.		It is a normal phenomenon. Choose another system with larger power.	
		in the heating mode			3.2 The outdoor ambient temperature in the cooling mode is higher than 40°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	_		It is a normal phenomenon.
					3.3 The ambient temperature of the IDU that works in the heating mode is lower than 12°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.	3.3.1 The system has worked for less than 2 hours.		It is a normal phenomenon.
							3.3.2 An improper system is selected.		Choose another system with larger power.
	heating/				3.4 The outdoor ambient temperature in the heating mode is lower than -7°C.	Measure the outdoor ambient temperature.			It is a normal phenomenon.
			4. Poor airflow distribution design		4.1 The air intake and return inlet of the ODU are too close to each other, affecting the heat exchange performance of the unit.	Check the distance.	_	_	Re-design the airflow distribution.
					4.2 The air intake and return inlet of the IDU are too close to each other, causing poor heat exchange of the unit.	Check the distance.	_		Re-design the airflow distribution.
			7. Not enough refrigerant	Other reasons	Incorrect quantity of refrigerant is injected.				Check the necessary amount of refrigerant and inject refrigerant slowly via the stop valve of the low- pressure air pipe.



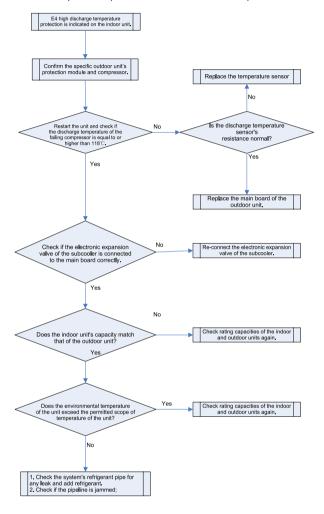


(2). Flowchart analyzing

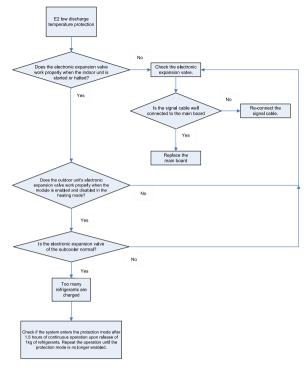
1). High exhaust temperature protection (E4)

When the system shows high exhaust temperature protection for compressor, the IDU will show high exhaust temperature fault E4, while the IDU will show the specific faulty compressor.

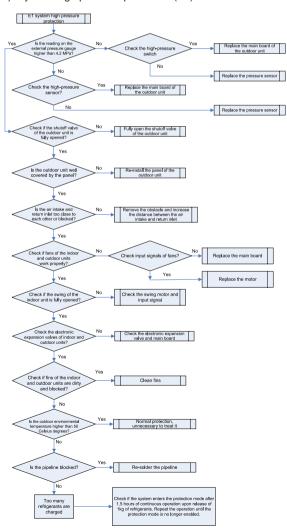
For example, when high exhaust temperature protection is enabled on compressor 2# of module 3# of the ODU, IDUs will show E4 and the module will show E6, indicating that high exhaust temperature protection is enabled on compressor 2#.



2). Low exhaust temperature protection (E2)



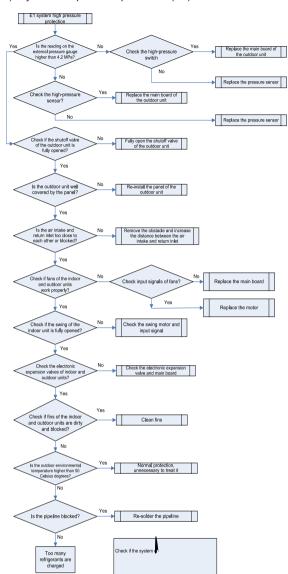
3). System high pressure protection (E1)





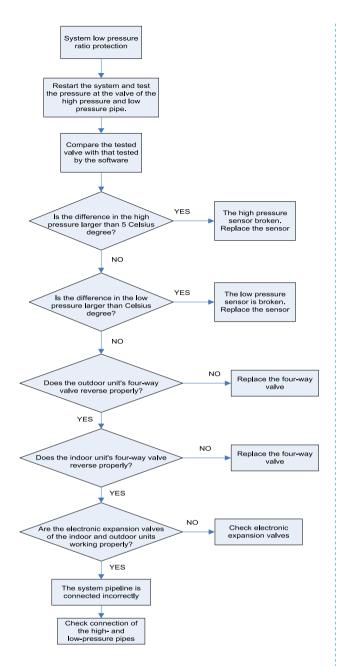
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4). System low pressure protection (E3)

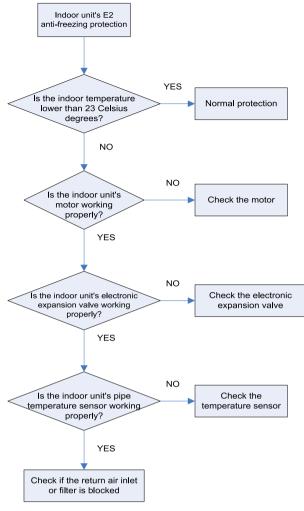




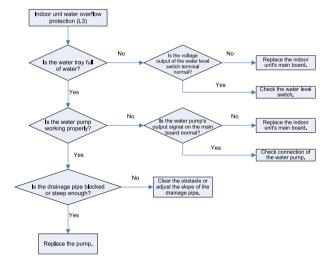




8). Indoor unit anti-freezing protection (L5)



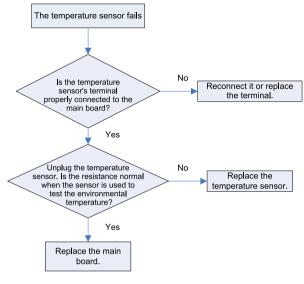
9). Indoor unit water overflow protection (L3)



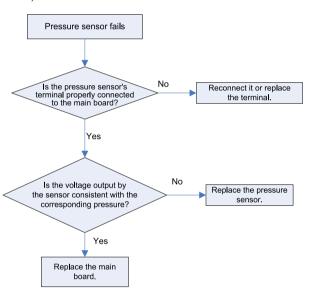


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10). Temperature sensor fault



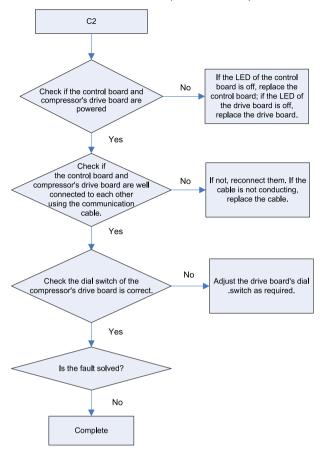
11). Pressure sensor fault



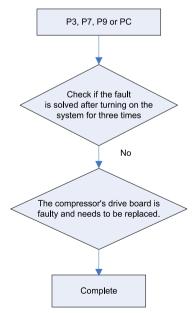
12). Analyzing of drive control system faults

When the unit fails and halts, first check the two-digit nixie tube of the control board and fault table to find out the specific fault. Then check and solve the fault according to the following methods.

 a. Communication failure between the compressor's drive board and control board (outdoor fault C2)

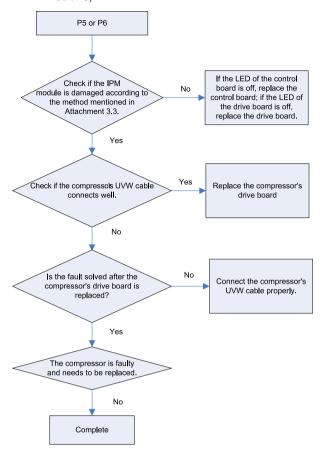


Faults in the IPM temperature sensor of the variable-frequency compressor's drive board (IDU fault P7), current detection circuit (ODU fault PC), drive module reset protection (ODU fault P3) and out-of-step protection (ODU fault P9)





 c. Variable-frequency compressor over-current protection (ODU fault P5) and IPM module protection faults (ODU fault P6)

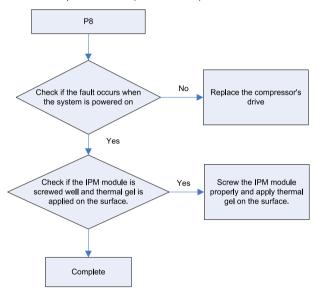


Attachment: How to check whether the IPM module is damaged

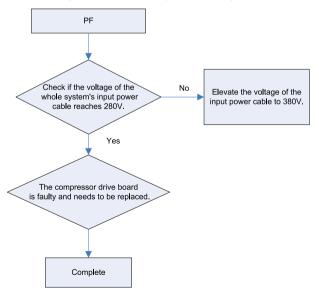
- a). Preparation: Find a digital multi-meter and switch it to the diode. Remove U, V and W cables of the compressor from the drive board two minutes after the system is powered off. Make sure that it is tested at least two minutes after the system is powered off.
- b). Method: Use the black probe of the multi-meter to touch the place marked by P in the follow picture and the red probe to touch places marked by U, V and W respectively and record readings of the multi-meter. Use the red probe to touch the place marked by N and black probe to touch places marked by U, V and W respectively and record readings of the multi-meter.
- c). Analyzing: If the reading ranges between 0.3 V and 0.7 V in the above-mentioned six scenarios, the IPM module is normal. If the reading is 0 in one or multiple scenarios, the IPM module is damaged.



 d. Variable-frequency compressor drive board IPM overtemperature fault (ODU fault P8)



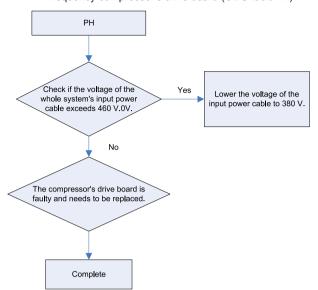
e. Recharging circuit faulty of the variable-frequency compressor drive board (ODU fault PF)



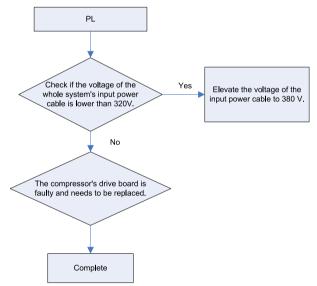


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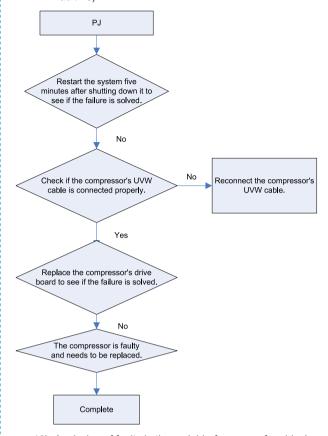
f. High voltage protection for the DC bus of the variablefrequency compressor's drive board (ODU fault PH)



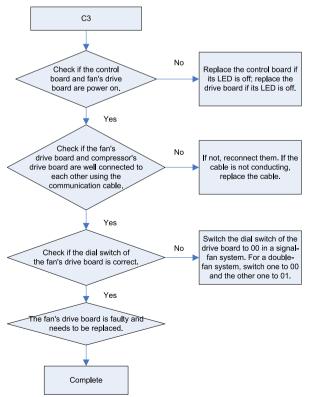
g. Low voltage protection for the DC bus of the variable-frequency compressor's drive board (ODU fault PL)



h. Variable-frequency compressor starting failure (ODU fault PJ)

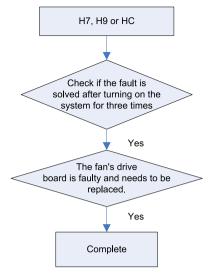


- 13). Analyzing of faults in the variable-frequency fan drive's control system
 - a. Communication failure between the fan's drive board and control board (outdoor fault C3)

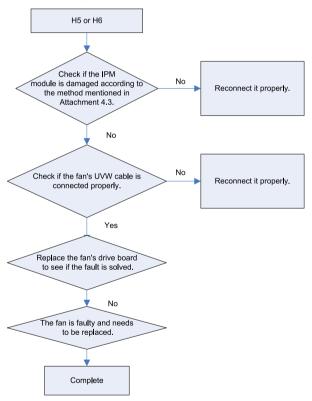




b. Faults in the IPM temperature sensor of the fan's drive board (ODU fault H7), current detection circuit (ODU fault HC) and out-of-step protection (ODU fault H9)



 variable-frequency fan over-current protection and IPM module protection faults (ODU fault H5 and H6)



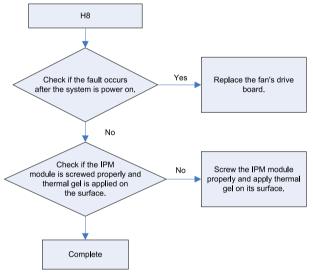
Attachment: How to check whether the IPM module is damaged

- a). Preparation: Find a digital multi-meter and switch it to the diode. Remove U, V and W cables of the fan from the drive board two minutes after the system is powered off. Make sure that it is tested two minutes after the system is powered off.
- b). Method: Use the black probe of the multi-meter to touch the place marked by P in the follow picture and the red probe to touch places marked by U, V and W respectively and record readings of the multi-meter. Use the red probe to touch the place marked by N and

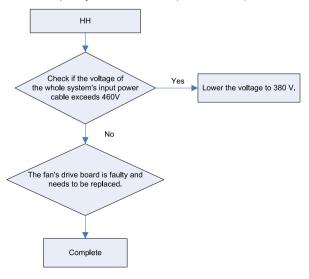
- black probe to touch places marked by U, V and W respectively and record readings of the multi-meter.
- c). Analyzing: If the reading ranges between 0.3 V and 0.7 V in the above-mentioned six scenarios, the IPM module is normal. If the reading is 0 in one or multiple scenarios, the IPM module is damaged.



d. (4) Variable-frequency fan drive board IPM overtemperature fault (outdoor fault H8)

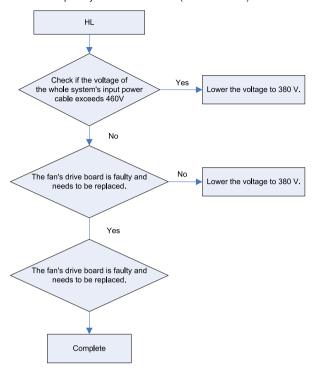


e. High voltage protection for the DC bus of the variable-frequency fan's drive board (ODU fault HH)

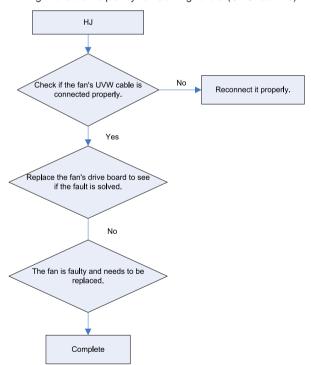




f. Low voltage protection for the DC bus of the variablefrequency fan's drive board (ODU fault HL)



g. Variable-frequency fan starting failure (ODU fault HJ)



Part 3 Key Parts Maintenance

- I. Cautions on Controller AP1 Replacement
- 1. Cautions on ODU AP1 Replacement

1.1 Distinguishing Master Module from Slave Module

Before replacing ODU AP1, determine the module is a master ODU or a slave ODU. They can be distinguished based on:

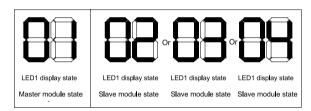
(1). "Master module DIP state (SA8_MASTER-S)"

Every cooling system has only one master module (set in power-off state). When a DIP is "ON", the corresponding position is "0"; when the DIP is "OFF", the corresponding position is "1". If SA8_MASTER-S is set to "00", it indicates a master module; if it is set to "10", it indicates a slave module (as shown in the figure below).



(2). AP1 LED

When a master module is powered on, LED1 is displayed as "01". For a slave module, LED1 is displayed as "02", "03" or "04" (as shown in the figure below).



1.2 Cautions on Replacement of Master ODU AP1

Before replacing master module AP1, make the following preparations:

(1). Master module DIP setting

Set the new AP1 identical to the faulty AP1. Note that settings must be performed when the master ODU is powered off and they will take effect after the ODU is powered on. Settings that are performed in power-on state are invalid.

(2). Communication state check

After AP1 DIP setting and all wiring, power on the master ODU AP1 and check whether D3 and D4 LEDs are flashing. See the figure below:

Power	Running		nd ODU nication		system nication	Main system	Reserved
Power	Run	ODU → IDU	ODU ← IDU	System1 → System2	System1 ← System2	Main- system	/
•	•	Q	Q	Q	Q	Q	•
D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8

If the LEDs flash, the ODU and IDUs normally communicate; if the LEDs are steadily on, communication is faulty. Check communication lines connecting the ODU and IDUs.

Note: After AP1 is replaced, you should power on the ODU and



IDUs at the same time or power on the ODU first; otherwise, "CC does not have module" will be prompted and a "C0 fault" alarm will be reported by the IDUs.

(3). Master ODU engineering debug setting

Debug the entire system after master module AP1 replacement.

(4). System parameter setting

After system debug, reset system parameters. For details, refer to section 1 "ODU Function Setting", in part II, chapter III.

1.3 Cautions on Replacement of Slave ODU AP1

Before replacing slave module AP1, set DIP identical to that of the faulty AP1, check wiring, and then power on the AP1.

2. Cautions on IDU AP1 Replacement

Before replacing IDU AP1, determine the module is a master IDU or a slave IDU.

2.1 AP1 DIP Setting and Jumper Cap Confirmation

Whatever the AP1 you replace is a master IDU AP1 or a slave IDU AP1, after it is replaced, check original DIP setting and model.

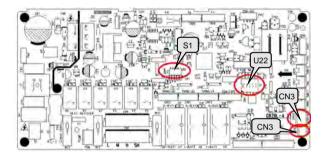
Configure capacity DIP for the new AP1 and confirm its jumper cap, fan overload detect terminal, and overflow detect terminal. They should be kept identical to those of the faulty AP1.

Their positions and corresponding silkscreen are as follows:

Capacity DIP: S1 (Capacity)

Jumper cap: U22 (Jump)
Overflow detect terminal: CN35(WATER-DTCT)

Fan overload detect terminal: CN36(OVC-FAN)

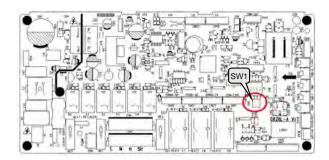


2.2. Restoring AP1 Engineering Parameters to Factory Settings (This Step Is Not Required for Original Packaged Parts)

After wiring, whatever the AP1 is a master IDU AP1 or a slave IDU AP1, the new AP1 must be restored to factory settings. There are three methods to restore engineering parameter settings:

- (1). If the IDU is configured with wired control, set P35 and P36 to default values.
- (2). If the IDU is configured with wireless control, use the special control YV1L1 to set P35 and P36 to default values.

If the IDU is configured with wireless control and special control, you can restore engineering settings through the AP1 SW1 button. After AP1 is powered on, press and hold SW1 for 5 seconds. If a tick sound is heard, release the button.



2.3 Cautions on Replacement of Master IDU AP1

If the AP1 of the master IDU needs to be replaced, after the IDU is powered on, "No master IDU (L7)" or "Project number conflict (C5)" alarm may be reported.

(1). Troubleshoot for "no master IDU (L7)" fault



Method 1: If the IDU is configured with wired control, stop the IDU (except for lock mode) and press and hold the "MODE" button for 5 seconds to enter setting mode. After setting, the "Master" icon will be highlighted and the wired control buzzer will beep once.

Method 2: If the IDU is configured with lamp board or wired control, set to fan mode, 30°C/86°F, and press and hold "-" and "+" consecutively three times within 5 seconds. The IDU and wired control will identify it as a master IDU setting command, and show "set master IDU success (UC)" (5 seconds) and highlight the "Master" icon respectively.

Method 3: If the IDU is configured with the Debugger, set the IDU to master IDU through this software.

(2). Troubleshoot for "project number conflict (C5)"



If this fault occurs, the number of the new AP1 is identical to that of a unit within the network. Manually change it to the original number of the faulty AP1 or a unique number. There are three methods to change project number:

Method 1: If the IDU is configured with wired control, set P42 to a new project number.

Method 2: If the IDU is configured with lamp board, use the special control YV1L1 to set P42 to a new project number.

Method 3: If the IDU is configured with the Debugger,



GMV5 DC Inverter VRF Installation Commissioning and Maintenance Manual

configure a new project number through this software.

Tip:

If there are N units within the network, the units should be numbered from N+1.

Special situation:

In some cases, the created project number is identical to that of a unit within the network. In this case, you can use the "one-key IDU project number reset" function. However, this function will cause the project number of the entire system to be re-distributed; thus, original number will be changed. If you do not expect this result, forbid the use of this function and replace the AP1 again.

Methods to use the "one-key IDU project number reset" function:

Method 1: If the IDU is configured with wired control, set P45 to reset IDU project number through one key function.

Method 2: If the IDU is configured with lamp board, use the special control YV1L1 to set P45 and reset IDU project number through one key function.

Method 3: On the AP1 of the master ODU, press and hold SW5 for 10 seconds at least to clear all project numbers of the IDUs and then redistribute project numbers. Other parameters are kept unchanged.

2.4 Cautions on Replacement of Slave IDU AP1

If the AP1 of a slave IDU needs to be replaced, after it is powered on, "Project number conflict (C5)" alarm may be reported. Refer to section 2.3 "Cautions on Replacement of Master IDU AP1" to address the issue.

3. Cautions on Wired Control Replacement

3.1. Cautions on Wired Control XK46 Replacement

- (1). If the wired control to be replaced controls only one IDU, directly replace the control.
- (2). If the wired control to be replaced controls multiple IDUs, perform the steps below first:

Set the wired control parameter "P14" to change the number of managed IDUs to the actual quantity the control manages. For example, if the wired control manages 3 IDUs, set this parameter to 3. If you keep the default value 1, the LCD displays L9 (as shown in the figure below).



(3). If there are two wired controls controlling one or multiple IDUs, perform the steps below first:

Set the wired control parameter "P13" to change the address of one control to 01 (master) and that of the other control to 02 (slave); otherwise, a CP (multiple master wired controls) fault alarm will be reported (as shown in the figure below).



After setting, the LCD displays the icon, as shown in the figure below.



Note: All wired controls are set to master wired controls by default.

(4). If the AP1 of the master IDU is replaced,

Reset the master IDU through the wired control; otherwise, the LCD displays L7 (no master IDU). There are two methods to set the IDU:

- 1). In shut mode, press and hold the "MODE" button for 5 seconds and set the IDU corresponding to this wired control to a master IDU. After setting, the "Main" icon is highlighted.
 - 2). Set the wired control parameter "P10" to 1.

3.2. Cautions on Wired Control XK49 Replacement

To replace the wired control XK49, in addition to the preceding handling steps specific for XK46, you should also configure access control.

- (1). If the wired control does not need an access control system, set switch "1" for DIP S1 at the bottom of the wired control to digital end (neglect switch "2").
- (2). If the wired control needs an access control system, set switch "1" for DIP S1 at the bottom of the wired control to ON (neglect switch "2") and connect the access control card interface to ports N and L or ports VCC and GND of the wiring terminal. The following should be noted:
- 1). Ports N and L are power interfaces of 100-240V~50/60Hz access control.
- Ports VCC and GND are power interfaces of DC 5-24V access control.
 - 3). Either of them can be selected at one time.



II. Compressor Replacement and Cautions

1. Determining Compressor Fault

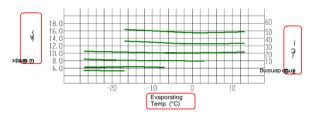
1.1 Precondition: Units can be normally started.

◆ Step 1:

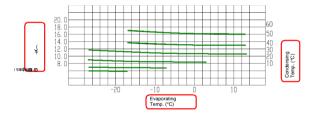
If units can be normally started, start the units so as to measure line current of the faulty compressor. Use a pressure gauge to measure pressure of various valves and connect the gauge to a PC for viewing test data. Verify the current data in the figures below against the current recommended. For inverter compressors, current will be deviated 10% while rate of turn and operating condition vary.

(1). For inverter compressors E655DHD-65D2YG and E705DHD-72D2YG:

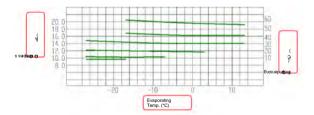
The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressors work at 30 Hz.



The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressors work at 60 Hz.



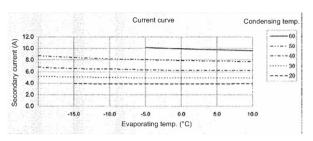
The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressors work at 90 Hz.



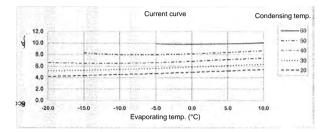
Note: You can infer from the preceding figures the current of the compressors operating at other frequency bands.

(2). For inverter compressor E405DHD-38D2YG:

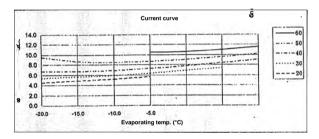
The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressor works at 30 Hz.



The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressor works at 60 Hz.



The figure below shows current curves that change with evaporating temperature and condensing temperature while the compressor works at 90 Hz.



Note: You can infer from the preceding figures the current of the compressor operating at other frequency bands.

Step 2:

Check whether the compressor sounds sharp or rubs. Compare the sound of the faulty compressor with that of normal ones.

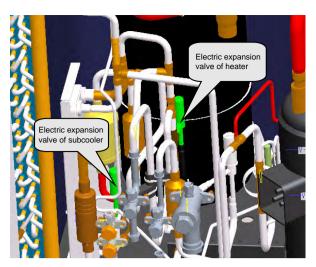
◆ Step 3:

Check whether the electric expansion valves of ODUs and the 4-way valves act, and whether the oil return pipes and oil balance valves 1 and 2 are normal. Touch the pipelines next to the return capillary tubes to check whether there is oil flowing.

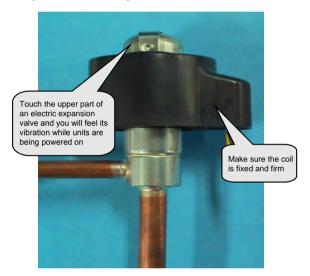
Check method for each part:

(1). Electric expansion valve: This valve will reset for each power-on or power-off action. Touch the valve and you will feel its vibration during the reset action. A crack sound will be heard as well.



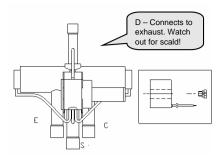


Description of electric expansion valve:



(2). Four-way valve: While this valve is normally running, the four copper pipes connected to it will suffer different temperature. When a unit switches to act the valve, you will feel obvious vibration and hear sound.





Labels on the 4-way valve and their meanings: D – connects to exhaust; E – connects to IDU evaporator; S – connects to intake of gas separator; C – connects to condenser. When the system is cooling, the pipe at side C works at high pressure high temperature, the pipes at sides E and S work at low pressure low temperature; when the system is heating, the pipe at side E works at high pressure high temperature, the pipes at sides C and S work at low pressure low temperature. The pipe at side D connects to exhaust and it is always working at high pressure high temperature. When units are starting, defrosting, or returning oil, the valve will vibrate obviously. DO NOT touch the pipe; or, you may be scalded.

(3). Oil balance solenoid valve: This valve can be operated based on its state that is shown through the monitoring software and actual situation. When this valve is opened, the coil will be heated and lubricant at both sides of the valve flows.





◆ Step 4:

Test the compressor drive, namely the IPM module, to see whether it is normal.

- (1). Disconnect the power supply. Five minutes later, remove the line of the faulty compressor.
- (2). Set a multimeter to gear diode. As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad P (on the left of pad U (BL)) and the red test probe to pad U (BL) (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM module is faulty.





(3). As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad P and the red test probe to pad V (YE) (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM module is faulty.



(4). As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad P and the red test probe to pad W (RD) (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM module is faulty.



(5). As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad U (BL) and the red test probe to pad NU (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM module is faulty.



(6). As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad V (YE) and the red test probe to pad NV (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM

module is faulty.



(7). As shown in the figure below, put the black test probe to pad W (RD) and the red test probe to pad NW (make sure the moisture proof tape is removed). In normal cases, the multimeter should read 0.39 ± 0.3 V. If it is "0" or infinitely great, the IPM module is faulty.



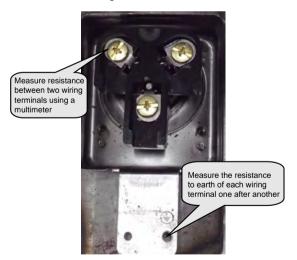
1.2 Precondition: Units cannot be normally started.

◆ Step 1:

Disconnect the power supply of the units and open the electric junction box of the compressor to see whether wiring of the compressor is intact.

◆ Step 2:

Measure resistance between two wiring terminals (U, V, W). The resistance value range should be 0.5~2.0 Ω_{\cdot}



Measure the resistance to earth of each wiring terminal. The value should be 10 $M\Omega.$ If not, the compressor has an internal fault.

Step 3:

Check the solenoid valves of the system, include electric expansion valves, oil return valves, and oil balance valves. Refer to the preceding section for the test method.

♦ Step 4:

Check the IPM module. Refer to the preceding section for





the test method.

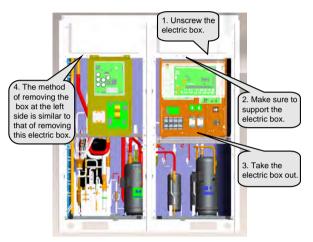
2. Compressor Replacement (GMV-450WM/A)

♦ Step 1: Disconnect power supply.

Turn off the power switch of the ODUs and disconnect the line of the power supply and the power line of the ODUs. Meanwhile, cover the power line with tape for insulation and put a warning sign beside the power switch to prevent electric shock.

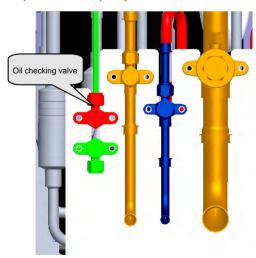
Step 2: Clear electric parts (do not need to disassemble the electric box).

Before removing compressors' lines, temperature sensors, and electric heaters, mark them so that you will reconnect them in a correct manner after clearing. The removed electric box must be covered and protected from wind and sun.



For GMV5 series, only GMV-400WM/B and GMV-450WM/B units are configured with the left electric box, which contains mainly the drive of the compressor E405DHD-38D2YG. After the box is removed, take care with the removal of electric parts' lines. DO NOT pull the lines with excessive force; or they may be broken. The removed electric box must be protected for dustproof and waterproof purposes.

◆ Step 3: Check oil quality.



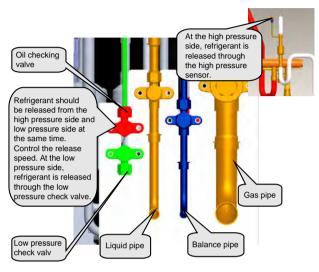
Before releasing the refrigerant, get some freezing oil through the oil checking valve. Connect a rubber hose to the oil checking valve at one end and a glass container at the other end. Open the oil checking valve. Control oil flow speed. Since the oil is a mixture of volatile refrigerant and lubricant, DO NOT cover

the container; or it may explode.

After the lubricant is fully gasified, record the volume of oil.

Step 4: Release refrigerant.

Refrigerant should be released from the high pressure side and low pressure side at the same time. If it is released from one side only, the scroll is sealed, causing the refrigerant to fail to be released completely. Control the release speed (it is expected to release for 12 hours or more). If too fast, massive lubricant will be discharged with the refrigerant. Make sure to mark the valves.



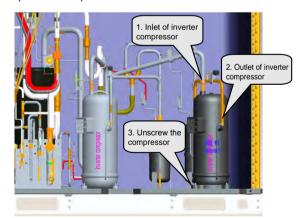
◆ Step 5: Remove faulty compressors.

Confirm faulty compressors, including number of faulty ones, compressor position, and model.

Handling procedure varies with compressor model.

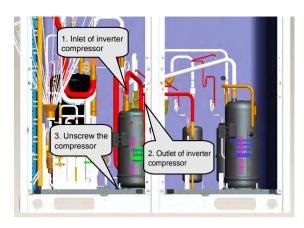
(1). Inverter compressors and oil quality

If the inverter compressor is damaged, or the oil of the fixed speed compresor is contaminated, remove the inverter compressor. The procedure is as follows:



For GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X variable frequency units, their compressors are both inverter compressors, differing in models. The one close to the condenser is compressor 1 "E655DHD-65D2YG" and the other close to the liquid separator head is compressor 2 "E405DHD-38D2YG". The removal procedure is basically the same.





After the compressor and oil separator are removed, check oil quality. If oils are contaminated, replace the compressor, oil separator, and gas/liquid separator. If oil changes to black, check oils of other modular units. The check procedure is similar to the preceding.

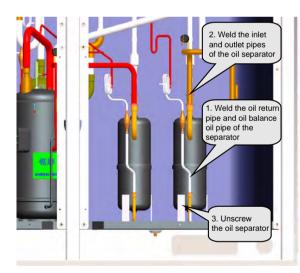
Note: Before replacing the faulty compressors, make sure to block their openings with tapes. They should be kept intact for further analysis.

♦ Step 5: Check system parts.

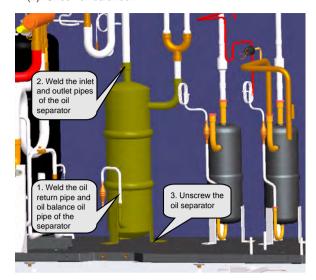
If system oil is contaminated, check unit parts, including oil separator, gas/liquid separator, and storage tank.

Check oil separator.

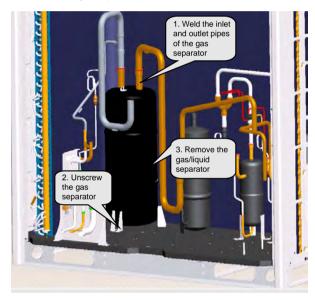
Remove the oil separator. For the removal procedure, refer to step 4. Tilt the separator to draw oil out into a container. Block the container for further factory inspection.



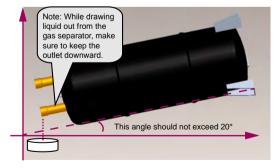
(2). Check oil balancer.



(3). Check gas/liquid separator.



After the gas separator is taken out, check whether it contains impurities. The check procedure is as follows:



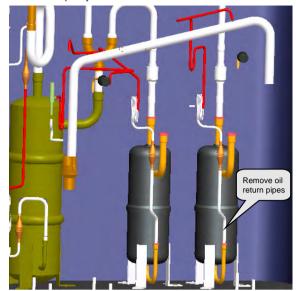
Use a glass container to hold the liquid. Check liquid impurities and colours and block the container for further factory inspection.

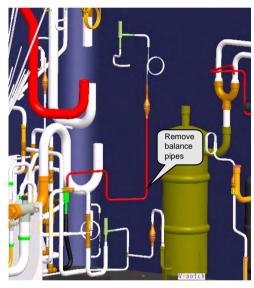
Note: If the compressor needs replacement, the gas/liquid separator needs replacement as well, regardless whether the separator contains impurities or has faults or not.

(4). Check oil return pipes.



Remove oil return pipes and balance pipes, and check oil volume and impurity.





Note: Before replacing the faulty parts, make sure to block their openings with tapes. They should be kept intact for further analysis.

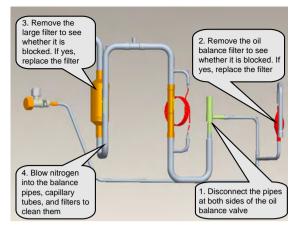
Note: Volumes of oils drawn out from the oil separator, gas separator, and oil balancer should be recorded. After faulty compressors and parts are replaced, you should fill new oils of equivalent amount into the compressors and parts.

♦ Step 6: Clear pipeline system.

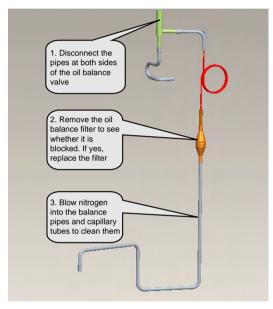
Check pipelines for abnormalities. Charge nitrogen into the main pipeline and clear the pipeline system.

(1). Clear the balance pipes.

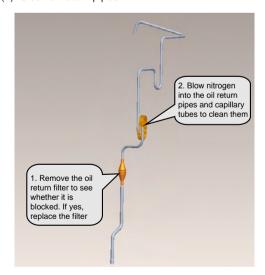
Components of oil balance valve 1:



Components of oil balance valve 2:

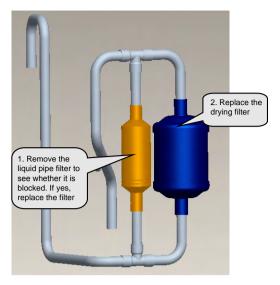


(2). Clear oil return pipes.



(3). Clear liquid pipe filters.





For other pipeline parts, clear them based on actual situation. If you do not replace the parts immediately, make sure to block the pipes with tapes, preventing air moistures and impurities from contaminating them.

♦ Step 7: Preparations.

(1). Prepare new parts.

In the course of moving compressors, do not lay them down or put them upside down. The tilt angle should be less than 30°. Make sure oil will not overflow from the oil balance opening. The inlet and outlet should be blocked. If the sealing rubber is not available, cover them with tape to prevent direct contact of oil and air



Note: The new compressor must be consistent with the faulty one in model.



Check the rubbers for oil separator, gas separator, oil balancer, and drying filter. If they are lost during transportation, cover the parts with tape to keep the compressor dry and airtight inside.



Note: Compressor lubricant must be kept completely airtight. Hitachi compressors use special lubricant FVC68D whose moisture absorption capability is high. Requirements on airtightness of these compressors are higher.

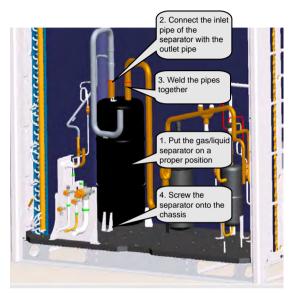
- (2). Prepare other materials.
- 1). Prepare nitrogen. Prepare enough nitrogen. They will be used during welding. Nitrogen pressure should be 2.0 MPa at least.
- 2). Prepare welding rods. In addition to ordinary welding rods, you should also prepare special welding rods (containing 5% or more silver). Compressors' inlets and outlets are made of copper plated steels, which require special welding rods and materials.
- 3). Prepare gases for welding. Oxygen and acetylene of proper amount should be determined with consideration of actual welding positions. Try to finish the welding task once. Avoid repeated welding.
- 4). Prepare tools, including hexagon, diagonal pliers, combination pliers, needle nose pliers, multimeter, pressure gauge, Phillips screwdriver, flathead screwdriver, wrenches (at least two), PVC insulation tape, and tielines (multiple).



♦ Step 8: Install a new gas/liquid separator.

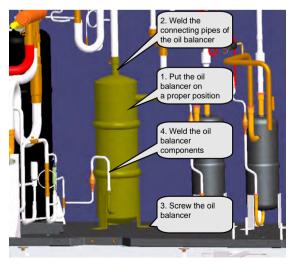
Note: If a faulty compressor needs replacement, the gas/liquid separator needs replacement as well. This is to avoid abnormality from happening inside the gas separator, and affecting system safety and reliability.

Put the gas/liquid separator on a chassis and connect the inlet pipe of the gas separator with the outlet pipe. Then, connect the pipe to a nitrogen source. The nitrogen source can be connected based on actual situation, for example, you can add a bypass interface or directly connect the nitrogen source to the inlet/outlet pipe. If the pipe is big, cover it with tape as well. Make sure nitrogen can smoothly flow through the gas separator.



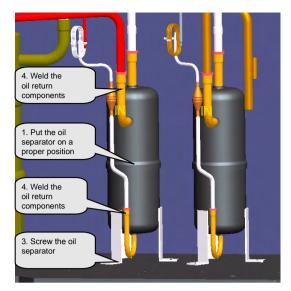
Step 9: Install a new oil balancer.

The original oil balancer, if is found to have no impurities or other objects, can be used further more. This part serves as a container and it does not have complex structure. However, if it contains impurities or other objects, replace it. This is because a dirty oil balancer cannot be thoroughly cleaned.



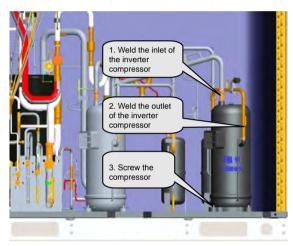
◆ Step 10: Install a new oil separator.

If the original oil separator contains impurities inside, replace

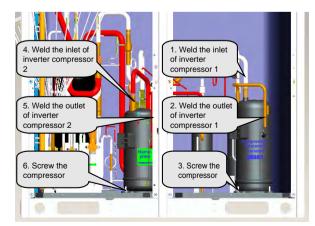


♦ Step 11: Install a new compressor.

If it is a inverter compressor that needs replacement,



For compressors of GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X units, make sure the new compressors are consistent with the faulty ones in model. If both compressors need replacement, make sure corresponding position and wiring are correct. You are advised to replace them one after another.



Note: Keep wiring identical to factory installation. Control varies with compressors. Wrong wiring or inverse connection of the compressors may cause damage to units.



it.



Cautions on replacement of compressors:

- 1). Before installing new compressors, remove the sealing rubbers and weld the compressors with corresponding pipes. During welding, charge nitrogen into the pipes. Since compressors' suction and discharge pipes are made of copper plated steels, you need to prepare special welding rods (containing 5% or more silver). Welding clearance should be controlled within 0.1~0.3mm, avoiding blockage or loose welding. During welding, control pipe openings from being over-heated.
- 2). After the pipeline system is welded, use special supports and bolts to fix the compressors, ensuring stability of the compressors during running.
- 3). Power lines of the compressors should be wired following the factory installation. You can refer to the wiring diagram. Phase sequence error and inverse connection of compressors are not allowed. In particular, if there are two inverter compressors GMV-400WM/B-X and GMV-450WM/B-X that need replacement, pay attention to wiring. Control varies with compressors. Inverse connection of the compressors may cause damage to units.

♦ Step 12: System check.

- (1). Check welding joints for abnormalities.
- (2). Charge nitrogen into the system for leakage detection. If you are maintaining ODUs and the IDU system is normal, you can charge nitrogen into the ODU system only. Note that nitrogen should be charged from both the high pressure side and low pressure side. You are advised to charge through all valves. Nitrogen pressure should be larger than 20 kgf. Then, charge soapsuds into the system and check specially the weld joints for leakage.
- (3). Finally, charge nitrogen into the system again for pressure check. Close all valves and keep system pressure up to 25 kgf for more than 12 hours. If the pressure remains unchanged, you can extract all air. Otherwise, you should find the leakage points first.

While determining system pressure change, take temperature into consideration. For 1°C temperature change, pressure will change by 0.01 MPa accordingly. Suppose that nitrogen pressure reaches 2.5 MPa at 30°C, 12 hours later, temperature decreases to 25°C and pressure decreases to 2.43 MPa accordingly. The system is regarded qualified despite the pressure decrease.

◆ Step 13: Fill lubricant.

Quantity of lubricant that is needed is subject to the total draw amount from compressors and parts. The fill amount should be equivalent to the draw amount. If the draw amount is too little or too much, clear all lubricant first and determine fill amount by referring to Appendix 1 (accessory list).

Fill amount is determined by two factors: the number of compressors replaced and the draw amount from each part. For replacement of one compressor, 1.5 L lubricant should be added. The fill amount should be equal to or a little larger than the draw amount.

(1). Examples:

1). For GMV-450WM/B-X units, one compressor is replaced; lubricant that is drawn from the gas separator is 1 L and lubricant that is drawn from the oil separator is 0.7 L. Then, the total required amount is 1.5 L + 1 L + 0.7 L = 3.2 L. You should add 3.2

L lubricant into the system.

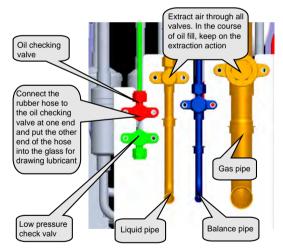
2). For GMV-280WM/B-X units, one compressor is replaced; gas separator and other filters are replaced as well; pipes have been charged with nitrogen for cleaning. Since the maintenance work involves most of the parts, there is little residual lubricant inside the system. You are advised to clear the residual lubricant and add 3.5 L new lubricant into the system (determined by referring to the accessory list).

(2). Specific procedure is as follows:

GMV5 series units use FVC68D lubricant. Make sure to confirm the trademark of the lubricant first. Lubricant of other trademarks is not allowed.

Open all valves and extract air for 30 minutes or longer.

- 1). Connect a rubber hose to the oil checking valve at one end. Open the container that holds lubricant and pour lubricant into a measuring glass. If the glass is too small to hold the lubricant of a required amount, measure the lubricant portion by portion. Record volume of each portion and then put the other end of the rubber hose into the glass.
- 2). Keep on extracting air and open the oil checking valve. The lubricant will be pressed into the low pressure side of units.
- 3). If the lubricant is added portion by portion, close the oil checking valve first and then measure another portion of lubricant. In the course of repeated measuring and adding, keep the extraction action.
- 4). After a required amount of lubricant is added, close the oil checking valve to ensure tightness.



Note: Lubricant is of great importance to the normal running of compressors. You should follow Gree's requirement to add qualified lubricant of the specified trademark and ensure properness of fill amount.

◆ Step 14: Vacuum-pump.

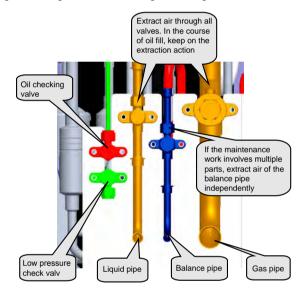
After lubricant is added, keep on extracting air through a vacuum pump till the internal pressure reaches the absolute pressure 0 kgf/cm2 and the pressure gauge reads -1 kgf/cm2. This is to ensure that moistures inside the pipeline system are completely vaporized.



Vacuum pumps of the specifications below are recommended:

	Max. Discharge	Purpose		
Туре	Rate	For air discharge	For vacuum drying	
Lubricant driven pump	100 L/min	Applicable	Applicable	
Lubricant free pump	50 L/min	Applicable	Applicable	

Open all valves in order that the vacuum pump extracts air through all the valves, during which, connect the units to a pressure gauge. When the internal pressure reaches 0 kgf/cm2 and the pressure gauge reads -1 kgf/cm2, keep on the extraction action for 0.5~1.0 hour more. Finally, turn off the rotary switch of the gauge and close the pump. One hour later, if the pressure remains the same, fill refrigerant. If the pressure increases to 0.1 kgf/cm² or higher, conduct leakage check again.



◆ Step 15: Fill refrigerant.

Before filling refrigerant, check its manufacturer, package, and print information. Besides, check refrigerant pressure and quality against the saturation pressure / temperature list.

- (1). Measure and check the pressure of the entire refrigerant product against the saturation pressure / temperature list. Verify temperature parameter. If the difference between the actual temperature and the parameter value is 3°C or more, the refrigerant quality is unsatisfactory.
- (2). If the refrigerant is proved satisfactory, fill refrigerant of the combined amount of the rated amount (specified on the nameplate) and the calculated refrigerant loss amount.

For a multi-modular unit system, if only the refrigerant of an ODU is drawn out, add 80% refrigerant of the rated fill amount (specified on the nameplate of the ODU) and start the system for a debugging test.

♦ Step 16: Install electric parts.

Install the electric box and connect various parts to the electric box by referring to the marks made beforehand and the

wiring diagram on the back of the box. Wire the compressors and corresponding electric heating belts.

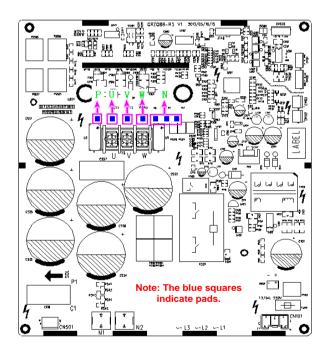
Note: Wires should be checked against the wiring diagram beforehand so that they can be connected correctly.

Step 17: Start for debugging.

Start the units and set them to run in refrigerating full-start, refrigerating single-start, heating full-start, and heating single-start modes respectively. Duration for each running mode should be 30 minutes at least. After the debug, analyze data and adjust the unit system, to ensure indexes of the entire system. For details about each index, please consult after-sale persons and technicians.

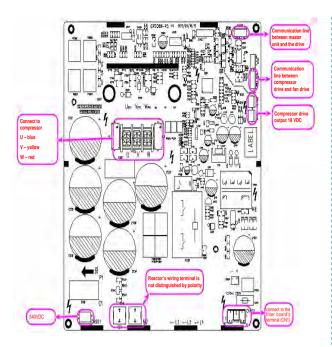
III. Cautions on Compressor Drive Replacement

- (1). Disconnect the power supply of the system. Set a multimeter to the AC voltage gear and measure voltage between two of the lines (L1, L2, L3, and N). The measuring result should be 0 V (sometimes, multimeters may be faulty and read false values). Set a mark beside the power supply for warning.
- (2). Measure compressor drive DC bus voltage between two wire terminals of P, U, V, W and N. Set the multimeter to the DC voltage gear and measure the voltage between P and N. The voltage should be lower than 36 V. If no multimeter is available, wait for 20 minutes before performing the steps below.

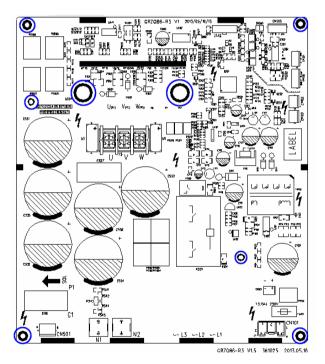


(3). Disconnect all lines of the compressor drive, including: compressor line; communication line between the master unit and the drive; communication line between the compressor drive and fan drive; compressor drive output 18 VDC; bridge rectifier output P; bridge rectifier output N; compressor drive output 540 VDC; reactor's wiring terminal; bridge rectifier input AC inlead; compressor drive's mains terminal. See the figure below:

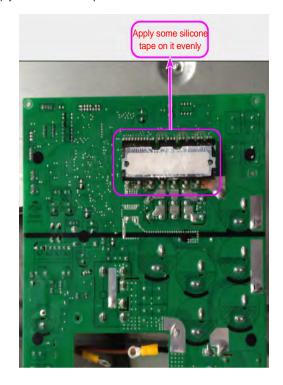




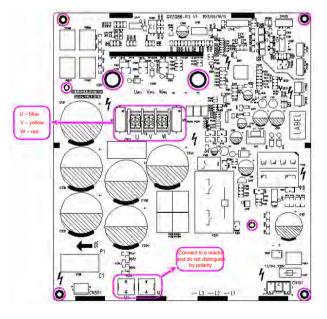
(4). Loosen the screws on the compressor drive, as shown in the figure below:



(5). Replace the compressor drive. Before the replacement, apply some silicone tape onto the IPM module.



(6). Install a new compressor drive, screw and wire it.





III. Assembling and Disassembling Key Parts of ODUs

	Compressor	
Precondition: No refrigerant exists in the pipeline system and the power supply has been disconnected.		
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure
1. Remove the front panels.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the upper and lower front panels. Lift the front panels in order to take it out. Note: Both the upper panel and lower panel are fixed with two fasteners respectively to connect to the side panels.
2. Disconnect the power line of the compressor, and remove the electric heating belt, top temperature sensor, and discharge air temperature sensor.		Remove the sound-proof sponge from the compressor. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the power line. Remove the power line. Remove the electric heating belt, top temperature sensor, and discharge air temperature sensor. Note: Before removing the power line, mark the colours of the line and corresponding wiring terminals.
3. Loosen the nuts of the compressor.		Use a wrench to unscrew the four nuts.
4. Remove the suction and discharge pipes.		Heat the suction and discharge pipes by acetylene welding and then remove the pipes. During welding, charge nitrogen into the pipes. The pressure should be controlled within 0.5±0.1 kgf/cm² (relative pressure) Avoid nearby materials from being burnt during welding.
5. Remove the compressor.		Remove the compresso from the chassis.
6. Install a new compressor on the chassis.		Put the compressor in a proper position. Use a wrench to screw the nuts on the compressor. The compressor should not be installed upside

down.

7. Connect the suction and discharge pipes of the compressor to the pipeline system.		Heat the suction and discharge pipes by acetylene welding and then install the pipes. During welding, charge nitrogen into the pipes. The pressure should be controlled within 0.5±0.1 kgf/cm² (relative pressure). Avoid nearby materials from being burnt during welding.	
8. Connect the power line to the compressor, and install the electric heating belt, top temperature sensor, and discharge air temperature sensor.		Put the power line in a proper position. Use a screwdriver to screw the power line. Install the electric heating belt, top temperature sensor, and discharge air temperature sensor. Put the sound-proof sponge back to position.	
9. Check and then install the front panels.		Check various parts and connecting lines. If no problem is found, hook the front panels and tighten the screws.	
Four-way valve			
Precondition: No refrigerant exists in the pipeline system and the power			

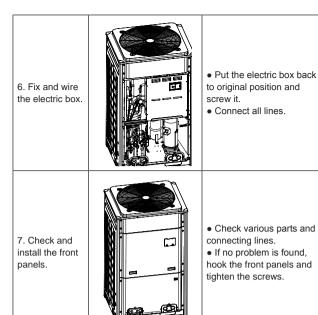
Precondition: No refrigerant exists in the pipeline system and the power supply has been disconnected. Diagram Operation Procedure Step Remove the upper and 1. Loosen the lower front panels. hooks at the Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the bottom of the electric box. electric box and Use a screwdriver to the screws. unscrew the electric box. Disconnect internal and external connecting lines 2. Remove the of the electric box. electric box. • Protect the internal parts during the disassembly.



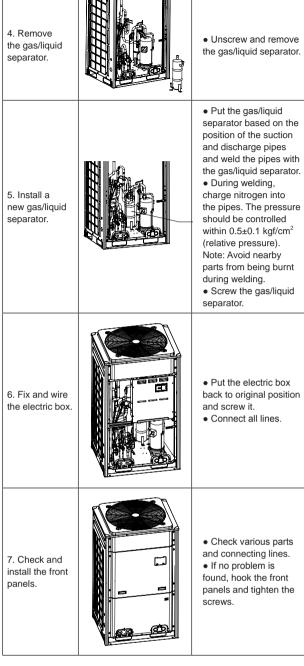
		Use a screwdriver to		
		unscrew accessories of the four-way valve. Remove the accessories. Heat the connecting	Precondition: No re supply has been di	
3. Disassemble the four-way valve.		pipes of the four-way valve by acetylene welding and then remove the pipes. • Record the direction of the valve and position of the pipe joints. Note: Avoid nearby parts from being burnt during welding.	Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box and	
4. Remove the four-way valve.		Remove the four-way valve from the pipeline.	the screws.	
5. Install a new four-way valve.		Put the valve in a proper position. Weld the valve with the pipeline. Before welding, cover the valve with wet cloth to avoid internal slide from being burnt and prevent water from flowing in the pipeline. During welding, charge	2. Remove the electric box.	
	(5)	nitrogen into the pipes. The pressure should be controlled within 0.5±0.1 kgf/cm² (relative pressure).	3. Disassemble	
6. Fix and wire		Put the electric box back A critical position and critical positions and critical positions and critical positions.	the electric expansion valve.	_
the electric box.		to original position and screw it. • Connect all lines.	4. Remove the electric expansion valve.	
7. Check and install the front panels.		Check various parts and connecting lines. If no problem is found, hook the front panels and tighten the screws.	5. Install a new electric expansion valve.	

Electric expansion valve				
	Precondition: No refrigerant exists in the pipeline system and the power supply has been disconnected.			
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure		
1. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box and the screws.		Remove the upper and lower front panels. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box.		
2. Remove the electric box.		Disconnect internal and external connecting lines of the electric box. Protect the internal parts during the disassembly.		
3. Disassemble the electric expansion valve.		Remove the coil from the electric expansion valve. Heat the connecting pipes of the electric expansion valve by welding and remove the pipes. Note: Avoid nearby parts from being burnt during welding.		
4. Remove the electric expansion valve.		Remove the electric expansion valve.		
5. Install a new electric expansion valve.		Weld the connecting pipes with the electric expansion valve. Before welding, cover the valve with wet cloth. During welding, charge nitrogen into the pipes. The pressure should be controlled within 0.5±0.1 kgf/cm² (relative pressure). Note: Avoid nearby parts from being burnt during welding. Install the coil on the electric expansion valve.		



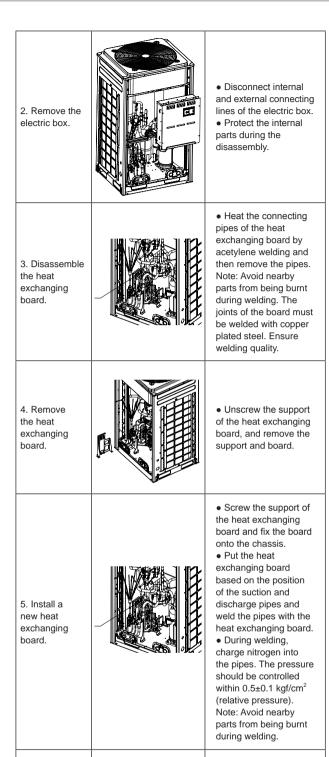


Gas/liquid separator			
Precondition: No refrigerant exists in the pipeline system and the power supply has been disconnected.			
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure	
1. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box and the screws.		Remove the upper and lower front panels. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box.	
2. Remove the electric box.		 Disconnect internal and external connecting lines of the electric box. Protect the internal parts during the disassembly. 	
3. Disassemble the gas/liquid separator.		Heat the connecting pipes of the gas/liquid separator by acetylene welding and then remove the pipes. Note: Avoid nearby parts from being burnt during welding.	



	Heat exchanging bo	ard
Precondition: No supply has been	refrigerant exists in the pipe disconnected.	eline system and the power
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure
1. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box and the screws.		Remove the upper and lower front panels. Loosen the hooks at the bottom of the electric box. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box.





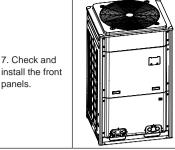
6. Fix and wire

the electric box.

• Put the electric box

and screw it. · Connect all lines.

back to original position



- Check various parts and connecting lines.
 - If no problem is found, hook the front panels and tighten the

IV. Assembling and Disassembling Key Parts of IDUs 1. Low static pressure duct / high-efficient low static pressure duct

Note: The following steps are specific for GMV-ND22PLS/A-T units. For other units, the assembly and disassembly procedure is similar except the numbers of louvers and motors.

Motor and fan			
Precondition: The power supply has been disconnected.			
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure	
1. Remove the line connecting to the motor.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box cover. Remove from the master board the line connecting to the motor and remove the tie.	
2. Remove the filter.		Remove the filter from the air return frame.	
3. Remove the air return cover plate.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the air return cover plate.	
4. Remove the rear propeller housing.		Loosen the fasteners that connect the rear propeller housing with the front propeller housing and remove the rear propeller housing.	
5. Remove the front propeller housing.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the front propeller housing and then remove the propeller housing.	
6. Loosen the louver and motor.		Use a hexagon to unscrew the louver and loosen the fasteners of the motor.	
7. Remove the motor.		Remove the motor from the support and remove the louver from the motor axle. Then, remove the motor. For motors that are accompanied with supports, the supports need removing as well.	





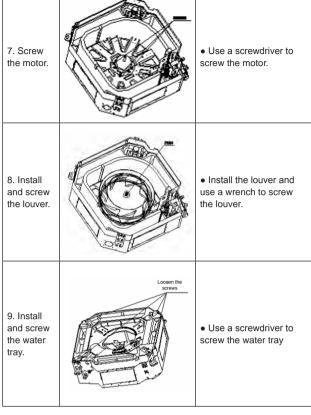




• Assemble units based on the reverse order of this procedure and power on the units for test.

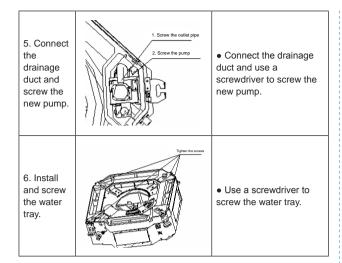
2. Four-way air discharge/ high efficient four-way cassette

Motor and fan			
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure	
1. Unscrew the water tray.	Loosen the screens	Use a screwdriver to unscrew the water tray.	
2. Remove the water tray.		Remove the water tray.	
3. Unscrew the louver.		Use a wrench to unscrew the louver.	
4. Remove the louver.		Remove the louver.	
5. Unscrew the motor.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the motor.	
6. Replace the motor with a new one.		Replace the motor with a new one.	



Pump			
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure	
1. Unscrew the water tray.	Loosen the screens	Use a screwdriver to unscrew the water tray.	
2. Remove the water tray.		Replace the water tray.	
3. Remove the drainage duct and unscrew the pump.	1. Uncere for model gare 2. Uncere for purp	3. Remove the drainage duct and use a screwdriver to unscrew the pump.	
4. Replace the pump.		Replace the pump.	





3. One-way air discharge cassette

Motor and fan		
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure
1. Unscrew the water tray.	Unscrew the water tray	Use a screwdriver to unscrew the water tray.
2. Remove the water tray.		Remove the water tray.
3. Unscrew the volute tongue.	Unscrew the volute	Use a screwdriver to unscrew the volute tongue.
4. Remove the volute tongue.		Remove the volute tongue.
5. Unscrew the outlet board.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the outlet board and then remove the board.
6. Remove the evaporator.		Remove the evaporator.

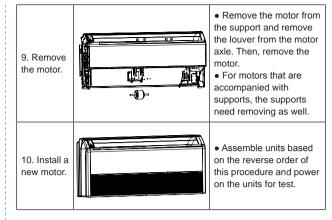
7. Unscrew the motor pressing board.	Unscrew the motor pressing board	Use a screwdriver to unscrew the motor pressing board.
8. Remove the pressing board and replace the motor.		Remove the pressing board and replace the motor.
9. Screw the motor pressing board.	Screw the motor pressing board	Use a screwdriver to screw the motor pressing board.
10. Install the evaporator.		Install the evaporator.
11. Screw the outlet board.		Use a screwdriver to screw the outlet board.
12. Put the volute tongue back to position.		Put the volute tongue back to position.
13. Screw the volute tongue.	Screw the volute	Use a screwdriver to screw the volute tongue.
14. Install the water tray.		Install the water tray.
15. Screw the water tray.	Screw the water tray	Use a screwdriver to screw the water tray.



4. Ceiling suspended IDU

Note: The following steps are specific for GMV-ND140ZD/A-T units. For other units, the assembly and disassembly procedure is similar except the numbers of louvers and motors.

similar except the numbers of louvers and motors.						
	Motor and fan					
Precondition	: The power supply has been disc	connected.				
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure				
1. Remove the air return grille.		Loosen the fasteners of the air return grille and then remove the grille.				
2. Remove the left and right cover plates.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the left and right cover plates and then remove the cover plates.				
3. Remove the electric box cover and the line connecting to the motor.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box cover. Remove from the master board the line connecting to the motor and remove the tie.				
4. Remove the limit board.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the limit board and then remove the board.				
5. Remove the rear connecting board.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the rear connecting board and them remove the board.				
6. Remove the rear propeller housing.		Loosen the fasteners that connect the rear propeller housing with the front propeller housing and remove the rear propeller housing.				
7. Remove the front propeller housing.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the front propeller housing and then remove the propeller housing.				
8. Remove the louver.		Loosen the fasteners that connect the coupler with the motor axle and remove the louver.				



5. High efficient and high static pressure duct type unit

Note: The following steps are specific for GMV-ND71PHS/A-T units. For other units, the assembly and disassembly procedure is similar except the specifications of louvers and motors.

	Motor and fan					
Precondition: The	Precondition: The power supply has been disconnected.					
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure				
Remove the line connecting to the motor.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the electric box cover. Remove from the master board the line connecting to the motor and remove the tie.				
2. Disassemble the seal plate and cover plate.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the seal plate and cover plate and then remove them.				
3. Remove the cover plate component.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the cover plate component.				
4. Disassemble the centrifugal fan.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the centrifugal fan.				
5. Remove the motor and louver.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the centrifugal louver. Loosen the fasteners of the motor and remove the motor from the support. For motors that are accompanied with supports, the supports need removing as well.				
6. Remove the centrifugal louver.		Use a hexagon to unscrew the louver and remove the centrifugal louver from the motor axle.				



8. Install a new motor.



 Assemble units based on the reverse order of this procedure and power on the units for test.

6. Commercial quiet duct type indoor unit

Note: The following steps are specific for GMV-ND22PL/B-T units. For other units, the assembly and disassembly procedure is similar except the numbers of louvers and motors.

	Motor and fan	
Precondition: The	e power supply has been dis	sconnected.
Step	Diagram	Operation Procedure
Remove the cover plate of the electric box.		Disconnect the power supply of the IDUs, use a screwdriver to unscrew the cover plate of the electric box, and then remove the line connecting to the motor.
2. Remove the rear propeller housing.		Loosen the fasteners that connect the rear propeller housing with the front propeller housing and remove the rear propeller housing.
3. Remove the front propeller housing.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the front propeller housing and then remove the propeller housing.
4. Remove the louver and motor.		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the louver and loosen the fasteners of the motor.
5. Install a new motor.		Remove the motor from the support and remove the louver from the motor. Then, remove the motor. Install a new motor.
6. Install units in a reverse order of this procedure.		 Assemble units based on the reverse order of this procedure and power on the units for test.

7. Wall-mounted Indoor Unit

Removal of Fan Motor							
Remark: bef	Remark: before removing, making sure power is disconnected.						
Step	Illustration	Operation					
1. Remove the air guide louver		Take off the axle bush of the air guide lover. Remove the air guide louver.					
2. Open the front panel		Hold the indents on both sides of the panel and pull it out in the direction shown by the arrow.					
3. Remove the electrical box cover 2		Unscrew the screws fixing the electrical box cover with a screwdriver. Take off the box cover 2. Take out the ambient temperature sensor from the wiring channel.					
4. Remove the front panel assembly		Unscrew the screws fixing the front panel assembly. Remove the front panel assembly.					
5. Remove the electrical box cover 1		Press on the buckle of the box cover 1 and then take off the cover.					
6. Remove the main board		Release the wiring terminals connected to the main board. Remove the main board.					
7. Remove the electrical box	6	Unscrew the screws fixing the electrical box with a screwdriver. Remove the electrical box.					
8. Remove the evaporator		Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screws fixing the press plate of connection pipe on the back of the unit and take off the press plate. Unscrew the screws of evaporator with a screwdriver and then remove the evaporator.					
9.Remove motor's press plate		Unscrew the fixing screws of the press plate with a screwdriver and then remove it.					
10. Remove the motor and fan	-0	Take off the motor and fan directly. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screws connecting the motor and the fan.					



V. Common Parameter Lists

1. R410a refrigerant pressure / saturation temperature list

1. IX-10a I	errigerant	pressure /	Saturation	temperati	
Temperature (°C)	Corresponding saturation pressure (BAR)	Temperature (°C)	Corresponding saturation pressure (BAR)	Temperature (°C)	Corresponding saturation pressure (BAR)
-43	1.54	-9	5.96	25	16.4
-42	1.61	-8	6.16	26	16.9
-41	1.68	-7	6.37	27	17.3
-40	1.76	-6	6.58	28	17.8
-39	1.84	-5	6.80	29	15.9
-38	1.93	-4	7.03	30	18.7
-37	2.02	-3	7.26	31	19.2
-36	2.11	-2	7.50	32	19.7
-35	2.24	-1	7.74	33	20.2
-34	2.33	0	7.99	34	20.7
-33	2.43	1	5.94	35	21.2
-32	2.53	2	8.50	36	21.7
-31	2.64	3	8.77	37	22.3
-30	2.75	4	9.04	38	22.8
-29	2.86	5	9.32	39	23.4
-28	2.98	6	9.61	40	24.0
-27	3.10	7	9.90	41	24.6
-26	3.22	8	10.2	42	25.2
-25	3.35	9	10.5	43	25.8
-24	3.48	10	10.8	44	26.4
-23	3.61	11	11.1	45	27.0
-22	3.75	12	11.5	46	27.7
-21	3.89	13	11.8	47	28.3
-20	4.04	14	12.1	48	29.0
-19	4.19	15	12.5	49	29.6
-18	4.35	16	12.8	50	30.3
-17	4.51	17	13.2	52	31.7
-16	4.67	18	13.6	54	33.2
-15	4.84	19	14.0	56	34.7
-14	5.02	20	14.4	58	36.3
-13	5.19	21	14.7	60	37.9
-12	5.38	22	15.2	62	40.17
-11	5.57	23	15.6	65	42.78
-10	5.76	24	16.015	67	44.57
				1	

2. Resistance / temperature lists of temperature sensors

2.1 Voltage list of 15 k Ω temperature sensors (including ODU and IDU temperature sensors)

Temperature	Resistance		Temperature	Resistance	
(°C)	(kΩ)	Voltage (V)	(°C)	(kΩ)	Voltage (V)
-20	144	0.311	71	2.523	2.825
-19	138.1	0.323	72	2.439	2.838
-18	128.6	0.345	73	2.358	2.852
-17	121.6	0.362	74	2.28	2.865
-16	115	0.381	75	2.205	2.877
-15	108.7	0.4	76	2.133	2.889
-14	102.9	0.42	77	2.064	2.901
-13	97.4	0.44	78	1.997	2.912
-12	92.22	0.462	79	1.933	2.923
-11	87.35	0.484	80	1.871	2.934
-10	82.75	0.506	81	1.811	2.945
-9	78.43	0.53	82	1.754	2.955
-8	74.35	0.554	83	1.699	2.964
-7	70.5	0.579	84	1.645	2.974
-6	66.88	0.605	85	1.594	2.983
-5	63.46	0.631	86	1.544	2.992
-4	60.23	0.658	87	1.497	3.001
-3	57.18	0.686	88	1.451	3.009
-2	54.31	0.714	89	1.408	3.017
-1	51.59	0.743	90	1.363	3.025
0	49.02	0.773	91	1.322	3.033
1	46.8	0.801	92	1.282	3.04
2	44.31	0.835	93	1.244	3.047
3	42.14	0.866	94	1.207	3.054
4	40.09	0.899	95	1.171	3.061
5	38.15	0.931	96	1.136	3.068
6	36.32	0.965	97	1.103	3.074
7	34.58	0.998	98	1.071	3.08
8	32.94	1.033	99	1.039	3.086
9	31.38	1.067	100	1.009	3.092
10	29.9	1.102	101	0.98	3.098
11	28.51	1.138	102	0.952	3.103
12	27.18	1.174	103	0.925	3.108
13	25.92	1.21	104	0.898	3.114
14	24.73	1.246	105	0.873	3.119
15	23.6	1.282	106	0.848	3.123
16	22.53	1.319	107	0.825	3.128
17	21.51	1.356	108	0.802	3.133
18	20.54	1.393	109	0.779	3.137
19	19.63	1.429	110	0.758	3.141
20	18.75	1.467	111	0.737	3.145
21	17.93	1.503	112	0.717	3.15
22	17.14	1.54	113	0.697	3.153
23	16.39	1.577	114	0.678	3.157

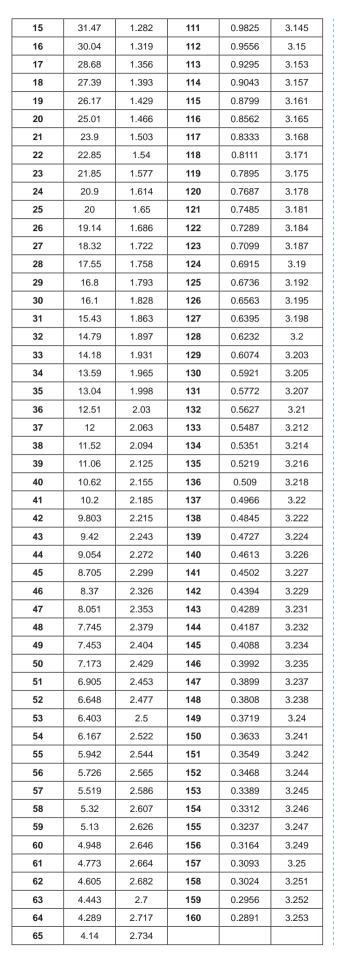


24	15.68	1.613	115	0.66	3.161
25	15	1.65	116	0.642	3.165
26	14.36	1.686	117	0.625	3.168
27	13.74	1.722	118	0.608	3.171
28	13.16	1.758	119	0.592	3.175
29	12.6	1.793	120	0.577	3.178
30	12.07	1.829	121	0.561	3.181
31	11.57	1.863	122	0.547	3.184
32	11.09	1.897	123	0.532	3.187
33	10.63	1.931	124	0.519	3.19
34	10.2	1.964	125	0.505	3.192
35	9.779	1.998	126	0.492	3.195
36	9.382	2.03	127	0.48	3.198
37	9.003	2.062	128	0.467	3.2
38	8.642	2.094	129	0.456	3.203
39	5.997	2.125	130	0.444	3.205
41	7.653	2.185	131	0.433	3.207
42	7.352	2.215	132	0.422	3.21
43	7.065	2.243	133	0.412	3.212
44	6.791	2.272	134	0.401	3.214
45	6.529	2.299	135	0.391	3.216
46	6.278	2.326	136	0.382	3.218
47	6.038	2.353	137	0.372	3.22
48	5.809	2.379	138	0.363	3.222
49	5.589	2.404	139	0.355	3.224
50	5.379	2.429	140	0.346	3.226
51	5.179	2.453	141	0.338	3.227
52	4.986	2.477	142	0.33	3.229
53	4.802	2.5	143	0.322	3.231
54	4.625	2.522	143	0.322	3.232
55	4.456	2.522	145	0.314	3.234
56	4.436	2.544	145	0.307	3.235
			140		
57	4.139	2.586		0.292	3.237
58	3.99	2.607	148	0.286	3.238
59	3.848	2.626	149	0.279	3.24
60	3.711	2.646	150	0.273	3.241
61	3.579	2.664	151	0.266	3.242
62	3.454	2.682	152	0.261	3.244
63	3.333	2.7	153	0.254	3.245
64	3.217	2.717	154	0.248	3.246
65	3.105	2.734	155	0.243	3.247
66	2.998	2.75	156	0.237	3.249
67	2.898	2.766	157	0.232	3.25
68	2.797	2.781	158	0.227	3.251
69	2.702	2.796	159	0.222	3.252
70	2.611	2.811	160	0.217	3.253

2.2 Voltage list of 20 k Ω pipeline temperature sensors (including temperature sensors for defroster, sub-cooler, gas/liquid separator, and IDU suction and discharge pipes)

guomquiu					p.pcc/
Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)	Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)	Voltage (V)
-30	361.8	0.173	66	3.998	2.75
-29	339.8	0.183	67	3.861	2.766
-28	319.2	0.195	68	3.729	2.781
-27	300	0.206	69	3.603	2.796
-26	282.2	0.218	70	3.481	2.811
-25	265.5	0.231	71	3.364	2.825
-24	249.9	0.245	72	3.252	2.838
-23	235.3	0.259	73	3.144	2.852
-22	221.6	0.273	74	3.04	2.865
-21	208.9	0.288	75	2.94	2.877
-20	196.9	0.304	76	2.844	2.889
-19	181.4	0.328	77	2.752	2.901
-18	171.4	0.345	78	2.663	2.912
-17	162.1	0.362	79	2.577	2.923
-16	153.3	0.381	80	2.495	2.934
-15	145	0.4	81	2.415	2.944
-14	137.2	0.42	82	2.339	2.954
-13	129.9	0.44	83	2.265	2.964
-12	123	0.462	84	2.194	2.974
-11	116.5	0.484	85	2.125	2.983
-10	110.3	0.507	86	2.059	2.992
-9	104.6	0.53	87	1.996	3.001
-8	99.13	0.554	88	1.934	3.009
-7	94	0.579	89	1.875	3.017
-6	89.17	0.605	90	1.818	3.025
-5	84.61	0.631	91	1.763	3.033
-4	80.31	0.658	92	1.71	3.04
-3	76.24	0.686	93	1.658	3.047
-2	72.41	0.714	94	1.609	3.054
-1	68.79	0.743	95	1.561	3.061
0	65.37	0.773	96	1.515	3.068
1	62.13	0.804	97	1.47	3.074
2	59.08	0.835	98	1.427	3.08
3	56.19	0.866	99	1.386	3.086
4	53.46	0.898	100	1.346	3.092
5	50.87	0.931	101	1.307	3.098
6	48.42	0.965	102	1.269	3.103
7	46.11	0.998	103	1.233	3.108
8	43.92	1.033	104	1.198	3.114
9	41.84	1.067	105	1.164	3.119
10	39.87	1.102	106	1.131	3.123
11	38.01	1.138	107	1.099	3.128
12	36.24	1.174	108	1.069	3.133
13	34.57	1.209	109	1.039	3.137
14	32.98	1.246	110	1.01	3.141





2.3 Voltage list of 50 k Ω discharge temperature sensors (including top temperature sensor, and discharge air temperature sensor)

Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)	Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Resistance $(k\Omega)$	Voltage (V)
-30	911.56	0.036	61	11.736	1.518
-29	853.66	0.038	62	11.322	1.548
-28	799.98	0.041	63	10.925	1.577
-27	750.18	0.043	64	10.544	1.606
-26	703.92	0.046	65	10.178	1.635
-25	660.93	0.049	66	9.8269	1.664
-24	620.94	0.052	67	9.4896	1.693
-23	583.72	0.056	68	9.1655	1.722
-22	549.04	0.059	69	8.9542	1.741
-21	516.71	0.063	70	8.5551	1.778
-20	486.55	0.066	71	5.9676	1.806
-19	458.4	0.07	72	7.9913	1.834
-18	432.1	0.075	73	7.7257	1.862
-17	407.51	0.079	74	7.4702	1.889
-16	384.51	0.084	75	7.2245	1.916
-15	362.99	0.088	76	6.9882	1.943
-14	342.83	0.094	77	6.7608	1.969
-13	323.94	0.099	78	6.542	1.995
-12	306.23	0.104	79	6.3315	2.021
-11	289.61	0.11	80	6.1288	2.046
-10	274.02	0.116	81	5.9336	2.071
-9	259.37	0.123	82	5.7457	2.096
-8	245.61	0.129	83	5.5647	2.12
-7	232.67	0.136	84	5.3903	2.144
-6	220.5	0.143	85	5.2223	2.168
-5	209.05	0.151	86	5.0605	2.191
-4	195.97	0.158	87	4.9044	2.214
-3	188.12	0.167	88	4.7541	2.237
-2	178.65	0.175	89	4.6091	2.259
-1	169.68	0.184	90	4.4693	2.281
0	161.02	0.193	91	4.3345	2.302
1	153	0.202	92	4.2044	2.323
2	145.42	0.212	93	4.0789	2.344
3	135.96	0.223	94	3.9579	2.364
4	131.5	0.233	95	3.841	2.384
5	126.17	0.242	96	3.7283	2.404
6	119.08	0.256	97	3.6194	2.423
7	113.37	0.267	98	3.5143	2.442
8	107.96	0.28	99	3.4128	2.46
9	102.85	0.292	100	3.3147	2.478
10	98.006	0.306	101	3.22	2.496
11	93.42	0.319	102	3.1285	2.514
12	89.075	0.333	103	3.0401	2.531
13	84.956	0.348	104	2.9547	2.547
14	81.052	0.362	105	2.8721	2.564



15	77.349	0.378	106	2.7922	2.58
16	73.896	0.393	107	2.715	2.595
17	70.503	0.41	108	2.6404	2.611
18	67.338	0.427	109	2.5682	2.626
19	64.333	0.444	110	2.4983	2.64
20	61.478	0.462	111	2.4308	2.655
21	58.766	0.48	112	2.3654	2.669
22	56.189	0.499	113	2.3021	2.682
23	53.738	0.518	114	2.2409	2.696
24	51.408	0.537	115	2.1816	2.709
25	49.191	0.558	116	2.1242	2.722
26	47.082	0.578	117	2.0686	2.734
27	45.074	0.599	118	2.0148	2.747
28	43.163	0.621	119	1.9626	2.759
29	41.313	0.643	120	1.9123	2.77
30	39.61	0.665	121	1.8652	2.781
31	37.958	0.688	122	1.8158	2.793
32	36.384	0.711	123	1.7698	2.804
33	34.883	0.735	124	1.7253	2.814
34	33.453	0.759	125	1.6821	2.825
35	32.088	0.784	126	1.6402	2.835
36	30.787	0.809	127	1.5996	2.845
37	29.544	0.835	128	1.5602	2.855
38	28.359	0.86	129	1.522	2.864
39	27.227	0.886	130	1.485	2.873
40	26.147	0.913	131	1.449	2.882
41	25.114	0.94	132	1.4141	2.891
42	24.128	0.967	133	1.3803	2.9
43	23.186	0.994	134	1.3474	2.908
44	22.286	1.022	135	1.3155	2.916
45	21.425	1.05	136	1.2846	2.924
46	20.601	1.078	137	1.2545	2.932
47	19.814	1.107	138	1.2233	2.94
48	19.061	1.136	139	1.1969	2.947
49	18.34	1.164	140	1.1694	2.955
50	17.651	1.193	141	1.1476	2.96
51	16.99	1.223	142	1.1166	2.969
52	16.358	1.252	143	1.0913	2.975
53	15.753	1.281	144	1.0667	2.982
54	15.173	1.311	145	1.0429	2.988
55	14.618	1.34	146	1.0197	2.995
56	14.085	1.37	147	0.9971	3.001
57	13.575	1.4	148	0.9752	3.007
58	13.086	1.429	149	0.9538	3.013
59	12.617	1.459	150	0.9331	3.018
60	12.368	1.475			
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3. Voltage / pressure lists of pressure sensors

3.1 High-pressure sensor (R410a)

Temperature (°C)	Absolute pressure (kPa)	Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Absolute pressure (kPa)	Voltage (V)
-40	176	0.102	16	1300	1.3
-39	184	0.111	17	1337	1.34
-38	193	0.12	18	1375	1.38
-37	202	0.13	19	1413	1.421
-36	211	0.139	20	1453	1.463
-35	220	0.149	21	1493	1.506
-34	230	0.16	22	1535	1.551
-33	240	0.17	23	1577	1.596
-32	250	0.181	24	1620	1.641
-31	261	0.193	25	1664	1.688
-30	273	0.206	26	1708	1.735
-29	283	0.216	27	1754	1.784
-28	295	0.229	28	1801	1.834
-27	307	0.242	29	1848	1.884
-26	319	0.255	30	1897	1.937
-25	332	0.268	31	1946	1.989
-24	345	0.282	32	1996	2.042
-23	359	0.297	33	2048	2.098
-22	373	0.312	34	2100	2.153
-21	388	0.328	35	2153	2.21
-20	403	0.344	36	2208	2.268
-19	418	0.36	37	2263	2.327
-18	434	0.377	38	2320	2.388
-17	450	0.394	39	2377	2.448
-16	467	0.412	40	2436	2.511
-15	484	0.43	41	2495	2.574
-14	502	0.45	42	2556	2.639
-13	520	0.469	43	2618	2.705
-12	538	0.488	44	2681	2.772
-11	558	0.509	45	2745	2.841
-10	577	0.53	46	2810	2.91
-9	597	0.551	47	2876	2.98
-8	618	0.573	48	2944	3.053
-7	639	0.596	49	3013	3.126
-6	661	0.619	50	3083	3.201
-5 -4	707	0.644	51 52	3154 3226	3.277
-3	730	0.668	53	3300	3.353 3.432
-3	754	0.693	54	3374	3.432
-1	779	0.718	55	3450	3.511
0	804	0.743	56	3528	3.675
1	830	0.772	57	3606	3.759
2	857	0.828	58	3686	3.844
3	884	0.857	59	3767	3.93
	50 1	1 3.557		5.51	1 3.00



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4	912	0.887	60	3849	4.018
5	940	0.917	61	3932	4.106
6	969	0.947	62	4017	4.197
7	999	0.979	63	4103	4.288
8	1030	1.012	64	4190	4.381
9	1061	1.046	65	4278	4.475
10	1093	1.08	66	4367	4.57
11	1125	1.114	67	4457	4.666
12	1159	1.15	68	4548	4.763
13	1193	1.186	69	4639	4.86
14	1228	1.224	70	4731	4.958
15	1263	1.261	71	4893	5.13

3.2 Low-pressure sensor (R410a)

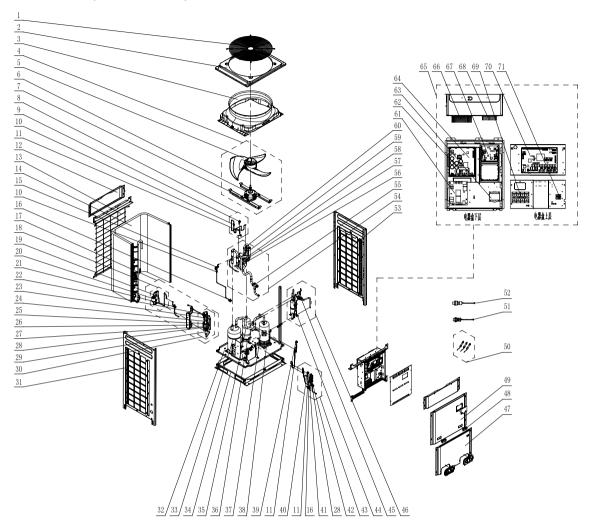
Temperature (°C)	Absolute pressure (kPa)	Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Absolute pressure (kPa)	Voltage (V)
-70	36	0.369	-14	502	1.301
-69	38	0.373	-13	520	1.337
-68	40	0.377	-12	538	1.373
-67	43	0.383	-11	558	1.413
-66	46	0.389	-10	577	1.451
-65	48	0.393	-9	597	1.491
-64	51	0.399	-8	618	1.533
-63	54	0.405	-7	639	1.575
-62	57	0.411	-6	661	1.619
-61	61	0.419	-5	684	1.665
-60	64	0.425	-4	707	1.711
-59	68	0.433	-3	730	1.757
-58	72	0.441	-2	754	1.805
-57	76	0.449	-1	799	1.895
-56	80	0.457	0	804	1.905
-55	84	0.465	1	830	1.957
-54	89	0.475	2	857	2.011
-53	94	0.485	3	884	2.065
-52	99	0.495	4	912	2.121
-51	104	0.505	5	940	2.177
-50	109	0.515	6	969	2.235
-49	115	0.527	7	999	2.295
-48	121	0.539	8	1030	2.357
-47	127	0.551	9	1061	2.419
-46	133	0.563	10	1096	2.489
-45	140	0.577	11	1125	2.547
-44	146	0.589	12	1159	2.615
-43	154	0.605	13	1193	2.683
-42	161	0.619	14	1228	2.753
-41	168	0.633	15	1263	2.823
-40	176	0.649	16	1300	2.897
-39	184	0.665	17	1337	2.971
-38	193	0.683	18	1375	3.047

-37	202	0.701	19	1413	3.123
-36	211	0.719	20	1453	3.203
-35	220	0.737	21	1493	3.283
-34	230	0.757	22	1535	3.367
-33	240	0.777	23	1577	3.451
-32	250	0.797	24	1620	3.537
-31	261	0.819	25	1664	3.625
-30	272	0.841	26	1708	3.713
-29	283	0.863	27	1754	3.805
-28	295	0.887	28	1801	3.899
-27	307	0.911	29	1848	3.993
-26	319	0.935	30	1897	4.091
-25	332	0.961	31	1946	4.189
-24	345	0.987	32	1996	4.289
-23	359	1.015	33	2048	4.393
-22	373	1.043	34	2100	4.497
-21	388	1.073	35	2153	4.603
-20	403	1.103	36	2208	4.713
-19	418	1.133	37	2263	4.823
-18	434	1.165	38	2320	4.937
-17	450	1.197	39	2377	5.051
-16	467	1.231	40	2439	5.175
-15	484	1.265			



VI. Exploded Views and Spare Part List

- 1. Outdoor Unit exploded views and spare part list
 - ◆ GMV-224WM/B-X, GMV-280WM/B-X;



No.	Name of part	For the following unit		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
		GMV-224WM/B-X	CN851W1280	GMV-280WM/B-X	CN851W1290
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Rear Grill	'01574105	1	'01574105	1
2	Top Cover	'01264100030P	1	'01264100030P	1
3	Diversion Circle	'10474100	1	'10474100	1
4	Fan motor Sub-Assy	'15404605	1	'15404605	1
5	Axial Flow Fan Sub-Assy	'10338702	1	'10338702	1
6	Fan Motor	'15704124	1	'15704124	1
7	Motor Support Sub-Assy	'01804771P	2	'01804771P	2
8	Gas By-pass Sub-Assy	04224100129	1	04224100129	1
9	Magnet Coil	'4304000425	1	'4304000425	1
10	Filter	07415200002	5	07415200002	5
11	Electromagnetic Valve	'43000054	3	'43000054	3
12	Top Cover	'01264231P	2	'01264231P	2
13	Rear Grill	'01576013	1	'01576013	1
14	Condenser Assy	'01124310	1	'01124310	1
15	Low Pressure Survey Valve Sub-Assy	'07334100026	1	'07334100026	1
16	Cut-off Valve 1/4	'07130239	2	'07130239	2



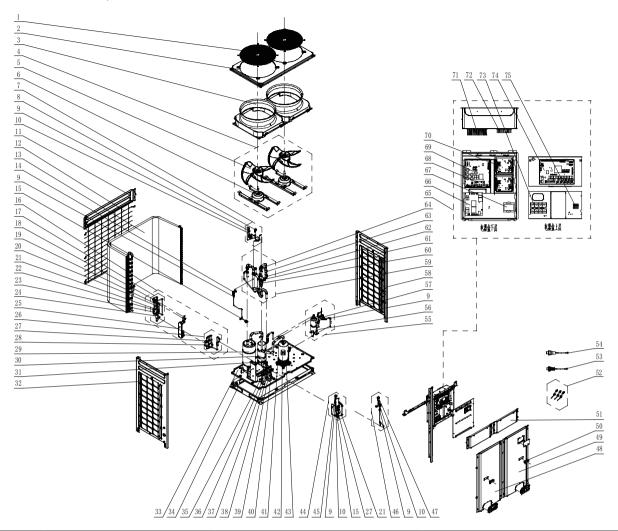
GMV5 DC Inverter VRF Installation Commissioning and Maintenance Manual

17	Throttle Assy	'05374100006	1	'05374100006	1
18	Dry Filter Sub-Assy	'07314100001	1	'07314100001	1
19	Gas Tube Filter	'072190511	1	'072190511	1
20	Dry Filter	'07218769	1	'07218769	1
21	Cut-off Valve 3/8	'07334100011	1	'07334100011	1
22	Electronic Expansion Valve Coil	'4304413206	1	'4304413206	1
23	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334390	1	'07334390	1
24	Discharge Valve	'07334100002	2	'07334100002	2
25	Electronic Expansion Valve Coil	4304413204	1	4304413204	1
26	Plate-type Heat Exchanger	'00904100005	1	'00904100005	1
27	Electronic Expansion Valve	07334412	1	07334412	1
28	One way Valve	'04324001	2	'04324001	2
29	Bidirectional Filter	'07210044	1	'07210044	1
30	Electronic Expansion Valve Sub-Assy	'07334100030	1	'07334100030	1
31	Left Side Plate	'01314712P	1	'01314712P	1
32	Chassis Sub-assy	'01194100065P	1	'01194100065P	1
33	Gas-liquid Separator	'07424188	1	'07424188	1
34	Base Frame Assy	01284711	1	01284711	1
35	Oil Separator	0742418601	1	0742418601	1
36	Electrical Heater(Compressor)	'7651873209	1	'7651873209	1
37	Compressor and Fittings	00204100002	1	00204100002	1
38	Electric Heater(Compressor)	7651540713	1	7651540713	1
39	Magnet Coil	4304000423	1	4304000423	1
40	Magnet Coil	4304000415	1	4304000415	1
41	Gas Tube Filter	072190511	1	072190511	1
42	Cut-off Valve	07334100011	1	07334100011	1
43	Oil Equalizing Pipe Sub-Assy	04224100148	1	04224100148	1
44	Oil Separator	07424100023	1	07424100023	1
45	Pressure Switch	4602000911	1	4602000911	1
46	Discharge Tube Sub-assy	04534100050	1	04534100050	1
47	Front Panel	01544627P	1	01544627P	1
48	Handle	26904100016	2	26904100016	2
49	Front Panel	01544620P	1	01544620P	1
50	Temperature Sensor Sub-Assy	39008000006G	1	39008000006G	1
51	Pressure Sensor	32218000009	1	32218000009	1
52	Pressure Sensor	32218000008	1	32218000008	 1
53	Right Side Plate	01314713P	1	01314713P	1
54	4-Way Valve Sub-Assy	'04044100021	1	'04044100013	1
55	Cut-off Valve 1-1/8	'07334100012	1	07334100014	1
56	Filter	'07218603	1	07334100014	1
57			1		1
58	Magnet Coil 4-way Valve	'4300040032 '43000339	1	'4300040032 '43000339	1
	1				
59	One way Valve	'07335210 '06120012	1	07335210	1
60	Nozzle for Adding Freon	'06120012 `30338000015	2	'06120012	2
61	Filter Board	`30228000015	1	`30228000015	1
62	Rectifier	46010604	1	46010604	1
63	Reactor	43138000034	1	43138000034	1
64	Main Board	30228000010	1	30228000010	1
65	Electric Box Assy	01394100191	1	01394100191	1
66	Radiator	49018000002	1	49018000002	1
67	Main Board	30229010	1	30229010	1
68	Radiator	49018000001	1	49018000001	1
69	Terminal Board	42010247	1	42010247	1
70	Main Board	30223000005	1	30223000005	1
71	Terminal Board	42018000026	1	42018000026	1





◆ GMV-335WM/B-X;



		For the following unit			
No.	Name of part	Unit	Product Code		
INO.	Name of part	GMV-335WM/B-X	CN851W1300		
		Part code	Quantity		
1	Rear Grill	'01574100002	2		
2	Top Cover	'01264100006P	1		
3	Diversion Circle	'10474100002	2		
4	Motor for Axial Fan Assy	'15404100018	2		
5	Axial Flow Fan	'10434100002	1		
6	Fan Motor	'15704124	1		
7	Gas By-pass sub- assy	'04634100012	1		
8	Magnet Coil	'4304000420	1		
9	Filter	'07415200002	5		
10	Electromagnetic Valve	'43000054	3		
11	Rear Top Cover	'01264100005P	1		
12	Rear Grill	'01574100001	1		
13	Condenser Assy	'01124100096	1		
14	Low Pressure Survey Valve Sub-assy	'07334100010	1		
15	Cut off Valve	'07130239	2		
16	Throttle Assy	'05374100012	1		
17	Electric Expansion Valve Sub-Assy	'43044100012	1		
18	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413203	1		
19	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07331139	1		

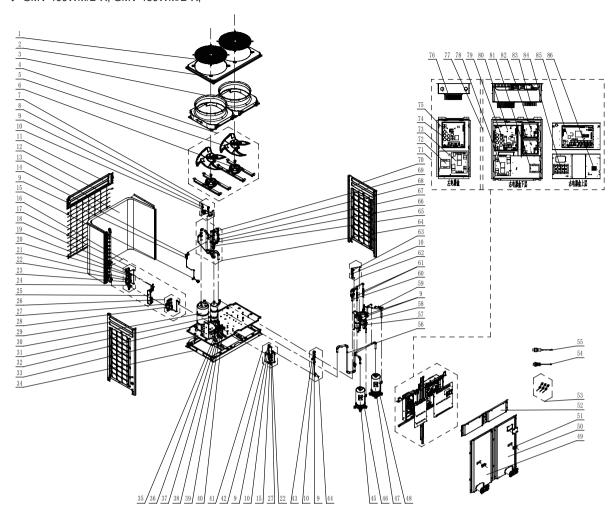


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20	Discharge Charge Valve	'07334100002	2
21	One way Valve	'04324001	2
22	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413204	1
23	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334412	1
24	Bidirection Strainer	'07210044	1
25	Dry Filter Sub-Assy	'00904100012	1
26	Dry Filter Sub-Assy	'07314100002	1
27	Gas Tube Filter	'072190511	2
28	Dry Filter	'07218769	1
29	Gas-liquid Separator	'07424138	1
30	Oil Separator	'0742418601	1
31	Electric Heater(Compressor)	'7651873209	1
32	Right Side Plate	'01314713P	1
33	Chassis Sub-assy	'01194100020P	1
34	Base Frame Assy	'01284100002	1
35	Liquid Valve Sub-Assy	'07304100009	1
36	Cut off Valve	'07334100013	1
37	Valve	'07304100007	1
38	Cut off Valve	'07334100011	1
39	Gas Hose Sub-Assy		1
-		'04574100027	
40	Cut off Valve	'07334100014	1
41	Compressor Gasket	'76715019	4
42	Compressor	'00204100004	1
43	Electric Heater(Compressor)	'7651540713	1
44	Oil Equalizing Pipe Sub-Assy	'04224100054	1
45	Magnet Coil	'4304000440	1
46	Oil Equalizing Pipe Sub-Assy	'04224100059	1
47	Magnet Coil	'4304000423	1
48	Left Front Panel	'01544100003P	1
49	Right Front Panel	'01544100005P	1
50	Handle	'26904100016	2
51	Front Top Cover	'01264100004P	2
52	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004100008G	1
53	Pressure Sensor	'32218000009	1
54	Pressure Sensor	'32218000008	1
55	Discharge Tube Sub-assy	'04534100052	1
56	Oil Separator	'07424100023	1
57	Pressure Protect Switch	'4602000910	1
58	Left Side Plate	'01314712P	1
59	4-Way Valve Sub-Assy	'04044100003	1
60	Filter	'07218603	1
61	Magnet Coil	'430040030	1
62	-	4300040030	
63	4-way Valve One way Valve	'07335210	1 1
	*		
64	Nozzle for Adding Freon	'06120012	2
65	Electric Box Assy	01394100192	1
66	Filter Board	30228000015	1
67	Reactor	43138000034	1
68	Rectifier	46010604	1
69	Main Board	30228000010	1
70	Main Board	30229009	1
71	Radiator	49018000002	1
72	Radiator	49018000001	1
73	Terminal Board	42010247	1
74	Main Board	30223000005	1
75	Terminal Board	42018000026	1





◆ GMV-400WM/B-X, GMV-450WM/B-X;



		For the following unit		For the following unit	
No.	Name of part	Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
INO.	Name of part	GMV-400WM/B-X	CN851W1310	GMV-450WM/B-X	CN851W1320
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Rear Grill	'01574100002	2	'01574100002	2
2	Top Cover	'01264100006P	1	'01264100006P	1
3	Diversion Circle	'10474100002	2	'10474100002	2
4	Motor for Axial Fan Assy	'15404100018	2	'15404100018	2
5	Axial Flow Fan Blade	'10434100002	1	'10434100002	1
6	Fan Motor	'15704124	1	'15704124	1
7	Gas By-pass Sub- Assy	'04634100012	1	'04634100012	1
8	Magnet Coil	'4304000420	1	'4304000420	1
9	Filter	'07415200002	6	'07415200002	6
10	Electromagnetic Valve	'43000054	4	'43000054	4
11	Cover Plate	'01264100005P	1	'01264100005P	1
12	Rear Grill	'01574100001	1	'01574100001	1
13	Condenser Assy	` 0112410009001	1	` 0112410009001	1
14	Low Pressure Survey Valve Sub-Assy	'07334100010	1	'07334100010	1
15	Cut-off Valve 1/4	'07130239	2	'07130239	2
16	Throttle Assy	'05374100003	1	'05374100003	1



17	Electronic Expansion Valve Fittingss	'43044100012	1	'43044100012	1
18	Electronic Expansion Valve Fittings	'4304413204	1	'4304413204	1
19	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07331139	1	'07331139	1
20	Discharge Valve	07334100002	2	07334100002	2
21	Electronic Expansion Valve Fittings	'4304413203	1	'4304413203	1
22	Check Valve	'04324001	2	'04324001	2
23	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334412	1	'07334412	1
24	Bidirectional Filter	'07210044	1	'07210044	1
25	Plate-type Heat Exchanger Sub-Assy	'00904100007	1	'00904100007	1
26	Dry Filter Sub-Assy	'07314100002	1	'07314100002	1
27	Gas Tube Filter	'072190511	2	'072190511	2
28	Dry Filter	'07218769	1	'07218769	1
29	Left Side Plate	'01314712P	1	'01314712P	1
30	Gas-liquid Separator	'07424138	1	'07424138	1
31	Oil Separator	'0742418601	1	'0742418601	1
32	Electrical Heater(Compressor)	'7651873209	1	'7651873209	1
33	Chassis Sub-Assy	'01194100001P	1	'01194100001P	1
34	Base Frame Assy	'01284100002	1	'01284100002	1
35	Cut-off Valve 1/2	'07334100013	1	'07334100013	1
36	Liquid Valve Sub-Assy	'07304100009	1	'07304100009	1
37	Cut-off Valve 3/8	'07334100011	1	'07334100011	1
38	Valve	'07304100007	1	'07304100007	1
39	Cut-off Valve 1-1/8	'07334100014	1	'07334100014	1
40	Gas Valve Sub-Assy	0	0	'07304100008	1
41	Oil Equalizing Pipe Sub-Assy 1	'04224100054	1	'04224100054	1
42	Magnet Coil	'4304000440	1	'4304000440	1
43	Magnet Coil	'4304000423	1	'4304000423	1
44	Oil Equalizing Pipe Sub-Assy 2	'04224100059	1	'04224100059	1
45	Compressor and Fittings	'00204116	1	'00204116	1
46	Electric Heater(Compressor)	'7651540714	1	'7651540714	1
47	Compressor	'00204100002	1	'00204100002	1
48	Electric Heater(Compressor)	'7651540713	1	'7651540713	1
49	Front Panel (Left)	'01544100003P	1	'01544100003P	1
50	Front Panel (Right)	'01544100005P	1	'01544100005P	1
51	Handle	'26904100016	2	'26904100016	2
52	Cover Plate	'01264100004P	2	'01264100004P	2
53	Sensor Sub-Assy	'39008000028G	1	'39008000028G	1
54	Pressure Sensor	'32218000009	1	'32218000009	1
55	Pressure Sensor	'32218000008	1	'32218000008	1
56	Suction Pipe Sub-Assy	'04574100039	1	'04574100039	1
57	Oil Separator	'07424100023	2	'07424100023	2
58	Pressure Switch	'4602000912	1	'4602000912	1
59	Pressure Switch	'4602000911	1	'4602000911	1
60	Exhaust Trunk Sub-Assy	'04534100012	1	'04534100012	1
61	Check Valve	'07333700032	2	'07333700032	2
62	Gas By-pass Sub- Assy	'04514100036	1	'04514100036	1
63	Magnet Coil	'4304000414	1	'4304000414	1
64	4-Way Valve Sub-Assy	'04044100019	1	'04044100019	1



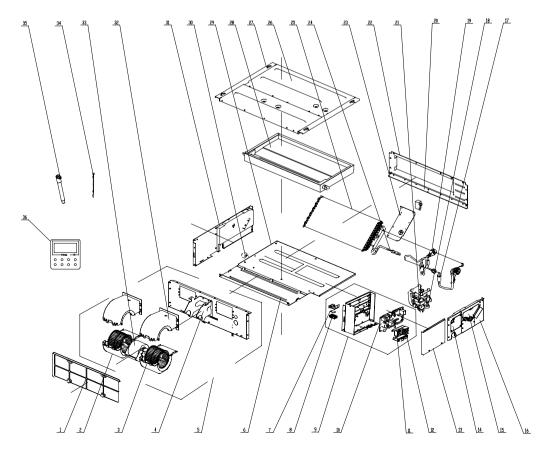


65	Filter	'07218603	1	'07218603	1
66	Magnet Coil	'4300040030	1	'4300040030	1
67	4-way Valve	'43000339	1	'43000339	1
68	Check Valve	'07335210	1	'07335210	1
69	Nozzle for Adding Freon	'06120012	2	'06120012	2
70	Right Side Plate	'01314713P	1	'01314713P	1
71	Electric Box Assy	'01394100104	1	'01394100104	1
72	Reactor	` 43138004	1	` 43138004	1
73	Filter Board	` 30228122	1	` 30228122	1
74	Rectifier	` 46010614	1	` 46010614	1
75	Main Board	` 30228609	1	` 30228609	1
76	Radiator	` 49018000002	1	` 49018000002	1
77	Electric Box Assy	'01394100190	1	'01394100190	1
78	Filter Board	` 30228000015	1	` 30228000015	1
79	Rectifier	` 46010604	1	` 46010604	1
80	Main Board	` 30228000010	1	` 30228000010	1
81	Reactor	` 43138000034	1	` 43138000034	1
82	Main Board	` 30229009	2	` 30229009	2
83	Radiator	` 49018000001	2	` 49018000001	2
84	Terminal Board	` 42010247	1	` 42010247	1
85	Main Board	` 30223000005	1	` 30223000005	1
86	Terminal Board	` 42018000026	1	` 42018000026	1

2. Indoor Unit exploded views and spare part list

2.1 High-efficiency Low-static-pressure Air-duct-type IDU

 $\blacklozenge \mathsf{GMV-ND22PLS/A-T}, \mathsf{GMV-ND25PLS/A-T}, \mathsf{GMV-ND32PLS/A-T}, \mathsf{GMV-ND32PLS/A-T}, \mathsf{GMV-ND36PLS/A-T}; \\$





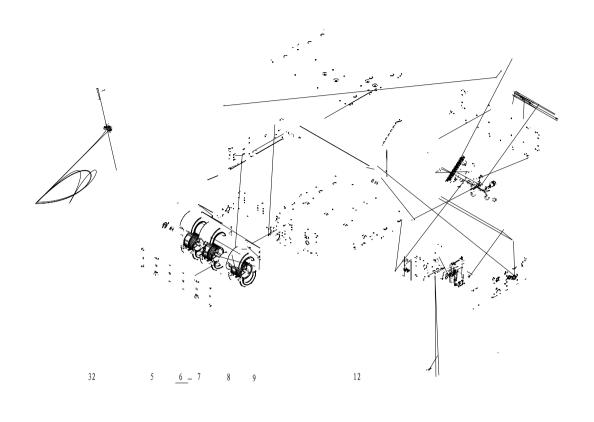
		For the following unit		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND22PLS/A-T	CM800N3370	GMV-ND32PLS/A-T	CM800N3390
INO.	Name or part	GMV-ND25PLS/A-T	CM800N3380	GMV-ND36PLS/A-T	CM800N3500
		GMV-ND28PLS/A-T	CM800N3380	/	/
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725209	1	'11725209	1
2	Rear Volute Casing	'26905206	2	'26905206	2
3	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200	2	'10425200	2
4	Supporter	'01804100140	1	'01804100140	1
5	Blower Mounting Plate Sub-Assy	'01324100038	1	'01324100038	1
6	Cover Board (Fan Motor)	'01265300	1	'01265300	1
7	Humidity Sensor	0	0	0	0
8	Humidity Sensor Cover	0	0	0	0
9	Electric Box Assy	'01394100204	1	'01394100204	1
10	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
11	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	'42011106	1
12	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
13	Electric Box Cover	'01424100035	1	'01424100035	1
14	Sealplate Sub-assy (drainage)	'01495315	1	'01495315	1
15	Sealplate Sub-assy (outlet)	'01495316	1	'01495316	1
16	Left Side Plate Assy	'01315200087	1	'01315200087	1
17	Filter	'0741410000601	2	'0741410000601	2
18	Water Level Switch	'45018012	1	'45018012	1
19	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334492	1	'07334492	1
20	Cover of Air Outlet	'01265298	1	'01265298	1
21	Water Pump	'43130324	1	'43130324	1
22	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374636	1	'01374636	1
23	Sealplate Sub-Assy	'01495317	1	'01495317	1
24	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725209	1	'11128633	1
25	Evaporator Assy	` 01024100032	1	'01024100031	1
26	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265325	1	'01265325	1
27	Supporter	'01895225	2	'01895225	2
28	Water Tray Assy	'01285332	1	'01285332	1
29	Bottom Cover Plate	'01265299	1	'01265299	1
30	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76815214	2	'76815214	2
31	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315335	1	'01315335	1
32	Front Volute Casing	'26905205	2	'26905205	2
33	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1	'15704100001	1
34	Sensor Sub-Assy	'39004168G	1	'39004168G	1
35	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	` 05232050	1	` 05232050	1
36	Display Board	` 30296107	1	` 30296107	1





◆ GMV-ND40PLS/A-T, GMV-ND45PLS/A-T, GMV-ND50PLS/A-T;

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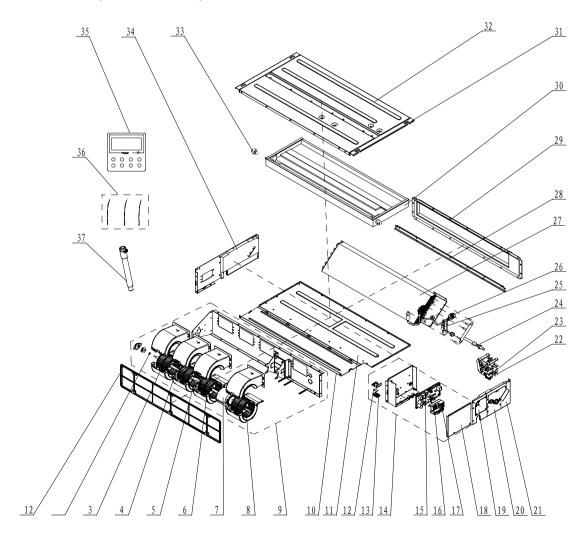


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Sealplate sub-assy (outlet)	'01495316	1
Left Side Plate Assy	'01315200087	1
Main Board	'30226000029	1
Water Pump	'43130324	1
Water Level Switch	'45018012	1
Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334494	1
Strainer	'0741410000601	2
Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374637	1
Cover of Air Outlet	'01265331	1
Filter Sub-Assy	'11128633	1
Evaporator Assy	'01024100030	1
Water Tray Assy	'01285333	1
Top Cover Board Assy	'01265328	1
Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76815214	2
Right Side Plate Assy	'01305263	1
Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G	1
Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1
	Left Side Plate Assy Main Board Water Pump Water Level Switch Electronic Expansion Valve Strainer Air Outlet Frame Assy Cover of Air Outlet Filter Sub-Assy Evaporator Assy Water Tray Assy Top Cover Board Assy Choke Plug of Drain Pipe Right Side Plate Assy Sensor Sub-assy	Left Side Plate Assy Main Board '30226000029 Water Pump '43130324 Water Level Switch '45018012 Electronic Expansion Valve Strainer '0741410000601 Air Outlet Frame Assy Cover of Air Outlet Filter Sub-Assy Evaporator Assy Water Tray Assy Choke Plug of Drain Pipe Young Air Outles Air

◆ GMV-ND56PLS/A-T, GMV-ND63PLS/A-T;



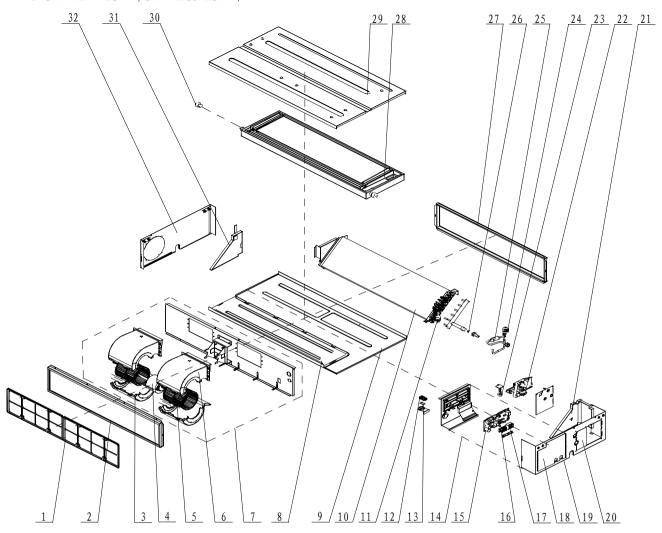




No. Name of part GMV-ND69FLS/A-T CM800NB510 GMV-ND69FLS/A-T CM800NB510 GMV-ND69FLS/A-T CM800NB510 GMV-ND69FLS/A-T CM800NB510 GMV-ND69FLS/A-T CM800NB510 CM8000NB510 CM8000			For the fol	lowing unit	For the fol	lowing unit
SMN-NDSSPLS/A-T CM800N3510 CMN-NDSSPLS/A-T CM800N3430			Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
Filter Sub-Assy	No.	Name of part	GMV-ND56PLS/A-T	CM800N3510	GMV-ND63PLS/A-T	CM800N3430
2 Fan Bearing 76512210 1 76512210 1 3 Centrifugal Fan 10428200 4 10428200 3 4 Rotary Axis Sub-Assy 73018000029 1 73018000029 1 5 Joint Slack 73018731 1 73018731 1 6 Rear Volute Casing 26908206 4 26908206 3 7 Fan Motor 15704100001 1 15704100001 1 8 Font Volute Casing 26908205 4 26908205 3 9 Centrifugal fan assy 15404100024 1 15404100024 1 10 Cover board (Fan motor) 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 11 Bottom Cover Plate 01286337 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1 01286338 1			Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
3 Centrilugal Fan 10425200 4 10425200 3	1	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725208	1	'11725208	1
Rotary Avis Sub-Assy	2	Fan Bearing	'76512210	1	'76512210	1
5 Joint Slack 73018731 1 73018731 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200	4	'10425200	3
6 Rear Volute Casing '26805206 4 26905206 3 7 Fan Motor '15704100001 1 '15704100001 1 8 Front Volute Casing '26905205 4 '26905205 3 9 Centrifugal fan assy '15404100024 1 '15404100024 1 10 Cover board (Fan motor) '01265338 1 '01265337 1 11 Bottom Cover Plate '01265337 1 '01265337 1 12 Humidify Sensor 0 0 0 0 0 13 Humidify Sensor Cover 0 0 0 0 0 14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '32026000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '42011006 1 '42011006 1 17 Terminal Board '42011000202601 1 '4201800002601 1 1	4	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	` 73018000029	1	` 73018000029	1
7 Fan Motor '15704100001 1 '15704100001 1 8 Front Volute Casing '26905205 4 '26905205 3 9 Centrifugal fan assy '15404100024 1 '15404100024 1 10 Cover board (Fan motor) '01265338 1 01265338 1 11 Botton Cover Plate '01265337 1 '01265337 1 12 Humidity Sensor 0 0 0 0 0 13 Humidity Sensor Cover 0 0 0 0 0 14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '014241000035 1 '01424100035 1 <	5	Joint Slack	'73018731	1	'73018731	1
8 Front Volute Casing '26905205 4 26905205 3 9 Centrifugal fan assy '15404100024 1 '15404100024 1 10 Cover board (Fan motor) '01265338 1 '01265338 1 11 Bottom Cover Plate '01265337 1 01265337 1 12 Humidity Sensor 0 0 0 0 0 13 Humidity Sensor Cover 0 0 0 0 0 14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '4201106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002801 1 '4201800002801 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01422100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (ofrainage) '01495316 1 '01495315 1	6	Rear Volute Casing	'26905206	4	'26905206	3
9 Centrifugal fan assy '15404100024 1 '154041000029 1 '155041000029 1 '155041000000000000000000000000000000000	7	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1	'15704100001	1
10 Cover board (Fan motor) '01265338	8	Front Volute Casing	'26905205	4	'26905205	3
11 Bottom Cover Plate '01265337 1 '01265337 1 12 Humidity Sensor 0 0 0 0 0 13 Humidity Sensor Cover 0 0 0 0 0 14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '42011106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '0142500025 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495316 1 '01495315 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '0135200087 1	9	Centrifugal fan assy	` 15404100024	1	` 15404100024	1
12	10	Cover board (Fan motor)	'01265338	1	'01265338	1
13 Humidity Sensor Cover 0 0 0 0 14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '42011106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '420180002601 1 '420180002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01424100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '07210028 1 '07210028	11	Bottom Cover Plate	'01265337	1	'01265337	1
14 Electric Box Assy '01394100204 1 '01394100204 1 15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '42011106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01424100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '07210028 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1	12	Humidity Sensor	0	0	0	0
15 Main Board '30226000029 1 '30226000029 1 16 Terminal Board '42011106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01424100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '0731430324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '074141000601 2 '074141000601 2	13	Humidity Sensor Cover	0	0	0	0
16 Terminal Board '42011106 1 '42011106 1 17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01424100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495316 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '074141000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 <t< td=""><td>14</td><td>Electric Box Assy</td><td>'01394100204</td><td>1</td><td>'01394100204</td><td>1</td></t<>	14	Electric Box Assy	'01394100204	1	'01394100204	1
17 Terminal Board '4201800002601 1 '4201800002601 1 18 Electric Box Cover '01424100035 1 '01424100035 1 19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01374635 1	15	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
B	16	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	'42011106	1
19 Sealplate sub-assy (drainage) '01495315 1 '01495315 1 20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1	17	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
20 Sealplate sub-assy (outlet) '01495316 1 '01495316 1 21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '074141000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32	18	Electric Box Cover	'01424100035	1	'01424100035	1
21 Left Side Plate Assy '01315200087 1 '01315200087 1 22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 <	19	Sealplate sub-assy (drainage)	'01495315	1	'01495315	1
22 Water Level Switch '45018012 1 '45018012 1 23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 <td< td=""><td>20</td><td>Sealplate sub-assy (outlet)</td><td>'01495316</td><td>1</td><td>'01495316</td><td>1</td></td<>	20	Sealplate sub-assy (outlet)	'01495316	1	'01495316	1
23 Water Pump '43130324 1 '43130324 1 24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '074141000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 <	21	Left Side Plate Assy	'01315200087	1	'01315200087	1
24 Filter Sub-Assy '07210028 1 '07210028 1 25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36	22	Water Level Switch	'45018012	1	'45018012	1
25 Strainer '0741410000601 2 '0741410000601 2 26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	23	Water Pump	'43130324	1	'43130324	1
26 Electronic Expansion Valve '07334494 1 '07334494 1 27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	24	Filter Sub-Assy	'07210028	1	'07210028	1
27 Evaporator Assy '01024100029 1 '01024100029 1 28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	25	Strainer	'0741410000601	2	'0741410000601	2
28 Cover of Air Outlet '01265335 1 '01265335 1 29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	26	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334494	1	'07334494	1
29 Air Outlet Frame Assy '01374635 1 '01374635 1 30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	27	Evaporator Assy	'01024100029	1	'01024100029	1
30 Water Tray Assy '01285334 1 '01285334 1 31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	28	Cover of Air Outlet	'01265335	1	'01265335	1
31 Supporter '01895225 2 '01895225 2 32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board `30296107 1 `30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	29	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374635	1	'01374635	1
32 Top Cover Board Assy '01265339 1 '01265339 1 33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	30	Water Tray Assy	'01285334	1	'01285334	1
33 Choke Plug of Drain Pipe '76815214 2 '76815214 2 34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	31	Supporter	'01895225	2	'01895225	2
34 Right Side Plate Assy '01305263 1 '01305263 1 35 Display Board '30296107 1 '30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	32	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265339	1	'01265339	1
35 Display Board `30296107 1 `30296107 1 36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	33	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76815214	2	'76815214	2
36 Sensor Sub-assy '39004168G 1 '39004168G 1	34	Right Side Plate Assy	'01305263	1	'01305263	1
	35	Display Board	` 30296107	1	` 30296107	1
37 Drain Hose Sub-Assy '05232050 1 '05232050 1	36	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G	1	'39004168G	1
	37	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232050	1



◆ GMV-ND71PLS/A-T, GMV-ND80PLS/A-T;







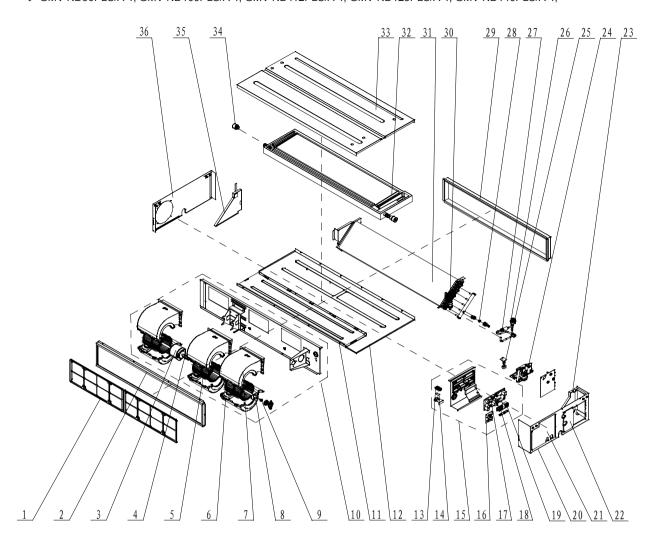


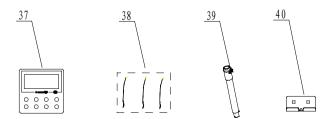




		For the following unit			
		Unit	Product Code		
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND71PLS/A-T	CM800N3520		
		GMV-ND80PLS/A-T	CM800N3440		
		Part code	Quantity		
1	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725207	2		
2	Air Intake Side Board Sub-assy	'02225265	1		
3	Rear volute casing	'26905209	2		
4	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1		
5	Centrifugal fan	'1041410101	2		
6	Front volute casing	'26905208	2		
7	Centrifugal fan assy	` 15404100014	1		
8	Cover Of Air-In	'01265346	1		
9	Bottom Cover Plate	'01265348	1		
10	Evaporator Assy	'01024100028	1		
11	Filter	'07415210	1		
12	Humidity Sensor Cover	0	0		
13	Humidity Sensor	0	0		
14	Electric Box Assy	'01394100205	1		
15	Main Board	'30226000029	1		
16	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1		
17	Terminal Board	'42011106	1		
18	Electric Box Cover	'01425262	1		
19	Left Side Plate Assy	'01315299	1		
20	Seal Of Connection Pipe sub-assy	'01495238	1		
21	Left Baffler Sub-Assy	'12505217	1		
22	Water Pump	` 4313822001	1		
23	Water Level Switch	'45018012	1		
24	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334493	1		
25	Strainer	'0741410000601	1		
26	Filter Sub-Assy	'07210028	1		
27	Air Outlet Side Board assy	'02225264	1		
28	Water Tray Assy	'01285276	1		
29	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265350	1		
30	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76815214	2		
31	Right Baffler Sub-Assy	'12505216	1		
32	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315298	1		
33	Display Board	'30296107	1		
34	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004169G	1		
35	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1		
36	Hook	'02112466	4		

◆ GMV-ND90PLS/A-T, GMV-ND100PLS/A-T, GMV-ND112PLS/A-T, GMV-ND125PLS/A-T, GMV-ND140PLS/A-T;





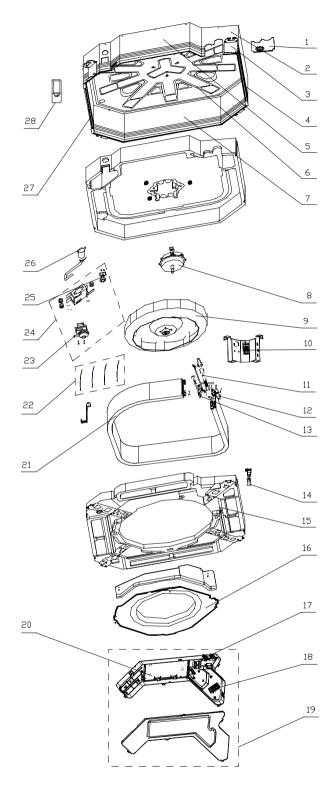


		For the following	owing unit	For the follo	owing unit
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
		GMV-ND90PLS/A-T	CM800N3450	GMV-ND125PLS/A-T	CM800N3480
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND100PLS/A-T	CM800N3450	GMV-ND140PLS/A-T	CM800N3470
		GMV-ND112PLS/A-T	CM800N3450	/	/
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725206	2	'11725206	2
2	Air intake side-board Sub-assy	'02225271	1	'02225271	1
3	Brushless DC Motor	'15705200005	1	'15705200005	1
4	Joint Slack	'73018731	1	'73018731	1
5	Centrifugal fan	'1041410101	3	'1041410101	3
6	Rear volute casing	'26905209	3	'26905209	3
7	Front volute casing	'26905208	3	'26905208	3
8	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	'73018000030	1	'73018000030	1
9	Fan Bearing	'76512210	1	'76512210	1
10	Centrifugal fan assy	` 15404100015	1	` 15404100015	1
11	Cover Of Air-In	'01265344	1	'01265344	1
12	Bottom Cover Plate	'01265343	1	'01265343	1
13	Humidity Sensor Cover	0	0	0	0
14	Humidity Sensor	0	0	0	0
15	Electric Box Assy	'01394100242	1	'01394100242	1
16	Filter Board	'30226000051	1	'30226000051	1
17	Main Board	'30226000030	1	'30226000030	1
18	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	'42011106	1
19	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
20	Right Side Plate Assy	'01314100055	1	'01314100055	1
21	Electric Box Cover	'01425262	1	'01425262	1
22	Seal Of Connection Pipe sub-assy	'01495238	1	'01495238	1
23	Left Baffler Sub-Assy	'12505217	1	'12505217	1
24	Water Pump	'4313822001	1	'4313822001	1
25	Water Level Switch	'45018012	1	'45018012	1
26	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334503	1	'07334503	1
27	Strainer	'0741410000601	1	'0741410000601	1
28	Filter Sub-Assy	'07210028	1	'07210028	1
29	Border Plate of Air outlet Sub-Assy	'02225270	1	'02225270	1
30	Filter	'07415210	1	'07415210	1
31	Evaporator Assy	'01024100027	1	'01024100026	1
32	Water Tray Assy	'01285275	1	'01285275	1
33	Top Cover Board Assy	'0126534901	1	'0126534901	1
34	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76815214	2	'76815214	2
35	Right Baffler Sub-Assy	'12505216	1	'12505216	1
36	Left Side Plate Assy	'01315299	1	'01315299	1
37	Display Board	'30296107	1	'30296107	1
38	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004169G	1	'39004169G	1
39	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232050	1
40	Hook	'02112466	4	'02112466	4



2.2 High-efficiency All-dimensional Ceiling Cassette Type IDU

◆ GMV-ND28T/A-T, GMV-ND36T/A-T, GMV-ND45T/A-T, GMV-ND50T/A-T, GMV-ND56T/A-T, GMV-ND63T/A-T, GMV-ND71T/A-T, GMV-ND80T/A-T;





		For the following unit		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND28T/A-T	CM500N0380	GMV-ND36T/A-T	CM500N0390
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'01382717	1	'01382717	1
2	Shell Assy	'01432701	1	'01432701	1
3	Body Installing Plate	'01332701	4	'01332701	4
4	Left Side Plate Assy	'01302740	1	'01302740	1
5	Front Side Plate assy	'01302717	1	'01302717	1
6	Base Plate Assy	'01222701	1	'01222701	1
7	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01302719	1	'01302719	1
8	Brushless DC Motor	'15704100007	1	'15704100007	1
9	Centrifugal Fan	'10312721	1	'10312721	1
10	Humidity Sensor	0	0	0	0
11	Filter Sub-Assy	0	0	'11128633	1
12	Strainer	'07415200002	1	'07415200002	1
13	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334492	1	'07334492	1
14	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232050	1
15	Water Tray Assy	'20182701	1	'20182701	1
16	Diversion Circle	'10372701	1	'10372701	1
17	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
18	Terminal Board	'42011222	1	'42011222	1
19	Electric Box Assy	'01394100209	1	'01394100209	1
20	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
21	Evaporator Assy	` 01024100025	1	'01024100012	1
22	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000013G	1	'39008000013G	1
23	Water Pump	'43130324	1	'43130324	1
24	Water Pump Assy	` 15404100046	1	` 15404100046	1
25	Water Level Switch	` 45020216	1	` 45020216	1
26	Pump Drainpipe	'05232721	1	'05232721	1
27	Right Side Plate Assy	'01302710	1	'01302710	1
28	Remote Controller	'30510429	1	'30510429	1

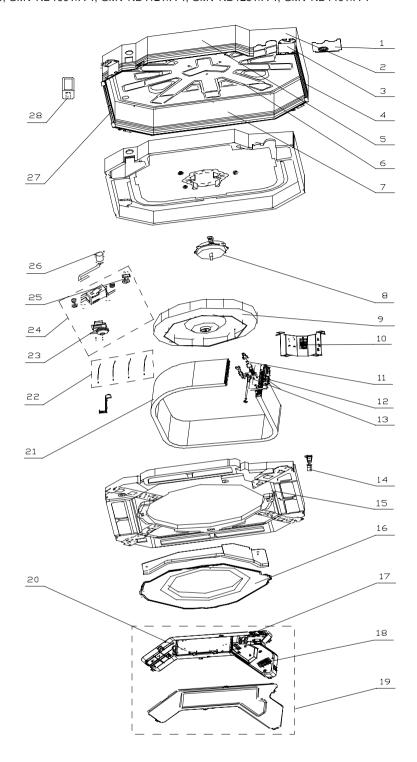


		For the fol	lowing unit	For the fol	lowing unit
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
		GMV-ND45T/A-T	CM500N0390	GMV-ND56T/A-T	CM500N0410
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND50T/A-T	CM500N0410	GMV-ND63T/A-T	CM500N0430
		/	/	GMV-ND71T/A-T	CM500N0440
		/	/	GMV-ND80T/A-T	CM500N0440
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'01382717	1	'01382715	1
2	Shell Assy	'01432701	1	'01432704	1
3	Body Installing Plate	'01332701	4	'01332701	4
4	Left Side Plate Assy	'01302740	1	'01302715	1
5	Front Side Plate assy	'01302717	1	'01302718	1
6	Base Plate Assy	'01222701	1	'01222701	1
7	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01302719	1	'01302714	1
8	Brushless DC Motor	'15704100007	1	'15709400004	1
9	Centrifugal Fan	'10312721	1	'10312705	1
10	Humidity Sensor	0	0	0	0
11	Filter Sub-Assy	'11128633	1	0	0
12	Strainer	'07415200002	1	'0741410000601	2
13	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334494	1	'07334493	1
14	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232702	1
15	Water Tray Assy	'20182701	1	'20182701	1
16	Diversion Circle	'10372701	1	'10372701	1
17	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
18	Terminal Board	'42011222	1	'42011222	1
19	Electric Box Assy	'01394100209	1	'01394100209	1
20	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
21	Evaporator Assy	'01024100011	1	'01024100006	1
22	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000013G	1	'39008000013G	1
23	Water Pump	'43130324	1	'43130324	1
24	Water Pump Assy	'15404100046	1	01332752	1
25	Water Level Switch	'45020216	1	'45018012	1
26	Pump Drainpipe	'05232721	1	'05230026	1
27	Right Side Plate Assy	'01302710	1	'01302716	1
28	Remote Controller	'30510429	1	'30510429	1





◆ GMV-ND90T/A-T, GMV-ND100T/A-T, GMV-ND112T/A-T, GMV-ND125T/A-T, GMV-ND140T/A-T



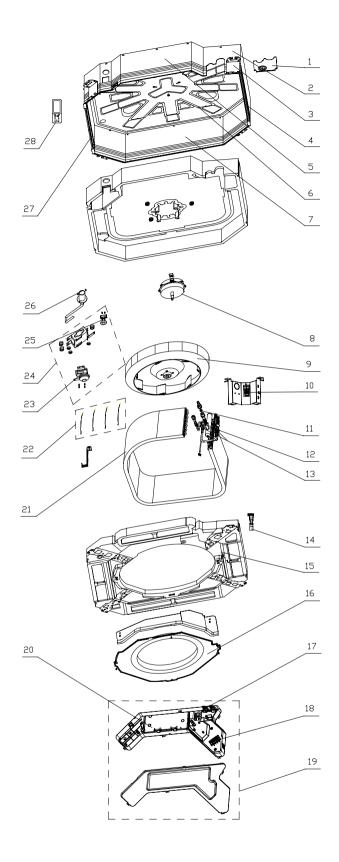


		For the fol	lowing unit
		Unit	Product Code
		GMV-ND90T/A-T	CM500N0460
	Name of word	GMV-ND100T/A-T	CM500N0470
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND112T/A-T	CM500N0480
		GMV-ND125T/A-T	CM500N0480
		GMV-ND140T/A-T	CM800N3380
		Part code	Quantity
1	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'01382715	1
2	Shell Assy	'01432702	1
3	Body Installing Plate	'01332701	4
4	Left Side Plate Assy	'01302711	1
5	Front Side Plate assy	'01302713	1
6	Base Plate Assy	'01222701	1
7	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01302709	1
8	Brushless DC Motor	'15709400003	1
9	Centrifugal Fan	'10310101	1
10	Humidity Sensor	0	0
11	Filter Sub-Assy	0	0
12	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334503	1
13	Strainer	'0741410000601	2
14	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232702	1
15	Water Tray Assy	'20182701	1
16	Diversion Circle	'10372722	1
17	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
18	Terminal Board	'42011222	1
19	Electric Box Assy	'01394100209	1
20	Main Board	'30226000029	1
21	Evaporator Assy	'01024100005	1
22	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000012G	1
23	Water Pump	'43130324	1
24	Water Pump Assy	'15404100044	1
25	Water Level Switch	'45020216	1
26	Pump Drainpipe	'05230026	1
27	Right Side Plate Assy	'01302712	1
28	Remote Controller	'30510429	1





◆ GMV-ND160T/A-T





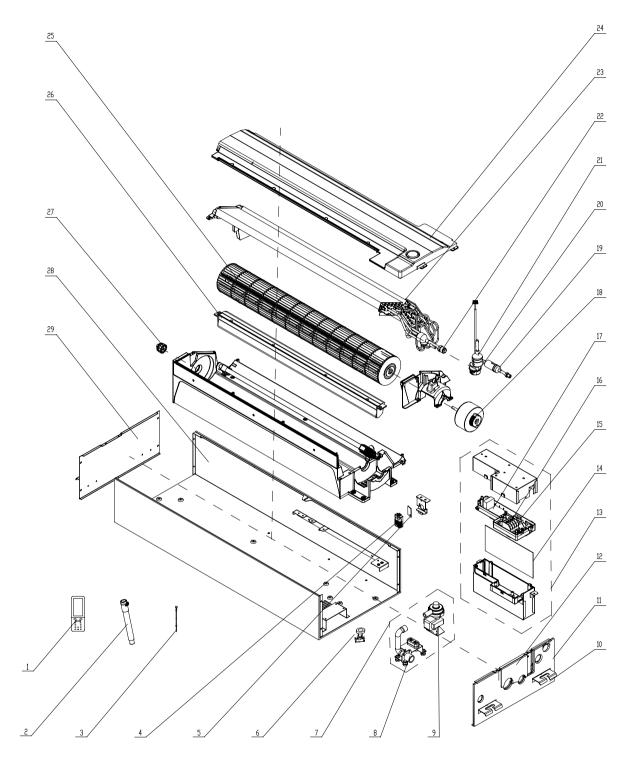
Note: Details of this model are not issued yet. This list is made according to domestic sales details and cannot be used to place order for accessories. It will be updated once the following details are issued.

		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND160T/A-T	/
		Part code	Quantity
1	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'02229400002	1
2	Shell Assy	'01519400001	1
3	Body Installing Plate	'01329420	4
4	Left Side Plate Assy	'01319448	1
5	Front Side Plate assy	'01319447	1
6	Base Plate Assy	'02229400001	1
7	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01319446	1
8	Brushless DC Motor	'15709400002	1
9	Centrifugal Fan	'10429401	1
10	Humidity Sensor	'30116072	1
11	Filter Sub-Assy	'07210029	1
12	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334468	1
13	Strainer	'0741410000601	2
14	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232702	1
15	Water Tray Assy	'01289400002	1
16	Diversion Circle	'10479401	1
17	Terminal Board	'42011221	1
18	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
19	Electric Box Assy	'01394100329	1
20	Main Board	'30226000027	1
21	Evaporator Assy	'01024100103	1
22	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000012G	1
23	Water Pump	'4313822001	1
24	Water Pump Assy	'15404100052	1
25	Water Level Switch	'4501801201	1
26	Pump Drainpipe	'05339401	1
27	Right Side Plate Assy	'01319448	2
28	Remote Controller	'30510129	1



2.3 Single-side Air Outlet Ceiling Cassette Type IDU

◆ GMV-ND28TD/A-T, GMV-ND36TD/A-T, GMV-ND45TD/A-T, GMV-ND50TD/A-T;





Note: Details of this model are not issued yet. This list is made according to domestic sales details and cannot be used to place order for accessories. It will be updated once the following details are issued.

		For the fol	lowing unit	For the foll	owing unit
N	N. C.	Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND28TD/A-T	/	GMV-ND36TD/A-T	/
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Remote Controller	'30510129	1	'30510129	1
2	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232050	1
3	Temperature Sensor	'39008000079G	1	'39008000079G	1
4	Humidity Sensor Cover	'22242040	1	'22242040	1
5	Humidity Sensor	'30116072	1	'30116072	1
6	Water Level Switch	'4501270301	1	'4501270301	1
7	Water Pump Assy	'15404100005	1	'15404100005	1
8	Pump Drainpipe	'26905288	1	'26905288	1
9	Water Pump	'43138220	1	'43138220	1
10	Hook	'02112466	4	'02112466	4
11	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314100023	1	'01314100023	1
12	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'01344100020	1	'01344100020	1
13	Electric Box Assy	'01394100395	1	'01394100395	1
14	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
15	Terminal Board	'4201026603	1	'4201026603	1
16	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
17	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1
18	Brushless DC Motor	'1501214301	1	'1501214301	1
19	Strainer	'0741410000601	1	'0741410000601	1
20	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334492	1	'07334492	1
21	Filter	'07415210	1	'07415210	1
22	Filter Sub-Assy	0	0	0	0
23	Evaporator Assy	'01024100014	1	'01024100095	1
24	Water Tray Sub-Assy	'01284100011	1	'01284100011	1
25	Cross Flow Fan	'10454100001	1	'10454100001	1
26	Helicoid Tongue sub-assy	'02224100007	1	'02224100007	1
27	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	'76512203	1	'76512203	1
28	Chassis Assy	'01194100007	1	'01194100007	1
29	Left Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314100022	1	'01314100022	1





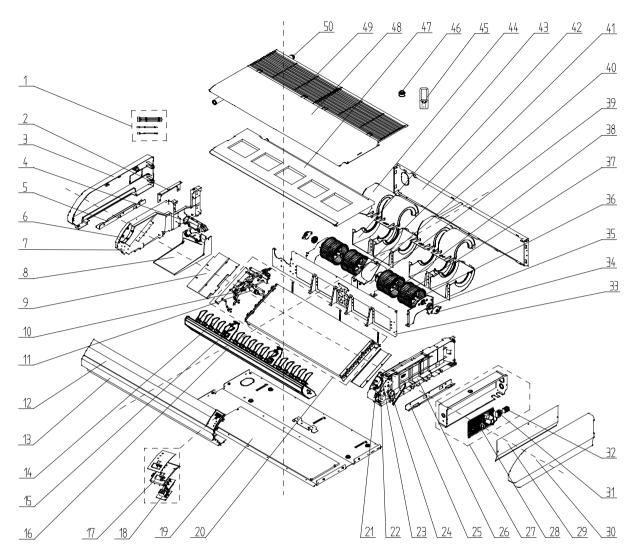
Note: Details of this model are not issued yet. This list is made according to domestic sales details and cannot be used to place order for accessories. It will be updated once the following details are issued.

		For the fol	lowing unit	For the fol	r the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code	
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND50TD/A-T	/	GMV-ND50TD/A-T	GMV-ND50TD/A-T	
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity	
1	Remote Controller	'30510129	1	'30510129	1	
2	Drain Hose Sub-Assy	'05232050	1	'05232050	1	
3	Temperature Sensor	'39008000079G	1	'39008000079G	1	
4	Humidity Sensor Cover	'22242040	1	'22242040	1	
5	Humidity Sensor	'30116072	1	'30116072	1	
6	Water Level Switch	'4501270301	1	'4501270301	1	
7	Water Pump Assy	'15404100005	1	'15404100005	1	
8	Pump Drainpipe	'26905288	1	'26905288	1	
9	Water Pump	'43138220	1	'43138220	1	
10	Hook	'02112466	4	'02112466	4	
11	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314100023	1	'01314100023	1	
12	Tube Exit Plate Assy	'01344100020	1	'01344100020	1	
13	Electric Box Assy	'01394100395	1	'01394100395	1	
14	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1	
15	Terminal Board	'4201026603	1	'4201026603	1	
16	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1	
17	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1	
18	Brushless DC Motor	'1501214301	1	'1501214301	1	
19	Strainer	'0741410000601	1	'0741410000601	1	
20	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334494	1	'07334494	1	
21	Filter	'07415210	1	'07415210	1	
22	Filter Sub-Assy	0	0	0	0	
23	Evaporator Assy	'01024100014	1	'01024100014	1	
24	Water Tray Sub-Assy	'01284100011	1	'01284100011	1	
25	Cross Flow Fan	'10454100001	1	'10454100001	1	
26	Helicoid Tongue sub-assy	'02224100007	1	'02224100007	1	
27	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	'76512203	1	'76512203	1	
28	Chassis Assy	'01194100007	1	'01194100007	1	
29	Left Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314100022	1	'01314100022	1	



2.4 High-efficiency Ceiling Type IDU

◆ GMV-ND28ZD/A-T, GMV-ND36ZD/A-T, GMV-ND50ZD/A-T;



		For the fol	lowing unit
		Unit	Product Code
No.		GMV-ND28ZD/A-T	CM600N0350
INO.	Name of part	GMV-ND36ZD/A-T	CM600N0360
		GMV-ND50ZD/A-T	CM600N0320
		Part code	Quantity
1	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000101G	1
2	Connection Board	'02229406	1
3	Right Cover Plate	'26909444	1
4	Plate Board of Water Releasing Flume	'26909442	1
5	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809402	1
6	Axile Bush	'10542704	2
7	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01319429	1
8	Water Releasing Flume	'02284106P	1
9	Connection Board	'01344115	1
10	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334466	1

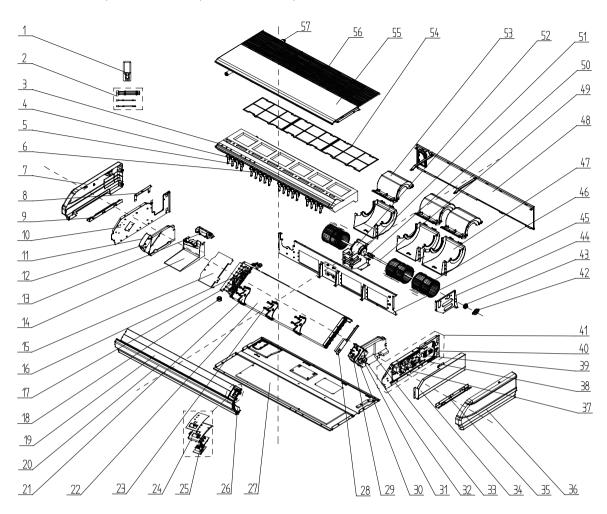


	1		
11	Strainer	'0741410000601	2
12	Guide Louver	'10619403	2
13	Front Connection Board	'01349414P	1
14	Air Louver	'10619404	16
15	Rotating Shaft	'26909430	4
16	Guide Louver Supporter Sub-assy	'0180941601	1
17	Fixed Mount	'26909426R	1
18	Display Board	'30294000009	1
19	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01319400008	1
20	Evaporator Assy	'01024100126	1
21	Rotating Shaft	'26909413	1
22	Connecting Rod	'26909411	1
23	Rotating Shaft	'26909412	1
24	Stepping Motor	'1521240206	1
25	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809401	1
26	Left Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01319428	1
27	Electric Box Assy	'01394100343	1
28	Main Board	'30226000029	1
29	Electric Box Cover	'01429420	1
30	Left Cover Plate	'26909443	1
31	Terminal Board	'42011106	1
32	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
33	Mid-clapboard sub-assy	'01249416	1
34	Support Of Motor Bearing	'01792408	2
35	O-Gasket of Bearing	'76512404	2
36	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	'73018000037	2
37	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200	4
38	Joint Slack	'73018731	2
39	Supporter	'01809400024	1
40	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1
41	Supporter	'01809400023	1
42	Rear Connection board	'01349422	1
43	Front Volute Casing	'26905205	4
44	Rear Volute Casing	'26905206	4
45	Remote Controller	'30510429	1
46	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413203	1
47	Water Tray Assy	'01289404	1
48	Top Cover Board Sub-assy	'01269409	1
49	Front Grill sub-assy	'01579403	2
50	Drainage Pipe Sub-assy	'05235434	1
	I .	l .	l





◆ GMV-ND63ZD/A-T, GMV-ND71ZD/A-T, GMV-ND90ZD/A-T;



		For the fol	lowing unit
		Unit	Product Code
NI-	None of work	GMV-ND63ZD/A-T	CM600N0410
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND71ZD/A-T	CM600N0370
		GMV-ND90ZD/A-T	CM600N0330
		Part code	Quantity
1	Remote Controller	'30510429	1
2	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000100G	1
3	Water Tray Assy	'01289405	1
4	Swing Lever	'10582008	2
5	Air Louver	'26909418	18
6	Swing Lever	'10582009	2
7	Right Cover Plate	'26909422	1
8	Connection Board	'02229406	1
9	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809402	1
10	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01319408	1
11	Right Foam Assy	'12509425	1
12	Axile Bush	'10542704	2
13	Plate Board of Water Releasing Flume	'26909442	1

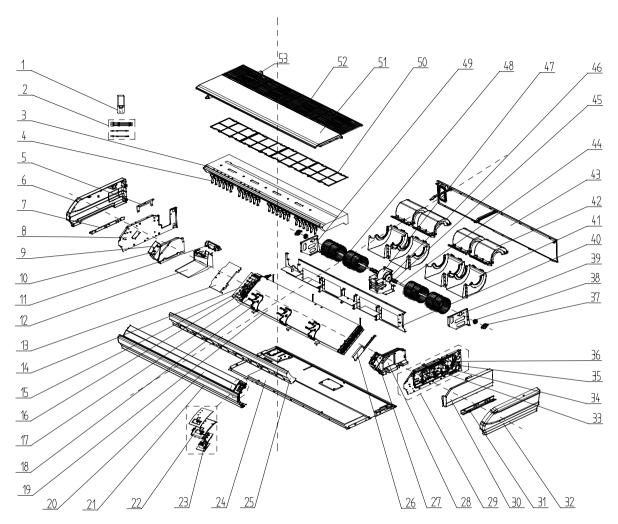


44	Mater Delegation Flores	'26909441	
14	Water Releasing Flume		1
15	connected board (evaporator)	'01344108	1
16	Strainer	'0741410000601	2
17	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334468	1
18	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413203	1
19	Guide Louver	'26909432	2
20	Front Connection Board	'01349408P	1
21	Supporter	'26909409	3
22	Evaporator Assy	'01024100104	1
23	Rotating Shaft	'26909430	6
24	Fixed Mount	'26909426R	1
25	Display Board	'30294000009	1
26	Front Connection Board Foam Assy	'12509424	1
27	Rear Side Plate Assy	'01319400005	1
28	Water Releasing Flume	'02289402P	1
29	Rotating Shaft	'26909413	1
30	Connecting Rod	'26909411	1
31	Rotating Shaft	'26909412	1
32	Stepping Motor	'1521240206	1
33	Left Foam Assy	'12509408	1
34	Electric Box Cover	'01429410P	1
35	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809401	1
36	Left Cover Plate	'26909416	1
37	Inductance	'43128000014	1
38	Main Board	'30226000027	1
39	Terminal Board	'42011106	1
40	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
41	Electric Box Assy	'01394100344	1
42	Support Of Motor Bearing	'01792408	1
43	O-Gasket of Bearing	'76512404	1
44	Bracket 1	'01809404	1
45	Clapboard Sub-Assy	'01249400002	1
46	Centrifugal fan	'1041410101	3
47	Front volute casing	'26905208	3
48	Rear Connection board	'01349418	1
49	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	'73018052	1
50	Joint Slack	'73018731	1
51	Motor Support Sub-Assy	'01809400029	1
52	Brushless DC Motor	'15705200005	1
53	Rear volute casing	'26909419	3
54	Filter	'11126002	1
55	Top Cover Board Sub-assy	'01269405	1
56	Front Grill sub-assy	'01579402	3
57	Drainage Pipe Sub-assy	05235434	1
31	Diamage i the Sub-assy	00233434	<u>'</u>





◆ GMV-ND112ZD/A-T, GMV-ND125ZD/A-T, GMV-ND140ZD/A-T;



		For the following unit		
		Unit	Product Code	
NI-	Name of west	GMV-ND112ZD/A-T	CM600N0380	
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND125ZD/A-T	CM600N0390	
		GMV-ND140ZD/A-T	CM600N0340	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Remote Controller	'30510429	1	
2	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000100G	1	
3	Water Tray Assy	'01289401	1	
4	Air Louver	'26909418	24	
5	Connection Board	'02229406	1	
6	Right Cover Plate	'26909422	1	
7	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809402	1	
8	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01319408	1	
9	Right Foam Assy	'12509425	1	
10	Axile Bush	'10542704	2	
11	Plate Board of Water Releasing Flume	'26909442	1	



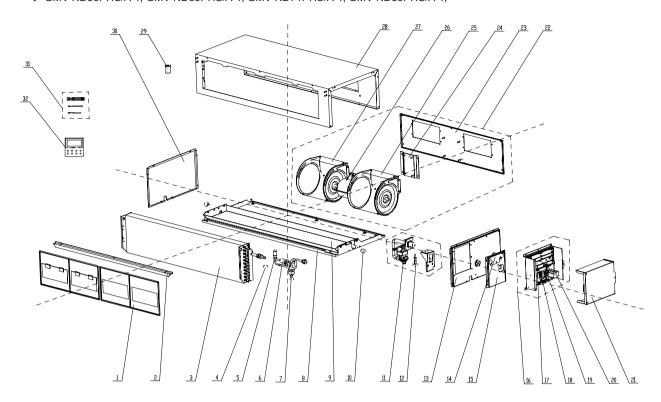
	,		
12	Water Releasing Flume	'26909441	1
13	connected board (evaporator)	'01344108	1
14	Strainer	'0741410000601	2
15	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334468	1
16	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413203	1
17	Rotating Shaft	'26909430	6
18	Supporter	'26909409	3
19	Evaporator Assy	'01024100105	1
20	Guide Louver	'10619405	2
21	Front Connection Board	'01349404P	1
22	Fixed Mount	'26909426R	1
23	Display Board	'30294000009	1
24	Rear Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01319442	1
25	Front Connection Board Foam Assy	'12509434	1
26	Water Releasing Flume	'02289402P	1
27	Stepping Motor	'1521240206	2
28	Left Foam Assy	'12509437	1
29	Electric Box Assy	'01394100344	1
30	Electric Box Cover	'01429410P	1
31	Installation Supporting Frame	'01809421	1
32	Left Cover Plate	'26909416	1
33	Main Board	'30226000027	1
34	Terminal Board	'42011106	1
35	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
36	Inductance	'43128000014	1
37	Support Of Motor Bearing	'01792408	2
38	O-Gasket of Bearing	'76512404	2
39	Bracket 1	'01809404	1
40	Clapboard Sub-Assy	01249400006	1
41	Front volute casing	'26905208	4
42	Rear volute casing	'26909419	4
43	Rear Connection board	'01349419	1
44	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	'73018052	2
45	Joint Slack	'73018731	2
46	Motor Support Sub-Assy	0180940002901	1
47	Brushless DC Motor	'15709400005	1
48	Centrifugal fan	'1041410101	4
49	Supporter	'01809403	1
50	Filter	'11126002	1
51	Top Cover Board Sub-assy	'01269400002	1
52	Front Grill sub-assy	'01579401	4
53	Drainage Pipe Sub-assy	'05235434	1





2.5 High-efficiency High-static-pressure Air-duct-type IDU

♦ GMV-ND56PHS/A-T, GMV-ND63PHS/A-T, GMV-ND71PHS/A-T, GMV-ND80PHS/A-T;

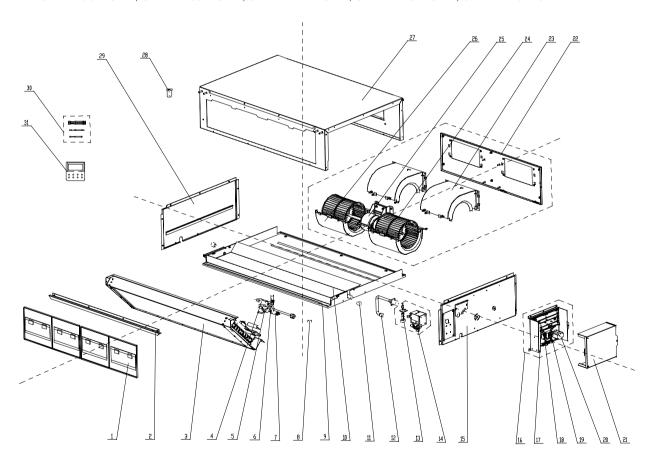


		For the following unit		
		Unit	Product Code	
		GMV-ND56PHS/A-T	CM800N3690	
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND63PHS/A-T	CM800N3700	
		GMV-ND71PHS/A-T	CM800N3540	
		GMV-ND80PHS/A-T	CM800N3710	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Filter Sub-Assy	'11125303	2	
2	Guide groove of the filter screen	'02285301	1	
3	Evaporator Assy	'01024100090	1	
4	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413215	1	
5	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334466	1	
6	Strainer	'0741410000601	1	
7	Filter	'07415210	1	
8	Lower Cover Plate Sub-Assy	'01265304	1	
9	Water Tray Assy	'01285317	1	
10	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76712455	2	
11	Water Pump	'4313822001	1	
12	Water Level Switch	'450127011	1	
13	Right Side Plate	'01314100063	1	
14	Seal plate'	'01494100008	1	
15	Cover Plate	'01264100036	1	
16	Electric Box Assy	'01394100255	1	



17	Main Board	'30226000027	1
18	Terminal Board	'42011154	1
19	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
20	Inductance	'43128000014	1
21	Electric Box Cover	'01424100078	1
22	Centrifugal fan assy	'15405200029	1
23	Blower Mounting Plate Sub-Assy	'01325200039	1
24	Supporter	'01804100140	1
25	Blower	'15012454	1
26	Brushless DC Motor	'15705200006	1
27	Blower	'15012458	1
28	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265226	1
29	Hook	'02112446	4
30	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314155	1
31	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004169G	1
32	Display Board	'30296107	1

◆ GMV-ND90PHS/A-T, GMV-ND100PHS/A-T, GMV-ND112PHS/A-T, GMV-ND125PHS/A-T, GMV-ND140PHS/A-T



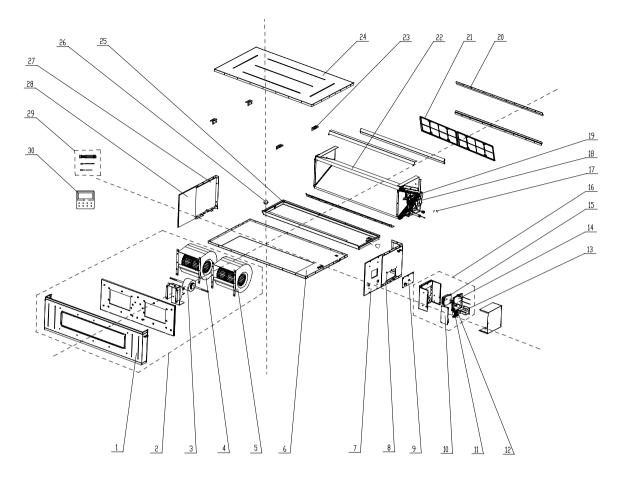


		For the following unit		
		Unit	Product Code	
		GMV-ND90PHS/A-T	CM800N3550	
	Name of part	GMV-ND100PHS/A-T	CM800N3650	
No.		GMV-ND112PHS/A-T	CM800N3660	
		GMV-ND125PHS/A-T	CM800N3670	
		GMV-ND140PHS/A-T	CM800N3680	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Filter Sub-Assy	'111253031	2	
2	Side Plate of Air intake	'01375301	1	
3	Evaporator Assy	'01024100077	1	
4	Strainer	'0741410000601	2	
5	Filter	0	0	
6	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334468	1	
7	Strainer	'07220005	1	
8	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413215	1	
9	Lower Cover Plate Sub-Assy	'15265301	1	
10	Water Tray Assy	'01285323	1	
11	Choke Plug of Drain Pipe	'76712455	2	
12	Pump Drainpipe	'05235301	1	
13	Water Level Switch	'45018012	1	
14	Water Pump	'43138220	1	
15	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01315200100	1	
16	Electric Box Assy	'01394100255	1	
17	Main Board	'30226000027	1	
18	Terminal Board	'42011154	1	
19	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	
20	Inductance	'43128000014	1	
21	Electric Box Cover	'01424100078	1	
22	Blower Mounting Plate Sub-Assy	'01325200044	1	
23	Propeller Housing(Upper)	'26904100051	2	
24	Centrifugal Fan	'10424100001	2	
25	Brushless DC Motor	'15709400006	1	
26	Propeller Housing(Lower)	'26904100052	2	
27	Top Cover Board Assy	'01264100039	1	
28	Hook	'02112466	4	
29	Left Side Plate Assy	'01315306	1	
30	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004169G	1	
31	Display Board	'30296107	1	





◆ GMV-ND224PH/A-T, GMV-ND280PH/A-T;



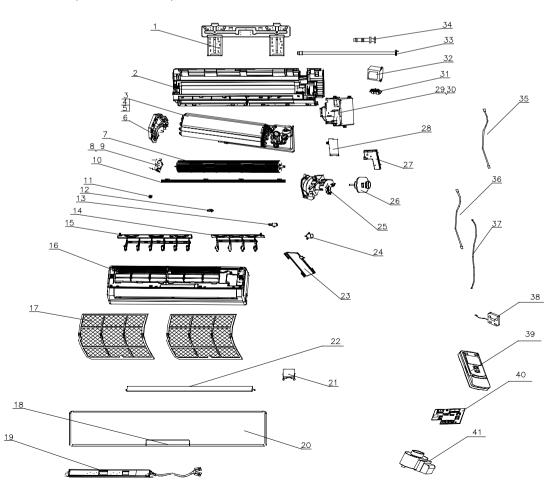
		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND224PH/A-T	CM800N3720
		GMV-ND280PH/A-T	CM800N3730
		Part code	Quantity
1	Front Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314314	1
2	Centrifugal fan assy	'15404100053	1
3	Brushless DC Motor	'15709400008	1
4	Motor	'15704118	1
5	Motor	'1570411801	1
6	Lower Cover Plate Sub-Assy	'01264213	1
7	Right Side Plate Assy	'01314100088	1
8	Front Side Plate assy 2	'01314312	1
9	Seal Of Connection Pipe sub-assy	'01494709	1
10	Main Board	`30226000064	1
11	Terminal Board	` 4201800002601	1
12	Terminal Board	` 42010259	1
13	Reactor	` 43130185	1



14	Main Board	`30221000018	1
15	Radiator	` 49018000068	1
16	Electric Box Assy	'01394100363	1
17	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413205	1
18	Strainer	'0741410000601	1
19	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07331139	1
20	filter guide groove	'02284105	2
21	Filter Sub-Assy	'11724102	2
22	Evaporator Assy	'01024100125	1
23	Hook	'02112466	4
24	Top Cover Board Sub-assy	'01264215	1
25	Water Tray Assy	'01284306	1
26	Choke Plug of Water Pipe	'76712454	2
27	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314309	1
28	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314319	1
29	Sensor Sub-assy	'39008000103G	1
30	Display Board	'30296107	1

2.6 Wall mounted type indoor unit

◆ GMV-N22G/A3A-K, GMV-N28G/A3A-K;

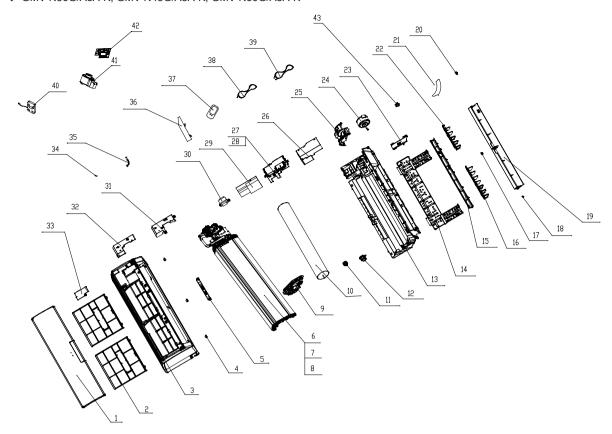




		For the following unit		
		Unit	Product Code	
No.	Name of part	GMV-N22G/A3A-K	CM100N1350	
	·	GMV-N28G/A3A-K	CM100N1320	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Wall Mounting Frame	'01252021	1	
2	Rear Case assy	'01514100010	1	
3	Evaporator Assy	'01024100102	1	
4	Electronic Expansion Valve Assy	'43044100111	1	
5	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334463	1	
6	Evaporator Support	'24212091	1	
7	Cross Flow Fan	'10454101	1	
8	Ring of Bearing	'26152022	1	
9	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	76512203	1	
10	Helicoid tongue	'26112163	1	
11	Left Axile Bush	'10512037	1	
12	Crank	10512037	1	
13	Axile Bush	10582070		
-			1	
14	Air Louver 1	'10512156	1	
15	Air Louver 2	'10512155	1	
16	Front Case Sub-Assy	'20012139	1	
17	Filter Sub-Assy	'1112220403	2	
18	Receiver Window	'22432230	1	
19	Display Board	'30296107	1	
20	Front panel	'20012122S	1	
21	Screw Cover	'24252016	1	
22	Guide Louver	'10512157	1	
23	Pipe Clamp	'26112164	1	
24	Stepping Motor	'1521212901	1	
25	Motor Press Plate	'26904100117	1	
26	Fan Motor	'150120874	1	
27	Electric Box Cover1	'22242135	1	
28	Electric Box Cover1	'2012207506	1	
29	Electric Box Assy	'01394100335	1	
30	Main Board	'30226000061	1	
31	Jumper	'4202021911	1	
32	Transformer	0	0	
33	Drainage hose	'0523001401	1	
34	Rubber Plug (Water Tray)	'76712012	1	
35	Power Cord	'4002048710	1	
36	Signal Wire	0	0	
37	Signal Wire	0	0	
38	Display Board	'30296107	1	
39	Remote Controller	'30510429	1	
40	Switch Board	0	0	
41	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413217	1	



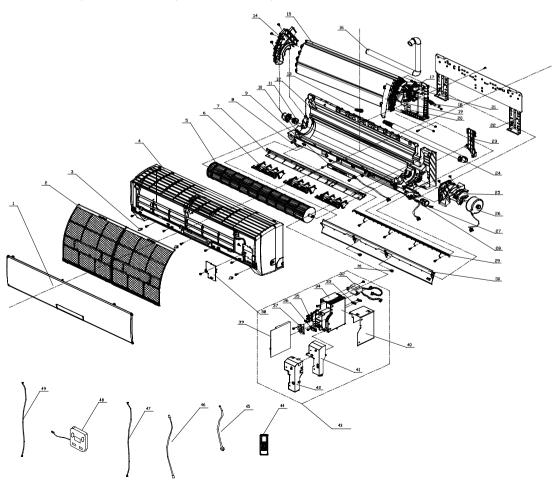
◆ GMV-N36G/A3A-K, GMV-N45G/A3A-K, GMV-N50G/A3A-K



	Name of part	For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code
		GMV-N36G/A3A-K	CM100N1360
No.		GMV-N45G/A3A-K	CM100N1370
		GMV-N50G/A3A-K	CM100N1330
		Part code	Quantity
1	Front Panel Case	'20012260	1
2	Front Case	'1112208901	2
3	Front Case	'20022172	1
4	Screw Cover	'24252016	3
5	Display Board	'30565038	1
6	Evaporator Assy	'01024100101	1
7	Electric expand valve Assy	'43044100112	1
8	Electric expand valve	'07334466	1
9	Evaporator Support	'24212133	1
10	Cross Flow Fan	'10454102	1
11	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	'76512203	1
12	Bearing cushion rubber base	'7651205102	1
13	Rear Case	'01514100011	1
14	Wall-Mounting Frame	'01252218	1
15	Helicoid tongue	'26112238	1
16	Air Louver	'10512116	1
17	Axile Bush	'10542036	1
18	Left Axile Bush	'10512037	1
19	Guide Louver	'10512115	1
20	Crankshaft	'10582070	1



◆ GMV-N56G/A3A-K, GMV-N63G/A3A-K, GMV-N71G/A3A-K;





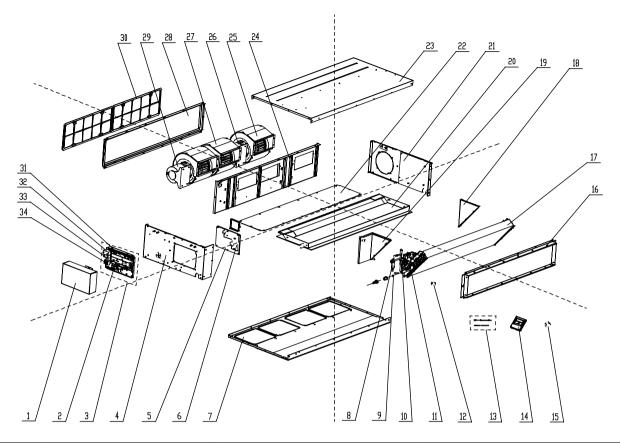
	For the following unit			
		Unit	Product Code	
		GMV-N56G/A3A-K	CM100N1380	
No.	Name of part	GMV-N63G/A3A-K	CM100N1390	
		GMV-N71G/A3A-K	CM100N1340	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Front Panel Case	'20012328	1	
2	Filter	'11122091	2	
3	Screw Cover	'24252016	3	
4	Front Case	'20012295	1	
5	Cross Flow Fan	'76512203	1	
6	Air Louver	'10512159	3	
7	Helicoid tongue	'26112187	1	
8	Left Axile Bush	'10512037	1	
9	Display Board	'30565038	1	
10	Bearing cushion rubber base	'26152025	1	
11	O-Gasket of Cross Fan Bearing	'76512203	1	
12	Rear Case Assy	'01514100012	1	
13	Water-Tray Drainplug	'76712012	1	
14	Evaporator Support	'24212103	1	
15	Evaporator Assy	'01024100099	1	
16	Thermal Insulation Tube	'75080005	0.7	
17	Electric Expansion Valve Sub-Assy	'43044100113	1	
18	Elbow Protect Board	'01072493	1	
19	Water-blocking Sheet	'7681410401	1	
20	Air Guard	0	0	
21	Electric expand valve fitting	'4304413217	1	
22	Wall-Mounting Frame	'01252032	1	
23	Pipe Clamp	26112188	1	
24	Drainage Pipe	'0523001405	1	
25	Motor Clamp	'26904100116	1	
26	Motor FN25A-PG	'15012098	1	
27	Stepping Motor MP35XX	'1521300101	1	
28	Crankshaft	1321300101	1	
29	Rear Grill	0	0	
30	Guide Louver	'10512118	1	
31	Axile Bush	10512116	2	
32	Transformer 57X25C	0	0	
33	Wire Retaining Band	0	0	
34	Electric Box	20112108	1	
	earth-plate			
35 36	Wire Clamp	0 '71012064	0 1	
	Switch Board			
37	Electric Box Cover 2	0	0	
38	Main PCB	'2011208104 '30226000063	1	
39			1	
40	Lower Shield of Electric Box	'01592091	1	
41	Electric Box Cover 1	20122154	1	
42	Upper Shield of Electric Box	'01592092	1	
43	Electric Box Assy	'01394100336	1	
44	Remote Controller YB1FA	'30510429	1	
45	Power Cord	'4002048710	1	
46	Connecting Cable	0	0	
47	Connecting Cable	0	0	
48	Display Board	'30296107	1	
49	Sensor sub-assy	0	0	





2.7 Fresh Air Processing IDU

◆ GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K;

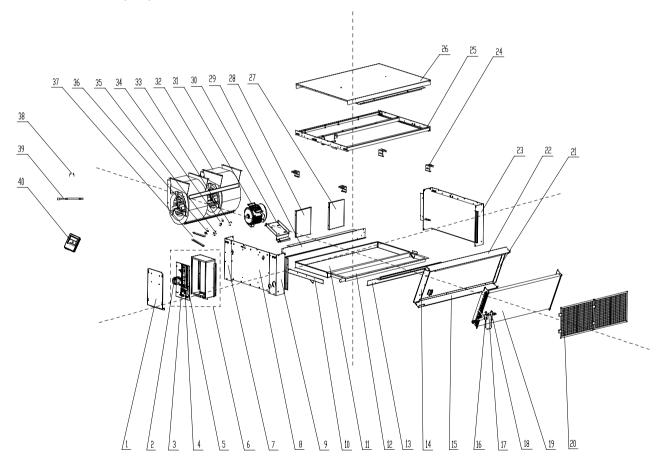


		For the following unit		
No.	Name of and	Unit	Product Code	
INO.	Name of part	GMV-NX140P/A(X1.2)-K	CM800N3610	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Electric Box Cover	'01424100071	1	
2	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	
3	Electric Box Assy	'01394100360	1	
4	Left Side Plate Assy	01314100058	1	
5	Seal Of Left Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01495212	1	
6	Seal Of Connection Pipe	'01495213	1	
7	Bottom Cover Plate Assy	'0125860301 1		
8	Strainer	0741410000601	1	
9	Filter Sub-Assy	'07210028	1	
10	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334412	1	
11	Filter	'07415210	1	
12	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413219	1	
13	Sensor sub-assy	'39004167G	1	
14	Display Board	'30296107	1	
15	Choke Plug of Water Pipe	'76712454	1	
16	Border Plate of Air Outlet Sub-Assy	'01374100036	1	
17	Evaporator Assy	'01024100061	1	
18	Evaporator	'01805221	1	
19	Left Evaporator Support	'01804100006 1		



20	Water Tray Assy	'01285229	1
21	Right Side Plate Assy	'01308679	1
22	Cover Of Air-In	'01258602	1
23	Top Cover Board Assy	'01264625	1
24	Fan Motor Mounting Plate Sub-Assy	'01325293	1
25	Blower	'15018603	2
26	Fan Motor	'1570520901	1
27	Blower	'15018604	1
28	Air intake side-board Sub-assy	'01375221	1
29	Fan Motor	'1570521001	1
30	Filter Sub-Assy	'11725205	2
31	Main Board	'30226000052	1
32	Capacitor CBB61	'33010056	1
33	Capacitor CBB61	'33010064	1
34	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1

◆ GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-M;



		For the following unit		
No.	Name of part	Unit	Product Code	
INO.		GMV-NX224P/A(X2.0)-M	CM800N3620	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Electric Box Cover	'01419141	1	
2	AC Contactor	'44010232	1	

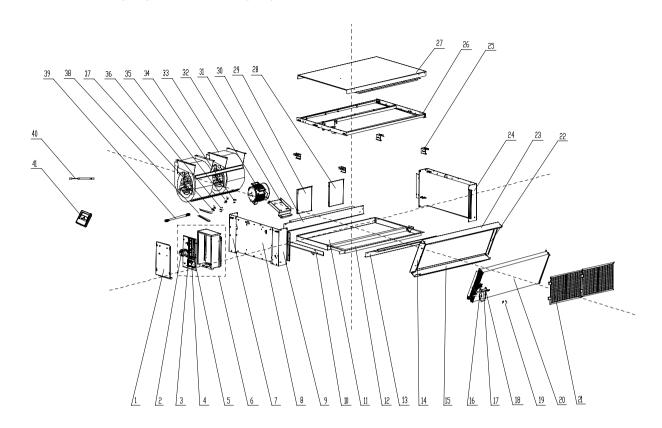




3	Terminal Board	'42011221	1
4	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
5	Main Board	'30226000052	1
6	Electric Box Assy	'01394100332	1
7	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01309105	1
8	Access panel sub-assy	'01544126	1
9	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314209	1
10	Side beam assy	'01874178	1
11	Chassis Sub-assy	'01194136	1
12	Water Collecting Tray Assy	'01284142	1
13	Front Frame sub- assy	'01874184	1
14	Air Guard	'01354112	1
15	Base plate (evaporator)	'01079114	1
16	Filter	'07415210	1
17	Strainer	'0741410000601	1
18	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334390	1
19	Evaporator Assy	'01024100064	1
20	Filter Sub-Assy	'11129070	2
21	Air Guard	'01354111	1
22	Cover Plate Sub-Assy of Evaporator	'01094109	1
23	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314208	1
	2011 0100 1 1010 7 100 9		'
24	Hook	'02205302	4
	-		
24	Hook	'02205302	4
24 25	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board	'02205302 '01729165	4 1
24 25 26	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106	4 1 1
24 25 26 27	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079	4 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079	4 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108	4 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108	4 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor Taper Sleeve	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701 '15009059 '10548211	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701 '15009059 '10548211 '10548158	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel Taper Sleeve	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701 '15009059 '10548211 '10548158 '10548218	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701 '15009059 '10548211 '10548158 '10548158	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	Hook suspending rack Top Cover Assy place with a draught of Connection board place with a draught of Connection board Rear beam sub-assy Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy Fan Motor Motor Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel Taper Sleeve Belt Wheel Belt Wheel	'02205302 '01729165 '01259106 '01389079 '01389077 '01779108 '01845309 '1570600000701 '15009059 '10548211 '10548158 '10548158 '10548150 '76318317	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1



◆ GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)-M, GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)-M;

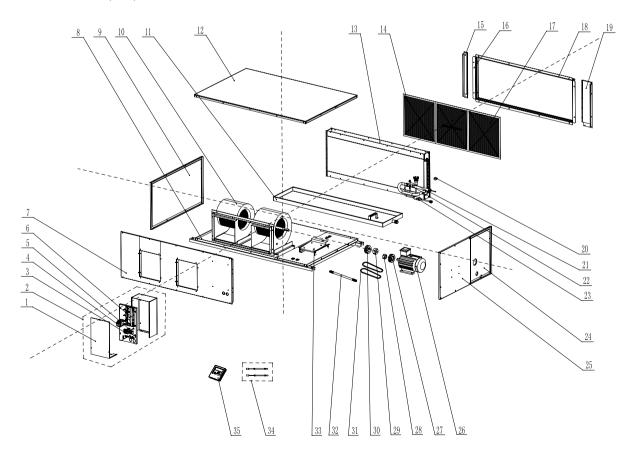


		For the following unit		
		Unit	Product Code	
No.	Name of part	GMV-NX280P/A(X2.5)-M	CM800N3630	
		GMV-NX280P/A(X3.0)-M	CM800N3640	
		Part code	Quantity	
1	Electric Box Cover	'014191411	1	
2	AC Contactor	'44010232	1	
3	Terminal Board	'42011221	1	
4	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	
5	Main Board	'30226000052	1	
6	Electric Box Assy	'01394100332	1	
7	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01309105	1	
8	Access panel sub-assy	'01544126	1	
9	Right Side Plate Sub-Assy	'01314209	1	
10	Side beam assy	'01874178	1	
11	Chassis Sub-assy	'01194136	1	
12	Water Collecting Tray Assy	'01284142	1	
13	Front Frame sub- assy	'01874184	1	
14	Air Guard	'01354112	1	
15	Base plate (evaporator)	'01079114	1	
16	Filter	'07415210	1	
17	Strainer	'0741410000601	1	
18	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334390	1	
19	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413219	1	



20	Evaporator Assy	'01024100092	1
21	Filter Sub-Assy	'11129070	2
22	Air Guard	'01354111	1
23	Cover Plate Sub-Assy of Evaporator	'01094109	1
24	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314208	1
25	Hook	'02205302	4
26	suspending rack	'01729165	1
27	Top Cover Assy	'01259106	1
28	place with a draught of Connection board	'01389079	1
29	place with a draught of Connection board	'01389077	1
30	Rear beam sub-assy	'01779108	1
31	Motor Retaining Plate Sub-Assy	'01845309	1
32	Fan Motor	'1570600000701	1
33	Motor	'15009059	1
34	Taper Sleeve	'10548211	1
35	Belt Wheel	'10548156	1
36	Taper Sleeve	'10548218	1
37	Belt Wheel	'10548149	1
38	Belt	'76318317	2
39	Rotating Shaft	'10549057	1
40	Sensor sub-assy	'39004165G	1
41	Display Board	'30296107	1

◆ GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)-M;





Note: Details of this model are not issued yet. This list is made according to domestic sales details and cannot be used to place order for accessories. It will be updated once the following details are issued.

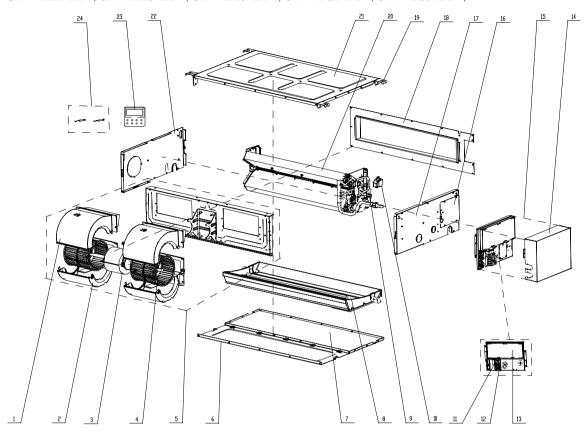
		For the fol	lowing unit
N	Name of vert	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-NX450P/A(X4.0)-M	/
		Part code	Quantity
1	Electric Box Cover	'01425304P	1
2	Electric Box Assy	'01394100243	1
3	Terminal Board	'42011043	1
4	AC Contactor	'44010232	1
5	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
6	Main Board	'30226000052	1
7	Air Outlet Panel sub-assy	'01545213	1
8	Base Frame Assy	'01285225	1
9	Side panel sub-assy	'01545212	1
10	Motor	'15705214	1
11	Water Collecting Tray Assy	'01284169	1
12	Top Cover Sub-Assy	'01265209	1
13	Evaporator Assy	'01024100062	1
14	Filter Sub-Assy	'11129079	1
15	Retaining Plate Sub-Assy	'01845207	1
16	Longitudinal Beam of return air frame	'01875208P	2
17	Filter Sub-Assy	'11129078	2
18	Return Air Frame Sub-Assy	'01375208P	2
19	Retaining Plate Sub-Assy	'01845205	1
20	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413219	1
21	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334390	1
22	Filter	'07218603	1
23	Gas Tube Filter	'072190511	1
24	Side panel sub-assy	'01545208	1
25	Side panel sub-assy	'01545210	1
26	Fan Motor	'1501861102	1
27	Belt Wheel	'10548149	1
28	Taper Sleeve	'10548213	1
29	Taper Sleeve	'10548218	1
30	Belt Wheel	'10548156	1
31	Belt	'76318309	2
32	Rotating Shaft	'10549057	1
33	Retaining Plate	'01845319	1
34	Temperature Sensor	'39008000092G	1
35	Display Board	'30296106	1





2.8 High-efficiency Low-noise Duct Type Air Conditioner

◆ GMV-ND22PL/B-T, GMV-ND25PL/B-T, GMV-ND28PL/B-T, GMV-ND32PL/B-T, GMV-ND36PL/B-T;



	For the following unit		For the following	lowing unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of next	GMV-ND22PL/B-T	CM800N3560	GMV-ND32PL/B-T	CM800N3570
INO.	Name of part	GMV-ND25PL/B-T	CM810N0010	/	/
		GMV-ND28PL/B-T	CM810N0020	/	/
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Propeller Housing(Upper)	'26905200018	2	'26905200018	2
2	Propeller Housing(Lower)	'26905200019	2	'26905200019	2
3	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1	'15704100001	1
4	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200003	2	'10425200003	2
5	Centrifugal fan assy	15404100031	1	15404100031	1
6	Cover Plate	'01265200057	1	'01265200057	1
7	Bottom Cover Plate Assy	'01265200065	1	'01265200065	1
8	Water Tray Assy	'01285200020	1	'01285200020	1
9	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334463	1	'07334463	1
10	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413215	1	'4304413215	1
11	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	'42011106	1
12	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
13	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1



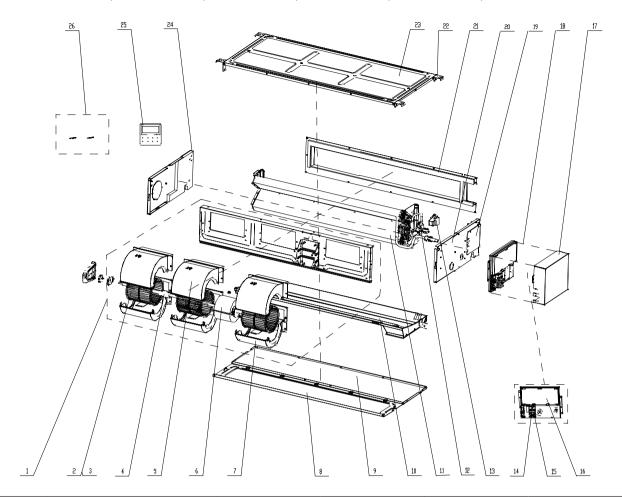
14	Electric Box Cover	'01425200023	1	'01425200023	1
15	Electric Box Assy	'01394100241	1	'01394100241	1
16	Closing Plate Sub-Assy	'01494100007	1	'01494100007	1
17	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314100051	1	'01314100051	1
18	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374100031	1	'01374100031	1
19	Hook	'02112446	2	'02112446	2
20	Evaporator Assy	'01024100071	1	` 01024100072	1
21	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265200066	1	'01265200066	1
22	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315200053	1	'01315200053	1
23	Display Board	'30296107	1	'30296107	1
24	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G	1	'39004168G	1

		For the fol	lowing unit
		Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of part	GMV-ND36PL/B-T	CM810N0030
		Part code	Quantity
1	Propeller Housing(Upper)	'26905200018 2	
2	Propeller Housing(Lower)	'26905200019	2
3	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1
4	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200003	2
5	Centrifugal fan assy	15404100031	1
6	Cover Plate	'01265200057	1
7	Bottom Cover Plate Assy	'01265200065	1
8	Water Tray Assy	'01285200020	1
9	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334463	1
10	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413215	1
11	Terminal Board	'42011106	1
12	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
13	Main Board	'30226000029 1	
14	Electric Box Cover	'01425200023	1
15	Electric Box Assy	'01394100241	1
16	Closing Plate Sub-Assy	'01494100007	1
17	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314100051	1
18	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374100031	1
19	Hook	'02112446	2
20	Evaporator Assy	'01024100073	1
21	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265200066	1
22	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315200053	1
23	Display Board	'30296107 1	
24	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G 1	





♦ GMV-ND40PL/B-T, GMV-ND45PL/B-T, GMV-ND50PL/B-T, GMV-ND56PL/B-T, GMV-ND63PL/B-T;

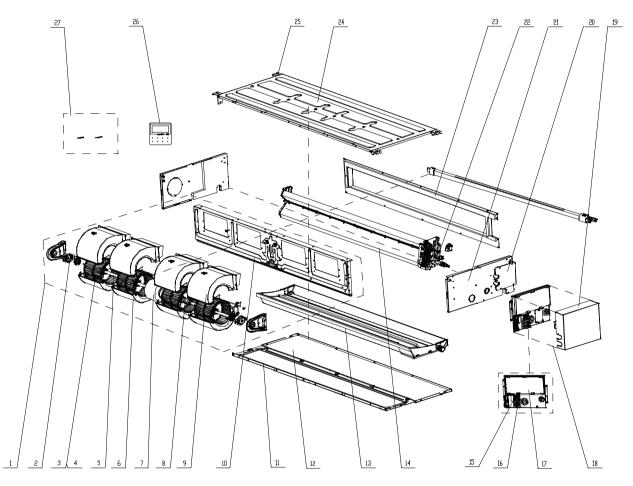


		For the following unit		For the following unit	
		Unit	Product Code	Unit	Product Code
No.	Name of next	GMV-ND40PL/B-T	CM800N3580	GMV-ND56PL/B-T	CM800N3590
NO.	Name of part	GMV-ND45PL/B-T	CM810N0040	GMV-ND63PL/B-T	CM810N0060
		GMV-ND50PL/B-T	CM810N0050	/	/
		Part code	Quantity	Part code	Quantity
1	Centrifugal fan assy	'15404100032	1	'15404100032	1
2	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200003	3	'10425200003	3
3	Fan Bearing	'76512210	1	'76512210	1
4	Joint Slack	'73018731	1	'73018731	1
5	Propeller Housing(Upper)	'26905200018	3	'26905200018	3
6	Fan Motor	'15704100001	1	'15704100001	1
7	Propeller Housing(Lower)	'26905200019	3	'26905200019	3
8	Cover Of Air-In	'01265200073	1	'01265200073	1
9	Bottom Cover Plate Assy	'01265200071	1	'01265200071	1
10	Water Tray Assy	'01285200022	1	'01285200022	1
11	Evaporator Assy	'01024100074	1	'01024100075	1
12	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334466	1	'07334466	1
13	Electric Expand Valve Fitting	'4304413215	1	'4304413215	1
14	Terminal Board	'42011106	1	'42011106	1
15	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1	'4201800002601	1
16	Main Board	'30226000029	1	'30226000029	1



17	Electric Box Cover	'01425200023	1	'01425200023	1
18	Electric Box Assy	'01394100241	1	'01394100241	1
19	Closing Plate Sub-Assy	'01494100007	1	'01494100007	1
20	Left Side Plate Assy	'01314100051	1	'01314100051	1
21	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374100032	1	'01374100032	1
22	Hook	'02112446	2	'02112446	2
23	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265200068	1	'01265200068	1
24	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315200053	1	'01315200053	1
25	Display Board	'30296107	1	'30296107	1
26	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G	1	'39004168G	1

♦ GMV-ND72PL/B-T



		GMV-ND72PL/B-T			
No.	Name of part	Product Code	CM800N3600		
		Part code	Quantity		
1	Centrifugal fan assy	'15404100038	1		
2	Bearing Holder Sub-assy	'26151139	2		
3	Centrifugal Fan	'10425200003	4		
4	Fan Bearing	'76512210	1		
5	Rotary Axis Sub-Assy	'73018761	2		
6	Propeller Housing(Lower)	'26905200019	4		





7	DC brushless motor	'15704100001	1
	DC brushless motor	13704100001	<u>'</u>
8	Joint Slack	'73018731	2
9	Propeller Housing(Upper)	'26905200018	4
10	Blower Mounting Plate Sub-Assy	'01325200053	1
11	Cover Of Air-In	'01265200085	1
12	Bottom Cover Plate Assy	'01265200093	1
13	Water Tray Assy	'01285200029	1
14	Evaporator Assy	1024100076	1
15	Terminal Board	'42011106	1
16	Terminal Board	'4201800002601	1
17	Main Board	'30226000029	1
18	Electric Box Assy	1394100241	1
19	Electric Box Cover	'01425200023	1
20	Closing Plate Sub-Assy	'01494100007	1
21	Right Side Plate Assy	'01315200053	1
22	Electronic Expansion Valve	'07334466	1
23	Air Outlet Frame Assy	'01374100035	1
24	Top Cover Board Assy	'01265200092	1
25	Hook	'02112446	2
26	Display Board	'30296107	1
27	Sensor Sub-assy	'39004168G	1



Chapter 5 Remote Control

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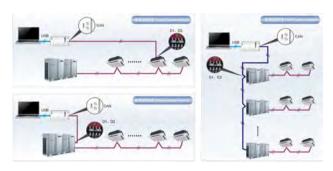
Part 1 Engineering Debugger

1. Overview

With quick increase of comprehensive constructions and large buildings, central air conditioning systems of the buildings are not only increased in number and diversified in model but also sparsely distributed, which makes centralized management and maintenance difficult to realize. Gree Debugger, integrated with electronic communication technology and PC software technology, helps monitor, control, and debug central air conditioning units all round, making sparse distribution not an issue and realizing centralized control and management. Managers, needless to go to the site to set and manage all units, can perform running state query, unit start/stop, temperature adjustment, and other operations using a PC, improving working efficiency and reducing manpower, material, and management input.

At present, Gree Debugger can be used to comprehensively monitor and control Gree multi units. So long as users have a PC, they can monitor and control air conditioning units through the software. Gree Debugger is an effective intelligent management tool for air conditioning systems and also a tool for engineering setup and after-sale debugging. With Gree Debugger, users can debug air conditioners on site, understand units' running state, and conveniently analyze units' health conditions, not only improving users' working efficiency and reducing maintenance difficulty and cost but also improving customers' service quality and speed.

2. System Networking



Gree Debugger is applicable to both single-system network and multi-system network. In a single-system network, the software can control both IDUs and ODUs. In a multi-system network, however, the software can control the master ODU only.

2.1 Composition of System Network

From the network topology, it can be seen that Gree debugging network is composed of three parts:

Control PC part in the monitor room, including Gree Debugger and USB Converter Driver installed in the PCs.

USB data conversion part, mainly converts air conditioning units' communication mode into PC recognizable mode. Devices include USB data converters and USB data lines.

Air conditioning unit part, mainly composed of air conditioning units, including ODUs, IDUs, and lines. If the lines are not long enough, the transfer board accompanied with Gree Debugger can help connect the lines together. In a single-system network, the converter can be connected to an IDU or an ODU. In a multisystem network, however, the converter can be connected to a

master ODU only.

3. Hardware

3.1 List of Parts

Name	Туре	ВОМ	Remark
USB data converter	ME40-00/B	30118000001	Converts unit communication mode into PC recognizable communication mode
Debugger suite (disk)	DE40-33/A(C)	36400000003	This disk contains the Gree Debugger, monitor software, USB driver, and USB converter configuration software
USB data line	\	40020082	A line connecting a PC with the converter over the USB interface
COM interface board	\	30118015	This board serves to connect units with control PCs when they are too distant to communicate
Connecting line (1 m)	\	4001023229	A 4-core line connecting units with the converter
Connecting line (5.5 m)	\	4001023214	A 4-core line connecting units with the converter
User manual	\	64134100023	Instructions

3.2 USB Data Converter

3.2.1 Function

The USB data converter converts communication mode of the air conditioning units, for example, RS485, HBS, and CAN into a mode that is recognizable through PC's USB interface.

3.2.2 Appearance





USB



3.2.3 LEDs and Interfaces

Power LED: a red LED. When it is on, it indicates that the converter is normally supplied with power; when it is off, it indicates that the converter's power supply is abnormal.

Communication LEDs: two yellow LEDs. When a PC is delivering data, the data transmitting LED will flash; when an air conditioning unit is uploading data to the PC, the data receiving LED will flash.

Function LEDs: three green LEDs:

If the RS485 to USB LED is steady on, it indicates that the converter is working in RS485 mode.

If the CAN to USB LED is steady on, it indicates that the converter is working in CAN mode.

If the HBS to USB LED is steady on, it indicates that the converter is working in HBS mode.

USB interface: connects to a USB data line.

CAN interface: When air conditioners work in CAN mode, they are connected to the converter over this CAN interface. This interface is not distinguished by polarity. Thus, the two contacts C1 and C2 can be used interchangeably.

HBS interface: When air conditioners work in HBS mode, they are connected to the converter over this HBS interface. This interface is not distinguished by polarity. At present, Gree Debugger and monitor software do not support this interface.

RS485 interface: When air conditioners work in RS485 mode, they are connected to the converter over this RS485 interface. This interface is distinguished by polarity. Thus, the two contacts A and B cannot be used interchangeably.

3.2.4 Precautions

The converter should be installed indoors and prevented from being hit. It is recommended that the converter is installed in the monitor room with PCs.

The converter does not need to be connected to a power supply. It is powered by the PC via the USB interface.

3.3 COM Interface Board

This board mainly transfers data. Providing a transfer function, the board serves to connect units with control PCs when they are too distant to communicate.

3.4 Lines

3.4.1 USB Data Line

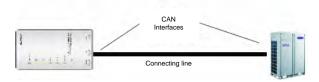
A USB data line is connecting to a USB interface of a PC at one end and to another USB interface of a converter at the other end. See the following figure:



3.4.2 Connecting Line

Gree Debugger is accompanied with two lines: 1 m and 5.5 m. They are completely the same except the length. The line is connecting to the COM interface of an air conditioning unit at one end and to the CAN interface of a converter at the other end, as shown in the following figure. The air conditioning unit can be

either an IDU or an ODU.



4. Software Setup

4.1 Prerequisites

4.1.1 PC Configuration

Memory	Min: 1 GB Recommended: 2 GB or larger
Hardware	10 GB available
CPU	Core 2 or later versions Min: 1 GHz Recommended: 2 GHz or higher
os	Windows Server 2003 SP3 or later versions Windows XP SP3 or later versions Windows Vista Windows 7

4.1.2 Running the Disk

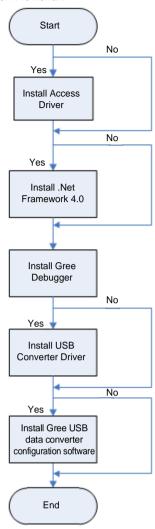
Make sure you have the administrator permission and the PC has been configured with a driver. Put the disk into the driver. If it is running automatically, the following page will appear. If not, double click the "Launcher.exe" file to display the page.



If it is the first time to use Gree Debugger, the following software needs to be installed: .Net Framework 4.0, USB Converter Driver, Access Driver (required for versions earlier than Office 2007), and Gree Debugger.



4.2 Installation Flowchart



This is a simplified software setup procedure. For details, read the following section.

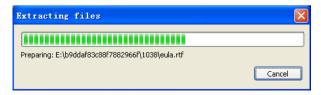
4.3 Installation Procedure

4.3.1 Installing .Net Framework 4.0

If your PC has been installed with .Net Framework 4.0 or later version, skip this step. Otherwise, click "Install .Net Framework 4.0".



Loading file.

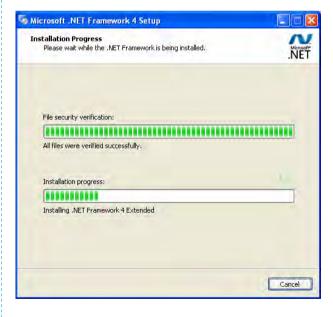




Check "I have read and accept the license terms" and click "Install".



Installing.





Click "Finish".

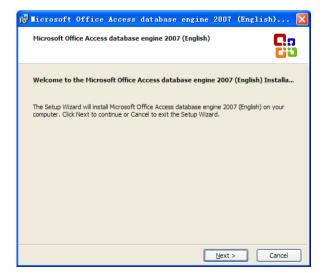


4.3.2 Installing Access Driver

Before the Gree Debugger can run, install the Access Driver (required for versions earlier than Office 2007). Click "Install Access Driver".



Click "Next".



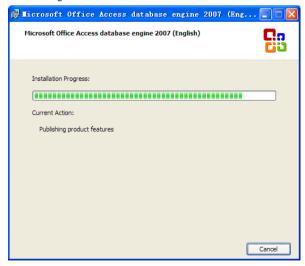
Check "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" and click "Next".



Click "Browse" to select a path. If you want to use the default path, click "Install".



Installing.





Click "OK".



4.3.3 Installing Gree Debugger

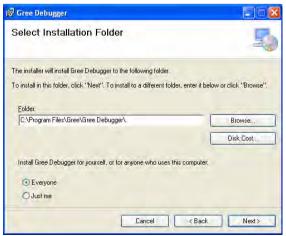
Before installing Gree Debugger, make sure your PC has been installed with .Net Framework 4.0 or later version. Click "Install Gree Debugger".



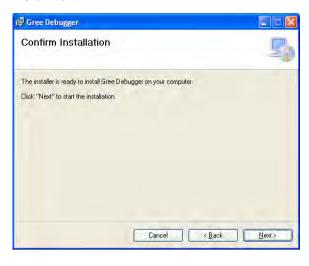
Click "Next".



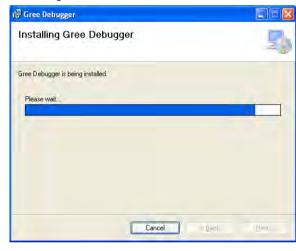
Click "Browse" to select a path. If you want to use the default path, click "Next".



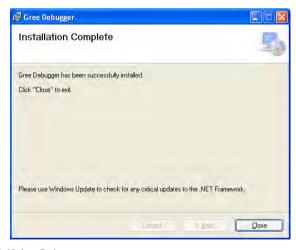
Click "Next".



Installing.



Click "Close".



5. Using Debugger

5.1 Major Functions

5.1.1 One-Click Engineering Debug

Engineering debug personnel can use this software to debug units based on engineering debug logic by one-click operation. The minute you deliver a debug command through the software, units begin automatic debug step by step. When the units pass



debug of a step, the step is automatically checked green. If they fail this step, it will be checked red.

5.1.2 All-Round Monitor and Health Analysis

All-round monitor on the air conditioning systems, including functions, devices, and parts is supported. Intuitive and clear display facilitates users to understand running of the entire systems and units.

5.1.3 Real-Time Control and Running Mode Adjustment

Air conditioner operation time and requirement on the air conditioners vary with geographical locations. Users can adjust parameters of air conditioning units through a PC based on the actual situation of an area, including start/stop, temperature, airflow speed, and mode. Gree Debugger also enables users to set and query parameters for ODUs and gateways.

5.1.4 Other Functions

Gree Debugger also instructs users to connect units, and allows users to capture screens, open database files, rebuild database, and modify database file saving path.

5.2 How to Use Gree Debugger

5.2.1 Viewing Unit Parameters

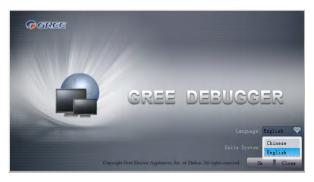
Run Gree Debugger.



On the initial page, select a language and unit. If you want to use default settings, click "OK" to enable Gree Debugger.



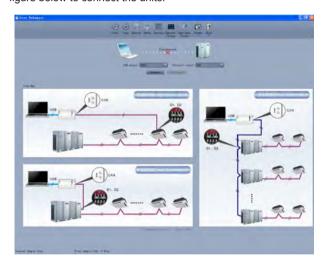
Select a language.



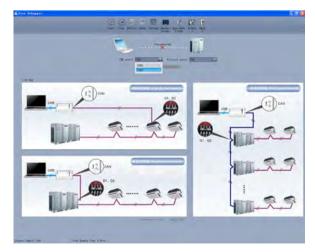
Select a unit.



If units you want to monitor have been connected and normally communicating, and COM interface and protocol are set, click "Connect" to access the parameter page. If not, follow the figure below to connect the units.

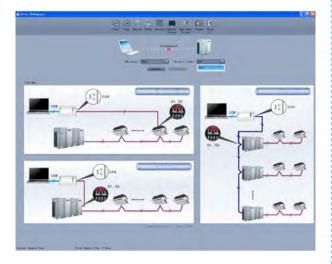


Set COM interface. Gree Debugger will automatically detect available serial ports of your PC. You can select one of them.

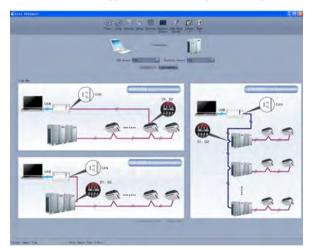




Set protocol. This is to choose a communication mode of your air conditioning units. At present, CAN is the proper communication mode.



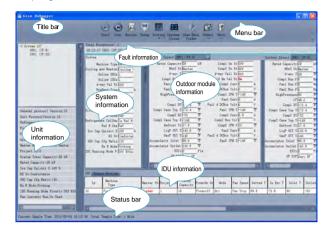
Click "Connect". If units can be in normal communication with the PC, Gree Debugger will switch over to the parameter page. Otherwise, Gree Debugger shows it is being connecting.



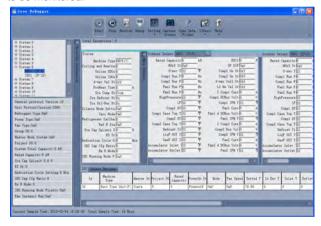


The following figure shows the compositions of the parameter page. You can click and to hide the unit information area and system information area. Within the IDU information area and fault information area, you can drag. Within the outdoor module information area, you can choose to show one module only (by default, two modules are displayed at the same time

in the proportion of 3:1). The menu bar can also be hidden by clicking . In the status bar, current sampling time and total sampling time are shown.

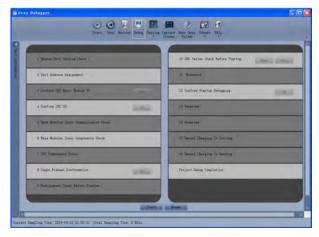


In the unit information area, you can choose to view any unit to be monitored.



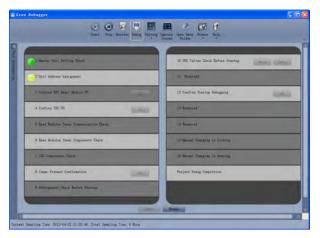
5.2.2 Engineering Debug

Click "Debug" in the menu bar to switch over to the engineering debug page. Units will automatically execute debug steps one after another based on the order of steps on the page. Note that the debug function can be used for single-system network only.

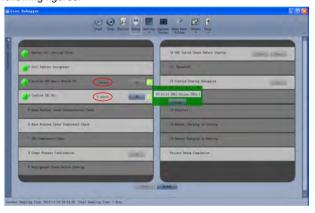


Click "Start" to enable Gree Debugger and units automatically debug. indicates a currently debugging step and indicates a successfully debugged step.



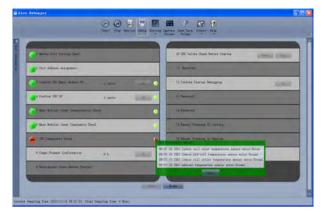


Steps that have the "OK" button available enable users to continue further debug. Click and corresponding debug information will be shown, enabling you to determine whether to continue debug. Click "Close" to close the information. For step 3 "Confirm ODU Basic Module NO." and step 4 "Confirm IDU NO.", quantity of units debugged will be shown; for step 8 "Compr. Preheat Confirmation", preheating time will be shown. See the following figures.

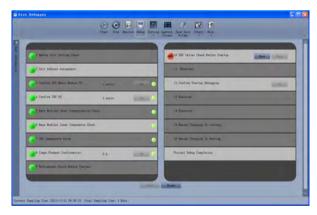


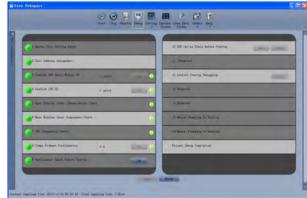


The icon indicates that corresponding step failed and a fault exists. In this case, users need to rectify the fault first. After the issue is addressed, Gree Debugger automatically continues the debug procedure if there is not an "OK" button available; otherwise, users should click "OK" to confirm. Click and corresponding debug information will be shown, helping you analyze the fault. Click "Close" to close the information.



During debugging, if you click "Stop", the debug is interrupted. Click "Start" to continue debug. When debug goes on to step 10 "ODU Valves Check Before Startup", "Back" and "Skip" are available. If this step fails, you can go back to step 9. Click "OK" of step 9 to continue step 10. If the failure is U6 fault (valve exception alarm), click "Skip" to skip this step. For other fault causes, this button is greyed out.





Steps 11, 13, and 14 are reserved. Steps 13 to 16 are concurrent steps. That is, only one of them will be executed at one time.

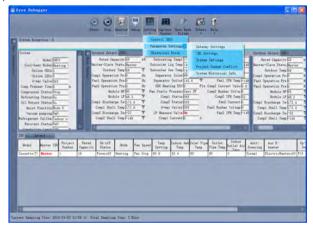
When "Project Debug Completion" is checked green, the engineering debug is finished.



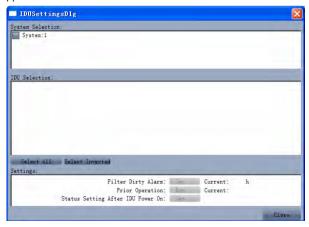


5.2.3 Controlling Units

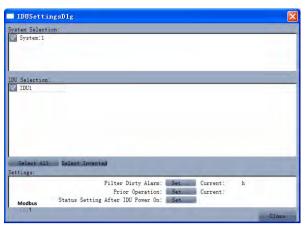
In the menu bar, choose "Setting" -> "Parameter Settings". Shortcut menus "Gateway Settings", "IDU Settings", "System Settings", "Project Number Conflict", and "System Historical Info" are available. Select one of them to set. Note that if project number of an IDU conflicts, other options will be greyed out. In this case, you need to set the "Project Number Conflict" parameter to solve the conflict.



If you select "IDU Settings", the following dialog box will appear.



Check desired IDUs from the IDU Selection area. You can also click "Select All" or "Select Inverted" to check the IDUs. Parameter information of selected IDUs will be shown in the Settings area. Click "Set..." and click in the displayed dialog box to select. After you click "Set", the page will be updated to show the selected value.



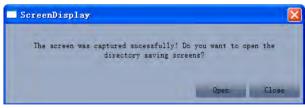


5.2.4 Other Functions

♦ Capturing screen

To capture a screen, click "Capture Screen" in the menu bar. If you want to open the screen, click "Open".



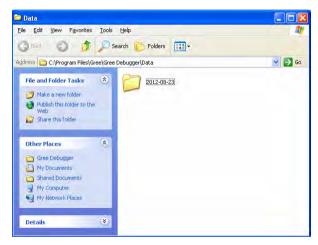




♦ Searching for database files

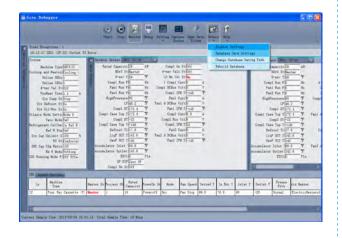
To search for database files, click "Open Data Folder" to open the default folder that is saving database files.

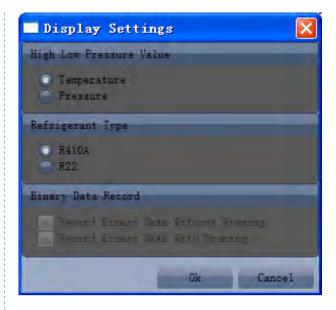




◆ Changing pressure value

Choose "Others" -> "Display Settings". In the displayed dialog box, you can set "High Low Pressure Value" and "Refrigerant Type". If you set "High Low Pressure Value" to "Temperature", the pressure parameter is changed to temperature; if you set "High Low Pressure Value" to "Pressure", the pressure value is shown. The value of "Refrigerant Type" affects the pressure value.





♦ Saving multi-system data

Choose "Others" -> "Database Save Settings". For a multisystem network, you need to specify a system to save unit data. Since data volume of a multi-system network is large, you can select only a suite of system data to save.

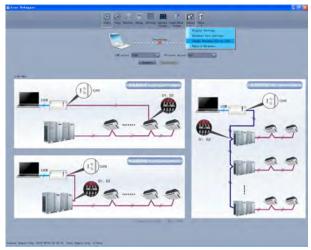




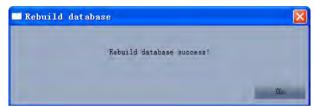
Changing database saving path and rebuilding database

"Change Database Saving Path" and "Rebuild Database" must be configured before Gree Debugger runs. Choose "Others" -> "Change Database Saving Path". In the displayed dialog box, click "Browse" to select a path. Choose "Others" -> "Rebuild Database" to rebuild database. If Gree Debugger has run, you can stop the software and return to the connection page to operate.



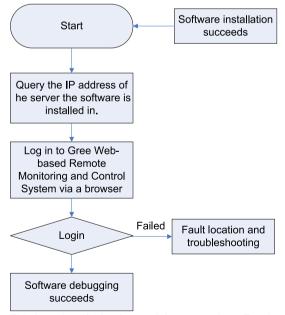






6. Software Debug

6.1 Debug Flowchart



This is a simplified software debug procedure. For details, read the following section.

6.2 Troubleshooting

6.2.1 Installation

A fault occurs during Gree Debugger setup.

After you click "Install Gree Debugger" to run, the following prompt is displayed.



Cause:

The .Net Framework 4.0 is not installed.

Troubleshooting:

Install .Net Framework 4.0 first and then install Gree Debugger.

Part 2 Remote Control

Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System is an Internet- or LANbased remote automation and centralized management system, a smart energy management system, and an all-round solution to air conditioning systems, providing remote control, fault alarm, visualized management and other functions, enabling users to manage air conditioning units in a real time, safe, and effective way.

Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System helps users reduce manpower input and management cost. Through a browser (for example, IE, Firefox, or Chrome), users, wherever they are, can control air conditioners of a building over Internet, including running state query, unit start/stop, and temperature setting.

GMV5 remote monitoring system supports Modbus and BACnet gateways, which can be selected based on actual situations.

I. Modbus Gateway Remote Monitoring System

1. Major Functions

Visualized management

Centralized control

Energy management

Monitoring running state of central air conditioners

Fault alarm

Setting running parameters of units

2. Terms and Definitions

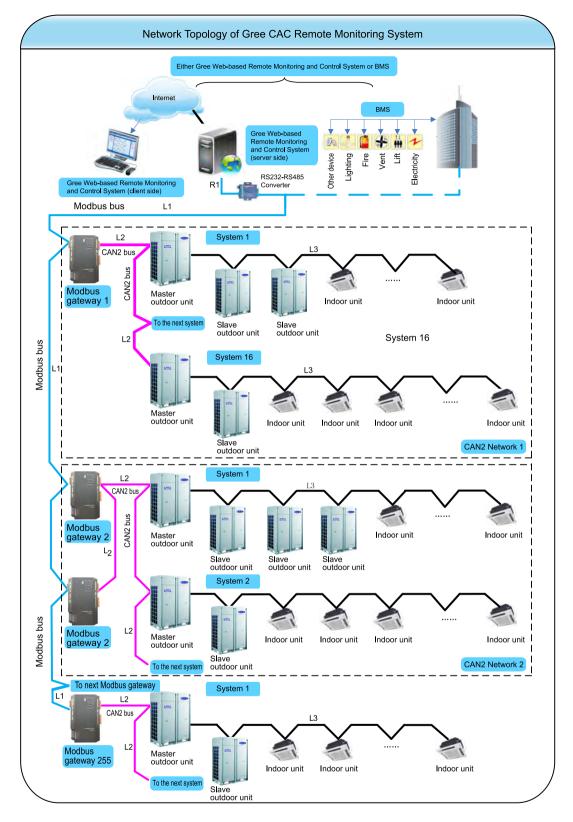
Server: A PC for installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System and providing remote monitoring and data collection services.

Client: A PC for users to access server resources. Through the browser installed on this PC, users can access Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System of the server to perform unit control, data display, and management functions.

3. Network Topology of Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System

Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System relies on Modbus gateways (model, for example, ME30-24/E4(M)) to communicate with software. The software, gateways, and air conditioning units are combined into a system network. See the following figure:





Composition of the System Network

The network is composed of three parts:

Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System of the monitor network, including an RS232-485 Optoelectronic Isolated Converter.

Modbus gateways: They serve to bridge air conditioning unit network with the monitor network and transmit data between the networks. Each Modbus gateway is configured with an address (realized through an 8-bit DIP switch); value range: 1~255. Each gateway address within a system must be unique.

Air conditioning unit network.





Note: A serial port for the monitor network can be connected to up to 255 Modbus gateways.

Modbus bus: L1 represents the Modbus bus which can support up to 255 Modbus gateways.

CAN2 bus: L2 represents the CAN2 bus which is the link to the Modbus gateway and the master ODU.

CAN2 network: in one CAN2 network, a maximum of 16 air conditioning systems and 255 IDUs are allowed. If exceeded, the CAN2 network should be divided into two.

Air conditioning system: one air conditioning system consists of at most four ODUs (among them one is the master unit) as well as the matched IDUs.

Allowable number accessible to the gateway: one Modbus gateway can support at most 16 air conditioing systems (each system includes at most 4 ODUs) and the total maximum allowable IDUs is 128. If exceeded, another Modbus gateway will be required as shown in CAN2 Network 2.

4. Hardware

4.1 List of Parts

Name	Туре	вом	Supply Range	Remark
Modbus gateway suite	Remote monitoring part ME30-24/ E4(M)	MC20000060	SC	Interconnect with remote monitoring system: Protocol interface: Modbus RTU Hardware interface: RS485 Baud rate: 9600 Start bit: 1 Data bits: 8 Parity bit: none Stop bit: 1 Main fittings: Modbus gateway, instruction
Optoelectronic isolated repeater	Optoelectronic isolated repeater RS485-W	EN02200010	Optional	For communication bus, set a repeater every 800 m; for Modbus gateways, add a repeater every 30 gateways.
Optoelectronic isolated converter	Optoelectronic isolated converter GD02	EN02200020	Optional	This converter is required only when remote monitoring systems work in RS232 mode.
Control cabinet	/	/	Prepared by users	

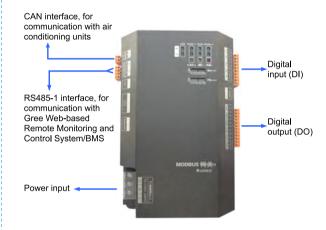
4.2 Modbus Gateway

4.2.1 Functions

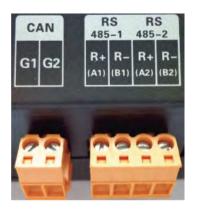
GREE Modbus gateways for the central air conditioning system are used to bridge the internal network of the air conditioning system (CANbus) and the monitoring network (Modbus). It will provide the Gree web-based remote monitoring and control system/BMS communication interfaces and is enabled to take the real-time monitoring and the long-distance control to the air conditioning system. Also, it will provide the Modbus RTU protocol, five digital inputs and five digital outputs, among which the DI1 is defined for the fire alarm input (when the fire alarm signal is input, the Modbus gateway will stop the air conditioning system immediately).



(1). Interface Drawing



(2). Power Supply Interfaces



CAN Interface: It is connected to the air conditioning system through twisted pairs so as to get through the communication between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system.

RS485-1 Interface: It is connected to Gree Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System/BMS through twisted pairs so as to get through the communication between the Modbus gateway and the Gree Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System/BMS.

RS485-2 Interface: it is reserved.

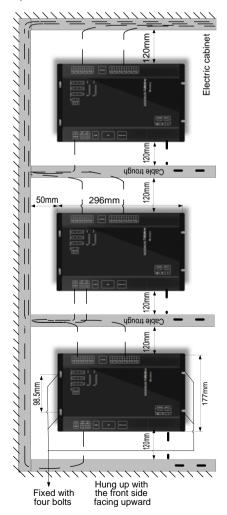


4.2.2 Hardware Installation



Length x Width x Height: 296 x 177 x 56 (mm)

The Modbus gateway should be located inside the electric cabinet, hung up with the front side facing upwards and fixed with four bolts. See the following figure for the required clearance (only for reference).





The power input should be 100VAC-240VAC, 50/60Hz.

Marning:

- ①. Do not touch the input port of the power supply when the gateway is energized.
- ②. Modbus gateway is recommended to install near air conditioning units so as to shorten their communication distance. The maximum allowable communication distance of them is 500 m. For the communication distance between Modbus gateway and Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System/ BMS system, we can use optoelectronic isolated repeaters for expansion.
- ③. The power lines and communication lines of Modbus gateways should be laid separately; otherwise, Modbus gateways may become faulty. In the preceding figure, the thin dotted line indicates communication lines and the thick dotted line indicates strong current lines; they are for reference only.
- ④ . Control cabinets should be designed to satisfy Modbus gateways both in number and layout as well as location.
- ⑤ . Each Modbus gateway should be supplied with power independently. Therefore, you should install as many 220V AC power sockets as possible in the control cabinet. It is not allowed to connect multiple Modbus gateways to a same power socket.
- ⑥ Make sure to keep at least 15 cm between communication lines and strong current lines. It is forbidden to bind them together. If their distance is less than 15 cm, put them into shield tubes respectively to prevent electromagnetic disturbance.
- $\ensuremath{\overline{\mathcal{T}}}$. The control cabinet must be installed indoors. Avoid knock or exposure to sunshine or rain. It should be locked as well to avoid body contact.

4.2.3 Communication System Installation

The Modbus gateway works to get through the communication

- 1). Between the Modbus gateway and the Gree Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System/BMS.
- 2). Between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system.
 - (1). Selection of Communication Lines
- 1). Communication lines between the Modbus gateway and the Gree Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System/ BMS



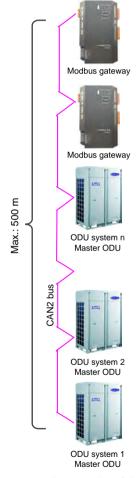


Туре	Size	Applicable Standard	Remarks
Category five twisted pairs	24AWG (2×0.6 mm)	TIA/EIA-568-A	An optoelectronic repeater is required when the communication distance is more than 800 m.

2). Communication lines between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system

Туре	Length (m)	Wire Gauge (mm²)	Applicable Standard	Remarks
Light PVC- sheathed copper twisted pairs (RVV)	L ≤500	≥ 2×0.75	GB/T 5023.5- 2008	The allowable maximum length is 500 m.

Note: The length of the CAN2 bus connecting the Modbus gateway with master ODUs should not exceed 500 m, as shown in the following figure:

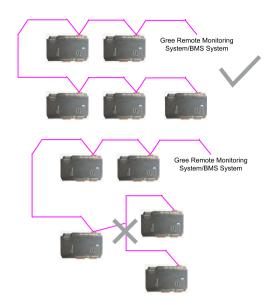


"n" (n \leq 16) represents the quantity of the air conditioning systems.

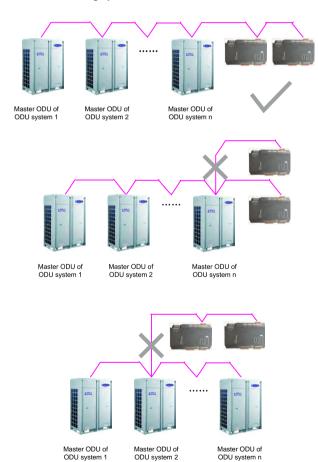
(2). Connection of Communication Lines

<u>A</u> Precaution: Only serial connection is allowed for all communication lines of the Modbus gateway. The star connection is prohibited.

1). Communication lines between the Modbus gateway and the Gree Web-based remote monitoring and control system/BMS



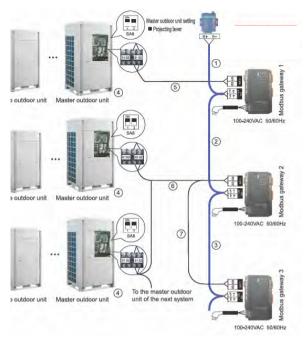
2). Communication lines between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system







(3). Connection Steps



1). Connection between the Modbus gateway and the Gree web-based remote monitoring and control system

Step 1: confirm the first Modbus gateway (Modbus gateway 1) to be connected to the Gree web-based remote monitoring and control system, and then connect RS485-1 interface R+ and R- of this Modbus gateway to the optoelectric converter interface R+ and R- or BMS through communication lines. (see ①)

Step 2: connect RS485-1 interface R+ and R- of Modbus gateway 1 to the second Modbus gateway (Modbus gateway 2) RS485-1 interface R+ and R- through communication lines. (see ②)

Step 3: follow the same way as in Step 2 to connect other Modbus gateways in series. (see $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \)$

2). Connection between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system

Step1: confirm the master units to be connected to each Modbus gateway. Serial connection should be applied as described in Section 5.2.2.(2) Communication lines between the Modbus gateway and the air conditioning system. (see ④)

Step 2: connect the Modbus gateway's CAN interface G1 and G2 to the interface G1 and G2 at the terminal board of the corresponding master unit. (see 5)

Step 3: when two Modbus gateways (gateway 2 and gateway 3) are required for one CAN2 network, connect one gateway's (gateway 2) CAN interface G1 and G2 to the interface G1 and G2 at the terminal board of the master unit, and then connect the other gateway's (gateway 3) interface G1 and G2 to the interface G1 and G2 of the former gateway (gateway 2). (see ⑥ and ⑦)

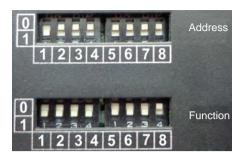
 $\ensuremath{\,\times\,}$ CAN2 network: Please refer to the system network diagram.

4.2.4 Hardware Debug

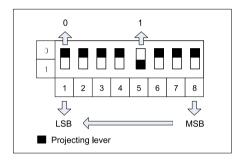
(1). DIP Switch

Note: The DIP switches shall be set prior to operation of the gateway.

This Modbus gateway includes two kinds of DIP switches, address DIP switch and function DIP switch.



1). Structural Drawing of the DIP Switches



Address DIP Switch——Modbus Gateway Address Setting

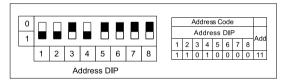
The address DIP switch is intended to set the address of the Modbus gateway.

Precaution: Before using this gateway, configure an address DIP switch first. This address must be unique in the same bus network; or communication fails.

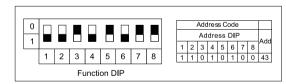
Value range of Modbus gateway address: 1~255.

Example:

The following figure shows how to set address 11.



The following figure shows how to set address 43.



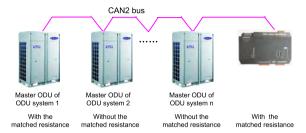
3). Function DIP Switch-CAN Bus Matched Resistance Setting

Precaution:

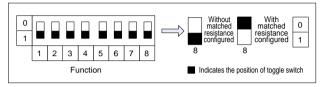
- ①. The master ODU of air conditioning system or the gateway located at either end of the CAN2 bus (see the topological drawing) should include a matched resistance; otherwise the normal communication would fail.
- ②. The eighth position of this function DIP switch is used to set the matched resistance of the CAN2 bus.
- ③ . When the Modbus gateway is located at either end of the CAN2 bus, it shall be coupled with a matched resistance and the eighth position should be set to "0".



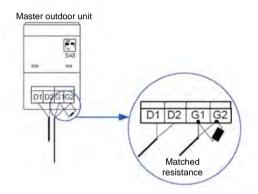
④ . When the Modbus gateway is located at neither end of the CAN2 bus, no matched resistance is required the eighth position should be set to "1".



The following figure shows how to set matched resistance:



Note: The master ODU at either end of the CAN2 bus must be configured with matched resistance as well. The following figure shows how to set matched resistance for GMV5 DC converter multi-online air conditioning units and specific position:



Master ODU Matched resistance

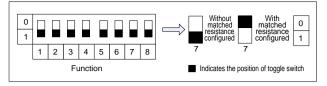
4). Function DIP Switch-RS485 Bus Matched Resistance Setting

The seventh position of this function DIP switch is used to set the matched resistance for the RS485 bus (herein, it is the Modbus bus) $\,$

The RS485 bus should be terminated with a matched resistance to avoid signal reflex along the transmission line.

In application of the Modbus gateway, an upper unit as the terminal unit is usually coupled with a RS485 matched resistance, so this gateway is factory defaulted to be without a matched resistance.

When the Modbus gateway is required to be set with a matched resistance, the seventh position of this DIP switch should be set as shown in the figure above to "0" and the gateway should be located at the end of the RS485 bus.



5). Function DIP Switch-First IDU No. Setting

As shown in the topological air conditioning network, each IDU has an identification number.

The sixth position of the function DIP switch is intended to set the first IDU number which is used to define the range of the IDUs under the control of the gateway.

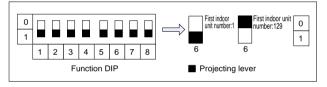
The number of IDUs ranges from 1 to 255.

When the first IDU number is set to "1", it indicates the range of the IDUs under the control of the gateway is 1 through 128.

When the first IDU number is set to "129", it indicates the range of the IDUs under the control of the gateway is 129 through 255.

When the IDU number is beyond the range defined by the gateway, it should be modified.

The following figure shows how to set the No. of the first IDU underthe control of the gateway:



(2). Indicating LED



CAN	RX	It flashes when the gateway receives data from the target equipment (like, the air conditioning system).
CAN	TX	It flashes when data is communicated to the target equipment (like, the air conditioning system).
RS485-1	RX	It flashes when the gateway receives data from the monitoring PC or BMS.
K5465-1	TX	It flashes when data is communicated to the monitoring PC or BMS.
DCCCC	RX	It is reserved.
RS232	TX	It is reserved.
DC 405 0	RX	It is reserved.
RS485-2	TX	It is reserved.
POV	VER	It lights on when the Modbus gateway is powered normally.
RU	JN	It flashes when the Modbus gateway is in normal operation.
ALA	RM	It is reserved.



(3). Digital Inputs and Outputs



This gateway supports five DIs (digital inputs) and five DOs (digital outputs). There is another reserved digital output DO 6.

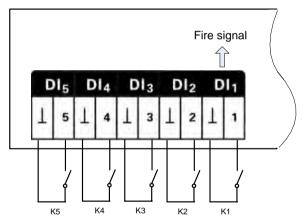
DI1...DI5

Digital inputs: binary (0/1) digital signals, applicable to passive inputs.

DI 1: it is defined for the fire alarm input. When K1 is short circuited, DI 1 will input the binary signal "1", which indicates that the Modbus gateway will stop the whole air conditioning system at once. When K1 is opened, DI 1 will input the binary signal "0", which indicates the whole system will resume the normal operation.

DI2...DI5: they will be defined by the user.

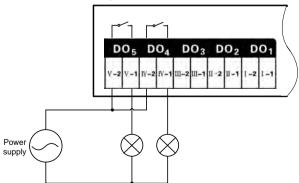
E.g.: when K5 is closed, DI 5 will input the binary signal "1" and input the binary signal "0" when it is opened.



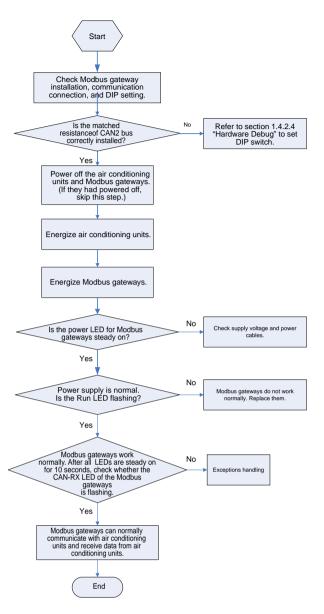
DO1...DO5

Digital outputs: relay outputs, normally open contacts. Maximum allowable power: 250VAC,3A; 30VDC,3A

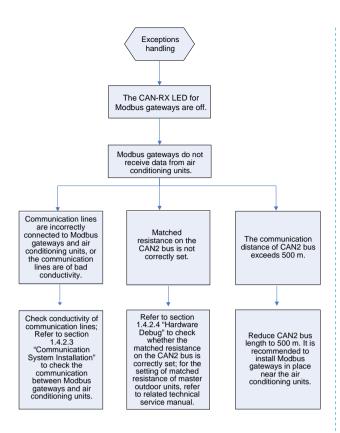
E.g.: when DO 5 is input the binary signal "1", its two contacts will be closed; when DO 5 is input the binary signal "0", its two contacts will be opened.



4.2.5 Communication Debug







4.3 Introduction of Optoelectronic Isolated Converter

4.3.1. Function Introduction

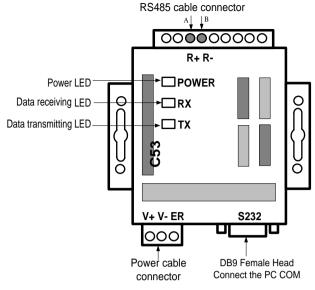
The optoelectronic isolated converter is designed to convert the RS232 signal from the computer serial port into RS485 signal. It is only used when the user's BMS system uses RS232 communication mode.

4.3.2. Appearance



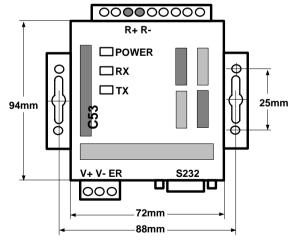
Note: Actual product prevails. The picture is for reference only.

4.3.3 Interfaces and LEDs



SN	Interface Name	Description	Remark
1	Power interface	Input AC220V~50HZ; Output 12~30V DC 800mA	Accompanied power supply of the converter
2	Communication interface	Line A of RS485 connected to R+ on 485 terminal, and Line B connected to R RS232 port connected to RS232 on computer	See related instructions
3	Power indicator	Normally bright when it is energizing.	See related instructions
4	Communication indicator	RX/TX indicator blinks during normal communication.	See related instructions

4.3.4 Dimensions



1.3.5 Cautions on Installation

- It must be installed indoors. Avoid knock or exposure to sunshine or rain. It is suggested to place it in the monitoring room together with the computer.
- ◆ The manufacturer's original equipment must be used. Never use any other model or substitute product.
- Independent power supply is required. Make sure to install adequate 220V AC socket for power supply.



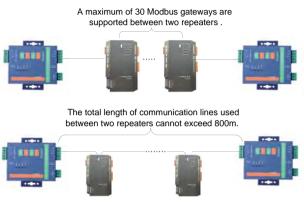


4.4 Introduction of Optoelectronic Isolated Repeater

4.4.1 Function Introduction

Function of optoelectronic isolated repeater

- (1). To ensure the signal completeness and prevent the signal from attenuation under long distance communication when the distance of the whole communication line exceeds 800m.
- (2). The general optoelectronic isolated repeater at present can support 32 nodes and ensure completeness of their communication signals. When the communication nodes in the network exceed 32, the communication signal will become incomplete. To ensure reliable transmission and completeness of the signals, we require that repeater must be used when the number of nodes in the network exceeds 30.

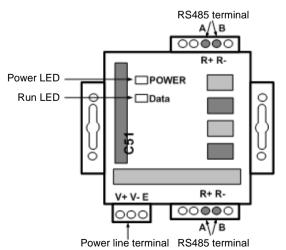


4.4.2 Appearance



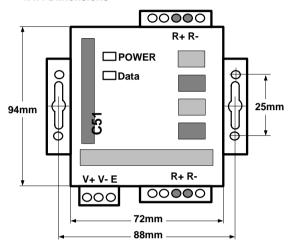
Note: Actual product prevails. The picture is for reference only.

4.4.3 Interfaces and LEDs



SN	Interface Name	Description	Remark
1	Power interface	Input AC220V~50HZ; Output 12~30V DC 800mA	Accompanied power supply of the repeater
2	Communication interface	Line A of RS485 connected to R+ on 485 terminal, and Line B connected to R	See related instructions
3	Power indicator	Normally bright when it is energizing	See related instructions
4	Communication indicator	Data indicator blinks during normal communication.	See related instructions

4.4.4 Dimensions



4.4.5 Cautions on Installation

- It must be installed indoors. Avoid knock or exposure to sunshine or rain. It is suggested to place in the control room together with the computer.
- ◆ The manufacturer's original equipment must be used. Never use any other model or substitute product.
- ◆ Independent power supply is required. Make sure to install adequate 220V AC socket for power supply.

5. Software

5.1 List of Parts

Table 4. Parts of Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System

Part	Quantity	Supply Range	Purpose
Disk	1	SC	Used for installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System on a PC
Installation guide	1	SC	Providing instruction on the installation of Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System

5.2 Preliminary Check

Check whether the Modbus gateway has been successfully debugged. If not, refer to the Technical Service Manual of Modbus Gateway to debug the gateway.

Check whether the server has serial ports. If not, replace the server with one that has serial ports.

Check whether the server is configured with driver that can read disks. If not, replace the server with one that has driver.





Check whether the server satisfies the following software configuration requirements.

Table 5. Software configuration of Gree CAC Remote

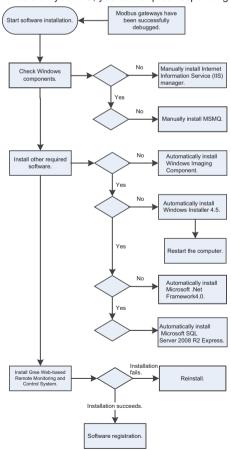
Monitoring System

Part Name	Min. Configuration	Recommended Configuration
Internet Information Service (IIS) manager	6.0 or later versions	6.0
MSMQ	/	/
Memory	1 GB or larger	2 GB or larger
Hardware	10 GB available	10 GB available
CPU	Main frequency: 2 GHz or higher	2 GHz or higher
os	Windows Server 2003 SP2 or later versions, Windows 7	Windows Server 2003 SP

Note: Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System supports Windows Server 2003 SP2 or later versions and Windows 7. Windows Server 2003 SP2 is recommended because the server can better provide users with services in Windows Server 2003 SP2 system.

5.3 Software Setup

The software needs support of some Windows components in order to run; therefore, you should install these components first before setup. The following installation flowchart shows you the basic installation procedure. If some of the components have been available on your PC, you can skip corresponding steps.



This is a simplified software installation procedure. In

practice, the software has realized "one-click setup". You only need to select a proper OS for installation. See the following page:



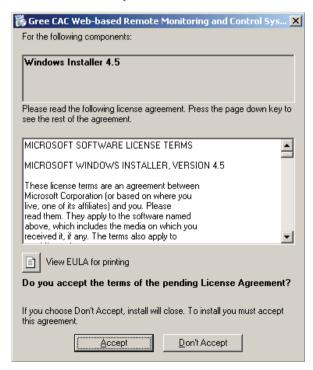
For details, read the following section.

5.3.1 Installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System

(1). Double click BASGuide.exe and the Setup Wizard is enabled. Follow the steps to install the software:



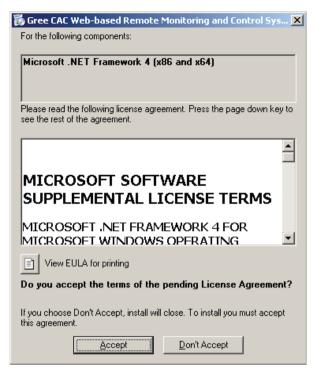
(2). If the PC is not installed with Windows Installer 4.5, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Windows Installer 4.5 for you.



(3). If the PC is not installed with Microsoft.NET Framework 4, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Microsoft.NET Framework 4 for you.



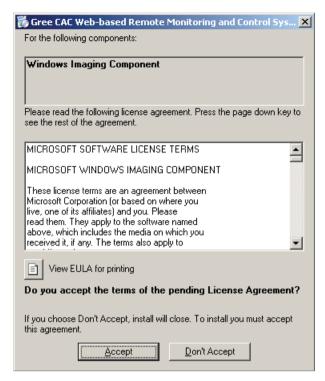




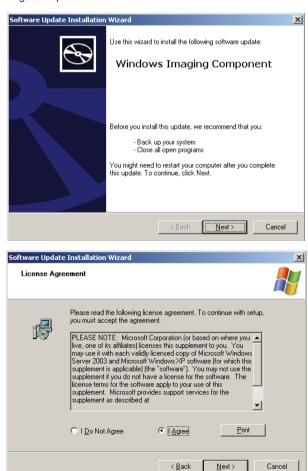
(4). If the PC is not installed with Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express for you.



(5). If the PC is not installed with Windows Image Component, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Windows Image Component for you.



(6). Click "Next" in the displayed window and select "I Agree" on the "License Agreement" page. Click "Next" to install Windows Image Component.

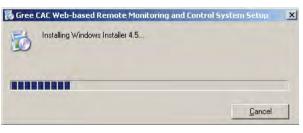


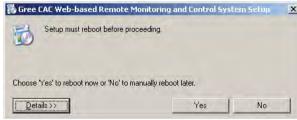




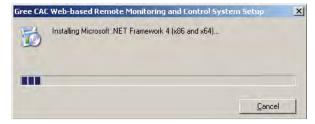


(7). After Windows Imaging Component is installed, the Wizard begins installing Windows Installer 4.5. A system restart window will be displayed after Windows Installer 4.5 is installed. Restart the system so as to continue.



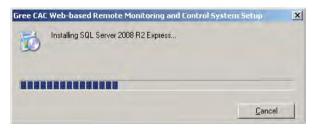


(8). After restart, the system will continue to install Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0.



Note: If the Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 window does not appear, double click the BASGuide.exe file to enter the Setup Wizard. The components that have been installed will not be prompted and you can continue to install Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0.

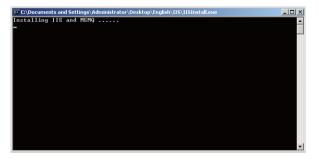
(9). After Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 is installed, the system begins to install Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, which takes a long time. Note that if your PC has been installed with this software, the Wizard will not prompt you to install.



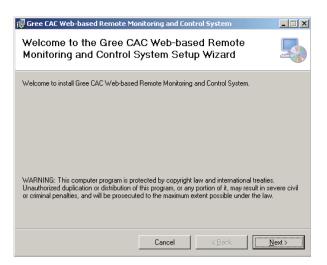
- (10). After Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express is installed, the Setup Wizard will automatically detect whether your system has installed IIS6.0 or later versions and MSMQ. If not, it will prompt you to install. Click "Yes" in the displayed window.
- (11). While IIS or MSMQ is being installed, do not close the following window. It will automatically close after installation is finished.



(12). When all components are prepared, the Setup Wizard instructs you to install Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System. Click "Next".



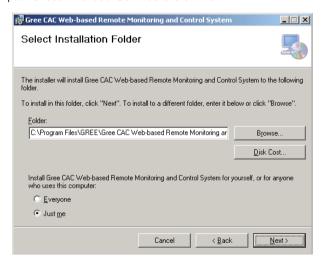




(13). In the displayed window, select "I Agree" and click "Next" to continue.



(14). Select a path for installing the software. The default path is recommended. Continue to click "Next".

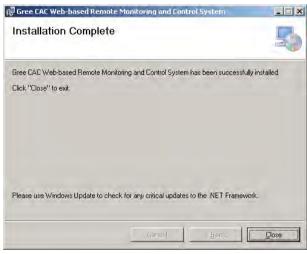


(15). When installation succeeds, "BAS Manager" service is displayed. This service is an accompanied service. Do not click "Stop".



(16). Several seconds later, the software SN window will appear. Click "OK" to complete installation.





Note: Send your software SN to a dealer of Gree. If you do not activate the software, it can be used for a trial period of 30 days. Use the activation code the dealer sends to you to activate your software, and you can continue to use it.

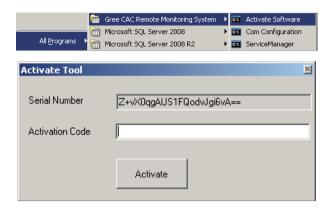
5.3.2 Registration

Software activation procedure is as follows:

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System" -> "Activate Software" and enter the correct activation code.



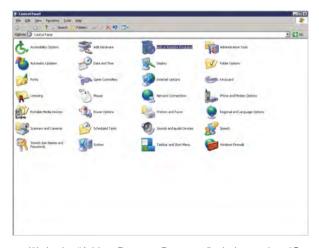




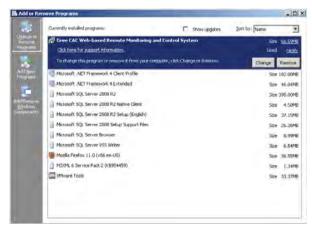
5.4 Uninstallation

Software uninstallation procedure is as follows:

- (1). Stop the "BAS Manager" service.
- (2). Choose "Start" -> "Settings" -> "Control Panel" and double click "Add or Remove Programs".



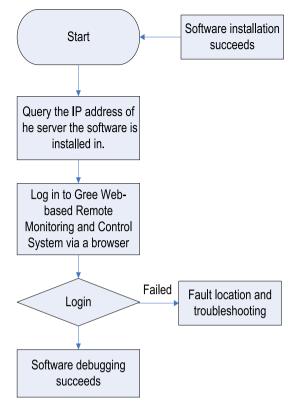
(3). In the "Add or Remove Programs" window, select "Gree CAC Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System" and click "Delete" to delete the software.



6. Software Debug

This part describes how to debug the software after it is successfully installed and the client can communicate with the server (LAN-based access). For detailed software debug procedure, please refer to the Help of the software.

6.1 Debug Flowchart



This is a simplified software debug procedure. For details, read the following section.

6.2 Debug Procedure

(1). Querying IP address of the server the software is installed in

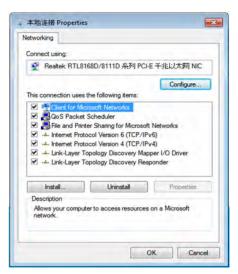
The IP address of the server PC can be queried via the Network Neighborhood.

 Right click "Network Neighborhood" and choose "Properties". "Network Connect" page appears.





2). Right click "Local Connect" and choose "Local Connect Properties".



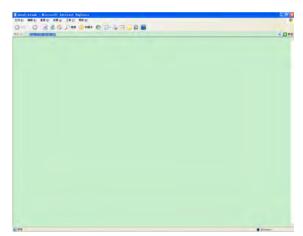
3). In the "Local Connect Properties" window, select "Internet (TCP/IP)" and click "Properties". The "Internet (TCP/IP) Properties" window appears. The "IP Address (I)" is the IP address of the server PC. The following figure shows that the IP address of the PC is 172.16.63.245.





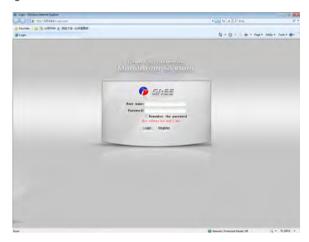
- (2). Logging in to Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System via a browser
- 1). Open a browser (for example, IE) on a PC and enter the IP address of the server.

Note: Make sure the PC and the server PC are in the same LAN and can communicate with each other.

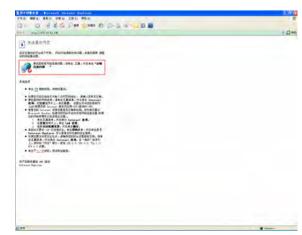


Enter the IP address in the address bar and click "To" to switch over to the system login page, as shown in the following figure:

Note: If your browser is set to English, the login page will be English as well.



If the following page appears, the client PC cannot connect to the server. Possible cause is that the client PC or the server PC does not connect to the LAN, causing both to fail to communicate.





Troubleshooting procedure is as follows:

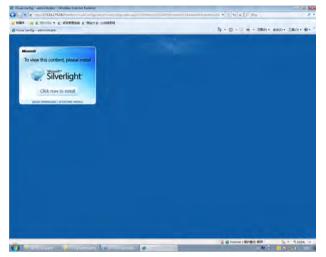
- a. Check network lines of the server and client and make sure they connect to the LAN;
- b. Ping the IP address of the server on the client (for detailed operation, refer to the maintenance chapter). If Ping succeeds, they can normally communicate; otherwise, the software cannot be used.
- 3). Enter the default username and password of the

Administrator and click "Login". If the following system homepage appears, system debug succeeds and the software can be used.

Default username of the Administrator: admin; password: basstart

Note: This debug method is for the Administrator only. Other roles are not allowed to use this method.

basstart



Note: The preceding figure is the page showed for initial server access. Software visualization requires Microsoft Silverlight to support. Therefore, a Microsoft Silverlight installation wizard will be prompted. Click "Click now to install" to install the plugin.

After Microsoft Silverlight is installed, the page is automatically refreshed, as shown in the following page:



7. Remote Monitoring System Debug

After the remote monitoring system is installed and connected, follow the procedure below to debug it.

7.1 Cooling System Debug

Before debugging air conditioners, set the air conditioning systems first, including:

Step 1: Set the master ODU for the single system network

- and the centralized control address for the multi-system network.

 ①. Check the DIP switch of the master ODU for each cooling system. For details, refer to part II "Introduction of Unit Function" in chapter II product debug.
 - ②. For the multi-cooling system network, check the address DIP switch of each cooling system. For details, refer to part II "Introduction of Unit Function" in chapter II product debug.
 - Step 2: Set offset of IDU numbers.
- (1). After multi-system connection and debug, press SW3 on the master ODU whose centralized control address is 0. The system enters function selection state and the following is shown on the master ODU:

By default, "A7" is displayed.

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function code	Display mode	Current progress	Display mode	Current state	Display mode
A7	Flash	00	Flash	00	Flash

(2). Press SW2 (▼) on the master ODU to select the function code n5 (setting of IDU number offset) and press SW7 to confirm. The following is displayed:

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function code	Display mode	Current progress	Display mode	Current state	Display mode
n5	ON	00	Flash	00	Flash

(3). While number offset waits for being confirmed, press SW7 to enter number offset state. "Press SW7 to confirm" is displayed.

LED1		LED2		LED3	
Function code	Display mode	Current progress	Display mode	Current state	Display mode
n5	ON	00	ON	00	ON

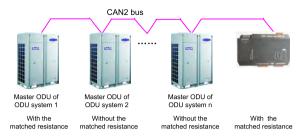
In this case, all IDU numbers will be automatically offset. One minute later, conflict is addressed and the system returns to normal. The offset can be set on only the master ODU whose centralized control address is 0.

Note: If the quantity of conflict IDU numbers is not large, you are advised to manually set them using Gree Debugger, control panel, or remote control. Manual setting is applicable to intra-ODU conflicts only, not affecting numbers of other IDUs. If the quantity is large, automatic offset is recommended, which is easy to realize. However, numbers of normal ODUs may be altered. Automatic setting is applicable to initial installation and debug.



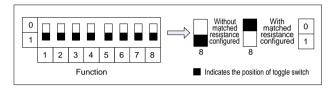
7.2 Communication Debug Between Modbus Gateways and Air Conditioning Units

Step 1: Set matched resistance of CAN2 bus.

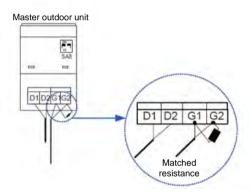


As shown in the preceding figure, the master ODU and the Modbus gateway at both ends of the CAN2 bus need to be configured with matched resistance.

The following figure shows how to set matched resistance on the Modbus gateway at the end of the CAN2 bus:



The following figure shows how to add matched resistance on the master ODU:



Step 2: Power off air conditioning units and Modbus gateways and then power them on.

Step 3: View communication LEDs.

Check whether the CAN_RX LED corresponding to the Modbus gateway is flashing. If not, check whether the G_TX LED corresponding to the master ODU whose centralized control address is 0 is flashing or steady on. If not, check communication lines and DIP settings.

7.3 DIP Switch Setting for Modbus Gateways

Step 1: Set Modbus gateway address.

Refer to section "Hardware Debug" to set Modbus gateway address. Make sure the address DIP switch on the same Modbus bus is unique and ranges from 1 to 255.

Step 2: Set the number of first IDU.

According to the number range of IDUs to be processed by Modbus gateways, the first IDU should be numbered 1 or 129. For details, refer to section 1.4.2.4 "Hardware Debug".

4.4 Communication Debug Between Modbus Gateways and Gree Remote Monitoring System

After Gree Remote Monitoring system is installed, perform the following steps:

Step 1: Configure Modbus serial port.

Choose "Start" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System" -> "Com Configuration".



The following window is displayed. Select a serial port number and click "OK".



The following window is shown. Click "OK" to restart the PC.

Step 2: Enable BAS Manager.

There are two methods to enable BAS Manager.

◆ Method 1

① . Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".



② . In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.





♦ Method 2

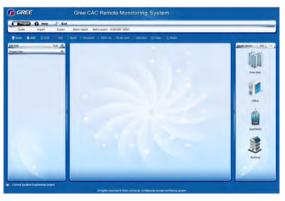
Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System" -> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.

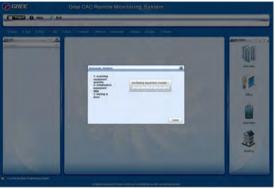


Step 3: Log in to Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System.



Step 4: Enter the "Visual config" page and click "Automatic detect".





After detection, detected devices will be listed in the "Net tree".

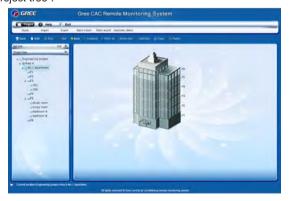


Step 5: Complete an air conditioner list.

Based on this list, users can check air conditioners of each building, storey, or apartment.

Step 6: Create a visualization project.

Enter the "Visual config" page and create a project in the "Project tree".

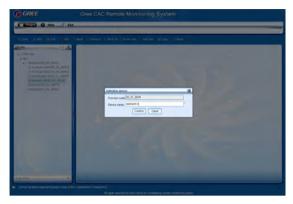


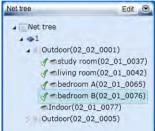


Step 7: Define devices.

Based on the air conditioner list, define devices.

Enter the "Visual config" page, select devices from the "Net tree", and click "Edit" to define the selected devices.





Step 8: Add the devices selected from the "Net tree" into the "Project tree".

Click the rooms in the "Project tree" one after another.



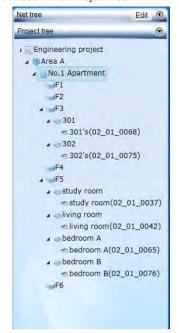
Double click a room.



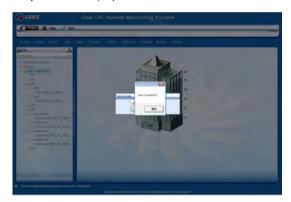
Click "Net tree" and select devices based on the air conditioner list. Drag the devices into the room.



View the devices in the "Project tree".



Step 9: Save the project.



Step 10: Enter the "Visual navigation" page and you can monitor the air conditioners of the created project.



Note: The devices also can be monitored in the "Net tree" and "Intelligent steward".



8. Troubleshooting

8.1 Hardware Faults

Table 6. Hardware faults

Symptom	Possible Cause	Troubleshooting
	The communications lines are not twisted pairs.	Replace the communication lines with twisted pairs.
	Gateway damages.	Replace the damaged gateway.
A software communication fault alarm is	Communication lines interrupt.	Weld the interrupted lines.
reported, and some or all units'	Communication lines are short circuited.	Repair the short circuited part.
running state is not displayed or cannot be controlled.	Twisted pairs are too close to the power lines (less than 15 cm clearance), resulting in disturbance that affects communication.	Separate the two types of lines. If their clearance is less than 15 cm, cover them with sheath separately.
	Communication interface connection error	Refer to related instructions to connect the communication interfaces.
	ODUs, after being replaced with chips or reset with DIP, are not repowered on.	Re-power on the ODUs.
Though lines are normal, a software communication fault occurs and	The serial port configured by the software is inconsistent with that connected to PCs.	Connect the PCs to the serial port configured by the software or change the serial port setting in the software.
some or all units'	Units are not powered on.	Power on the units.
information is not displayed.	ODUs or IDUs are not equipped with chips, or chips are inversely installed.	Install the chips in a correct direction and power on the units.
	Unit address is incorrect or replicate.	Correct the incorrect address settings.
Though lines and devices are normal, information of devices of a floor is not displayed.	Maybe a repeater is required. If such a device has been installed, maybe wiring is incorrect.	Reinstall the repeater in a correct manner.
A communication fault alarm is reported, all units' running state is not displayed, and the TX LED on the converter is steadily on.	Polarities of communication lines are not distinguished or they are connected in a wrong order.	Check communication lines for their polarities and connect them in a correct order.
Lines, devices, and setups are all normal. However, a software communication fault alarm is reported.	The display or controller does not match units.	Check the models of the controller and operation panel. If they do not match unit specification, replace them.

8.2 Software Faults

8.2.1 Software Abnormalities

(1). Though the username and password entered are correct, the system prompts "Please contact the administrator", as shown in the following figure:

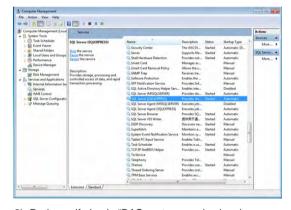


◆ Possible cause:

The database for the Remote Monitoring System on the server is not enabled.

♦ Solution:

1). Check whether the database for the Remote Monitoring System in the server is enabled. Right click "My computer" and choose "Manage" from the shortcut menu, and choose "Services and Applications" -> "Services" to check whether the SQL Server (SQLEXPRESS) is running; if not, right click it and choose "Start". If SQL Server is not found, maybe SQL Server setup fails. Unload the software and reinstall it; or manually install SQL Server 2008 R2 and then install this software.



2). During self-check, "BAS system service has been stopped" is prompted, as shown in the following figure:



Possible cause:

Communication between the server and gateway fails.





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Solution:

- 1). Check whether a hardware fault exists. Check gateway running. For details, refer to section 7.1 "Hardware Faults".
- If there is not hardware fault or the fault is addressed, restart BAS Service. There are two methods to restart BAS Service.
 - a Method a
 - a). Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".



b). In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.

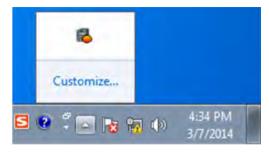


b. Method b

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System"-> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



(2). During remote monitoring, services are stopped abnormally. The BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop becomes red.



♦ Possible cause:

Communication between the server and gateway fails.

- **♦** Solution:
- 1). Check whether a hardware fault exists. Check gateway running. For details, refer to section 7.1 "Hardware Faults".
- If there is not hardware fault or the fault is addressed, restart BAS Service. There are two methods to restart BAS Service.
 - a. Method a
 - a). Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".



b). In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



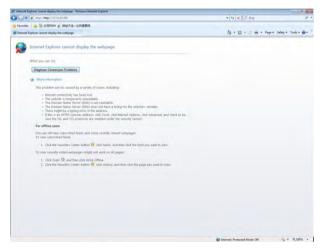
b. Method b

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System"-> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.





(3). After the server IP address is entered through IE on the client, "Internet Explorer cannot display the webpage" is prompted, as shown in the following figure:



♦ Possible causes:

The server is not started.

Network line of the server or the client is not properly connected.

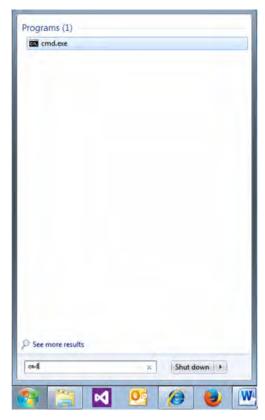
Server or client network is faulty, causing server access to fail.

The IIS manager in the server abnormally disables the website.

♦ Solution:

- 1). Check whether the server is started.
- 2). Check the network line of the server and client for looseness or damage.
- Check the network adapter of the server and client for looseness or damage; and check whether "Local connect" is enabled.
 - 4). If the problem persists, ping the server or the client. The ping procedure is as follows:

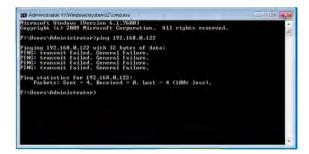
a. Choose "Start" -> "Run". The "Run" window is displayed. Enter "cmd" in the text box and click "OK".



b. In the displayed "cmd.exe" window, enter the IP address of the PC to be pinged through, for example "Ping 192.168.0.122", if the following information is shown, the system can be used.



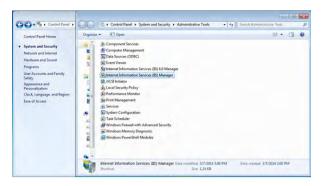
If the following timeout information is displayed, network fails. Check network information.



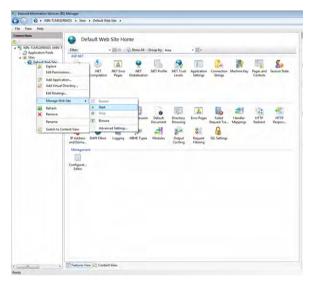
- 5). If network is available but the client still cannot access the server website, you need to open the IIS manager.
 - a. Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Manage Tools" -> "IIS Manager", as shown in the following



GMV5 DC Inverter VRF Installation Commissioning and Maintenance Manual



b. In the displayed "IIS Manager" window, open the navigation tree in the left, choose "Website" -> "Default website", and right click it to choose "Start" to enable the website.



II. BACnet Gateway Remote Monitoring System

1. Major Functions

Visualized management

Centralized control

Energy management

Monitoring running state of central air conditioners

Fault alarm

Setting running parameters of units

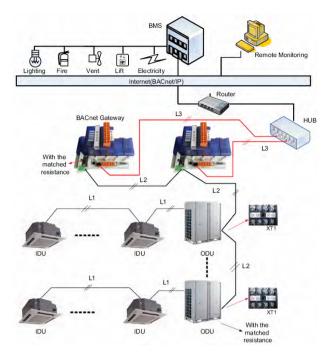
2. Terms and Definitions

Server: A PC for installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System and providing remote monitoring and data collection services.

Client: A PC for users to access server resources. Through the browser installed on this PC, users can access Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System of the server to perform unit control, data display, and management functions.

3. BACnet Gateway Topology

As shown in the topological diagram below, the whole system consists of the internal network of the air conditioning unit and BACnet/IP network through which the communication data can be exchanged.



In the network above, L3 is the line for RJ45 and L2 is the twisted pair line.

Note: the total length of L2 can not exceed 500 m and a matched resistance shall be added at both ends.

4. Hardware

4.1 BACnet Product Overview

BACnet gateway kits MG30-24/D2(B) are intended to realize the data exchange between the air conditioning unit and BAS, and providing 8 I/Os (four inputs are E0, E1. E/A2, E/A3 and four outputs are E/A4, E/A5, A6, A7). E0 is the fire alarm interface. The status of other I/Os is mapped to the specific objects of the BACnet/IP bus and is defined by the user.

4.1.1 BACnet Gateway TCP/IP (Default)

IP Address: 192.168.1.150; Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0; Default Router: 192.168.1.1.

4.1.2 Parts and Assembly

See figures below for the real parts and final assembly of the BACnet gateway kit MG30-24/D2(B).





No.	Parts Name		
1	PCD3.M6340		
2	PCD7.R-SD1024		
3	PCD3.B100		
4	PCD3.R600		
5	Communication interface board ZTS6LA		
6	Battery Module		
7	PCD7.R560		

4.1.3 Parts Assembly

The figure below shows assembly position of various parts of the BACnet gateway kits MG30-24/D2(B):



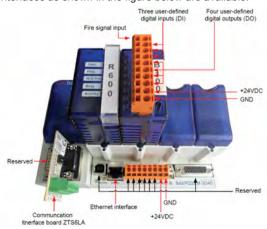
The figure below shows final assembly of various parts of the BACnet gateway kits MG30-24/D2(B):



4.2 Interfaces and Indicating LEDs

4.2.1 Interfaces

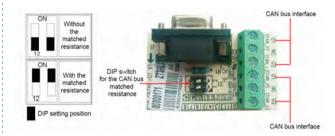
Interfaces as shown in the figure below are available.



4.2.2 Power Interfaces

Power supply is input through the wiring terminals. Power Supply: 24VDC -20/+25% incl. 5% ripples as per EN/IEC 61131-2, 175mA/4.2W normal, 500mA/12W maximum.

4.2.3 Communication Interface Board



Description

Printed Mark	Terminal	Pin	Description
S1(1)	DIP switch	1/2: without the matched resistance	As shown in the figure above, when the switch is set to the end "ON", it indicates the matched resistance is added;
S1(2)	DIP SWIICH	ON: with the matched resistance	when the switch is set to the digital end "1/2", it indicates the matched resistance is not added. The later is the default.
G1 G2	Wiring terminal	G1: CAN_H G2: CAN_L	Two-wire line, used to connect the CAN bus.

4.2.4 I/O Module



Printed Mark	Terminal	Pin	Description
8 (+)	Wiring terminal	PIN8:+24VDC	24V /DC
9 (-)	willing terminal	PIN9:GND	24V /DC
E0(0) E1(1)	Wiring to resince	0: fire alarm input	Two-wire signal line. 0 is the fire alarm
E/A2(2) E/A3(3)	Wiring terminal	1, 2, 3: input	input and other I/Os can be defined by the user.
E/A4(4) E/A5(5) A6(6) A7(7)	Wiring terminal	4, 5, 6, 7: output	Two-wire signal line. I/Os can be defined by the user.

Note: when the input voltage between DI and GND is 24V, the DI interface is enabled; when the output voltage between DO and GND is 24V, the DO interface is enabled.





4.3 Indicating LEDs

4.3.1 Power Indicating LED

As shown in the figure below, the printed mark "Power" represents the power indicating LED. When it turned to red, it indicates the BACnet gateway is powered on; when it turns off, it indicates the BACnet gateway is powered off.

4.3.2 PCD 3.M6340 Indicating LED

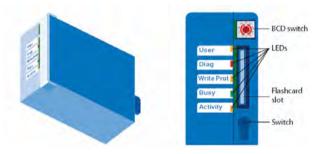


CPU type	PCD3.M6430 battery module				
LED	Batt	Run	Halt	Error	
Color	Red	Green	Red	Yellow	
Run	0	•	0	0	
Run cond.	0	•/0	0	0	
Run with error	0	•	0	•	
Run cond. with error	0	•/0	0	•	
Stop	0	0	0	0	
Stop with error	0	0	0	•	
Halt	0	0	•	0	
Stop with error	0	•/0	•/0	•/○	
Batt./Super Cap voltage absent	•	0	0	0	

- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$. $\circ: \mathsf{LED}$ off
- ② . •: LED on
- ③ . ●/○LED flashing

Start	Self-diagnosis for approx. 1 sec. after switching on or after a Restart
Run	Normal processing of the user program after Start. Where a programming unit is connected via a PCD8.K11x in PGU mode (e.g. PG5 in PGU mode), the CPU automatically goes into the Stop state and not the Run state; this is for safety reasons
Run conditional	Conditional Run state. A condition has been set in the debugger (Run until), which has not yet been met
Run with error	Same as Run, but with an error message
Run cond. with error	Same as conditional Run, but with an error message
Stop	The Stop state occurs in the following cases: Programming unit in PGU mode connected when the CPU was switched on PGU stopped by programming unit Condition for a COND.RUN has been met
Stop with error	Same as Stop, but with an error message
Halt	The Halt state occurs in the following cases: Halt instruction processed Serious error in user program Hardware fault No program loaded no communication module on an S-Bus PGU or Gateway Master port
System diagnostics	If the PLC doesn't go to RUN after 2 minutes, you have to send it for repair
Reset	The RESET state has the following causes: Supply voltage too low Firmware not starting up

4.3.3 PCD3.R600 Indicating LED



The memory module has 5 indicating LEDs:

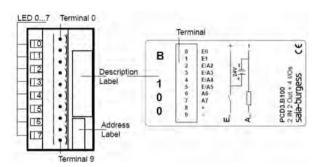
LED	Meaning
User	User LED, set by the user program with the base address of the module (SET = off; RES = on)
Diag	Flashes when there is an error message
Write Prot	Active when a "write-protected" condition is detected (read-only SD switch, BCD switch or software)
Busy	Do not remove the module when this LED is on.
Activity	Works as with a hard disk drive; flashes when data being processed

Note: Do not remove the card when the "Busy" LED is on.





4.3.4 I/O Module Indicating LED

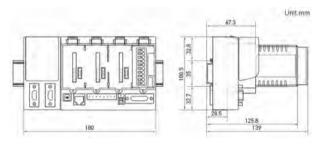


As shown in the figure above, E0, E1, E/A2, E/A3 indicating LEDs are marks for four inputs and E/A4, E/A5, A6, A7 indicating LEDs are marks for four outputs. Among them, when any one is the high-level input/output, the corresponding LED will light on. (Voltage between each I/O and GND is 24V. I/O is at the high level.)

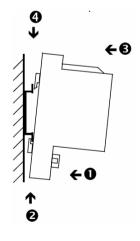
4.4 Field Installation

4.4.1 Hardware Installation

(1). Outline Dimensions



(2). Installation in the Electric Control Cabinet

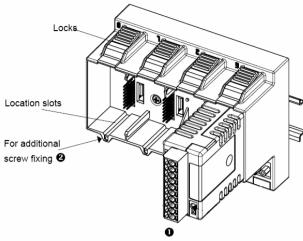


The PCD3 CPUs and the module holders can be snapped onto the 35mm top-hat rail according to DIN EN60715 TH35 (formerly DIN EN50022). (Remember: the PCD2 needs two hop-hat rails).

Mounting the PCD3 on the top-hat rail:

- 1). Press the bottom of the housing onto the mounting surface.
 - 2). Press upwards against the top-hat rail
- 3). Press the top of the housing against the mounting surface and snap into place.
- 4). Push the housing down onto the top-hat rail to ensure that it is secure.

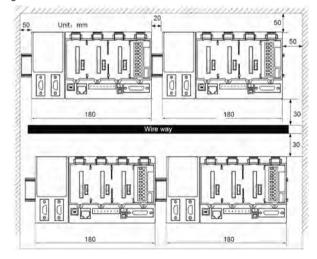
Removal:



To removal the housing, push upwards and pull out.

- 1). Insert the module into the appropriate module location and press down to the bottom of the CPU or module holder housing.
- 2). For security, a guide rail is provided to prevent the module being inserted the wrong way round. In awkward positions, the modules can also be secured with a screw 3X8mm which is commercial available from the hardware store.
- (3). Required Installation Space in the Electric Control Cabinet:

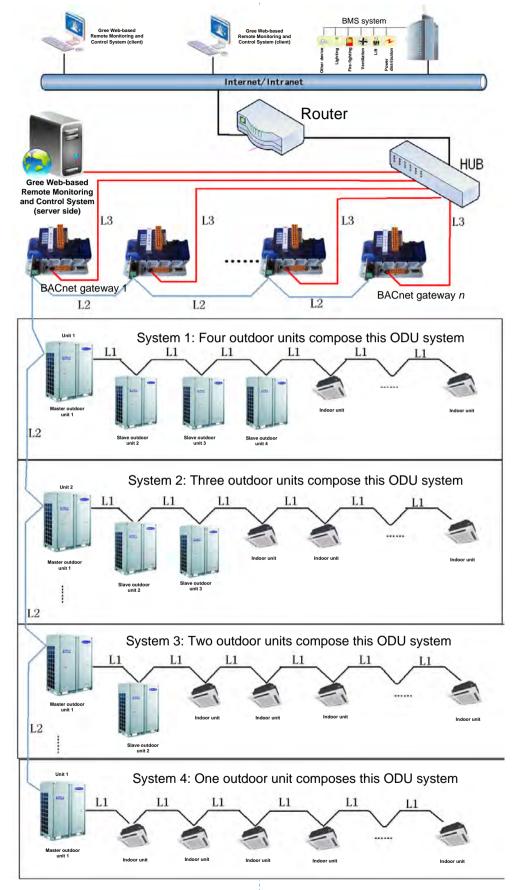
The minimal required installation space is as shown in the figure below.



(4). BACnet Gateway Topology

As shown in the topological diagram below, the whole system consists of the internal network of the air conditioning units and BACnet/IP network. Through BACnet gateways, communication data can be exchanged.





In the network above, L3 is the line for RJ45; L2 and L1 are the twisted pair line.

Notes: the total length of L2 cannot exceed 500m and a matched resistance shall be added at both ends.





4.4.2 How to Configure the Gateway

Note: Before configuring BACnet, download JRE or JDK from the Oracle website first, which will assist you in configuring BACnet via a browser.

One BACnet gateway can connect up to 8 ODUs and 48 IDUs (that is, when the IDUs are more than 48 or the ODUs are more than 8, another gateway will be required). Specific relation exists between the air conditioning units and the gateway and there is always a minimal IDU number and a minimal ODU number for a gateway. Suppose the minimal IDU number is M, then all IDUs will be numbered among M to M+47. Suppose the minimal IDU number is N, then all IDUs will be numbered among N to N+7. During field installation, when only IDUs or ODUs are present for a gateway, then it will fail to process the data from them.

The gateway shall be configured after its installation, however, before this please set the IP address of the PC the same with that of the BACnet gateway. See Appendix A for more details.

- (1). Open the IE browser and input the default IP address http://192.168.1.150 into the address field.
 - (2). The default username and password are both "Config".



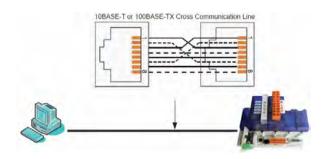
After input, press the "ENTER" button to go to the setting page as shown below. The configurable objects include the minimum IDU number, the minimum ODU number, CAN IP, BACnet IP address, subnet mask, and gateway address. Then, click the "Confirm" button.



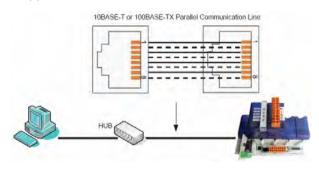
4.4.3 Connection Between the BACnet Gateway and the PC

There are two methods to connect BACnet gateways and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{PCs}}.$

(1). Cross Connection

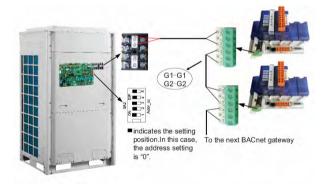


(2). Parallel Connection



4.4.4 Connection Between the BACnet Gateway and Air Conditioners

Twist pair, with the polarity the same as that of the master ODU (address DIP setting is 0).



5. Software

5.1 List of Parts

Part	Quantity	Supply Range	Purpose
Disk	1	SC	Used for installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System on a server PC
Installation guide	1	SC	Providing instruction on the installation of Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System



5.2 Preliminary Check

Check the server for network interface. If it does not have network interface, replace it with one that has network interface. The network interface will ensure normal communication between the server and BACnet and client.

Check the adapter and check whether server is connected to a LAN. If not, connect it to the LAN so that the client can communicate with the server.

Check whether the BACnet gateway has been successfully debugged. If not, refer to the *Technical Service Manual of BACnet Gateway* to debug BACnet gateway.

Check whether the server is configured with driver that can read disks.

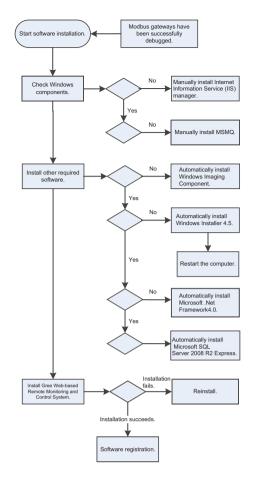
Check whether the server satisfies the following software configuration requirements.

Part Name Min. Configuration		Recommended Configuration
Internet Information Service (IIS) manager	6.0 or later versions	6.0
MSMQ	/	/
Memory	1 GB or larger	2 GB or larger
Hardware	10 GB available	10 GB available
CPU	Main frequency: 2 GHz or higher	2 GHz or higher
os	Windows Server 2003 SP2 or later versions, Windows 7	Windows Server 2003 SP

Note: Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System supports Windows Server 2003 SP2 or later versions and Windows 7. Windows Server 2003 SP2 is recommended because the server can better provide users with services in Windows Server 2003 SP2 system.

5.3 Software Setup

The software needs support of some Windows components in order to run; therefore, you should install these components first before setup. The following installation flowchart shows you the basic installation procedure. If some of the components have been available on your PC, you can skip corresponding steps.



This is a simplified software installation procedure. In practice, the software has realized "one-click setup". You only need to select a proper OS for installation. See the following page:



For details, read the following section.

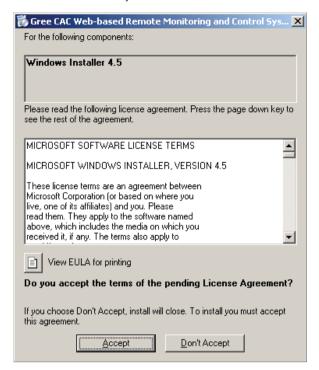
5.3.1 Installing Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System

(1). Double click BASGuide.exe and the Setup Wizard is enabled. Follow the steps to install the software:

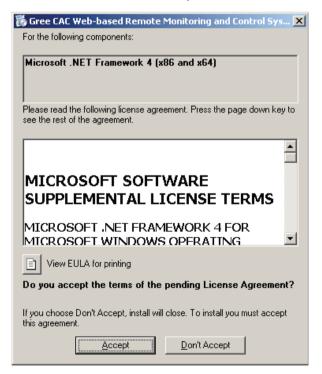




(2). If the PC is not installed with Windows Installer 4.5, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Windows Installer 4.5 for you.



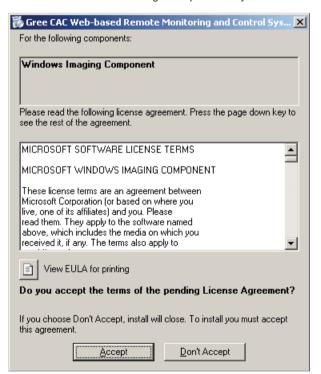
(3). If the PC is not installed with Microsoft.NET Framework 4, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Microsoft.NET Framework 4 for you.



(4). If the PC is not installed with Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express for you.



(5). If the PC is not installed with Windows Image Component, click "Accept" in the displayed window and the Setup Wizard will install Windows Image Component for you.

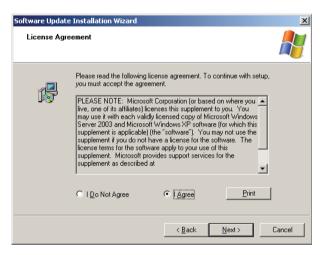




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(6). Click "Next" in the displayed window and select "I Agree" on the "License Agreement" page. Click "Next" to install Windows Image Component.

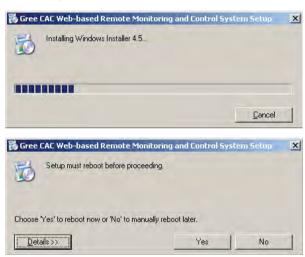




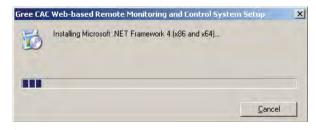




(7). After Windows Imaging Component is installed, the Wizard begins installing Windows Installer 4.5. A system restart window will be displayed after Windows Installer 4.5 is installed. Restart the system so as to continue.



(8). After restart, the system will continue to install Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0.

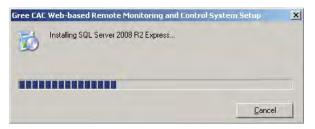


Note: If the Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 window does not appear, double click the BASGuide.exe file to enter the Setup Wizard. The components that have been installed will not be prompted and you can continue to install Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0.

(9). After Microsoft .NET Framework 4.0 is installed, the system begins to install Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express, which takes a long time. Note that if your PC has been installed with this software, the Wizard will not prompt you to install.

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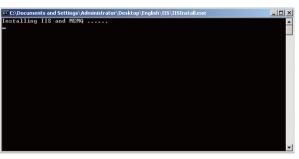


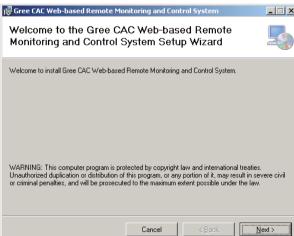


- (10). After Microsoft SQL Server 2008 R2 Express is installed, the Setup Wizard will automatically detect whether your system has installed IIS6.0 or later versions and MSMQ. If not, it will prompt you to install. Click "Yes" in the displayed window.
- (11). While IIS or MSMQ is being installed, do not close the following window. It will automatically close after installation is finished.

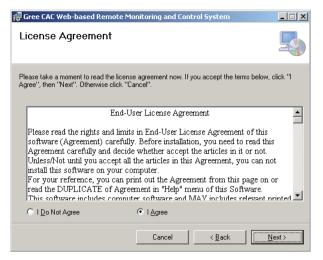


(12). When all components are prepared, the Setup Wizard instructs you to install Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System. Click "Next".

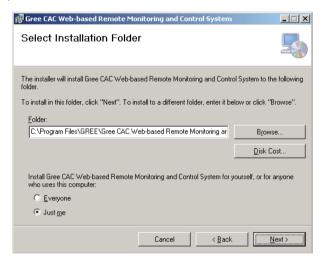




(13). In the displayed window, select "I Agree" and click "Next" to continue.



(14). Select a path for installing the software. The default path is recommended. Continue to click "Next".



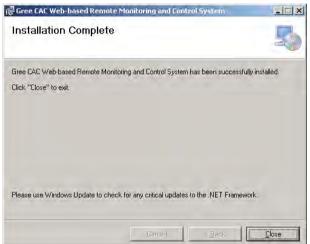
(15). When installation succeeds, "BAS Manager" service is displayed. This service is an accompanied service. Do not click "Stop".



(16). Several seconds later, the software SN window will appear. Click "OK" to complete installation.





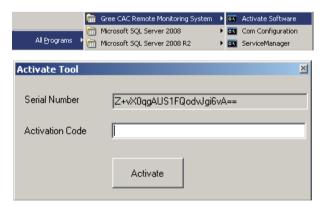


Note: Send your software SN to a dealer of Gree. If you do not activate the software, it can be used for a trial period of 30 days. Use the activation code the dealer sends to you to activate your software, and you can continue to use it.

5.3.2 Registration

Software activation procedure is as follows:

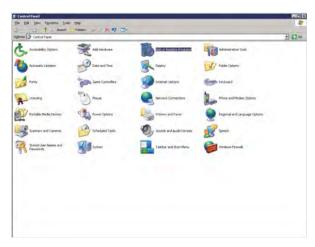
Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System" -> "Activate Software" and enter the correct activation code.



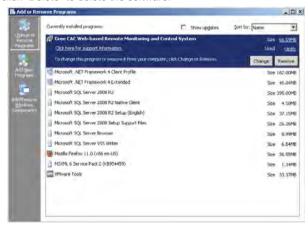
5.4 Uninstallation

Software uninstallation procedure is as follows:

- (1). Stop the "BAS Manager" service.
- (2). Choose "Start" -> "Settings" -> "Control Panel" and double click "Add or Remove Programs".

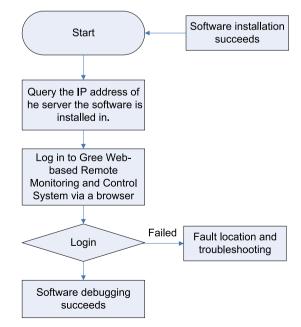


(3). In the "Add or Remove Programs" window, select "Gree CAC Web-based Remote Monitoring and Control System" and click "Delete" to delete the software.



6. Software Debug

This part describes how to debug the software after it is successfully installed and the client can communicate with the server (LAN-based access). For detailed software debug procedure, please refer to the Help of the software.





6.1 Debug Flowchart

This is a simplified software debug procedure. For details, read the following section.

6.2 Debug Procedure

(1). Querying IP address of the server the software is installed in

The IP address of the server PC can be queried via the Network Neighborhood.

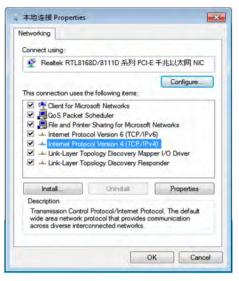
1). Right click "Network Neighborhood" and choose "Properties". "Network Connect" page appears.

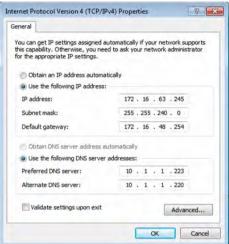


Right click "Local Connect" and choose "Local Connect Properties".



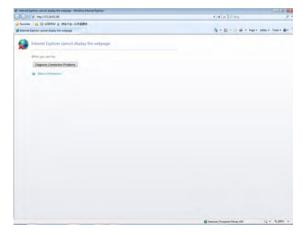
3). In the "Local Connect Properties" window, select "Internet (TCP/IP)" and click "Properties". The "Internet (TCP/IP) Properties" window appears. The "IP Address (I)" is the IP address of the server PC. The following figure shows that the IP address of the PC is 172.16.63.245.





- (2). Logging in to Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System via a browser
- 1). Open a browser (for example, IE) on a PC and enter the IP address of the server.

Note: Make sure the PC and the server PC are in the same LAN and can communicate with each other.



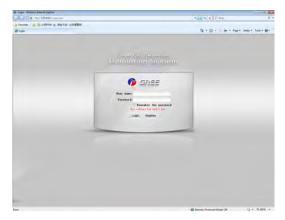
2). Enter the IP address in the address bar and click "To" to switch over to the system login page, as shown in the following figure:

Note: If your browser is set to English, the login page will be

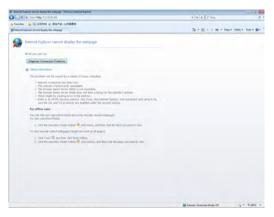




English as well.



If the following page appears, the client PC cannot connect to the server. Possible cause is that the client PC or the server PC does not connect to the LAN, causing both to fail to communicate.

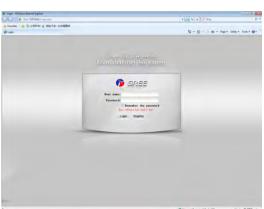


Troubleshooting procedure is as follows:

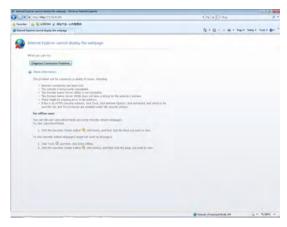
- c. Check network lines of the server and client and make sure they connect to the LAN;
- d. Ping the IP address of the server on the client (for detailed operation, refer to the maintenance chapter).
 If Ping succeeds, they can normally communicate; otherwise, the software cannot be used.
- 3). Enter the default username and password of the Administrator and click "Login". If the following system homepage appears, system debug succeeds and the software can be used.

Default username of the Administrator: admin; password: basstart

Note: This debug method is for the Administrator only. Other roles are not allowed to use this method.



If the following page appears, the client PC cannot connect to the server. Possible cause is that the client PC or the server PC does not connect to the LAN, causing both to fail to communicate.



Troubleshooting procedure is as follows:

- a. Check network lines of the server and client and make sure they connect to the LAN;
- b. Ping the IP address of the server on the client (for detailed operation, refer to the maintenance chapter).
 If Ping succeeds, they can normally communicate; otherwise, the software cannot be used.
- 4). Enter the default username and password of the Administrator and click "Login". If the following system homepage appears, system debug succeeds and the software can be used.

Default username of the Administrator: admin; password: basstart

Note: This debug method is for the Administrator only. Other roles are not allowed to use this method.



Note: The preceding figure is the page showed for initial server access. Software visualization requires Microsoft Silverlight to support. Therefore, a Microsoft Silverlight installation wizard will be prompted. Click "Click now to install" to install the plugin.

After Microsoft Silverlight is installed, the page is automatically refreshed, as shown in the following page:





7. Troubleshooting

7.1 Hardware Faults

Symptom	Possible Cause	Troubleshooting
A software communication fault alarm is reported, and some or all units' running state is not displayed or cannot be controlled.	Communication lines of units are not twisted pairs (except for lines connecting BACnet gateways and PCs, other communication lines must be twisted pairs).	Replace the communication lines with twisted pairs.
	Communication lines are loose; or polarities of communication lines connecting BACnet gateways and ODUs whose control DIP switches are 0 are reverse (G1, G2 reverse).	Connect the gateways and ODUs in a correct way; make sure their polarities are correspondent, that is, G1 to G1 and G2 to G2.
	Communication lines connecting ODUs and IDUs interrupt.	Weld the interrupted lines.
	Communication lines interrupt.	Weld the interrupted lines.
	Communication lines are short circuited.	Repair the short circuited part.
	Twisted pairs are too close to the power lines (less than 15 cm clearance), resulting in disturbance that affects communication.	Separate the two types of lines. If their clearance is less than 15 cm, cover them with sheath separately.
	Communication interface connection error	Refer to the BACnet Technical Manual to connect the communication interfaces.

Though lines are normal, a software communication fault occurs and some or all units' information is not displayed.	ODUs, after being replaced with chips or reset with DIP, are not re-powered on.	Re-power on the ODUs.
	Matched resistance is not configured.	Refer to the network topology in the BACnet Technical Manual to configure matched resistances.
	After gateway IP addresses are modified, the gateways are not re-powered on.	Re-power on the gateways.
	The unit address configured by the software is inconsistent with the actual address of units.	Modify unit address settings.
	Units are not powered on.	Power on the units.
	ODUs or IDUs are not equipped with chips, or chips are inversely installed.	Install the chips in a correct direction and power on the units.
	Unit address is incorrect or replicate.	Correct the incorrect address settings.
Though lines and devices are normal, information of devices of a floor is not displayed.	The maximum distance between a gateway and its directly connected ODUs exceeds 500 m.	Control the distance within 500m.
	The number of the first unit is incorrect.	Refer to the BACnet Technical Manual to reset the number.
Lines, devices, and setups are all normal. However, a software communication fault alarm is reported.	The display or controller does not match units.	Check the models of the controller and operation panel. If they do not match unit specification, replace them.

7.2 Software Faults

7.2.1 Software Abnormalities

(1). Though the username and password entered are correct, the system prompts "Please contact the administrator", as shown in the following figure:



◆ Possible cause:

The database for the Remote Monitoring System on the server is not enabled.

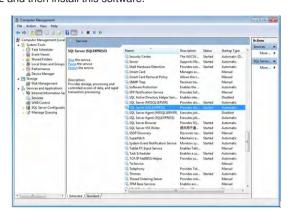
♦ Solution:

1). Check whether the database for the Remote Monitoring System in the server is enabled. Right click "My computer" and



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choose "Manage" from the shortcut menu, and choose "Services and Applications" -> "Services" to check whether the SQL Server (SQLEXPRESS) is running; if not, right click it and choose "Start". If SQL Server is not found, maybe SQL Server setup fails. Unload the software and reinstall it; or manually install SQL Server 2008 R2 and then install this software.



2). During self-check, "BAS system service has been stopped" is prompted, as shown in the following figure:



♦ Possible cause:

Communication between the server and gateway fails. Solution:

- 1). Check whether a hardware fault exists. Check gateway running. For details, refer to section 7.1 "Hardware Faults".
- If there is not hardware fault or the fault is addressed, restart BAS Service. There are two methods to restart BAS Service.
 - a. Method a
 - c). Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".

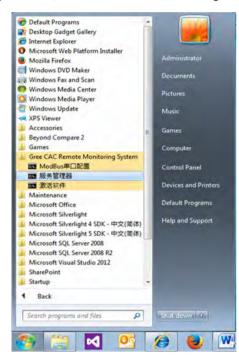


d). In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



b. Method b

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System"-> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



(2). During remote monitoring, services are stopped abnormally. The BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop becomes red.



♦ Possible cause:

Communication between the server and gateway fails.

- ♦ Solution:
- 1). Check whether a hardware fault exists. Check gateway running. For details, refer to section 7.1 "Hardware Faults".
- If there is not hardware fault or the fault is addressed, restart BAS Service. There are two methods to restart BAS





Service.

- a. Method a
- a). Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".

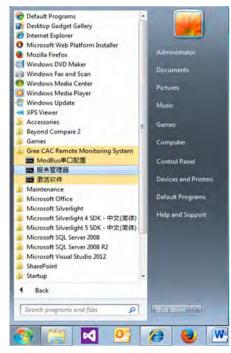


b). In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.

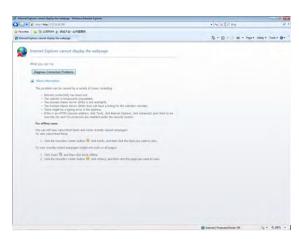


b. Method b

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System"-> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



(3). After the server IP address is entered through IE on the client, "Internet Explorer cannot display the webpage" is prompted, as shown in the following figure:



Possible causes:

The server is not started.

Network line of the server or the client is not properly connected.

Server or client network is faulty, causing server access to fail.

The IIS manager in the server abnormally disables the website.

♦ Solution:

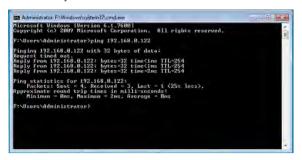
- 1). Check whether the server is started.
- 2). Check the network line of the server and client for looseness or damage.
- Check the network adapter of the server and client for looseness or damage; and check whether "Local connect" is enabled.
 - 4). If the problem persists, ping the server or the client. The ping procedure is as follows:
 - a. Choose "Start" -> "Run". The "Run" window is displayed. Enter "cmd" in the text box and click "OK".



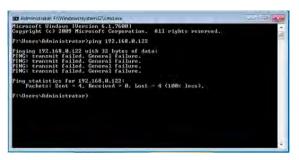
b. In the displayed "cmd.exe" window, enter the IP address of the PC to be pinged through, for example "Ping 192.168.0.122", if the following information is shown,



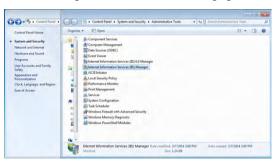
the system can be used.



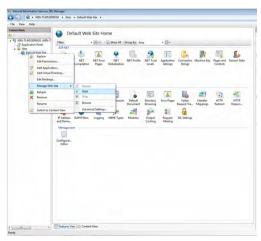
If the following timeout information is displayed, network fails. Check network information.



- 5). If network is available but the client still cannot access the server website, you need to open the IIS manager.
 - a. Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Manage Tools" -> "IIS Manager", as shown in the following figure:



b. In the displayed "IIS Manager" window, open the navigation tree in the left, choose "Website" -> "Default website", and right click it to choose "Start" to enable the website.



- (4). No unit information is found after self detection.
- ♦ Possible causes:

BAS Service is abnormally disabled.

Communication between the server and BACnet gateway fails.

Communication between the BACnet gateway and units fails.

- Solution
- 1). Check whether BAS Service is disabled. If yes, enable it. There are two methods to enable BAS Service.
 - a. Method a
 - a). Right click the BAS Manager icon in the status bar at the lower right corner on the desktop and choose "Open".

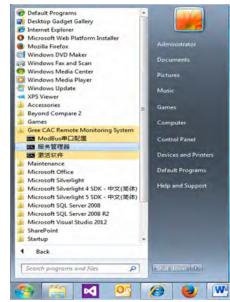


b). In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



b. Method b

Choose "Start" -> "All Programs" -> "Gree CAC Remote Monitoring System"-> "ServiceManager". In the displayed "BAS Manager" window, click "Start" to enable BAS Manager.



2). Ping the BACnet gateway on the server. If the server is successfully pinged through, communication between the gateway and units may fail. Refer to section 7.1 "Hardware Faults" to address the problem.

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Information in this manual is reviewed many times for accuracy. But it is for reference only and please refer to nameplate and instruction manual for actual products.